# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# FORM 10-Q

### ☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2022 or

### □ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number	Name of Registrant; State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation; Address of Principal Executive Offices; and Telephone Number	IRS Employer Identification Number
001-16169	EXELON CORPORATION	23-2990190
	(a Pennsylvania corporation) 10 South Dearborn Street P.O. Box 805379 Chicago, Illinois 60680-5379 (800) 483-3220	
001-01839	COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY	36-0938600
	(an Illinois corporation) 10 South Dearborn Street Chicago, Illinois 60603-2300 (312) 394-4321	
000-16844	PECO ENERGY COMPANY	23-0970240
	(a Pennsylvania corporation) P.O. Box 8699 2301 Market Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19101-8699 (215) 841-4000	
001-01910	BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY	52-0280210
	(a Maryland corporation) 2 Center Plaza 110 West Fayette Street Baltimore, Maryland 21201-3708 (410) 234-5000	
001-31403	PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC	52-2297449
	(a Delaware limited liability company) 701 Ninth Street, N.W. Washington, District of Columbia 20068-0001 (202) 872-2000	
001-01072	POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY	53-0127880
	(a District of Columbia and Virginia corporation) 701 Ninth Street, N.W. Washington, District of Columbia 20068-001 (202) 872-2000	
001-01405	DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY	51-0084283
	(a Delaware and Virginia corporation) 500 North Wakefield Drive Newark, Delaware 19702-5440 (202) 872-2000	
001-03559	ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY	21-0398280
	(a New Jersey corporation) 500 North Wakefield Drive Newark, Delaware 19702-5440 (202) 872-2000	

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
EXELON CORPORATION:		
Common stock, without par value	EXC	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
<b>PECO ENERGY COMPANY:</b> Trust Receipts of PECO Energy Capital Trust III, each representing a 7.38% Cumulative Preferred Security, Series D, \$25 stated value, issued by PECO Energy Capital, L.P. and unconditionally guaranteed by PECO Energy Company	EXC/28	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Exelon Corporation	Large Accelerated Filer x	Accelerated Filer $\Box$	Non-accelerated Filer $\Box$	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company
Commonwealth Edison Company	Large Accelerated Filer $\Box$	Accelerated Filer $\Box$	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company
PECO Energy Company	Large Accelerated Filer $\Box$	Accelerated Filer $\Box$	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company □
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company	Large Accelerated Filer $\square$	Accelerated Filer $\Box$	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company
Pepco Holdings LLC	Large Accelerated Filer $\square$	Accelerated Filer $\Box$	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company □
Potomac Electric Power Company	Large Accelerated Filer $\square$	Accelerated Filer $\Box$	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company
Delmarva Power & Light Company	Large Accelerated Filer $\square$	Accelerated Filer	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company
Atlantic City Electric Company	Large Accelerated Filer $\square$	Accelerated Filer $\Box$	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company □

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes 🗆 No x

The number of shares outstanding of each registrant's common stock as of September 30, 2022 was:

Exelon Corporation Common Stock, without par value	993,742,030
Commonwealth Edison Company Common Stock, \$12.50 par value	127,021,394
PECO Energy Company Common Stock, without par value	170,478,507
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company Common Stock, without par value	1,000
Pepco Holdings LLC	not applicable
Potomac Electric Power Company Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	100
Delmarva Power & Light Company Common Stock, \$2.25 par value	1,000
Atlantic City Electric Company Common Stock, \$3.00 par value	8,546,017

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#### **GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

#### **Exelon Corporation and Related Entities** Exelon **Exelon** Corporation Commonwealth Edison Company ComEd PECO PECO Energy Company BGE Baltimore Gas and Electric Company Pepco Holdings or PHI Pepco Holdings LLC Pepco Potomac Electric Power Company DPL Delmarva Power & Light Company ACE Atlantic City Electric Company Exelon, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, collectively Registrants ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, collectively Utility Registrants BSC Exelon Business Services Company, LLC Exelon Corporate Exelon in its corporate capacity as a holding company Potomac Capital Investment Corporation and its subsidiaries PCI PECO Trust III PECO Energy Capital Trust III PECO Trust IV PECO Energy Capital Trust IV PHI in its corporate capacity as a holding company PHI Corporate PHISCO PHI Service Company **Former Related Entities** Constellation Constellation Energy Corporation Constellation Energy Generation, LLC (formerly Exelon Generation Company, LLC, a Generation subsidiary of Exelon prior to separation on February 1, 2022)

	OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS
Other Terms and Abbreviations	The Degistrantal Appual Depart on Form 10 K for the year and ad December 24, 2021 filed
2021 Form 10-K	The Registrants' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 filed with the SEC on February 25, 2022
2021 Recast Form 10-K	The Registrants' Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 30, 2022 to recast Exelon's consolidated financial statements and certain other financial information originally included in the 2021 Form 10-K
Note - of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K	Reference to specific Combined Note to Consolidated Financial Statements in the 2021 Recast Form 10-K
AEC	Alternative Energy Credit that is issued for each megawatt hour of generation from a qualified alternative energy source
AFUDC	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction
AMI	Advanced Metering Infrastructure
AOCI	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
ARO	Asset Retirement Obligation
BGS	Basic Generation Service
CEJA (formerly Clean Energy Law in the Exelon 2021 Form 10-K)	Climate and Equitable Jobs Act; Illinois Public Act 102-0662 signed into law on September 15, 2021
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended
CIP	Conservation Incentive Program
CMC	Carbon Mitigation Credit
CODM	Chief Operating Decision Maker(s)
DC PLUG	District of Columbia Power Line Undergrounding Initiative
DCPSC	Public Service Commission of the District of Columbia
DEPSC	Delaware Public Service Commission
DOEE	District of Columbia Department of Energy & Environment
DPP	Deferred Purchase Price
DSIC	Distribution System Improvement Charge
EIMA	Energy Infrastructure Modernization Act (Illinois Senate Bill 1652 and Illinois House Bill 3036)
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
ERCOT	Electric Reliability Council of Texas
ERISA	Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended
ETAC	Energy Transition Assistance Charge
FEJA	Illinois Public Act 99-0906 or Future Energy Jobs Act
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States
GCR	Gas Cost Rate
GSA	Generation Supply Adjustment
GWh	Gigawatt hour
ICC	Illinois Commerce Commission
Illinois Settlement Legislation	Legislation enacted in 2007 affecting electric utilities in Illinois
IPA	Illinois Power Agency
IRC	Internal Revenue Code
IRS	Internal Revenue Service
LIBOR	London Interbank Offered Rate
MDPSC	Maryland Public Service Commission
MGP	Manufactured Gas Plant

#### **GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

#### **Other Terms and Abbreviations** Million Cubic Feet mmcf MW Megawatt MWh Megawatt hour N/A Not applicable NDT Nuclear Decommissioning Trust NJBPU New Jersey Board of Public Utilities NPNS Normal Purchase Normal Sale scope exception NPS National Park Service OCI Other Comprehensive Income OPEB Other Postretirement Employee Benefits PAPUC Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission PGC Purchased Gas Cost Clause PJM Interconnection, LLC PJM POLR Provider of Last Resort PPA Power Purchase Agreement PP&E Property, plant, and equipment PRP Potentially Responsible Parties Renewable Energy Credit which is issued for each megawatt hour of generation from a qualified renewable energy source REC Nuclear generating units or portions thereof whose decommissioning-related activities are Regulatory Agreement Units subject to contractual elimination under regulatory accounting RFP Request for Proposal Rider Reconcilable Surcharge Recovery Mechanism Return on equity ROE ROU Right-of-use RPS Renewable Energy Portfolio Standards RTO **Regional Transmission Organization** United States Securities and Exchange Commission SEC Secured Overnight Financing Rate SOFR SOS Standard Offer Service STRIDE Maryland Strategic Infrastructure Development and Enhancement Program TCJA Tax Cuts and Jobs Act Transition Bonds issued by Atlantic City Electric Transition Funding LLC Transition Bonds Zero Emission Credit or Zero Emission Certificate ZEC

#### **FILING FORMAT**

This combined Form 10-Q is being filed separately by Exelon Corporation, Commonwealth Edison Company, PECO Energy Company, Baltimore Gas and Electric Company, Pepco Holdings LLC, Potomac Electric Power Company, Delmarva Power & Light Company, and Atlantic City Electric Company (Registrants). Information contained herein relating to any individual Registrant is filed by such Registrant on its own behalf. No Registrant makes any representation as to information relating to any other Registrant.

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Words such as "could," "may," "expects," "anticipates," "will," "targets," "goals," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "will," "targets," "should," and variations on such words, and similar expressions that reflect our current views with respect to future events and operational, economic, and financial performance, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements.

The factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements made by the Registrants include those factors discussed herein, as well as the items discussed in (1) the 2021 Form 10-K in Part I, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors; (2) the 2021 Recast Form 10-K in (a) Part II, ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and (b) Part II, ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data: Note 17, Commitments and Contingencies; (3) this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in (a) Part II, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part I, ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (c) Part II, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part I, ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (c) Part I, ITEM 1. Financial Statements: Note 13, Commitments and Contingencies; and (4) other factors discussed in filings with the SEC by the Registrants.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this Report. None of the Registrants undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Report.

#### WHERE TO FIND MORE INFORMATION

The SEC maintains an Internet site at www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information that the Registrants file electronically with the SEC. These documents are also available to the public from commercial document retrieval services and the Registrants' website at www.exeloncorp.com. Information contained on the Registrants' website shall not be deemed incorporated into, or to be a part of, this Report.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(In millions, except per share data)		2022		2021	2022		2021
Operating revenues			-				
Electric operating revenues	\$	4,557	\$	4,736	\$ 12,972	\$	12,344
Natural gas operating revenues		224		174	1,348		1,041
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		64		(47)	92		129
Total operating revenues		4,845	-	4,863	14,412		13,514
Operating expenses							
Purchased power		1,404		1,452	4,152		3,598
Purchased fuel		80		40	524		316
Purchased power and fuel from affiliates		_		317	159		867
Operating and maintenance		1,148		1,187	3,436		3,340
Depreciation and amortization		825		758	2,472		2,253
Taxes other than income taxes		377		353	1,061		983
Total operating expenses		3,834		4,107	11,804		11,357
(Loss) gain on sales of assets and businesses		_	-		(2)		3
Operating income		1,011		756	2,606		2,160
Other income and (deductions)		.,			2,000		2,100
Interest expense, net		(359)		(318)	(1,044)		(947)
Interest expense to affiliates		(6)		(6)	(1,011)		(20)
Other, net		122		60	435		190
Total other income and (deductions)		(243)		(264)	(628)		(777)
		768		492	1,978		1,383
Income from continuing operations before income taxes Income taxes		92		492	356		76
		676		457			
Net income from continuing operations after income taxes		676			1,622		1,307
Net income from discontinued operations after income taxes (Note 2)				772	117		134
Net income		676		1,229	1,739		1,441
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests				26	1		126
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	676	\$	1,203	\$ 1,738	\$	1,315
Amounts attributable to common shareholders:							
Net income from continuing operations		676		457	1,622		1,307
Net income from discontinued operations				746	116		8
	\$	676	\$	1,203	\$ 1,738	\$	1,315
Net income attributable to common shareholders	<u>φ</u>	010	Ψ	1,200	φ 1,730	Ψ	1,515
Comprehensive income, net of income taxes							
Net income	\$	676	\$	1,229	\$ 1,739	\$	1,441
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes							
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans:							
Prior service benefit reclassified to periodic benefit cost		_		(1)	_		(4)
Actuarial loss reclassified to periodic benefit cost		9		56	33		167
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plan valuation adjustment		_		14	2		15
Unrealized gain on foreign currency translation		_		(3)	_		(1)
Other comprehensive income		9		66	35		177
Comprehensive income		685		1,295	1,774		1,618
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests				26	1		126
Comprehensive income attributable to common shareholders	\$	685	\$	1,269	\$ 1,773	\$	1,492
	=		-			_	
Average shares of common stock outstanding:							
Basic		988		979	983		978
Assumed exercise and/or distributions of stock-based awards		1		1	1		1
Diluted <sup>(a)</sup>		989		980	984		979
Earnings per average common share from continuing operations							
Basic	\$	0.68	\$	0.47	\$ 1.65	\$	1.33
Diluted	\$	0.68	\$	0.47			1.33
	Ŧ		·				
Earnings per average common share from discontinued operations							
Basic	\$		\$	0.76	\$ 0.12	\$	0.01
Diluted	\$	_	\$	0.76	\$ 0.12	\$	0.01

(a) The number of stock options not included in the calculation of diluted common shares outstanding due to their antidilutive effect were none for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Septembe	r 30,
<u>(In millions)</u>	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 1,739 \$	1,441
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization, and accretion, including nuclear fuel and energy contract amortization	2,679	6,204
Asset impairments	46	541
Gain on sales of assets and businesses	(8)	(147
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	256	(45
Net fair value changes related to derivatives	(59)	(1,244
Net realized and unrealized losses (gains) on NDT funds	205	(383
Net unrealized losses on equity investments	16	83
Other non-cash operating activities	265	(293
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(1,049)	(254
Inventories	(121)	(101
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	823	354
Option premiums paid, net	(39)	(186
Collateral received, net	1,456	2,111
Income taxes	3	250
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(689)	(367
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(596)	(602
Other assets and liabilities	(786)	(3,221
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	4,141	4,141
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(5,179)	(5,970
Proceeds from NDT fund sales	488	5,766
Investment in NDT funds	(516)	(5,900
Collection of DPP	169	3,052
Proceeds from sales of assets and businesses	16	801
Other investing activities	36	40
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(4,986)	(2,211
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(335)	(744
Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	1,150	1,380
Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	(925)	_
Issuance of long-term debt	5,801	3,406
Retirement of long-term debt	(2,067)	(1,618
Issuance of common stock	563	
Dividends paid on common stock	(999)	(1,121
Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest	—	(885
Proceeds from employee stock plans	26	63
Transfer of cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents to Constellation	(2,594)	
Other financing activities	(121)	(93
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	499	388
(Decrease) increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	(346)	2,318
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,619	1,166
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,273 \$	3,484
Supplemental cash flow information		
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (147) \$	(334
Increase in DPP	348	2,933
Increase in PP&E related to ARO update	331	574

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septembe	er 30, 2022	Decem	oer 31, 2021
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	446	\$	672
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		744		321
Accounts receivable				
Customer accounts receivable	2,129		2,189	
Customer allowance for credit losses	(341)		(320)	
Customer accounts receivable, net		1,788		1,869
Other accounts receivable	1,726		1,068	
Other allowance for credit losses	(84)		(72)	
Other accounts receivable, net		1,642		996
Inventories, net				
Fossil fuel		235		105
Materials and supplies		522		476
Regulatory assets		1,300		1,296
Other		378		387
Current assets of discontinued operations		_		7,835
Total current assets		7,055		13,957
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$15,517 and \$14,430 as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)		67,572		64,558
Deferred debits and other assets				
Regulatory assets		8,224		8,224
Goodwill		6,630		6,630
Receivable related to Regulatory Agreement Units		2,658		_
Investments		230		250
Other		1,086		885
Property, plant, and equipment, deferred debits, and other assets of discontinued operations				38,509
Total deferred debits and other assets		18,828		54,498
Total assets	\$	93,455	\$	133,013

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

Long-term debt to financing trusts390390Deferred credits and other liabilities11,11310,611Regulatory liabilities8,8449,628Pension obligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations796811Asset retirement obligations796811Mark-to-market derivative liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits, and other liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities24,48350,968392Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings—(692)(2,750)Noncontrolling interests—4,50234,393Noncontrolling interests—4,60234,393Total equity24,58234,39334,393	<u>(In millions)</u>	s	eptember 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Short-term borrowings         \$         1,600         \$         1,248           Long-term debt due within one year         1,300         2,153           Accounts payable         2,603         2,379           Accounts payable         1,213         1,137           Payables to affiliates         493         376           Mark to-market derivative liabilities         493         376           Mark to-market derivative liabilities         493         376           Other         1,313         766           Current liabilities of discontinued operations         -         7,940           Total current liabilities         390         390           Deferred credits and other liabilities         390         390           Deferred credits and other liabilities         11,113         10,611           Deferred income taxes and unamorized investment tax credits         11,113         10,611           Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations         1,366         2,061           Naset cretirement obligations         1,661         2,665           Other         1,994         1,573           Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations         -         25,676           Total defered credits, and other liabilitie	LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	-	<u> </u>	
Long-term debt due within one year         1,300         2,153           Accounts payable         2,693         2,379           Accounts payables to affiliates         5         5           Payables to affiliates         5         5           Regulatory liabilities         493         376           Mark-to-market derivative liabilities         -         18           Unamoritzed energy contract liabilities         -         18           Unamoritzed energy contract liabilities         -         7,940           Other         1,313         766           Current liabilities of discontinued operations         -         7,940           Total current liabilities         39,0749         30,749           Deferred credits and other liabilities         11,113         10,611           Pegluatory liabilities         39,00         390           Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits         11,113         10,611           Regulatory liabilities         13,66         2,051           Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations         796         811           Nark-to-market derivative liabilities         37         146           Other         1,994         1,573           Long-term debt, deferred credit	Current liabilities			
Accounts payable         2,693         2,379           Accrued expenses         1,213         1,137           Accrued expenses         1,213         1,137           Payables to affiliates         493         336           Mark-to-market derivative liabilities         493         3376           Mark-to-market derivative liabilities         -         18           Unamoritzed energy contract liabilities         10         89           Other         1,313         766           Current liabilities of discontinued operations         -         7,940           Total current liabilities         8,717         16,111           Long-term debt of financing trusts         390         390           Deferred rotits and other liabilities         8,844         9,628           Pension obligations         1,366         2,051           Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations         796         811           Asset retirement buefit obligations         796         811           Asset retirement buefit obligations         266         271           Mark-to-market derivative liabilities         67         201           Unamoritzed energy contract liabilities of discontinued operations         -         25,676           Total defe	Short-term borrowings	\$	1,690	\$ 1,248
Accrued expenses         1.213         1.137           Payables to affiliates         5         5           Regulatory liabilities         433         376           Mark-to-market derivative liabilities         10         89           Other         1.313         776           Current liabilities         8,717         16,111           Long-term debt         352,283         30,749           Long-term debt to financing trusts         390         390           Deferred income taxes and unamorized investment tax credits         11,113         10,611           Regulatory liabilities         390         390           Deferred income taxes and unamorized investment tax credits         11,113         10,611           Regulatory liabilities         13,366         2,051           Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations         796         811           Asset retirement obligations         266         271           Unamortized energy contract liabilities         67         201           Unamortized energy contract liabilities         68,873         98,218           Commutends and other liabilities of discontinued operations         —         25,676           Total deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations         —	Long-term debt due within one year		1,300	2,153
Payables to affiliates55Regulatory liabilities493376Mark-to-market derivative liabilities—18Unamortized energy contract liabilities1089Other1,313766Current liabilities of discontinued operations—7,440Total current liabilities8,71716,111Long-term debt35,28330,749Long-term debt35,28330,749Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits11,11310,611Regulatory liabilities8,8449,628Personi oncome taxes and unamortized investment tax credits1,3662,051Non-pension obligations796811Asset retirement obligations796811Asset retirement obligations37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total liabilities68,87398,21820,968Commut mets and contingencies—25,67620,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Retained earnings4,50216,9423,303Accumulated other sequity24,58234,39334,393Noncontrolling interests—-402Total equity24,58234,39334,393Noncontrolling interests—-402Total equity24,58234,39334,393 <td>Accounts payable</td> <td></td> <td>2,693</td> <td>2,379</td>	Accounts payable		2,693	2,379
Regulatory liabilities493376Mark-to-market derivative liabilities-18Unamotized energy contract liabilities1089Other1,313766Current liabilities of discontinued operations-7,340Total current liabilities8,71716,111Long-term debt35,28330,749Long-term debt of financing trusts390390Deferred credits and other liabilities8,8449,628Pension colligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations796811Asst retirement obligations67201Unamotized energy contract liabilities67201Unamotized energy contract liabilities67201Unamotized energy contract liabilities of discontinued operations-25,676Total deferred credits, and other liabilities68,87398,218Commit mets and contingencies-26,87398,218Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,395Noncontroling interests-4022Total equity24,58234,395	Accrued expenses		1,213	1,137
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities–18Unamortized energy contract liabilities1089Other1,313766Current liabilities of discontinued operations–7,940Total current liabilities8,71716,111Long-term debt35,28330,749Long-term debt390390Deferred credits and other liabilities390390Deferred recred ins and other liabilities11,11310,611Regulatory liabilities8,8449,628Pension obligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations796811Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations2662711Mark-to-market derivative liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities of discontinued operations–25,676Total deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations–25,676Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares aud 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares aud 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Retained earnings <td>Payables to affiliates</td> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td>5</td>	Payables to affiliates		5	5
Unamortized energy contract liabilities1089Other1,313766Current liabilities of discontinued operations-7,940Total current liabilities8,71716,111Long-term debt of inancing trusts390390Deferred credits and other liabilities11,11310,611Regulatory liabilities8,8449,628Pension obligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations796811Asset retirement obligations2662711Mark-to-market derivative liabilities672011Unamortized energy contract liabilities of discontinued operations-25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities of discontinued operations-25,676Total liabilities68,87398,21850,988Total liabilities68,87398,21850,988Total liabilities68,87398,21850,968Total liabilities68,87398,21850,968Total liabilities68,87398,21850,968Total liabilities68,87398,21850,968Total liabilities68,87398,21850,968Common tock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 944 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)(123)Retained earnings-(692)(2,750)70,5334,562 </td <td>Regulatory liabilities</td> <td></td> <td>493</td> <td>376</td>	Regulatory liabilities		493	376
Other1,313766Current liabilities of discontinued operations—7,940Total current liabilities8,71716,111Long-term debt35,283300,749Long-term debt of inancing trusts390390Deferred credits and other liabilities8,8449,628Pension obligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretimement benefit obligations796811Asset retirement obligations266271Mark-to-market derivative liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,876Total deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,876Total deferred credits and other liabilities68,87398,218Common tock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Commutated dearnings4,50216,94220,324Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings	Mark-to-market derivative liabilities		_	18
Current liabilities of discontinued operations–7,940Total current liabilities8,71716,111Long-term debt35,28330,749Cong-term debt of financing trusts390390Deferred redits and other liabilities11,11310,611Regulatory liabilities8,8449,628Pension obligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations7968111Asset retirement obligations67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities of discontinued operations–25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities of discontinued operations–25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities of discontinued operations–20,895Shareholders' equity20,89520,324Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,88234,393Noncontrolling interests–402Total equity24,58234,393	Unamortized energy contract liabilities		10	89
Total current liabilities         8,717         16,111           Long-term debt         35,283         30,749           Long-term debt to financing trusts         390         390           Deferred credits and other liabilities         11,113         10,611           Regulatory liabilities         8,844         9,628           Pension obligations         1,366         2,051           Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations         796         811           Asset retirement obligations         266         271           Mark-to-market derivative liabilities         67         201           Unamortized energy contract liabilities         37         146           Other         1,994         1,573           Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations         —         25,676           Total deferred credits and other liabilities         68,873         98,218           Commitments and contingencies         50,968         50,968           Shareholders' equity         20,221 and December 31, 2021, respectively)         20,825         20,324           Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)         (123)         (123)           Retained earnings         4,502         16,942         34,982	Other		1,313	766
Long-term debt         35,283         30,749           Long-term debt to financing trusts         390         390           Deferred credits and other liabilities         390         390           Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits         11,113         10,611           Regulatory liabilities         8,844         9,628           Pension obligations         1,366         2,051           Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations         796         811           Nasset retirement obligations         266         271           Mark-to-market derivative liabilities         67         201           Unamortized energy contract liabilities of discontinued operations         -         25,676           Total deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations         -         25,676           Total labilities         24,483         50,968           Total labilities         24,483         50,968           Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)         20,895         20,324           Treasury Stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)         (123)         (123)           Retained earnings         4,502         16,942         36,932     <	Current liabilities of discontinued operations		_	7,940
Long-term debt to financing trusts390390Deferred credits and other liabilities11,11310,611Regulatory liabilities8,8449,628Pension obligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations796811Asset retirement obligations796811Mark-to-market derivative liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits, and other liabilities68,87398,218Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings(692)(2,750)Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,395	Total current liabilities		8,717	16,111
Deferred credits and other liabilitiesDeferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits11,11310,611Regulatory liabilities8,8449,628Pension obligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations796811Asset retirement obligations796811Asset retirement obligations67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities68,87398,218Comminents and contingencies-20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942(2,750)Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,393	Long-term debt		35,283	 30,749
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits11,11310,611Regulatory liabilities8,8449,628Pension obligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretirement obligations796811Asset retirement obligations266271Mark-to-market derivative liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities68,87399,218Commitments and contingenciesShareholders' equity20,89520,324Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Long-term debt to financing trusts		390	390
Regulatory liabilities         8,844         9,628           Pension obligations         1,366         2,051           Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations         796         811           Asset retirement obligations         266         271           Mark-to-market derivative liabilities         67         201           Unamortized energy contract liabilities         67         201           Unamortized energy contract liabilities         37         146           Other         1,994         1,573           Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations         —         25,676           Total deferred credits and other liabilities         6873         98,218           Commitments and contingencies          37         146           Shareholders' equity         20,895         20,324         50,968           Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)         20,895         20,324           Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)         (123)         (123)           Retained earnings         4,502         16,942         (2,750)           Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net         (692)         (	Deferred credits and other liabilities			
Pension obligations1,3662,051Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations796811Asset retirement obligations266271Mark-to-market derivative liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities68,87398,218Commitments and contingencies—20,895Shareholders' equity20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,795Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		11,113	10,611
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations796811Asset retirement obligations266271Mark-to-market derivative liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities68,87398,218Commitments and contingencies—20,895Shareholders' equity20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Regulatory liabilities		8,844	9,628
Asset retirement obligations266271Mark-to-market derivative liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities68,87398,218Commitments and contingencies6898Shareholders' equity20,89520,324Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Pension obligations		1,366	2,051
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities67201Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities68,87398,218Commitments and contingencies—7Shareholders' equity—20,89520,324Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations		796	811
Unamortized energy contract liabilities37146Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities68,87398,218Commitments and contingencies68,87398,218Shareholders' equity20,89520,324Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942(123)Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Asset retirement obligations		266	271
Other1,9941,573Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations—25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities24,48368,87398,218Commitments and contingencies68,87398,218Shareholders' equity20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Mark-to-market derivative liabilities		67	201
Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations–25,676Total deferred credits and other liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities68,87398,218Commitments and contingencies68,87398,218Shareholders' equity20,89520,324Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests–402Total equity24,58234,795	Unamortized energy contract liabilities		37	146
Total deferred credits and other liabilities24,48350,968Total liabilities68,87398,218Commitments and contingencies5Shareholders' equity20,89520,324Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Other		1,994	1,573
Total liabilitiesContingenciesShareholders' equity68,87398,218Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations		_	25,676
Commitments and contingenciesCommitments and contingenciesShareholders' equityCommon stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Total deferred credits and other liabilities		24,483	 50,968
Shareholders' equityZ0,89520,324Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Total liabilities		68,873	 98,218
Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)20,89520,324Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)(123)(123)Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Commitments and contingencies			
September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)         20,895         20,324           Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)         (123)         (123)           Retained earnings         4,502         16,942           Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net         (692)         (2,750)           Total shareholders' equity         24,582         34,393           Noncontrolling interests         —         402           Total equity         24,582         34,795	Shareholders' equity			
Retained earnings4,50216,942Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 994 shares and 979 shares outstanding at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)		20,895	20,324
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795	Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021)		(123)	(123)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net(692)(2,750)Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795			4,502	· · /
Total shareholders' equity24,58234,393Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795			(692)	(2,750)
Noncontrolling interests—402Total equity24,58234,795		-	· · · /	 · · · /
Total equity         24,582         34,795				
			24.582	
	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$		\$

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

				Ni	ine Months En	ded	September 30, 2022		
(In millions, shares in thousands)	Issued Shares	Common Stock	Treasury Stock		Retained Earnings		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, net	Noncontrolling Interests	Fotal Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	981,291	\$ 20,324	\$ (123)	\$	16,942	\$	(2,750)	\$ 402	\$ 34,795
Net income	_	_	-		597		_	1	598
Long-term incentive plan activity	540	(13)	—		—		—	—	(13)
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	211	9	—		—		—	_	9
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		_		_	(7)	(7)
Distribution of Constellation (Note 2)	—	(21)	—		(13,179)		2,023	(396)	(11,573)
Common stock dividends (\$0.34/common share)	_	_	_		(332)		_	_	(332)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	_	_	_		_		14	_	14
Balance, March 31, 2022	982,042	\$ 20,299	\$ (123)	\$	4,028	\$	(713)	\$ 	\$ 23,491
Net income	_	_	_		465		_	_	465
Long-term incentive plan activity	21	10	_		—		_	_	10
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	242	10	—		—		_	—	10
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		_		_	_	_
Common stock dividends (\$0.34/common share)	_	_	_		(332)		_	_	(332)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	_	_	_		_		12	_	12
Balance, June 30, 2022	982,305	\$ 20,319	\$ (123)	\$	4,161	\$	(701)	\$ 	\$ 23,656
Net income	_	—	_		676		_	_	676
Long-term incentive plan activity		3	—		—		—	—	3
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	275	10	—		—		—	—	10
Issuance of common stock	12,995	563	—		—		—	_	563
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		_		_	_	_
Common stock dividends (\$0.34/common share)	_	_	_		(335)		_	_	(335)
Other comprehensive income net of income taxes	_	_	_		_		9	_	9
Balance, September 30, 2022	995,575	\$ 20,895	\$ (123)	\$	4,502	\$	(692)	\$ _	\$ 24,582

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 13

#### EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

International field systemetry is consistent in the work is fixed systemetry is consistent in the work is stock         Note (Note is is consistent is consis consistent is consistent is consistent is consistent is consiste					(Unauc							
In tillions, shares In tillions, shares         Besued Shares         Commo Stock         Tessury Stock         Retained Ex         Other Comprohensive Lass, nat         Noncontrolling Interests         Total Shareholder's Equilyoft           Balance, December 31, 2020         977,466         \$         19.373         \$         (123)         \$         (16,735         \$         (3.400)         \$         2,283         \$         04.688           Net (css) income         -         -         -         -         -         2         (264)           Long-term incentive plan activity         640         5         -         -         -         -         34           Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         34           Common starde (03.380 common share)         -	_					Nir	ne Months En	ded	•			
In metalons, harras in thousands?         Issued Stock         Common Stock         Retaining Stock         Componensive Earnings         Componensive Componensive Loss, not Uss,												
Net (loss) income       -       -       (289)       -       25       (264)         Long-term incentive plan activity       640       5       -       -       -       -       5         Employee stock purchase plan issuances       902       34       -       -       -       -       34         Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests       -       -       -       -       -       34         Common stock dividends       -       -       -       -       -       -       34         Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes       -       -       -       -       -       -       63.346       \$       2.298       \$       34.313         Net income       - <td< th=""><th>(<u>In millions, shares</u> in thousands)</th><th>Issued Shares</th><th>(</th><th></th><th>Treasury Stock</th><th></th><th>Retained Earnings</th><th></th><th>Comprehensive</th><th>Noncontrolling Interests</th><th>То</th><th></th></td<>	( <u>In millions, shares</u> in thousands)	Issued Shares	(		Treasury Stock		Retained Earnings		Comprehensive	Noncontrolling Interests	То	
Long-term incentive plan activity         640         5         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         5           Employee stock purchase plan issuances         902         34         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         …	Balance, December 31, 2020	977,466	\$	19,373	\$ (123)	\$	16,735	\$	(3,400)	\$ 2,283	\$	34,868
Employee slock purchase plan issuances9023434Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests(10)(10)Common slock dividends (S0.38/common share)(374)(374)Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes(374)(374)Balance, March 31, 2021979,008\$19,412\$(123)\$16,072\$(3,346)\$2,298\$34,313Net income40175476Long-term incentive plan activity23724118Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests131(13)Common stock dividends (S0.38/common share)345Common stock dividends (S0.38/common share)131(13)Common stock dividends (S0.38/common share)979,665\$19,454\$(123)\$16,088\$(3,289)\$2,360\$34,500Net income taxes1812,99134,500\$1,223131131Common stock dividends (S0.38/common share)1814,50014,50014,50014,50014,50014,500 </td <td>Net (loss) income</td> <td>—</td> <td></td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td></td> <td>(289)</td> <td></td> <td>—</td> <td>25</td> <td></td> <td>(264)</td>	Net (loss) income	—		—	—		(289)		—	25		(264)
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Long-term incentive plan activity	640		5	—		—		_	—		5
interests       -       -       -       -       -       (10)       (10)         Common stock dividends       -       -       -       (374)       -       -       (374)         Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes       -       -       -       (374)       -       -       (374)         Balance, March 31, 2021       979,008       \$       19,412       \$       (123)       \$       16,072       \$       (3,346)       \$       2,298       \$       34,313         Net income       -       -       -       401       -       7.5       476         Long-term incentive plan activity       237       24       -       -       -       -       18         Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests       -       -       -       -       13       (13)         Common stock dividends       -       -       -       -       -       67       -       67         Balance, June 30, 2021       979,665       \$       19,454       \$       10,098       \$       (3,289)       \$       2,360       \$       34,500         Net Income       -       -       -       -       -       -	Employee stock purchase plan issuances	902		34	—		—		—	—		34
(\$0.38/common share)       -       -       (374)       -       -       (374)         Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes       -       -       (374)       -       -       (374)         Balance, March 31, 2021       979,008       \$       19,412       \$       (102)       \$       (33,346)       \$       2,298       \$       34,313         Net income       -       -       -       401       -       75       476         Long-term incentive plan activity       237       24       -       -       -       -       401       -       75       476         Employee stock purchase plan issuances       420       18       -       -       -       -       18         Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests       -       -       -       -       -       130       (13)         Common stock dividends       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       657       -       -       -       57         Balance, June 30, 2021       979,665       19,454       1203       \$       16,098       \$ (3,289)       \$       2,360       \$ 43,500         Net Income       -		_		_	_		_		_	(10)		(10)
income taxes       -       -       -       -       54       -       54         Balance, March 31, 2021       979,008       \$ 19,412       \$ (123)       \$ 16,072       \$ (3,346)       \$ 2,298       \$ 34,313         Net income       -       -       401       -       75       476         Long-term incentive plan activity       237       24       -       -       -       -       24         Employee stock purchase plan issuances       420       18       -       -       -       -       18         Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests       -       -       -       -       -       131       (13)         Common stock dividends       -       -       -       -       -       -       (375)       -       -       (375)         Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes       -       -       -       -       (375)       -       -       57         Balance, June 30, 2021       979,665       \$ 19,454       \$ (123)       \$ 16,098       \$ (3,289)       \$ 2,360       \$ 34,500         Net Income       -       -       -       -       -       1,229       1,229       1,229       1,229       1,2		_		_	_		(374)		_	_		(374)
Net income         -         -         401         -         75         476           Long-term incentive plan activity         237         24         -         -         -         24           Employee stock purchase plan issuances         420         18         -         -         -         24           Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests         -         -         -         -         18           Common stock dividends         -         -         -         -         -         13         (13)           Common stock dividends         -         -         -         -         -         (375)         -         -         (375)           Dther comprehensive income, net of income taxes         -         -         -         -         -         57         -         57           Balance, June 30, 2021         979,665         \$ 19,454         \$ (123)         \$ 16,098         \$ (3,289)         \$ 2,360         \$ 34,500           Long-term incentive plan activity         94         9         -         -         -         -         1229           Long-term incentive plan activity         94         9         -         -         -         -         13		_			_		_		54	_		54
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Balance, March 31, 2021	979,008	\$	19,412	\$ (123)	\$	16,072	\$	(3,346)	\$ 2,298	\$	34,313
Employee stock purchase plan issuances4201818Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests(13)(13)Common stock dividends ( $\$0.38/common share)$ (375)(375)Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes(375)(375)Balance, June 30, 2021979,665\$19,454\$(123)\$16,098\$(3,289)\$2,360\$34,500Net Income1,203-261,229 <td>Net income</td> <td>—</td> <td></td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td></td> <td>401</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>75</td> <td></td> <td>476</td>	Net income	—		—	—		401		_	75		476
Charges in equity of noncontrolling interests——————(13)(13)Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)—————(375)——(375)Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes————(375)——(375)Balance, June 30, 2021979,665\$19,454\$(123)\$16,098\$(3,289)\$2,360\$34,500Net Income———1,203—261,229Long-term incentive plan activity949———261,229Employee stock purchase plan issuances39118————18Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests—————13)(13)Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest—1,080————(13)(13)Deferred tax adjustment related to acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest—(290)————(1395)Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)——————(290)(290)Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)—————(375)(375)Charges in comprehensive income, net of income taxes————— <td>Long-term incentive plan activity</td> <td>237</td> <td></td> <td>24</td> <td>—</td> <td></td> <td>—</td> <td></td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td></td> <td>24</td>	Long-term incentive plan activity	237		24	—		—		—	—		24
interests	Employee stock purchase plan issuances	420		18	—		—		—	—		18
(\$0.38/common share)       -       -       (375)       -       -       (375)         Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes       -       -       (375)       -       -       (375)         Balance, June 30, 2021       979,665       \$       19,454       \$       (123)       \$       16,098       \$       (3,289)       \$       2,360       \$       34,500         Net Income       -       -       -       1,203       -       26       1,229         Long-term incentive plan activity       94       9       -       -       -       -       9         Employee stock purchase plan issuances       391       18       -       -       -       -       18         Changes in equity of noncontrolling interest       -       1,080       -       -       -       (13)       (13)         Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest       -       1,080       -       -       -       (1,965)       (885)         Deferred tax adjustment related to acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest       -       (290)       -       -       -       (290)         Common stock dividends       -       -       -       (375)       -       -       (3		_		_	_		_		_	(13)		(13)
income taxes           57        57         Balance, June 30, 2021       979,665       \$       19,454       \$       (123)       \$       16,098       \$       (3,289)       \$       2,360       \$       34,500         Net Income          1,203        26       1,229         Long-term incentive plan activity       94       9          26       1,229         Long-term incentive plan activity       94       9		_		_	_		(375)		_	_		(375)
Net Income1,203-261,229Long-term incentive plan activity9499Employee stock purchase plan issuances391189Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests18Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests13(13)Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest-1,080(14)(13)Deferred tax adjustment related to acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest-(290)(290)Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)(375)(375)Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes66-66		_		_	—		—		57	_		57
Long-term incentive plan activity9499Employee stock purchase plan issuances3911818Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests18Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests13(13)Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest-1,080(1,965)(885)Deferred tax adjustment related to acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest-(290)(290)Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)(375)(375)Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes66-66	Balance, June 30, 2021	979,665	\$	19,454	\$ (123)	\$	16,098	\$	(3,289)	\$ 2,360	\$	34,500
Employee stock purchase plan issuances39118—————18Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests——————18Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest—1,080———(13)(13)Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest—1,080———(1,965)(885)Deferred tax adjustment related to acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest—(290)———(290)Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)————(375)——(290)Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes—————66—66	Net Income	—		—	_		1,203		—	26		1,229
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests(13)(13)Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest-1,080(1,965)(885)Deferred tax adjustment related to acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest-(290)(290)Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)(290)Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes(375)66-66	Long-term incentive plan activity	94		9	_		_		—	—		9
interests(13)(13)Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest-1,080(1,965)(885)Deferred tax adjustment related to acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest-(290)(290)Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)(290)(290)Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes(375)(375)	Employee stock purchase plan issuances	391		18	_		—		—	—		18
Deferred tax adjustment related to acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest       —       (290)       —       —       —       (290)         Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)       —       —       —       (375)       —       —       (375)         Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes       —       —       —       —       66       —       66		_		_	_		_		_	(13)		(13)
acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest       —       (290)       —       —       —       (290)         Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)       —       —       —       —       —       (375)         Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes       —       —       —       —       —       66       —       66	Acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest	—		1,080	_		—		—	(1,965)		(885)
(\$0.38/common share)         -         -         (375)         -         -         (375)           Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes         -         -         -         66         -         66		_		(290)	_		_		_	_		(290)
income taxes <u> </u>		_		_	_		(375)		—	_		(375)
Balance, September 30, 2021         980,150         \$ 20,271         \$ (123)         \$ 16,926         \$ (3,223)         \$ 408         \$ 34,259		_		_	_				66	_		66
	Balance, September 30, 2021	980,150	\$	20,271	\$ (123)	\$	16,926	\$	(3,223)	\$ 408	\$	34,259

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Mor Septer	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
<u>(In millions)</u>	 2022		2021		2022		2021
Operating revenues		_		_			
Electric operating revenues	\$ 1,284	\$	1,812	\$	4,359	\$	4,789
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	88		(32)		163		32
Operating revenues from affiliates	 6		9		14		19
Total operating revenues	 1,378		1,789		4,536		4,840
Operating expenses							
Purchased power	121		610		982		1,472
Purchased power from affiliate	—		93		59		256
Operating and maintenance	286		257		809		752
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	69		73		236		217
Depreciation and amortization	333		304		982		893
Taxes other than income taxes	 104		91		289		243
Total operating expenses	913		1,428		3,357		3,833
Loss on sales of assets	 _		_		(2)		_
Operating income	 465		361		1,177		1,007
Other income and (deductions)	 						
Interest expense, net	(101)		(95)		(298)		(282)
Interest expense to affiliates	(3)		(3)		(10)		(10)
Other, net	14		13		40		35
Total other income and (deductions)	 (90)		(85)		(268)		(257)
Income before income taxes	375		276		909		750
Income taxes	84		56		203		141
Net income	\$ 291	\$	220	\$	706	\$	609
Comprehensive income	\$ 291	\$	220	\$	706	\$	609

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine Mo Septe	onths E	
<u>(In millions)</u>	2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$ 706	\$	609
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	982		893
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	192		211
Other non-cash operating activities	(89)	1	95
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(351)	1	(72)
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(54)	)	(16)
Inventories	(9)	,	(6)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	226		(36)
Collateral received, net	69		68
Income taxes	_		(9)
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(499)	,	(250)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(179)	)	(176)
Other assets and liabilities	(152	)	(126)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	842	_	1,185
Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital expenditures	(1,801)	)	(1,723)
Other investing activities	21		20
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,780)		(1,703)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Changes in short-term borrowings	233		(323)
Issuance of long-term debt	750		1,150
Retirement of long-term debt			(350)
Dividends paid on common stock	(434	)	(380)
Contributions from parent	503		593
Other financing activities	(10	)	(16)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	1,042		674
Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	104		156
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	384		405
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 488	\$	561
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	φ <del>400</del>	= 🗕	
Supplemental cash flow information			
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (30)	)\$	(118)

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Septer	mber 30, 2022	December 31, 2021		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63	\$	131	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		342		210	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	511		647		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(74)		(73)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		437		574	
Other accounts receivable	690		227		
Other allowance for credit losses	(18)		(17)		
Other accounts receivable, net		672		210	
Receivables from affiliates		3		16	
Inventories, net		178		170	
Regulatory assets		384		335	
Other		110		76	
Total current assets		2,189		1,722	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$6,521 and \$6,099 as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)		27,040		25,995	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		2,489		1,870	
Goodwill		2,625		2,625	
Receivables from affiliates		_		2,761	
Receivable related to Regulatory Agreement Units		2,469		—	
Investments		6		6	
Prepaid pension asset		1,219		1,086	
Other		545		405	
Total deferred debits and other assets		9,353		8,753	
Total assets	\$	38,582	\$	36,470	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(In millions)	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 233	\$ —
Accounts payable	876	647
Accrued expenses	351	384
Payables to affiliates	54	121
Customer deposits	104	99
Regulatory liabilities	297	185
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	—	18
Other	191	133
Total current liabilities	2,106	1,587
Long-term debt	10,517	9,773
Long-term debt to financing trust	205	205
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	4,951	4,685
Regulatory liabilities	6,668	6,759
Asset retirement obligations	146	144
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations	168	169
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	67	201
Other	624	592
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	12,624	12,550
Total liabilities	25,452	24,115
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock	1,588	1,588
Other paid-in capital	9,579	9,076
Retained earnings	1,963	1,691
Total shareholders' equity	13,130	12,355
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 38,582	\$ 36,470

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended	Sept	tember 30, 2022	
<u>(In millions)</u>	 Common Stock	Other Paid-In Capital		Retained Earnings	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 1,588	\$ 9,076	\$	1,691	\$ 12,355
Net income	_	—		188	188
Common stock dividends	_	_		(144)	(144)
Contributions from parent	—	167		—	167
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$ 1,588	\$ 9,243	\$	1,735	\$ 12,566
Net income	_	—		227	227
Common stock dividends	_	_		(145)	(145)
Contributions from parent	—	168		—	168
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 1,588	\$ 9,411	\$	1,817	\$ 12,816
Net income	—	—		291	291
Common stock dividends	_	_		(145)	(145)
Contributions from parent	_	168		—	168
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$ 1,588	\$ 9,579	\$	1,963	\$ 13,130

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021							
<u>(In millions)</u>		Common Stock		Other Paid-In Capital		Retained Earnings		Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	1,588	\$	8,285	\$	1,456	\$	11,329
Net income		_		_		197		197
Common stock dividends		—		_		(127)		(127)
Contributions from parent		—		198		_		198
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$	1,588	\$	8,483	\$	1,526	\$	11,597
Net income		_		_		192		192
Common stock dividends		_		_		(126)		(126)
Contributions from parent		—		197		_		197
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	1,588	\$	8,680	\$	1,592	\$	11,860
Net income		_		_		220		220
Common stock dividends		_		_		(127)		(127)
Contributions from parent				198		_		198
Balance, September 30, 2021	\$	1,588	\$	8,878	\$	1,685	\$	12,151

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Mon Septen	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
<u>(In millions)</u>	 2022	2021	2022	2021	
Operating revenues					
Electric operating revenues	\$ 943	\$ 757	\$ 2,384	\$ 2,008	
Natural gas operating revenues	73	56	487	365	
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(5)	3	1	20	
Operating revenues from affiliates	3	2	5	6	
Total operating revenues	 1,014	818	2,877	2,399	
Operating expenses					
Purchased power	377	206	850	540	
Purchased fuel	26	11	210	119	
Purchased power from affiliate	—	60	33	141	
Operating and maintenance	197	220	561	580	
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	46	43	144	126	
Depreciation and amortization	92	86	277	259	
Taxes other than income taxes	60	51	155	143	
Total operating expenses	 798	677	2,230	1,908	
Operating income	 216	141	647	491	
Other income and (deductions)					
Interest expense, net	(42)	(37)	(120)	(110)	
Interest expense to affiliates	(3)	(3)	(9)	(9)	
Other, net	8	7	23	20	
Total other income and (deductions)	 (37)	(33)	(106)	(99)	
Income before income taxes	 179	108	541	392	
Income taxes	44	(3)	67	9	
Net income	\$ 135	\$ 111	\$ 474	\$ 383	
Comprehensive income	\$ 135	\$ 111	\$ 474	\$ 383	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		nths Ended mber 30,
<u>(In millions)</u>	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 474	\$ 383
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	277	259
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	49	19
Other non-cash operating activities	14	4
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(49)	47
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(34)	16
Inventories	(59)	(21)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	25	(23)
Income taxes	30	55
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(27)	(16)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(13)	(15)
Other assets and liabilities	(31)	(71)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	656	637
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(991)	(878)
Other investing activities	8	5
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(983)	(873)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Issuance of long-term debt	775	750
Retirement of long-term debt	(350)	(300)
Changes in Exelon intercompany money pool	_	(40)
Dividends paid on common stock	(299)	(254)
Contributions from parent	274	414
Other financing activities	(14)	(8)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	386	562
Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents		326
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	44	26
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 103	\$ 352
Supplemental cash flow information		
Increase in capital expenditures not paid	\$ 7	\$ 25

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septem	ber 30, 2022	Decem	ıber 31, 2021
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	94	\$	36
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		9		8
Accounts receivable				
Customer accounts receivable	490		489	
Customer allowance for credit losses	(103)		(105)	
Customer accounts receivable, net		387		384
Other accounts receivable	147		116	
Other allowance for credit losses	(11)		(7)	
Other accounts receivable, net		136		109
Receivables from affiliates		1		1
Inventories, net				
Fossil fuel		106		51
Materials and supplies		48		45
Prepaid utility taxes		34		1
Regulatory assets		59		48
Other		30		28
Total current assets		904		711
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$4,031 and \$3,964 as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)		11,853		11,117
Deferred debits and other assets				
Regulatory assets		631		943
Receivables from affiliates		_		597
Receivable related to Regulatory Agreement Units		188		_
Investments		31		34
Prepaid pension asset		408		386
Other		33		36
Total deferred debits and other assets		1,291		1,996
Total assets	\$	14,048	\$	13,824

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septe	mber 30, 2022	December 31, 2021		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Long-term debt due within one year	\$	50	\$ 350		
Accounts payable		555	494		
Accrued expenses		150	136		
Payables to affiliates		36	70		
Customer deposits		59	48		
Regulatory liabilities		69	94		
Other		27	35		
Total current liabilities		946	1,227		
Long-term debt		4,562	3,847		
Long-term debt to financing trusts		184	184		
Deferred credits and other liabilities					
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		2,170	2,421		
Regulatory liabilities		224	635		
Asset retirement obligations		28	29		
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations		289	286		
Other		84	83		
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		2,795	3,454		
Total liabilities		8,487	8,712		
Commitments and contingencies					
Shareholder's equity					
Common stock		3,702	3,428		
Retained earnings		1,859	1,684		
Total shareholder's equity		5,561	5,112		
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	14,048	\$ 13,824		

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					22
<u>(In millions)</u>		Common Stock		Retained Earnings		Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	3,428	\$	1,684	\$	5,112
Net income		—		206		206
Common stock dividends		_		(100)		(100)
Contributions from parent		227		—		227
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$	3,655	\$	1,790	\$	5,445
Net income		—		133		133
Common stock dividends		—		(100)		(100)
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	3,655	\$	1,823	\$	5,478
Net income		_		135		135
Common stock dividends		—		(99)		(99)
Contributions from parent		47		_		47
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	3,702	\$	1,859	\$	5,561

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021					21
<u>(In millions)</u>	llions) Common Stock		Retained Earnings			Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	3,014	\$	1,519	\$	4,533
Net income				167		167
Common stock dividends		_		(85)		(85)
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$	3,014	\$	1,601	\$	4,615
Net income		_		104		104
Common stock dividends				(84)		(84)
Contributions from parent		395		_		395
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	3,409	\$	1,621	\$	5,030
Net income		_		111		111
Common stock dividends				(85)		(85)
Contributions from parent		19				19
Balance, September 30, 2021	\$	3,428	\$	1,647	\$	5,075

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
<u>(In millions)</u>	 2022	2021	2022	2021		
Operating revenues						
Electric operating revenues	\$ 761	\$ 694	\$ 2,138	\$ 1,874		
Natural gas operating revenues	114	93	699	549		
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(8)	(24)	(40)	(17)		
Operating revenues from affiliates	3	7	13	20		
Total operating revenues	870	770	2,810	2,426		
Operating expenses						
Purchased power	320	206	846	501		
Purchased fuel	30	20	229	146		
Purchased power and fuel from affiliate		64	18	193		
Operating and maintenance	185	159	506	458		
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	50	46	152	137		
Depreciation and amortization	148	142	470	434		
Taxes other than income taxes	 77	72	225	211		
Total operating expenses	810	709	2,446	2,080		
Operating income	60	61	364	346		
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(39)	(36)	(110)	(103)		
Other, net	5	7	16	23		
Total other income and (deductions)	(34)	(29)	(94)	(80)		
Income before income taxes	26	32	270	266		
Income taxes	(7)	(4)	3	(24)		
Net income	\$ 33	\$ 36	\$ 267	\$ 290		
Comprehensive income	\$ 33	\$ 36	\$ 267	\$ 290		

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 25

#### BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
(In millions)	2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$ 26	67 \$	290
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	47	'0	434
Asset impairments	4	16	—
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits		1	7
Other non-cash operating activities	10	)1	77
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18	92
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net		(9)	(13)
Inventories	(7	74)	(30
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		15	14
Collateral received, net	12	25	20
Income taxes	(2	20)	3
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(11	3)	(106
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(6	64)	(76
Other assets and liabilities	·	14	(43)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	77	7	669
Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital expenditures	(91	8)	(907
Other investing activities		7	13
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(9)	1)	(894
Cash flows from financing activities			
Changes in short-term borrowings	2	26	_
Issuance of long-term debt	50	00	600
Retirement of long-term debt	(25	i0)	(300
Dividends paid on common stock	(22	25)	(219
Contributions from parent	18	36	257
Other financing activities		(8)	(6
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	22	29	332
Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents		95	107
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	Ę	55	145
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 15	50 \$	252
Supplemental cash flow information			
Increase (decrease) in capital expenditures not paid	\$	12 \$	(70

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20	\$	51	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		130		4	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	423		436		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(54)		(38)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		369		398	
Other accounts receivable	120		124		
Other allowance for credit losses	(12)		(9)		
Other accounts receivable, net		108		115	
Receivables from affiliates		_		1	
Inventories, net					
Fossil fuel		109		42	
Materials and supplies		60		53	
Prepaid utility taxes		—		49	
Regulatory assets		185		215	
Other		9		8	
Total current assets		990		936	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$4,509 and \$4,299 as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)		11,103		10,577	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		503		477	
Investments		7		14	
Prepaid pension asset		299		276	
Other		30		44	
Total deferred debits and other assets	-	839		811	
Total assets	\$	12,932	\$	12,324	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY **BALANCE SHEETS** (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septer	nber 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	\$	156 \$	5 130
Long-term debt due within one year		300	250
Accounts payable		344	349
Accrued expenses		188	176
Payables to affiliates		32	48
Customer deposits		102	97
Regulatory liabilities		37	26
Other		158	48
Total current liabilities		1,317	1,124
Long-term debt		3,907	3,711
Deferred credits and other liabilities			
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		1,787	1,686
Regulatory liabilities		853	934
Asset retirement obligations		29	26
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations		168	175
Other		73	98
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		2,910	2,919
Total liabilities		8,134	7,754
Commitments and contingencies			
Shareholder's equity			
Common stock		2,761	2,575
Retained earnings		2,037	1,995
Total shareholder's equity		4,798	4,570
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	12,932 \$	5 12,324

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements \$28\$

#### BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					2022
<u>(In millions)</u>	Common Stock		Retained Earnings			Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	2,575	\$	1,995	\$	4,570
Net income		—		198		198
Common stock dividends				(76)		(76)
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$	2,575	\$	2,117	\$	4,692
Net income				37		37
Common stock dividends		—		(75)		(75)
Contributions from parent		186		_		186
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	2,761	\$	2,079	\$	4,840
Net income		_		33		33
Common stock dividends				(75)		(75)
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	2,761	\$	2,037	\$	4,798

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021					)21												
<u>(In millions)</u>		Common Stock								Retained Earnings								Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	2,318	\$	1,879	\$	4,197												
Net income		_		209		209												
Common stock dividends		—		(74)		(74)												
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$	2,318	\$	2,014	\$	4,332												
Net income		_		45		45												
Common stock dividends				(72)		(72)												
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	2,318	\$	1,987	\$	4,305												
Net income		—		36		36												
Common stock dividends				(73)		(73)												
Contributions from parent		257		—		257												
Balance, September 30, 2021	\$	2,575	\$	1,950	\$	4,525												

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,						
<u>(In millions)</u>	2022 2021		2022 2021 2022		2021 2022		2022 2021 20			2021
Operating revenues										
Electric operating revenues	\$	1,568	\$ 1,43	8	\$ 4,090	\$	3,632			
Natural gas operating revenues		38	2	3	157		118			
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		(11)		6	(33)		94			
Operating revenues from affiliates		3		3	9		10			
Total operating revenues		1,598	1,47	0	4,223		3,854			
Operating expenses										
Purchased power		586	43	1	1,474		1,087			
Purchased fuel		24		9	85		50			
Purchased power from affiliates		—	10	0	50		277			
Operating and maintenance		237	23	5	729		668			
Operating and maintenance from affiliates		40	4	3	138		122			
Depreciation and amortization		238	21	0	697		614			
Taxes other than income taxes		129	12	7	362		349			
Total operating expenses		1,254	1,15	5	3,535		3,167			
Operating income		344	31	5	688		687			
Other income and (deductions)										
Interest expense, net		(72)	(6	7)	(216)		(201)			
Other, net		19	1	6	56		52			
Total other income and (deductions)		(53)	(5	1)	(160)		(149)			
Income before income taxes		291	26	4	528		538			
Income taxes		2	(	2)	10		3			
Net income	\$	289	\$ 26	6	\$ 518	\$	535			
Comprehensive income	\$	289	\$ 26	6	\$ 518	\$	535			

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		nths Ended mber 30,
<u>(In millions)</u>	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 518	\$ 535
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	697	614
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	(2)	_
Other non-cash operating activities	112	(35)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(143)	(112
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(49)	(19
Inventories	(35)	(13)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(15)	19
Collateral received, net	230	25
Income taxes	(3)	17
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(82)	(45
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(75)	(43
Other assets and liabilities	(71)	(100
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	1,082	843
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(1,174)	(1,299
Other investing activities	5	(1
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,169)	(1,300
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(468)	(81
Issuance of long-term debt	925	750
Retirement of long-term debt	(310)	(255
Changes in Exelon intercompany money pool	36	(5
Distributions to member	(625)	(605
Contributions from member	787	667
Other financing activities	(18)	(12
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	327	459
Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	240	2
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	213	160
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 453	\$ 162
Supplemental cash flow information		
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (8)	\$ (74

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	September 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	219	\$	136	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		234		77	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	707		616		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(111)		(104)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		596		512	
Other accounts receivable	301		283		
Other allowance for credit losses	(43)		(39)		
Other accounts receivable, net		258		244	
Receivables from affiliates		1		2	
Inventories, net					
Fossil fuel		20		11	
Materials and supplies		235		209	
Regulatory assets		431		432	
Other		58		69	
Total current assets		2,052		1,692	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$2,496 and \$2,108 as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)		17,177		16,498	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		1,669		1,794	
Goodwill		4,005		4,005	
Investments		138		145	
Prepaid pension asset		367		344	
Deferred income taxes		6		8	
Other		241		258	
Total deferred debits and other assets		6,426		6,554	
Total assets	\$	25,655	\$	24,744	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Sept	ember 30, 2022	December 31, 2021		
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Short-term borrowings	\$	—	\$ 468		
Long-term debt due within one year		91	399		
Accounts payable		565	578		
Accrued expenses		275	281		
Payables to affiliates		54	104		
Borrowings from Exelon intercompany money pool		43	7		
Customer deposits		85	81		
Regulatory liabilities		85	68		
Unamortized energy contract liabilities		10	89		
PPA termination obligation		87	—		
Other		434	171		
Total current liabilities		1,729	2,246		
Long-term debt		8,039	7,148		
Deferred credits and other liabilities					
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		2,864	2,675		
Regulatory liabilities		1,038	1,238		
Asset retirement obligations		58	70		
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations		53	66		
Unamortized energy contract liabilities		37	146		
Other		571	570		
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		4,621	4,765		
Total liabilities		14,389	14,159		
Commitments and contingencies					
Member's equity					
Membership interest		11,582	10,795		
Undistributed losses		(316)	(210)		
Total member's equity		11,266	10,585		
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$	25,655	\$ 24,744		

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022						
	Membership Interest		Undistributed (Losses)/Earnings		Total Member's Equity		
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	10,795	\$	(210)	\$	10,585	
Net income				130		130	
Distributions to member		_		(102)		(102)	
Contributions from member		704		_		704	
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$	11,499	\$	(182)	\$	11,317	
Net income				100		100	
Distributions to member		_		(293)		(293)	
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	11,499	\$	(375)	\$	11,124	
Net income		_		289		289	
Distributions to member				(230)		(230)	
Contributions from member		83		_		83	
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	11,582	\$	(316)	\$	11,266	

<u>(In millions)</u>		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021						
	-	Membership Interest		Undistributed (Losses)/Earnings		Total Member's Equity		
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	10,112	\$	(68)	\$	10,044		
Net income		_		128		128		
Distributions to member		_		(81)		(81)		
Contributions from member		560		—		560		
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$	10,672	\$	(21)	\$	10,651		
Net income		_		141		141		
Distributions to member		_		(333)		(333)		
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	10,672	\$	(213)	\$	10,459		
Net income		_		266		266		
Distributions to member		_		(191)		(191)		
Contribution from member		107		_		107		
Balance, September 30, 2021	\$	10,779	\$	(138)	\$	10,641		
			-		-			

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,				
<u>(In millions)</u>		2	022	2021		2022			2021	
Operating revenues										
Electric operating revenues	\$		730	\$	649	\$	1,930	\$	1,678	
Revenues from alternative revenue programs			(8)		9		(15)		54	
Operating revenues from affiliates			2		2		4		4	
Total operating revenues	_		724		660		1,919		1,736	
Operating expenses	_									
Purchased power			230		103		566		271	
Purchased power from affiliate			—		69		39		200	
Operating and maintenance			69		68		214		186	
Operating and maintenance from affiliates			52		52		166		155	
Depreciation and amortization			99		104		312		302	
Taxes other than income taxes			105		105		291		282	
Total operating expenses			555		501		1,588		1,396	
Operating income	_		169		159		331		340	
Other income and (deductions)										
Interest expense, net			(37)		(35)		(111)		(104)	
Other, net			14		12		39		37	
Total other income and (deductions)	_		(23)		(23)		(72)		(67)	
Income before income taxes			146		136		259		273	
Income taxes			1		6		(2)		9	
Net income	\$	i	145	\$	130	\$	261	\$	264	
Comprehensive income	\$	i	145	\$	130	\$	261	\$	264	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		nths Ended ember 30,
<u>(In millions)</u>	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 261	\$ 264
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	312	302
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	(5)	) 12
Other non-cash operating activities	20	(54
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(87)	(57
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(31)	) (2
Inventories	(19)	) (6
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11	14
Collateral received, net	46	_
Income taxes	(25)	) (10
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(44)	(55
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(9)	9) (9
Other assets and liabilities	(29)	(59
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	401	340
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(595)	(641
Other investing activities	2	(2
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(593)	(643
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(175)	) 5
Issuance of long-term debt	625	275
Retirement of long-term debt	(310)	) (1
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	25	_
Dividends paid on common stock	(400)	(221
Contributions from parent	465	244
Other financing activities	(8)	) (4
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	222	298
Increase (decrease) in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	30	(5
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	68	65
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 98	\$ 60
Supplemental cash flow information		
Increase (decrease) in capital expenditures not paid	\$2	\$ (16

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septe	ember 30, 2022	D	ecember 31, 2021
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21	\$	34
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		77		34
Accounts receivable				
Customer accounts receivable	340		277	
Customer allowance for credit losses	(44)		(37)	
Customer accounts receivable, net		296		240
Other accounts receivable	179		160	
Other allowance for credit losses	(22)		(16)	
Other accounts receivable, net		157		144
Inventories, net		138		119
Regulatory assets		225		213
Other		12		25
Total current assets		926		809
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$4,016 and \$3,875 as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)		8,518		8,104
Deferred debits and other assets				
Regulatory assets		452		532
Investments		118		120
Prepaid pension asset		275		279
Other		60		59
Total deferred debits and other assets		905		990
Total assets	\$	10,349	\$	9,903

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY **BALANCE SHEETS** (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Sept	ember 30, 2022	December 31, 2021		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Short-term borrowings	\$	—	\$ 17		
Long-term debt due within one year		4	31		
Accounts payable		290	27		
Accrued expenses		138	16		
Payables to affiliates		28	5		
Borrowings from PHI intercompany money pool		25	-		
Customer deposits		37	3		
Regulatory liabilities		11	1		
Merger related obligation		24	2		
Current portion of DC PLUG obligation		34	3		
Other		81	2		
Total current liabilities		672	1,11		
Long-term debt		3,748	3,13		
Deferred credits and other liabilities					
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		1,369	1,27		
Regulatory liabilities		460	54		
Asset retirement obligations		38	4		
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations		—	:		
Other		261	31		
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		2,128	2,18		
Total liabilities		6,548	6,42		
Commitments and contingencies					
Shareholder's equity					
Common stock		2,767	2,30		
Retained earnings		1,034	1,17		
Total shareholder's equity		3,801	3,47		
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	10,349	\$ 9,90		

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 38

# POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended September 30,					30, 2022	
<u>(In millions)</u>	-	Commo	on Stock	Reta	ined Earnings	Т	otal Shareholder's Equity	
Balance, December 31, 2021	-	\$	2,302	\$	1,173	\$	3,475	
Net income			_		46		46	
Common stock dividends			—		(42)		(42)	
Contributions from parent			387		_		387	
Balance, March 31, 2022		\$	2,689	\$	1,177	\$	3,866	
Net income			_		70		70	
Common stock dividends			_		(258)		(258)	
Balance, June 30, 2022		\$	2,689	\$	989	\$	3,678	
Net income			_		145		145	
Common stock dividends			—		(100)		(100)	
Contributions from parent			78		_		78	
Balance, September 30, 2022		\$	2,767	\$	1,034	\$	3,801	
	-							

		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021						
(In millions)		Common Stock		Retained Earnings		Tot	al Shareholder's Equity	
Balance, December 31, 2020		\$	2,058	\$	1,145	\$	3,203	
Net income			_		59		59	
Common stock dividends			—		(28)		(28)	
Contributions from parent			138		—		138	
Balance, March 31, 2021		\$	2,196	\$	1,176	\$	3,372	
Net income			—		75		75	
Common stock dividends			—		(95)		(95)	
Balance, June 30, 2021		\$	2,196	\$	1,156	\$	3,352	
Net income			_		130		130	
Common stock dividends			_		(98)		(98)	
Contributions from parent			106		_		106	
Balance, September 30, 2021		\$	2,302	\$	1,188	\$	3,490	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 39

# **DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY** STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,				
<u>(In millions)</u>	2022		2021	2022	2021				
Operating revenues									
Electric operating revenues	\$	373	\$ 337	\$ 1,017	\$ 899				
Natural gas operating revenues		38	23	157	118				
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		—	(2)	(3)	17				
Operating revenues from affiliates		1	2	5	6				
Total operating revenues		412	360	1,176	1,040				
Operating expenses									
Purchased power		159	103	412	289				
Purchased fuel		24	9	85	50				
Purchased power from affiliates		—	26	10	63				
Operating and maintenance		45	47	142	132				
Operating and maintenance from affiliates		39	40	124	117				
Depreciation and amortization		59	53	172	157				
Taxes other than income taxes		19	17	54	50				
Total operating expenses		345	295	999	858				
Operating income		67	65	177	182				
Other income and (deductions)									
Interest expense, net		(16)	(15)	(48)	(47)				
Other, net		3	3	9	9				
Total other income and (deductions)		(13)	(12)	(39)	(38)				
Income before income taxes		54	53	138	144				
Income taxes		2	3	8	9				
Net income	\$	52	\$ 50	\$ 130	\$ 135				
Comprehensive income	\$	52	\$ 50	\$ 130	\$ 135				

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  $$40\end{tabular}$ 

# DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		onths Enc ember 30	
(In millions)	2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$ 130	\$	135
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	172		157
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	9		5
Other non-cash operating activities	22		(2)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(3	)	26
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(8	)	(12)
Inventories	(11	)	(5)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	—		17
Collateral received, net	114		25
Income taxes	4		19
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(23	)	(20)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(1	)	(1)
Other assets and liabilities	23		(12)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	428	_	332
Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital expenditures	(294	)	(320)
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	(25	)	, , , 
Other investing activities	2		1
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(317	)	(319)
Cash flows from financing activities	<b>`</b>	_	,
Changes in short-term borrowings	(149	)	(124)
Issuance of long-term debt	125		125
Dividends paid on common stock	(95	)	(106)
Contributions from parent	147		120
Other financing activities	(4	)	(4)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	24	_	11
Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	135		24
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	71		15
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 206	\$	39
	<u> </u>		
Supplemental cash flow information			
Increase (decrease) in capital expenditures not paid	\$ 2	\$	(24)

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septer	ıber 30, 2022	December 31, 2021		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49	\$	28	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		157		43	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	147		149		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(20)		(18)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		127		131	
Other accounts receivable	51		58		
Other allowance for credit losses	(7)		(8)		
Other accounts receivable, net		44		50	
Receivables from affiliates		—		1	
Receivable from PHI intercompany pool		25			
Inventories, net					
Fossil fuel		20		11	
Materials and supplies		56		54	
Prepaid utility taxes		17		20	
Regulatory assets		71		68	
Other		9		16	
Total current assets		575		422	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,740 and \$1,635 as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)		4,718		4,560	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		205		212	
Prepaid pension asset		154		157	
Other		58		61	
Total deferred debits and other assets		417		430	
Total assets	\$	5,710	\$	5,412	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septer	nber 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	\$	— \$	149
Long-term debt due within one year		84	83
Accounts payable		120	131
Accrued expenses		53	40
Payables to affiliates		24	33
Customer deposits		28	28
Regulatory liabilities		39	25
Other		198	59
Total current liabilities		546	548
Long-term debt		1,854	1,727
Deferred credits and other liabilities			
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		853	803
Regulatory liabilities		392	441
Asset retirement obligations		13	16
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations		9	11
Other		85	89
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		1,352	1,360
Total liabilities		3,752	3,635
Commitments and contingencies			
Shareholder's equity			
Common stock		1,356	1,209
Retained earnings		602	568
Total shareholder's equity		1,958	1,777
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	5,710 \$	5,412

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# **DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY** STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022				
<u>(In millions)</u>	c	Common Stock	Retained Earnings		Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	1,209	\$ 568	\$	1,777
Net income			56		56
Common stock dividends			(41)	)	(41)
Contributions from parent		144	_		144
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$	1,353	\$ 583	\$	1,936
Net income			21		21
Common stock dividends		_	(15)	)	(15)
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	1,353	\$ 589	\$	1,942
Net income		_	52		52
Common stock dividends			(39)	)	(39)
Contributions from parent		3	_		3
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	1,356	\$ 602	\$	1,958

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					), 2021		
<u>(In millions)</u>	Common Stock			Retained Earnings		otal Shareholder's Equity		
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	1,089	\$	587	\$	1,676		
Net income		—		56		56		
Common stock dividends		_		(40)		(40)		
Contributions from parent		120		—		120		
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$	1,209	\$	603	\$	1,812		
Net income				30		30		
Common stock dividends		_		(23)		(23)		
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	1,209	\$	610	\$	1,819		
Net income		_		50		50		
Common stock dividends		_		(43)		(43)		
Balance, September 30, 2021	\$	1,209	\$	617	\$	1,826		

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# ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
<u>(In millions)</u>		2022	2021		2022		2021	
Operating revenues								
Electric operating revenues	\$	465	\$	450	\$ 1,132	\$	1,055	
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		(3)		—	(14)		23	
Operating revenues from affiliates		—		1	2		2	
Total operating revenues		462		451	1,120		1,080	
Operating expenses								
Purchased power		197		225	495		527	
Purchased power from affiliate		_		5	2		14	
Operating and maintenance		47		46	145		128	
Operating and maintenance from affiliates		33		35	106		103	
Depreciation and amortization		74		46	192		133	
Taxes other than income taxes		2		2	7		6	
Total operating expenses		353		359	947		911	
Operating income		109		92	173	-	169	
Other income and (deductions)								
Interest expense, net		(17)		(14)	(49)		(43)	
Other, net		3		1	9		3	
Total other income and (deductions)		(14)		(13)	(40)	-	(40)	
Income before income taxes		95		79	133		129	
Income taxes		1		(11)	2		(12)	
Net income	\$	94	\$	90	\$ 131	\$	141	
Comprehensive income	\$	94	\$	90	\$ 131	\$	141	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		Nine Months Er September 3			
<u>(In millions)</u>	2022		2021		
Cash flows from operating activities		_			
Net income	\$ 131	\$	141		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	192		133		
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	2		(20)		
Other non-cash operating activities	36		(8)		
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	(53	)	(81)		
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(10	)	—		
Inventories	(6	)	(1)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(10	)	(3)		
Collateral received, net	70		—		
Income taxes	7		10		
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(6	)	29		
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(7	)	(3)		
Other assets and liabilities	(54	)	(14)		
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	292		183		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Capital expenditures	(284	)	(336)		
Other investing activities	1		1		
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(283	)	(335)		
Cash flows from financing activities					
Changes in short-term borrowings	(144	)	38		
Issuance of long-term debt	175		350		
Retirement of long-term debt			(254)		
Dividends paid on common stock	(128	)	(280)		
Contributions from parent	175		303		
Other financing activities	(4	)	(5)		
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	74	. —	152		
Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	83	,	_		
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	29		30		
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 112	\$	30		
Supplemental cash flow information					
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (12	)\$	(34)		

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septem	ber 30, 2022	December 31, 2021		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	112	\$	29	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	221		190		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(47)		(49)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		174		141	
Other accounts receivable	70		76		
Other allowance for credit losses	(14)		(15)		
Other accounts receivable, net		56		61	
Receivables from affiliates		1		2	
Inventories, net		42		36	
Prepaid utility taxes		12		—	
Regulatory assets		125		61	
Other		4		3	
Total current assets		526		333	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,523 and \$1,420 as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively)		3,858		3,729	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		525		430	
Prepaid pension asset		22		27	
Other		35		37	
Total deferred debits and other assets		582		494	
Total assets	\$	4,966	\$	4,556	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(Onduited)					
<u>(In millions)</u>	Septem	ıber 30, 2022	December 31, 2021		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Short-term borrowings	\$	—	\$	144	
Long-term debt due within one year		3		3	
Accounts payable		147		165	
Accrued expenses		40		44	
Payables to affiliates		20		31	
Customer deposits		19		18	
Regulatory liabilities		34		28	
PPA termination obligation		87		—	
Other		81		12	
Total current liabilities		431		445	
Long-term debt		1,755		1,579	
Deferred credits and other liabilities					
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		733		682	
Regulatory liabilities		164		214	
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations		9		12	
Other		121		49	
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		1,027		957	
Total liabilities		3,213		2,981	
Commitments and contingencies					
Shareholder's equity					
Common stock		1,765		1,590	
Retained deficit		(12)		(15)	
Total shareholder's equity		1,753		1,575	
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	4,966	\$	4,556	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					)22
<u>(In millions)</u>	Common Stock		F	Retained Deficit		Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	1,590	\$	(15)	\$	1,575
Net income				26		26
Common stock dividends				(19)		(19)
Contributions from parent		173		—		173
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$	1,763	\$	(8)	\$	1,755
Net income				11		11
Common stock dividends		—		(19)		(19)
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	1,763	\$	(16)	\$	1,747
Net income				94		94
Common stock dividends				(90)		(90)
Contributions from parent		2		_		2
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	1,765	\$	(12)	\$	1,753

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 20				0, 202	1
<u>(In millions)</u>	Common Stock		Retained Earnings (Deficit)		То	tal Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	1,271	\$	127	\$	1,398
Net income		_		14		14
Common stock dividends		_		(14)		(14)
Contributions from parent		303				303
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$	1,574	\$	127	\$	1,701
Net income		_		37		37
Common stock dividends				(215)		(215)
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	1,574	\$	(51)	\$	1,523
Net income		_		90		90
Common stock dividends		_		(51)		(51)
Balance, September 30, 2021	\$	1,574	\$	(12)	\$	1,562

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 49

# 1. Significant Accounting Policies (All Registrants)

# **Description of Business**

Exelon is a utility services holding company engaged in the energy distribution and transmission businesses through ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE.

On February 21, 2021, Exelon's Board of Directors approved a plan to separate the Utility Registrants and Generation. The separation was completed on February 1, 2022, creating two publicly traded companies, Exelon and Constellation. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations for additional information.

Name of Registrant	Business	Service Territories
Commonwealth Edison Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity	Northern Illinois, including the City of Chicago
	Transmission and distribution of electricity to retail customers	
PECO Energy Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity and natural gas	Southeastern Pennsylvania, including the City of Philadelphia (electricity)
	Transmission and distribution of electricity and distribution of natural gas to retail customers	Pennsylvania counties surrounding the City of Philadelphia (natural gas)
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity and natural gas	Central Maryland, including the City of Baltimore (electricity and natural gas)
	Transmission and distribution of electricity and distribution of natural gas to retail customers	
Pepco Holdings LLC	Utility services holding company engaged, through its reportable segments Pepco, DPL, and ACE	Service Territories of Pepco, DPL, and ACE
Potomac Electric Power Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity	District of Columbia, and major portions of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, Maryland
	Transmission and distribution of electricity to retail customers	
Delmarva Power & Light Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity and natural gas	Portions of Delaware and Maryland (electricity)
	Transmission and distribution of electricity and distribution of natural gas to retail customers	Portions of New Castle County, Delaware (natural gas)
Atlantic City Electric Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity	Portions of Southern New Jersey
	Transmission and distribution of electricity to retail customers	

#### **Basis of Presentation**

This is a combined quarterly report of all Registrants. The Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements apply to the Registrants as indicated parenthetically next to each corresponding disclosure. When appropriate, the Registrants are named specifically for their related activities and disclosures. Each of the Registrant's Consolidated Financial Statements includes the accounts of its subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated, except for the historical transactions between the Utility Registrants and Generation for the purposes of presenting discontinued operations in all periods presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Through its business services subsidiary, BSC, Exelon provides its subsidiaries with a variety of support services at cost, including legal, human resources, financial, information technology, and supply management services. PHI also has a business services subsidiary, PHISCO, which provides a variety of support services at cost, including legal, accounting, engineering, customer operations, distribution and transmission planning, asset management, system operations, and power procurement, to PHI operating companies. The costs of BSC and PHISCO are directly charged or allocated to the applicable subsidiaries. The results of Exelon's corporate operations are presented as "Other" in the consolidated financial statements and include intercompany eliminations unless otherwise disclosed.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2022 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 are unaudited but, in the opinion of the management of each Registrant include all adjustments that are considered necessary for a fair statement of the Registrants' respective financial statements in accordance with GAAP. All adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature,

except as otherwise disclosed. The December 31, 2021 Consolidated Balance Sheets were derived from audited financial statements. The interim financial statements are to be read in conjunction with prior annual financial statements and notes. Additionally, financial results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. These Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations.

The separation of Constellation, including Generation and its subsidiaries, meets the criteria for discontinued operations and as such, results of operations are presented as discontinued operations and have been excluded from continuing operations for all periods presented. Accounting rules require that certain BSC costs previously allocated to Generation be presented as part of Exelon's continuing operations as these costs do not qualify as expenses of the discontinued operations. Comprehensive income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows related to Constellation have not been segregated and are included in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, respectively, for all periods presented. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations for additional information.

#### 2. Discontinued Operations (Exelon)

On February 21, 2021, Exelon's Board of Directors approved a plan to separate the Utility Registrants and Generation, creating two publicly traded companies ("the separation"). Exelon completed the separation on February 1, 2022, through the distribution of 326,663,937 common stock shares of Constellation, the new publicly traded company, to Exelon shareholders. Under the separation plan, Exelon shareholders retained their current shares of Exelon stock and received one share of Constellation common stock for every three shares of Exelon common stock held on January 20, 2022, the record date for the distribution, in a transaction that is tax-free to Exelon and its shareholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Constellation was newly formed and incorporated in Pennsylvania on June 15, 2021 for the purposes of separation and holds Generation (including Generation's subsidiaries).

Pursuant to the separation:

- Exelon entered into four term loans consisting of a 364-day term loan for \$1.15 billion and three 18-month term loans for \$300 million, \$300 million and \$250 million, respectively. Exelon issued these term loans primarily to fund the cash payment to Constellation and for general corporate purposes. See Note 11 Debt and Credit Agreements for additional information.
- Exelon made a cash payment of \$1.75 billion to Constellation on January 31, 2022.
- Exelon contributed its equity ownership interest in Generation to Constellation. Exelon no longer retains any equity ownership interest in Generation or Constellation.
- Exelon transferred certain corporate assets and employee-related obligations to Constellation.
- Exelon received cash from Generation of \$258 million to settle the intercompany loan on January 31, 2022. See Note 11 Debt and Credit Agreements
  for additional information.

#### **Continuing Involvement**

In order to govern the ongoing relationships between Exelon and Constellation after the separation, and to facilitate an orderly transition, Exelon and Constellation have entered into several agreements, including the following:

 Separation Agreement – governs the rights and obligations between Exelon and Constellation regarding certain actions to be taken in connection with the separation, among others, including the allocation of assets and liabilities between Exelon and Constellation.

Note 2 — Discontinued Operations

- Transition Services Agreement (TSA) governs the terms and conditions of the services that Exelon will provide to Constellation and Constellation will provide to Exelon for an expected period of two years, provided that certain services may be longer than the term and services may be extended with approval from both parties. The services include specified accounting, finance, information technology, human resources, employee benefits and other services that have historically been provided on a centralized basis by BSC. For the three months ended September 30, 2022, the amounts Exelon billed Constellation and Constellation billed Exelon for these services were \$68 million recorded in Other income, net and \$12 million recorded in Operating and maintenance expense, respectively. Additionally, for the period from February 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022, the amounts Exelon billed Constellation billed Exelon for these services were \$193 million recorded in Other income, net and \$32 million recorded in Operating and maintenance expense, respectively.
- Tax Matters Agreement (TMA) governs the respective rights, responsibilities and obligations of Exelon and Constellation with respect to all tax matters, including tax liabilities and benefits, tax attributes, tax returns, tax contests and other tax sharing regarding U.S. federal, state, local and foreign income taxes, other tax matters and related tax returns. See Note 8. Income Taxes for additional information.

In addition, the Utility Registrants will continue to incur expenses from transactions with Generation after the separation. Prior to the separation, such expenses were primarily recorded as Purchased power from affiliates and an immaterial amount recorded as Operating and maintenance expense from affiliates at the Utility Registrants. After the separation, such expenses are primarily recorded as Purchased power and an immaterial amount recorded as Operating and maintenance expense at the Utility Registrants.

- ComEd had an ICC-approved RFP contract with Generation to provide a portion of ComEd's electric supply requirements. ComEd also purchased RECs and ZECs from Generation.
- PECO received electric supply from Generation under contracts executed through PECO's competitive procurement process. In addition, PECO had a
  ten-year agreement with Generation to sell solar AECs.
- BGE received a portion of its energy requirements from Generation under its MDPSC-approved market-based SOS and gas commodity programs.
- Pepco received electric supply from Generation under contracts executed through Pepco's competitive procurement process approved by the MDPSC and DCPSC.
- DPL received a portion of its energy requirements from Generation under its MDPSC and DEPSC approved market-based SOS commodity programs.
- ACE received electric supply from Generation under contracts executed through ACE's competitive procurement process approved by the NJBPU.

ComEd and PECO also have receivables with Generation as a result of the nuclear decommissioning contractual construct whereby, to the extent NDT funds are greater than the underlying ARO at the end of decommissioning, such amounts are due back to ComEd and PECO, as applicable, for payment to their respective customers. See Note 9 — Asset Retirement Obligations of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K and Note 17 — Related Party Transactions for additional information.

### **Discontinued Operations**

The separation represented a strategic shift that would have a major effect on Exelon's operations and financial results. Accordingly, the separation meets the criteria for discontinued operations.

The following table presents the results of Constellation that have been reclassified from continuing operations and included in discontinued operations within Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021.

These results are primarily Generation, which is comprised of Exelon's Mid-Atlantic, Midwest, New York, ERCOT, and Other Power Regions reportable segments, and include the impact of transaction costs, certain BSC costs, including any transition costs, that were historically allocated and directly attributable to Generation, transactions

Note 2 — Discontinued Operations

between Generation and the Utility Registrants, and tax-related adjustments. Transaction costs include costs for external bankers, accountants, appraisers, lawyers, external counsels and other advisors, among others, who are involved in the negotiation, appraisal, due diligence and regulatory approval of the separation. Transition costs are primarily employee-related costs such as recruitment expenses, costs to establish certain stand-alone functions and information technology systems, professional services fees and other separation-related costs during the transition to separate Generation. For the purposes of reporting discontinued operations, these results also include transactions between Generation and the Utility Registrants that were historically eliminated within Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Operations as these transactions will be ongoing after the separation. Certain BSC costs that were historically allocated to Generation are presented as part of continuing operations in Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Operations per the accounting rules.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		ths Ended nber 30,
	 2021	2022	2021
Operating revenues			
Competitive business revenues	\$ 4,083	\$ 1,855	\$ 13,250
Competitive business revenues from affiliates	325	161	873
Total operating revenues	4,408	2,016	14,123
Operating expenses			
Competitive businesses purchased power and fuel	1,545	1,138	8,102
Operating and maintenance <sup>(a)</sup>	845	371	3,132
Depreciation and amortization	866	94	2,735
Taxes other than income taxes	115	44	354
Total operating expenses	3,371	1,647	14,323
Gain on sales of assets and businesses	 65	10	144
Operating income (loss)	 1,102	379	(56)
Other income and (deductions)			
Interest expense, net	(73)	(20)	(214)
Other, net	(115)	(281)	561
Total other (deductions) and income	 (188)	(301)	347
Income before income taxes	914	78	291
Income taxes	139	(40)	152
Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates	(3)	(1)	(5)
Net income	772	117	134
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	26	1	126
Net income from discontinued operations	\$ 746	\$ 116	\$ 8

(a) Includes transaction and transition costs related to the separation of \$52 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and \$13 million and \$19 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively. See discussion above for additional information.

There were no assets and liabilities of discontinued operations included in Exelon's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2022. Constellation had net assets of \$11,573 million that separated on February 1, 2022 that resulted in a reduction to Exelon's equity during the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Refer to the Distribution of Constellation line in Exelon's Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for further information.

The following table presents the assets and liabilities of discontinued operations in Exelon's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2021:

Note 2 — Discontinued Operations

	Decem	ber 31, 2021
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	510
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		72
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	1,724	
Customer allowance for credit losses	(55)	
Customer accounts receivable, net		1,669
Other accounts receivable	596	
Other allowance for credit losses	(4)	
Other accounts receivable, net		592
Mark-to-market derivative assets		2,169
Inventories, net		
Fossil fuel and emission allowances		284
Materials and supplies		1,004
Renewable energy credits		529
Assets held for sale		13
Other		993
Total current assets of discontinued operations		7,835
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$15,888)		19,661
Deferred debits and other assets		
Nuclear decommissioning trust funds		15,938
Investments		193
Mark-to-market derivative assets		949
Other		1,768
Total property, plant, and equipment, deferred debits, and other assets of discontinued operations		38,509
Total assets of discontinued operations	\$	46,344

Note 2 — Discontinued Operations

	Decer	mber 31, 2021
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$	2,082
Long-term debt due within one year		1,220
Accounts payable		1,757
Accrued expenses		818
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities		981
Renewable energy credit obligation		779
Liabilities held for sale		3
Other		300
Total current liabilities of discontinued operations		7,940
Long-term debt		4,575
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		3,583
Asset retirement obligations		12,819
Pension obligations		939
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations		876
Spent nuclear fuel obligation		1,210
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities		513
Other		1,161
Total long-term debt, deferred credits, and other liabilities of discontinued operations		25,676
Total liabilities of discontinued operations	\$	33,616

The following table presents selected financial information regarding cash flows of the discontinued operations that are included within Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021.

	Nine Months Enc September 30			
		2022		2021
Non-cash items included in net income from discontinued operations:				
Depreciation, amortization, and accretion, including nuclear fuel and energy contract amortization	\$	207	\$	3,951
Asset impairments		—		537
Loss (gain) on sales of assets and businesses		9		(144)
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits		(143)		(242)
Net fair value changes related to derivatives		(59)		(1,244)
Net realized and unrealized losses (gains) on NDT fund investments		205		(383)
Net unrealized losses on equity investments		16		83
Other decommissioning-related activity		36		(810)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures		(227)		(1,098)
Collection of DPP		169		3,052
Supplemental cash flow information:				
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid		(128)		(77)
Increase in DPP		348		2,933
Increase in PP&E related to ARO update		335		550

#### 3. Regulatory Matters (All Registrants)

As discussed in Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K, the Registrants are involved in rate and regulatory proceedings at FERC and their state commissions. The following discusses developments in 2022 and updates to the 2021 Recast Form 10-K.

#### Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

The following tables show the completed and pending distribution base rate case proceedings in 2022.

Completed Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Service	Requested Revenue Requirement Increase	A	pproved Revenue Requirement Increase	Approved ROE	Approval Date	Rate Effective Date
ComEd - Illinois <sup>(a)</sup>	April 16, 2021	Electric	\$ 5	1 \$	46	7.36 %	December 1, 2021	January 1, 2022
PECO - Pennsylvania	March 30, 2021	Electric	24	6	132	N/A <sup>(b)</sup>	November 18, 2021	January 1, 2022
FECO - Fernisyivania	March 31, 2022	Natural Gas	8	2	55	N/A <sup>(-)</sup>	October 27, 2022	January 1, 2023
	May 15, 2020	Electric	20	3	140	9.50 %	December 16,	
BGE - Maryland <sup>(c)</sup>	(amended September 11, 2020)	Natural Gas	10	8	74	9.65 %	2020	January 1, 2021
Pepco - District of Columbia <sup>(d)</sup>	May 30, 2019 (amended June 1, 2020)	Electric	13	6	109	9.275 %	June 8, 2021	July 1, 2021
Pepco - Maryland <sup>(e)</sup>	October 26, 2020 (amended March 31, 2021)	Electric	10	4	52	9.55 %	June 28, 2021	June 28, 2021
DPL - Maryland <sup>(f)</sup>	September 1, 2021 (amended December 23, 2021)	Electric	2	7	13	9.60 %	March 2, 2022	March 2, 2022
DPL - Delaware	January 14, 2022 (amended August 15, 2022)	Natural Gas	1	3	8	9.60 %	October 12, 2022	November 1, 2022
ACE - New Jersey <sup>(g)</sup>	December 9, 2020 (amended February 26, 2021)	Electric	6	7	41	9.60 %	July 14, 2021	January 1, 2022

(a) ComEd's 2022 approved revenue requirement reflects an increase of \$37 million for the initial year revenue requirement for 2022 and an increase of \$9 million related to the annual reconciliation for 2020. The revenue requirement for 2022 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 5.72%, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 7.36%, reflecting the monthly average yields for 30-year treasury bonds plus 580 basis points. The reconciliation revenue requirement for 2020 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 5.69%, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 7.29%, reflecting the monthly yields on 30-year treasury bonds plus 580 basis points less a performance metrics penalty of 7 basis points.

(b) The PECO electric and natural gas base rate case proceedings were resolved through settlement agreements, which did not specify an approved ROE.

(c) Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for 2021 through 2023. BGE proposed to use certain tax benefits to fully offset the increases in 2021 and 2022 and partially offset the increases in 2023. The MDPSC awarded BGE electric revenue requirement increases of \$59 million, \$39 million, and \$42 million, before offsets, in 2021, 2022, and 2023, respectively, and natural gas revenue requirement increases of \$53 million, \$11 million, and \$10 million, before offsets, in 2021, 2022, and 2023, respectively. However, the MDPSC utilized the tax benefits to fully offset the increases in 2021 and 2022 and January 2022 such that customer rates remained unchanged. For the remainder of 2022, the MDPSC chose to offset only 25% of the cumulative 2021 and 2022 electric revenue requirement increases and 50% of the cumulative gas revenue

#### Note 3 — Regulatory Matters

requirement increases. In 2021, the MDPSC deferred a decision on whether to use certain tax benefits to offset the revenue requirement increases in 2023 and directed BGE to make another proposal at the end of 2022. In September 2022 BGE proposed that tax benefits not be used to offset the 2023 revenue requirement increases. On October 26, 2022, the MDPSC accepted BGE's recommendation to not use tax benefits to offset the 2023 revenue requirement increases.

- (d) Reflects a cumulative multi-year plan with 18-months remaining in 2021 through 2022. The DCPSC awarded Pepco electric incremental revenue requirement increases of \$42 million and \$67 million, before offsets, for 2021 and 2022, respectively. However, the DCPSC utilized the acceleration of refunds for certain tax benefits along with other rate relief to partially offset the customer rate increases by \$22 million and \$40 million for 2021 and 2022, respectively.
- (e) Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for April 1, 2021 through March 31, 2024. The MDPSC awarded Pepco electric incremental revenue requirement increases of \$21 million, \$16 million, and \$15 million, before offsets, for the 12-month periods ending March 31, 2022, 2023, and 2024, respectively. Pepco proposed to utilize certain tax benefits to fully offset the increase through 2023 and partially offset customer rate increases in 2024. However, the MDPSC only utilized the acceleration of refunds for certain tax benefits to fully offset the increases such that customer rates remain unchanged through March 31, 2022. On February 23, 2022, the MDPSC chose to offset 25% of the cumulative revenue requirement increases for the 12-month period ending March 31, 2023. Whether certain tax benefits will be used to offset the customer rate increases for the 12-month period ending March 31, 2024 has not been decided, and Pepco cannot predict the outcome.
- (f) The approved settlement reflects a 9.60% ROE, which is solely for the purposes of calculating AFUDC and regulatory asset carrying costs.
- (g) Requested and approved increases are before New Jersey sales and use tax. The order allows ACE to retain approximately \$11 million of certain tax benefits which resulted in a decrease to income tax expense in Exelon's, PHI's, and ACE's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income in the third quarter of 2021.

#### Pending Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Service	ted Revenue ment Increase	Requested ROE	Expected Approval Timing
ComEd - Illinois <sup>(a)</sup>	April 15, 2022	Electric	\$ 199	7.85 %	Fourth quarter of 2022
DPL - Maryland <sup>(b)</sup>	May 19, 2022	Electric	38	10.25 %	Fourth quarter of 2022

- (a) ComEd's 2023 requested revenue requirement reflects an increase of \$144 million for the initial year revenue requirement for 2023 and an increase of \$55 million related to the annual reconciliation for 2021. The revenue requirement for 2023 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 5.94%, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 7.85%, reflecting the average monthly yields for 30-year treasury bonds plus 580 basis points. The reconciliation revenue requirement for 2021 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 5.91%, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 7.78%, reflecting the average monthly yields for 30-year treasury bonds plus 580 basis points. The reconciliation revenue requirement for 2021 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 5.91%, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 7.78%, reflecting the average monthly yields for 30-year treasury bonds plus 580 basis points less a performance metrics penalty of 7 basis points. This is ComEd's last performance-based electric distribution formula rate update filing under EIMA as a result of the law authorizing the rate setting process sunsetting at the end of 2022. See Note 3 Regulatory Matters of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information on ComEd's transition away from the electric distribution formula rate.
- (b) Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2025 and total requested revenue requirement increases, before offsets, of \$23 million effective January 1, 2023, \$8 million effective January 1, 2024, and \$7 million effective January 1, 2025, to recover capital investments made in 2021 and planned capital investments through the end of 2025. DPL proposed the acceleration of refunds for certain tax benefits to partially offset the customer rate increases by \$12 million and \$8 million in 2023 and 2024, respectively.

On October 7, 2022, DPL filed a partial settlement agreement with the MDPSC. The partial settlement provides for a total requested revenue requirement increase of \$29 million and requested ROE of 9.60%. The partial settlement reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2025 and total requested revenue increases of \$17 million effective January 1, 2023, \$6 million effective January 1, 2024, and \$6 million effective January 1, 2025. While the pending base rate case filing is partially settled, there are no issues unsettled related to the requested revenue requirement increase and the requested ROE. While there will likely be no changes to the amended requested revenue requirement increase and requested ROE.

#### Transmission Formula Rates

The Utility Registrants' transmission rates are each established based on a FERC-approved formula. ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE are required to file an annual update to the FERC-approved formula on or before May 15, and PECO is required to file on or before May 31, with the resulting rates effective on June 1 of the same year. The annual update for ComEd is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital

additions (initial year revenue requirement). The update for ComEd also reconciles any differences between the revenue requirement in effect beginning June 1 of the prior year and actual costs incurred for that year (annual reconciliation). The annual update for PECO is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions, accumulated depreciation, and accumulated deferred income taxes. The annual update for BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions, accumulated deferred income taxes. The update for PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE also reconciles any differences between the actual costs and actual revenues for the calendar year (annual reconciliation).

For 2022, the following total increases/(decreases) were included in the Utility Registrants' electric transmission formula rate updates:

	Registrant <sup>(a)</sup>	Initial Revenu Requirement Increase		Annual Reconciliation (Decrease) Increase	Total Revenue Requirement Increase		Return on Rate Base <sup>(b)</sup>	Allowed ROE <sup>(c)</sup>
ComEd		\$	24	\$ (24)	\$ -		8.11 %	11.50 %
PECO			23	16	39	9	7.30 %	10.35 %
BGE			25	(4)	16	6 <sup>(d)</sup>	7.30 %	10.50 %
Рерсо			16	15	3	1	7.60 %	10.50 %
DPL			9	2	11	1	7.09 %	10.50 %
ACE			21	13	34	1	7.18 %	10.50 %

(a) All rates are effective June 1, 2022 - May 31, 2023, subject to review by interested parties pursuant to review protocols of each Utility Registrants' tariff.

(b) Represents the weighted average debt and equity return on transmission rate bases. For ComEd and PECO, the common equity component of the ratio used to calculate the weighted average debt and equity return on the transmission formula rate base is currently capped at 55% and 55.75%, respectively.

(c) The rate of return on common equity for each Utility Registrant includes a 50-basis-point incentive adder for being a member of a RTO.

(d) The increase in BGE's transmission revenue requirement includes a \$5 million reduction related to a FERC-approved dedicated facilities charge to recover the costs of providing transmission service to specifically designated load by BGE.

#### **Other State Regulatory Matters**

### Illinois Regulatory Matters

**CEJA (Exelon and ComEd).** On September 15, 2021, the Governor of Illinois signed into law CEJA. CEJA includes, among other features, (1) procurement of CMCs from qualifying nuclear-powered generating facilities, (2) a requirement to file a general rate case or a new four-year multi-year plan no later than January 20, 2023 to establish rates effective after ComEd's existing performance-based distribution formula rate sunsets, (3) an extension of and certain adjustments to ComEd's energy efficiency MWh savings goals, (4) revisions to the Illinois RPS requirements, including expanded charges for the procurement of RECs from wind and solar generation, (5) a requirement to accelerate amortization of ComEd's unprotected excess deferred income taxes ("EDIT") that ComEd was previously directed by the ICC to amortize using the average rate assumption method which equates to approximately 39.5 years, and (6) requirements that ComEd and the ICC initiate and conduct various regulatory proceedings on subjects including ethics, spending, grid investments, and performance metrics. Regulatory or legal challenges regarding the validity or implementation of CEJA are possible and Exelon and ComEd cannot reasonably predict the outcome of any such challenges.

#### ComEd Electric Distribution Rates

ComEd filed its last performance-based electric distribution formula rate update filing under EIMA in April 2022. Those rates will take effect in 2023. Also during 2023, ComEd will file with the ICC a petition to reconcile is 2022 actual costs with the approved revenue requirement in effect in 2022.

Under CEJA, ComEd will recover from retail customers, subject to certain exceptions, the costs it incurs to provide electric delivery services either through its electric distribution rate or other recovery mechanisms. On November 3, 2022, ComEd announced it plans on filing a four-year multi-year plan ("MRP") in January 2023. The

MRP will set rates for 2024 – 2027, based on forecasted revenue requirements and an ICC determined rate of return on rate base, including the cost of common equity. Costs incurred during each year of the multi-year plan are subject to ICC review and the plan's revenue requirement for each year will be reconciled with the actual costs that the ICC determines are prudently and reasonably incurred for that year. That reconciliation is subject to adjustment for certain expenses and, unless the plan is modified, to a 5% cap on increases in certain costs over the costs in the previously approved multi-year rate plan revenue requirement. Thus, for example, the rate adjustments necessary to reconcile 2024 revenues to ComEd's actual 2024 costs incurred would take effect in January 2026 after the ICC's review during 2025.

In January 2022, ComEd filed a request with the ICC proposing performance metrics that would be used in determining ROE incentives and penalties in the event ComEd filed a MRP in January 2023. On September 27, 2022, the ICC issued a final order approving seven performance metrics that provide symmetrical performance adjustments of 32 total basis points to ComEd's rate of return on common equity based on the extent to which ComEd achieves the annual performance goals. On October 27, 2022, ComEd filed for rehearing concerning certain aspects of three of those metrics; the ICC must rule on that rehearing request within 20 days. ComEd will make its initial filing in 2025 to assess performance achieved under the metrics in 2024, and to determine any ROE adjustment, which would take effect in 2026.

#### Carbon Mitigation Credit

CEJA establishes decarbonization requirements for Illinois as well as programs to support the retention and development of emissions-free sources of electricity. ComEd is required to purchase CMCs from participating nuclear-powered generating facilities between June 1, 2022 and May 31, 2027 and all its costs of doing so will be recovered through a new rider. The price to be paid for each CMC was established through a competitive bidding process that included consumerprotection measures that capped the maximum acceptable bid amount and a formula that reduces CMC prices by an energy price index, the base residual auction capacity price in the ComEd zone of PJM, and the monetized value of any federal tax credit or other subsidy if applicable. The consumer protection measures contained in CEJA will result in net payments to ComEd ratepayers if the energy index, the capacity price and applicable federal tax credits or subsidy exceed the CMC contract price. ComEd began issuing credits to its retail customers under its new CMC rider in the June 2022 billing period and recorded a regulatory asset of \$534 million as of September 30, 2022 for the difference between customer credits issued and the credit to be received from the participating nuclear-powered generating facilities.

#### Excess Deferred Income Taxes

The ICC initiated a docket to accelerate and fully credit to customers TCJA unprotected property-related EDIT no later than December 31, 2025. On July 7, 2022, the ICC issued a final order on the schedule for the acceleration of EDIT amortization, adopting the proposal as submitted by several parties, including ComEd, ICC Staff, the Illinois Attorney General's Office, and the Citizens Utility Board. EDIT amortization will be credited to customers through a new rider from January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2025.

#### Beneficial Electrification Plan

On July 1, 2022, ComEd filed a proposed plan to promote beneficial electrification efforts in its Northern Illinois service area with the ICC as required by CEJA. ComEd's plan is designed to meaningfully reduce barriers to beneficial electrification, including those related to electric vehicles, such as upfront technology adoption costs, charging costs, and charging availability; promote equity and environmental justice; reduce carbon emissions and surface-level pollutants; and support customer education and awareness of electrification options. As proposed, ComEd could expend approximately \$300 million in total over the three-year period 2023 through 2025. The beneficial electrification plan requests recovery of all those costs through a rider mechanism, under which certain of the costs would be amortized over ten years with a return on the unrecovered balance. Certain legal questions regarding the permissible scope of the plan's activities and applicable budget have been raised by motion, and the ICC may decide those issues in an interim order. A final order is expected to be issued by the ICC no later than the first quarter of 2023. At this time, ComEd cannot predict the outcome of these proceedings.

See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information on CEJA (referred to as Clean Energy Law).

Energy Efficiency Formula Rate (Exelon and ComEd). During 2022, the ICC approved the following total increases in ComEd's requested energy efficiency revenue requirement:

Note 3 — Regulatory Matters

	Filing Date	equested Revenue quirement Increase	 proved Revenue irement Increase <sup>(a)</sup>	Approved ROE	Approval Date	Rate Effective Date
N	lay 25, 2022	\$ 50	\$ 50	7.85 %	October 27, 2022	January 1, 2023

(a) ComEd's 2023 approved revenue requirement above reflects an increase of \$66 million for the initial year revenue requirement for 2023 and a decrease of \$16 million related to the annual reconciliation for 2021. The revenue requirement for 2023 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on the energy efficiency regulatory asset and rate base of 5.94% inclusive of an allowed ROE of 7.85%, reflecting the monthly average yields for 30-year treasury bonds plus 580 basis points. The revenue requirement for the 2021 reconciliation year provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on the energy efficiency regulatory asset and rate base of 5.94%, which includes a downward performance adjustment that decreased the ROE. The performance adjustment can either increase or decrease the ROE based upon the achievement of energy efficiency savings goals.

#### New Jersey Regulatory Matters

#### Termination of Energy Procurement Provisions of PPAs (Exelon, PHI, and ACE).

On December 22, 2021, ACE filed with the NJBPU a petition to terminate the provisions in the PPAs to purchase electricity from two coal-powered generation facilities located in the state of New Jersey. The petition was approved by the NJBPU on March 23, 2022. Upon closing of the transaction on March 31, 2022, ACE recognized a liability of \$203 million for the contract termination fee, which is to be paid by the end of 2024, and recognized a corresponding regulatory asset of \$203 million.

As of September 30, 2022, the \$158 million liability for the contract termination fee consists of \$87 million and \$71 million included in Other current liabilities and Other deferred credits and other liabilities, respectively, in Exelon's Consolidated Balance Sheet. The current and noncurrent liability is included in PPA termination obligation and Other deferred credits and other liabilities, respectively, in PHI's and ACE's Consolidated Balance Sheets. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, ACE has paid \$45 million of the liability, which is recorded in Changes in Other assets and liabilities in Exelon's, PHI's, and ACE's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

#### **Regulatory Assets and Liabilities**

The Utility Registrants' regulatory assets and liabilities have not changed materially since December 31, 2021, unless noted below. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information on the specific regulatory assets and liabilities.

**ComEd.** Regulatory assets increased \$668 million primarily due to increases of \$534 million in the CMC regulatory asset, as discussed in CEJA above, and \$161 million in the Electric Distribution Formula Rate Annual Reconciliations regulatory asset, partially offset by a decrease of \$152 million in the Renewable Energy regulatory asset.

**PECO.** Regulatory assets decreased \$301 million primarily due to a decrease of \$300 million in the Deferred Income Taxes regulatory asset. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$436 million primarily due to decreases of \$409 million in the Decommissioning the Regulatory Agreement Units regulatory liability and \$19 million in the Electric Energy and Natural Gas Costs regulatory liability.

BGE. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$70 million primarily due to a decrease of \$100 million in the Deferred Income Taxes regulatory liability.

**Pepco.** Regulatory assets decreased \$68 million primarily due to decreases of \$25 million in the DC PLUG Charge regulatory asset, \$16 million in the Under-Recovered Revenue Decoupling regulatory asset, and \$13 million in the Energy Efficiency and Demand Response Programs regulatory asset. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$92 million primarily due to a decrease of \$99 million in the Deferred Income Taxes regulatory liability.

DPL. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$35 million primarily due to a decrease of \$41 million in the Deferred Income Taxes regulatory liability.

**ACE.** Regulatory assets increased \$159 million primarily due to an increase of \$140 million in the Electric Energy Costs regulatory asset as a result of the PPA termination. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$44 million primarily due to a decrease of \$49 million in the Deferred Income Taxes regulatory liability, partially offset by a \$12 million increase in the Over-Recovered Revenue Decoupling regulatory liability.

### Capitalized Ratemaking Amounts Not Recognized

The following table presents authorized amounts capitalized for ratemaking purposes related to earnings on shareholders' investment that are not recognized for financial reporting purposes in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets. These amounts will be recognized as revenues in the related Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income in the periods they are billable to the Utility Registrants' customers.

	Ex	elon	Co	mEd <sup>(a)</sup>	PECO		BGE <sup>(b)</sup>	PHI	Pepco <sup>(c)</sup>	DPL <sup>(c)</sup>	ACE <sup>(b)</sup>
September 30, 2022	\$	49	\$	5	\$ 	\$	30	\$ 14	\$ 11	\$ 2	\$ 1
December 31, 2021		43		1	—		37	5	3	2	

(a) Reflects ComEd's unrecognized equity returns earned for ratemaking purposes on its energy efficiency and electric distribution formula rate regulatory assets.

(b) BGE's and ACE's authorized amounts capitalized for ratemaking purposes primarily relate to earnings on shareholder's investment on their respective AMI programs.

(c) Pepco's and DPL's authorized amounts capitalized for ratemaking purposes relate to earnings on shareholder's investment on their respective AMI Programs and Energy Efficiency and Demand Response Programs, and for Pepco District of Columbia revenue decoupling program. The earnings on energy efficiency are on Pepco District of Columbia and DPL Delaware programs only.

#### 4. Revenue from Contracts with Customers (All Registrants)

The Registrants recognize revenue from contracts with customers to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that the entities expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The primary sources of revenue include regulated electric and gas tariff sales, distribution, and transmission services.

See Note 4 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information regarding the primary sources of revenue for the Registrants.

### **Contract Liabilities**

The Registrants record contract liabilities when consideration is received or due prior to the satisfaction of the performance obligations. The Registrants record contract liabilities in Other current liabilities and Other noncurrent liabilities in their Consolidated Balance Sheets.

For PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE these contract liabilities primarily relate to upfront consideration received in the third quarter of 2020 for a collaborative arrangement with an unrelated owner and manager of communication infrastructure. The revenue attributable to this arrangement will be recognized as operating revenue over the 35 years under the collaborative arrangement.

The following table provides a rollforward of the contract liabilities reflected in Exelon's, PHI's, Pepco's, DPL's, and ACE's Consolidated Balance Sheets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, ComEd's, PECO's, and BGE's contract liabilities were immaterial.

	Exelon <sup>(a)</sup>	PHI <sup>(a)</sup>	Pepco <sup>(a)</sup>	DPL <sup>(a)</sup>		ACE <sup>(a)</sup>
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$ 109	\$ 109	\$ 87	\$ 11	\$	11
Revenues recognized	(2)	(2)	(2)			_
Balance as of March 31, 2022	107	 107	 85	 11		11
Revenues recognized	(2)	(2)	(1)	—		(1)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	105	 105	 84	 11		10
Revenues recognized	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)		_
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$ 103	\$ 103	\$ 83	\$ 10	\$	10
	Exelon <sup>(a)</sup>	PHI <sup>(a)</sup>	Pepco <sup>(a)</sup>	DPL <sup>(a)</sup>		ACE <sup>(a)</sup>
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ 118	\$ 118	\$ 94	\$ 12	\$	12
Revenues recognized	(2)	(2)	(2)			_
Balance as of March 31, 2021	 116	 116	 92	 12		12
,						(4)
Revenues recognized	(3)	(3)	(1)	(1)		(1)
	 (3) 113	 (3) 113	 (1) 91	 (1) 11	_	11
Revenues recognized	 	 	 1.7.	 1.7.		

(a) Revenues recognized in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, were included in the contract liabilities at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

### Transaction Price Allocated to Remaining Performance Obligations

The following table shows the amounts of future revenues expected to be recorded in each year for performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied as of September 30, 2022. This disclosure only includes contracts for which the total consideration is fixed and determinable at contract inception. The average contract term varies by customer type and commodity but ranges from one month to several years.

This disclosure excludes the Utility Registrants' gas and electric tariff sales contracts and transmission revenue contracts as they generally have an original expected duration of one year or less and, therefore, do not contain any future, unsatisfied performance obligations to be included in this disclosure.

	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026 and thereafter	Total
Exelon	\$ 2	\$ 8	\$ 6	\$ 5	\$ 82	\$ 103
PHI	2	8	6	5	82	103
Рерсо	2	6	5	5	65	83
DPL	—	1	_	—	9	10
ACE	—	1	1	—	8	10

#### **Revenue Disaggregation**

The Registrants disaggregate revenue recognized from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. See Note 5 — Segment Information for the presentation of the Registrant's revenue disaggregation.

### 5. Segment Information (All Registrants)

Operating segments for each of the Registrants are determined based on information used by the CODMs in deciding how to evaluate performance and allocate resources at each of the Registrants.

Exelon has six reportable segments, which include ComEd, PECO, BGE, and PHI's three reportable segments consisting of Pepco, DPL, and ACE. ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE each represent a single reportable segment, and as such, no separate segment information is provided for these Registrants. Exelon,

Note 5 — Segment Information

ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE's CODMs evaluate the performance of and allocate resources to ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE based on net income.

An analysis and reconciliation of the Registrants' reportable segment information to the respective information in the consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Note 5 — Segment Information

### Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

	c	ComEd		PECO	BGE	PHI	Other <sup>(a)</sup>	Intersegment Eliminations	Exelon
Operating revenues <sup>(b)</sup> :					 	 	 		
2022									
Electric revenues	\$	1,378	\$	941	\$ 757	\$ 1,557	\$ —	\$ (12)	\$ 4,621
Natural gas revenues		_		73	113	38	_	—	224
Shared service and other revenues		—		—	—	3	381	(384)	—
Total operating revenues	\$	1,378	\$	1,014	\$ 870	\$ 1,598	\$ 381	\$ (396)	\$ 4,845
2021									
Electric revenues	\$	1,789	\$	762	\$ 677	\$ 1,444	\$ _	\$ 20	\$ 4,692
Natural gas revenues		_		56	93	23	_	(1)	171
Shared service and other revenues		_		_	_	3	534	(537)	_
Total operating revenues	\$	1,789	\$	818	\$ 770	\$ 1,470	\$ 534	\$ (518)	\$ 4,863
Intersegment revenues <sup>(c)</sup> :			_			 	 	 · · ·	
2022	\$	6	\$	3	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 378	\$ (393)	\$ _
2021		9		2	7	3	531	(516)	36
Depreciation and amortization:									
2022	\$	333	\$	92	\$ 148	\$ 238	\$ 14	\$ _	\$ 825
2021		304		86	142	210	16	_	758
Operating expenses:									
2022	\$	913	\$	798	\$ 810	\$ 1,254	\$ 439	\$ (380)	\$ 3,834
2021		1,428		677	709	1,155	491	(353)	4,107
Interest expense, net:									
2022	\$	104	\$	45	\$ 39	\$ 72	\$ 105	\$ —	\$ 365
2021		98		40	36	67	83	—	324
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes:									
2022	\$	375	\$	179	\$ 26	\$ 291	\$ (103)	\$ _	\$ 768
2021		276		108	32	264	(34)	(154)	492
Income Taxes:									
2022	\$	84	\$	44	\$ (7)	\$ 2	\$ (31)	\$ _	\$ 92
2021		56		(3)	(4)	(2)	(6)	(6)	35
Net income (loss) from continuing operations:									
2022	\$	291	\$	135	\$ 33	\$ 289	\$ (71)	\$ (1)	\$ 676
2021		220		111	36	266	(27)	(149)	457
Capital Expenditures:									
2022	\$	593	\$	333	\$ 340	\$ 398	\$ 8	\$ _	\$ 1,672
2021		561		301	287	410	4	_	1,563

(a) Other primarily includes Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.

(b) Includes gross utility tax receipts form customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in expenses in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 16 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes.
 (c) See Note 17 — Related Party Transactions for additional information on intersegment revenues.

Note 5 — Segment Information

PHI:

	Рерсо	DPL		ACE		Other <sup>(a)</sup>		Intersegment Eliminations	РНІ
Operating revenues <sup>(b)</sup> :									
2022									
Electric revenues	\$ 724	\$ 374	\$	462	\$	—	\$	(3)	\$ 1,557
Natural gas revenues	—	38		—		—		—	38
Shared service and other revenues	—	—		—		94		(91)	3
Total operating revenues	\$ 724	\$ 412	\$	462	\$	94	\$	(94)	\$ 1,598
2021					_		_		
Electric revenues	\$ 660	\$ 337	\$	451	\$	_	\$	(4)	\$ 1,444
Natural gas revenues	_	23		_		_		_	23
Shared service and other revenues	_	_		_		92		(89)	3
Total operating revenues	\$ 660	\$ 360	\$	451	\$	92	\$	(93)	\$ 1,470
Intersegment revenues <sup>(c)</sup> :			-		-		-		 
2022	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$	_	\$	94	\$	(94)	\$ 3
2021	2	2		1		91		(93)	3
Depreciation and amortization:									
2022	\$ 99	\$ 59	\$	74	\$	6	\$	_	\$ 238
2021	104	53		46		7		_	210
Operating expenses:									
2022	\$ 555	\$ 345	\$	353	\$	96	\$	(95)	\$ 1,254
2021	501	295		359		93		(93)	1,155
Interest expense, net:									
2022	\$ 37	\$ 16	\$	17	\$	1	\$	1	\$ 72
2021	35	15		14		3		—	67
Income (loss) before income taxes:									
2022	\$ 146	\$ 54	\$	95	\$	(4)	\$	—	\$ 291
2021	136	53		79		(4)		_	264
Income Taxes:									
2022	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$	1	\$	(2)	\$	_	\$ 2
2021	6	3		(11)		—		—	(2)
Net income (loss):									
2022	\$ 145	\$ 52	\$	94	\$	(2)	\$	—	\$ 289
2021	130	50		90		(4)		-	266
Capital Expenditures:									
2022	\$ 193	\$ 100	\$	105	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 398
2021	202	109		97		2		—	410

(a) Other primarily includes PHI's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.

(b) Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in expenses in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 16 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes.

(c) Includes intersegment revenues with ComEd, BGE, and PECO, which are eliminated at Exelon.

The following tables disaggregate the Registrants' revenues recognized from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. For the Utility Registrants, the disaggregation of revenues reflects the two primary utility services of electric sales and natural gas sales (where applicable), with further disaggregation of these tariff sales provided by major customer groups. Exelon's disaggregated revenues are consistent with the Utility Registrants, but exclude any intercompany revenues.

Note 5 — Segment Information

				Three Mon	ths E	nded Septem	ber 3	30, 2022			
Revenues from contracts with customers	(	ComEd	PECO	BGE		PHI		Pepco		DPL	ACE
Electric revenues			 						_		
Residential	\$	935	\$ 620	\$ 406	\$	808	\$	318	\$	207	\$ 283
Small commercial & industrial		217	149	88		179		44		65	70
Large commercial & industrial		(117)	93	158		401		303		43	55
Public authorities & electric railroads		3	8	7		16		9		4	3
Other <sup>(a)</sup>		246	71	101		166		57		55	54
Total electric revenues <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	1,284	\$ 941	\$ 760	\$	1,570	\$	731	\$	374	\$ 465
Natural gas revenues											
Residential	\$	_	\$ 46	\$ 70	\$	10	\$	_	\$	10	\$ _
Small commercial & industrial		_	20	13		6		_		6	_
Large commercial & industrial		_	_	28		3		_		3	_
Transportation		_	5	_		3		_		3	_
Other <sup>(c)</sup>		_	2	2		16		_		16	_
Total natural gas revenues <sup>(d)</sup>	\$	_	\$ 73	\$ 113	\$	38	\$	_	\$	38	\$ _
Total revenues from contracts with customers	\$	1,284	\$ 1,014	\$ 873	\$	1,608	\$	731	\$	412	\$ 465
Other revenues											
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$	88	\$ (5)	\$ (8)	\$	(11)	\$	(8)	\$	_	\$ (3)
Other electric revenues <sup>(e)</sup>		6	5	4		1		1		_	_
Other natural gas revenues <sup>(e)</sup>		_	_	1		_		_		_	_
Total other revenues	\$	94	\$ _	\$ (3)	\$	(10)	\$	(7)	\$	_	\$ (3)
Total revenues for reportable segments	\$	1,378	\$ 1,014	\$ 870	\$	1,598	\$	724	\$	412	\$ 462

Note 5 — Segment Information

			Three Mon	ths E	Ended Septem	ber :	30, 2021		
Revenues from contracts with customers	 ComEd	PECO	BGE		PHI		Pepco	DPL	ACE
Electric revenues									
Residential	\$ 978	\$ 509	\$ 383	\$	782	\$	309	\$ 198	\$ 275
Small commercial & industrial	433	113	73		150		36	53	61
Large commercial & industrial	148	67	128		320		244	27	49
Public authorities & electric railroads	11	7	7		15		8	4	3
Other <sup>(a)</sup>	245	61	104		172		53	56	63
Total electric revenues <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ 1,815	\$ 757	\$ 695	\$	1,439	\$	650	\$ 338	\$ 451
Natural gas revenues									
Residential	\$ _	\$ 36	\$ 57	\$	10	\$	_	\$ 10	\$ _
Small commercial & industrial	_	13	10		5		_	5	_
Large commercial & industrial	_	_	22		2		_	2	_
Transportation	_	5	_		3		_	3	_
Other <sup>(c)</sup>	_	2	6		3		—	3	_
Total natural gas revenues <sup>(d)</sup>	\$ _	\$ 56	\$ 95	\$	23	\$		\$ 23	\$ _
Total revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 1,815	\$ 813	\$ 790	\$	1,462	\$	650	\$ 361	\$ 451
Other revenues									
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ (32)	\$ 3	\$ (24)	\$	6	\$	9	\$ (2)	\$ _
Other electric revenues <sup>(e)</sup>	6	2	3		2		1	1	_
Other natural gas revenues <sup>(e)</sup>	_	_	1		_		_	_	_
Total other revenues	\$ (26)	\$ 5	\$ (20)	\$	8	\$	10	\$ (1)	\$ _
Total revenues for reportable segments	\$ 1,789	\$ 818	\$ 770	\$	1,470	\$	660	\$ 360	\$ 451

(a) Includes revenues from transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue and mutual assistance revenue.

(b) Includes operating revenues from affiliates in 2022 and 2021 respectively of:
 \$6 million, \$9 million at ComEd

\$3 million, \$2 million at PECO .

\$2 million, \$4 million at BGE •

• \$3 million, \$3 million at PHI

\$2 million, \$2 million at Pepco

\$1 million, \$2 million at DPL

less than \$1 million, \$1 million at ACE (c) Includes revenues from off-system natural gas sales.

(d) Includes operating revenues from affiliates in 2022 and 2021 respectively of: less than \$1 million, less than \$1 million at PECO \$1 million, \$3 million at BGE •

•

(e) Includes late payment charge revenues.

Note 5 — Segment Information

### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

		ComEd	PECO		BGE	PHI	Other <sup>(a)</sup>	Intersegment Eliminations		Exelon
Operating revenues <sup>(b)</sup> :			 			 	 			
2022										
Electric revenues	\$	4,536	\$ 2,390	\$	2,122	\$ 4,058	\$ _	\$ (24)	\$	13,082
Natural gas revenues		_	487		688	157	_	(2)		1,330
Shared service and other revenues		_			_	8	1,342	(1,350)		_
Total operating revenues	\$	4,536	\$ 2,877	\$	2,810	\$ 4,223	\$ 1,342	\$ (1,376)	\$	14,412
2021	_		 			 	 	 <u> </u>		
Electric revenues	\$	4,840	\$ 2,033	\$	1,866	\$ 3,726	\$ _	\$ 5	\$	12,470
Natural gas revenues			366		560	118	_	_		1,044
Shared service and other revenues		_	_		_	10	1,549	(1,559)		_
Total operating revenues	\$	4,840	\$ 2,399	\$	2,426	\$ 3,854	\$ 1,549	\$ (1,554)	\$	13,514
Intersegment revenues <sup>(c)</sup> :	_		 	_		 	 		-	
2022	\$	14	\$ 5	\$	13	\$ 9	\$ 1,342	\$ (1,377)	\$	6
2021		19	6		20	10	1,542	(1,549)		48
Depreciation and amortization:										
2022	\$	982	\$ 277	\$	470	\$ 697	\$ 46	\$ —	\$	2,472
2021		893	259		434	614	52	1		2,253
Operating expenses:										
2022	\$	3,357	\$ 2,230	\$	2,446	\$ 3,535	\$ 1,524	\$ (1,288)	\$	11,804
2021		3,833	1,908		2,080	3,167	1,436	(1,067)		11,357
Interest expense, net:										
2022	\$	308	\$ 129	\$	110	\$ 216	\$ 300	\$ 	\$	1,063
2021		292	119		103	201	253	(1)		967
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes:	•									
2022	\$	909	\$ 541	\$	270	\$ 528	\$ (228)	\$ (42)	\$	1,978
2021		750	392		266	538	(116)	(447)		1,383
Income Taxes:										
2022	\$	203	\$ 67	\$	3	\$ 10	\$ 82	\$ (9)	\$	356
2021		141	9		(24)	3	(27)	(26)		76
Net income (loss) from continuing operations:										
2022	\$	706	\$ 474	\$	267	\$ 518	\$ (310)	\$ (33)	\$	1,622
2021		609	383		290	535	(88)	(422)		1,307
Capital Expenditures:										
2022	\$	1,801	\$ 991	\$	918	\$ 1,174	\$ 68	\$ _	\$	4,952
2021		1,723	878		907	1,299	65	—		4,872
Total assets:										
September 30, 2022	\$	38,582	\$ 14,048	\$	12,932	\$ 25,655	\$ 6,341	\$ (4,103)	\$	93,455
December 31, 2021		36,470	13,824		12,324	24,744	7,626	(8,319)		86,669

(a) Other primarily includes Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.

(b) Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in expenses in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 16 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes.

Note 5 — Segment Information

(c) See Note 17 — Related Party Transactions for additional information on intersegment revenues.

#### PHI:

		Рерсо		DPL		ACE		Other <sup>(a)</sup>		Intersegment Eliminations		РНІ
Operating revenues <sup>(b)</sup> :												
2022												
Electric revenues	\$	1,919	\$	1,019	\$	1,120	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,058
Natural gas revenues		_		157		_		_		_		157
Shared service and other revenues		_		_		_		298		(290)		8
Total operating revenues	\$	1,919	\$	1,176	\$	1,120	\$	298	\$	(290)	\$	4,223
2021							-		-		-	
Electric revenues	\$	1,736	\$	922	\$	1,080	\$		\$	(12)	\$	3,726
Natural gas revenues		_		118						_		118
Shared service and other revenues		_		_		_		281		(271)		10
Total operating revenues	\$	1,736	\$	1,040	\$	1,080	\$	281	\$	(283)	\$	3,854
Intersegment revenues <sup>(c)</sup> :	-	,	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,	÷		÷	( /	<u> </u>	- )
2022	\$	4	\$	5	\$	2	\$	288	\$	(290)	\$	9
2021	Ŧ	4	Ŧ	6	Ŧ	2	Ŧ	281	Ŧ	(283)	Ŧ	10
Depreciation and amortization:				· ·		-				(200)		
2022	\$	312	\$	172	\$	192	\$	21	\$	_	\$	697
2021	Ŧ	302	Ŧ	157	+	133	+	22	Ŧ	_	•	614
Operating expenses:												
2022	\$	1,588	\$	999	\$	947	\$	291	\$	(290)	\$	3,535
2021		1,396		858		911		285		(283)		3,167
Interest expense, net:												
2022	\$	111	\$	48	\$	49	\$	7	\$	1	\$	216
2021		104		47		43		7		_		201
Income (loss) before income taxes:												
2022	\$	259	\$	138	\$	133	\$	(2)	\$	_	\$	528
2021		273		144		129		(8)		_		538
Income Taxes:												
2022	\$	(2)	\$	8	\$	2	\$	2	\$	_	\$	10
2021		9		9		(12)		(3)		_		3
Net income (loss):												
2022	\$	261	\$	130	\$	131	\$	(4)	\$	_	\$	518
2021		264		135		141		(5)		—		535
Capital Expenditures:												
2022	\$	595	\$	294	\$	284	\$	1	\$	—	\$	1,174
2021		641		320		336		2		_		1,299
Total assets:												
September 30, 2022	\$	10,349	\$	5,710	\$	4,966	\$	4,716	\$	(86)	\$	25,655
December 31, 2021		9,903		5,412		4,556		4,933		(60)		24,744

(a)

Other primarily includes PHI's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities. Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in expenses in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 16 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes. Includes intersegment revenues with ComEd, BGE, and PECO, which are eliminated at Exelon. (b)

(C)

The following tables disaggregate the Registrants' revenues recognized from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. For the Utility Registrants, the disaggregation of revenues reflects the two primary utility services of electric sales and natural gas sales (where applicable), with further disaggregation of these tariff sales provided by major customer groups. Exelon's disaggregated revenues are consistent with the Utility Registrants, but exclude any intercompany revenues.

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022														
Revenues from contracts with customers		ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE	
Electric revenues															
Residential	\$	2,610	\$	1,538	\$	1,158	\$	2,007	\$	826	\$	570	\$	611	
Small commercial & industrial		953		386		239		461		117		173		171	
Large commercial & industrial		48		229		418		1,056		806		99		151	
Public authorities & electric railroads		22		23		20		47		25		11		11	
Other <sup>(a)</sup>		718		202		297		524		157		168		190	
Total electric revenues <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	4,351	\$	2,378	\$	2,132	\$	4,095	\$	1,931	\$	1,021	\$	1,134	
Natural gas revenues															
Residential	\$	_	\$	335	\$	448	\$	77	\$	_	\$	77	\$	—	
Small commercial & industrial		—		125		77		35		—		35		—	
Large commercial & industrial		_		_		128		9		_		9		—	
Transportation		—		19		—		11		—		11		—	
Other <sup>(c)</sup>		_		7		50		25		—		25		—	
Total natural gas revenues <sup>(d)</sup>	\$	_	\$	486	\$	703	\$	157	\$	_	\$	157	\$		
Total revenues from contracts with customers	\$	4,351	\$	2,864	\$	2,835	\$	4,252	\$	1,931	\$	1,178	\$	1,134	
Other revenues															
	\$	400	¢	4	¢	(40)	¢	(22)	¢	(45)	¢	(2)	¢	(1.4)	
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$	163	\$	1	\$	(40)	\$	(33)	\$	(15)	\$	(3)	\$	(14)	
Other electric revenues <sup>(e)</sup>		22		11		11		4		3		1		—	
Other natural gas revenues <sup>(e)</sup>	-	-	-	1	-	4	-	(00)	-	(10)	-		-		
Total other revenues	\$	185	\$	13	\$	(25)	\$	(29)	\$	(12)	\$	(2)	\$	(14)	
Total revenues for reportable segments	\$	4,536	\$	2,877	\$	2,810	\$	4,223	\$	1,919	\$	1,176	\$	1,120	

Note 5 — Segment Information

			Nine Mont	hs Er	nded Septemb	er 30	, 2021		
Revenues from contracts with customers	 ComEd	PECO	BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Electric revenues									
Residential	\$ 2,479	\$ 1,325	\$ 1,044	\$	1,924	\$	785	\$ 535	\$ 604
Small commercial & industrial	1,176	312	202		392		101	145	146
Large commercial & industrial	420	183	342		825		616	70	139
Public authorities & electric railroads	33	24	20		45		24	11	10
Other <sup>(a)</sup>	676	167	269		453		154	143	158
Total electric revenues <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ 4,784	\$ 2,011	\$ 1,877	\$	3,639	\$	1,680	\$ 904	\$ 1,057
Natural gas revenues									
Residential	\$ 	\$ 251	\$ 354	\$	67	\$	_	\$ 67	\$ 
Small commercial & industrial	_	94	59		29		_	29	_
Large commercial & industrial	_	_	103		5		_	5	_
Transportation	_	17	_		11		_	11	_
Other <sup>(c)</sup>	—	4	41		6		_	6	_
Total natural gas revenues <sup>(d)</sup>	\$ _	\$ 366	\$ 557	\$	118	\$	_	\$ 118	\$ _
Total revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 4,784	\$ 2,377	\$ 2,434	\$	3,757	\$	1,680	\$ 1,022	\$ 1,057
Other revenues									
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ 32	\$ 20	\$ (17)	\$	94	\$	54	\$ 17	\$ 23
Other electric revenues <sup>(e)</sup>	24	2	7		3		2	1	
Other natural gas revenues <sup>(e)</sup>	—	_	2		_		_	_	_
Total other revenues	\$ 56	\$ 22	\$ (8)	\$	97	\$	56	\$ 18	\$ 23
Total revenues for reportable segments	\$ 4,840	\$ 2,399	\$ 2,426	\$	3,854	\$	1,736	\$ 1,040	\$ 1,080

(a) Includes revenues from transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue and mutual assistance revenue.
 (b) Includes operating revenues from affiliates in 2022 and 2021 respectively of:

- \$14 million, \$19 million at ComEd
- \$5 million, \$5 million at PECO •
- so million, so million at PECO
  \$5 million, \$10 million at BGE
  \$9 million, \$10 million at PHI
  \$4 million, \$4 million at Pepco
  \$5 million, \$6 million at DPL
  \$2 million \$2 million \$2 million .

- \$5 million, \$6 million at DPL
   \$2 million, \$2 million at ACE
   (c) Includes revenues from off-system natural gas sales.
   (d) Includes operating revenues from affiliates in 2022 and 2021 respectively of:

   \$1 million, \$1 million at PECO
   \$7 million, \$10 million at BGE
- (e) Includes late payment charge revenues.



### 6. Accounts Receivable (All Registrants)

## Allowance for Credit Losses on Accounts Receivable

The following tables present the rollforward of Allowance for Credit Losses on Customer Accounts Receivable.

					Th	ree M	onths Ended	l Sep	otember 30, 2	2022			
	E	xelon	C	ComEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Pepco	DPL	ACE
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	354	\$	81	\$ 107	\$	57	\$	109	\$	42	\$ 22	\$ 45
Plus: Current period provision for expected credit losses <sup>(a)</sup>		38		10	12		2		14		6	1	7
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries <sup>(b)</sup>		51		17	16		5		12		4	3	5
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$	341	\$	74	\$ 103	\$	54	\$	111	\$	44	\$ 20	\$ 47

					Th	ree M	lonths Ended	l Sep	otember 30, 2	021			
	E	xelon	C	ComEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Pepco	DPL	ACE
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	320	\$	89	\$ 111	\$	27	\$	93	\$	38	\$ 19	\$ 36
Plus: Current period provision for expected credit losses <sup>(c)</sup>		37		11	1		7		18		5	3	10
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries <sup>(b)</sup>		32		12	11		3		6		2	4	
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	325	\$	88	\$ 101	\$	31	\$	105	\$	41	\$ 18	\$ 46

					Ni	ne Mo	nths Ended	Sep	tember 30, 2	022			
	E	xelon	С	omEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	320	\$	73	\$ 105	\$	38	\$	104	\$	37	\$ 18	\$ 49
Plus: Current period provision for expected credit losses <sup>(d)(e)</sup>		141		31	33		30		47		23	8	16
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries <sup>(b)(f)</sup>		120		30	35		14		40		16	6	18
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$	341	\$	74	\$ 103	\$	54	\$	111	\$	44	\$ 20	\$ 47

					Ni	ne Me	onths Ended	Sep	tember 30, 2	021			
	E	xelon	С	omEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$	334	\$	97	\$ 116	\$	35	\$	86	\$	32	\$ 22	\$ 32
Plus: Current period provision for expected credit losses <sup>(g)</sup>		65		23	7		2		33		15	4	14
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries <sup>(b)</sup>		74		32	22		6		14		6	8	_
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	325	\$	88	\$ 101	\$	31	\$	105	\$	41	\$ 18	\$ 46

(a) For ACE, the increase is primarily a result of increased receivable balances.

(b) Recoveries were not material to the Registrants.

(c) For ACE, the increase is primarily a result of increased aging of receivables and a slight decrease in the expected recovery rate.

(d) For PECO, BGE, and DPL, the increase is primarily a result of increased receivable balances due to the increased aging of receivables.

(e) For PHI, Pepco and ACE, the increase is primarily as a result of increased receivable balances.

(f) For PECO, PHI, Pepco, and ACE, the increase in 2022 is primarily related to the termination of the moratoriums in Pennsylvania, the District of Columbia, and New Jersey, which beginning in March 2020, prevented customer disconnections for non-payment. With disconnection activities restarting in January 2022, write-offs of aging accounts receivable increased throughout the year.

Note 6 — Accounts Receivable

(g) For PHI, Pepco, and ACE, the increase is primarily a result of increased aging of receivables and a slight decrease in the expected recovery rate.

The following tables present the rollforward of Allowance for Credit Losses on Other Accounts Receivable.

					Thr	ee M	onths Ended	l Sep	otember 30, 2	2022			
	E	celon	C	omEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	81	\$	18	\$ 10	\$	11	\$	42	\$	20	\$ 8	\$ 14
Plus: Current period provision (benefit) for expected credit losses		8		2	2		2		2		2	(1)	1
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries <sup>(a)</sup>		5		2	1		1		1		—	_	1
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$	84	\$	18	\$ 11	\$	12	\$	43	\$	22	\$ 7	\$ 14

					Thr	ee M	onths Ende	d Sep	otember 30, 2	021			
	E	xelon	С	omEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Pepco	DPL	ACE
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	71	\$	18	\$ 7	\$	8	\$	38	\$	16	\$ 9	\$ 13
Plus: Current period provision (benefit) for expected credit losses		6		2	1		1		2		1	(1)	2
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries <sup>(a)</sup>		4		1	1		1		—			—	—
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	73	\$	19	\$ 7	\$	8	\$	40	\$	17	\$ 8	\$ 15

					Nir	ne Mo	onths Ended	Sep	tember 30, 2	022			
	E	celon	Co	mEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	72	\$	17	\$ 7	\$	9	\$	39	\$	16	\$ 8	\$ 15
Plus: Current period provision (benefit) for expected credit losses		24		5	6		6		7		6	(1)	2
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries <sup>(a)</sup>		12		4	2		3		3		_	—	3
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$	84	\$	18	\$ 11	\$	12	\$	43	\$	22	\$ 7	\$ 14

					Nir	ne Mo	onths Ended	Sep	tember 30, 2	021			
	E	xelon	C	ComEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$	71	\$	21	\$ 8	\$	9	\$	33	\$	13	\$ 9	\$ 11
Plus: Current period provision (benefit) for expected credit losses		11		_	2		2		7		4	(1)	4
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries <sup>(a)</sup>		9		2	3		3		_		_	_	
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	73	\$	19	\$ 7	\$	8	\$	40	\$	17	\$ 8	\$ 15

(a) Recoveries were not material to the Registrants.

**Unbilled Customer Revenue** 

Note 6 — Accounts Receivable

The following table provides additional information about unbilled customer revenues recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

					Ur	billed custo	mer	revenues <sup>(a)</sup>			
	E	kelon	ComEd	PECO		BGE		PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
September 30, 2022	\$	500	\$ 126	\$ 121	\$	102	\$	151	\$ 74	\$ 35	\$ 42
December 31, 2021		747	240	161		171		175	82	53	40

(a) Unbilled customer revenues are classified in Customer accounts receivables, net in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets.

### Other Purchases of Customer and Other Accounts Receivables

The Utility Registrants are required, under separate legislation and regulations in Illinois, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia, Delaware, and New Jersey, to purchase certain receivables from alternative retail electric and, as applicable, natural gas suppliers that participate in the utilities' consolidated billing. The following table presents the total receivables purchased.

							Total	receivabl	es pui	chased				
	E	xelon <sup>(a)</sup>	С	omEd	l	PECO	I	BGE <sup>(a)</sup>		PHI	I	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Nine months ended September 30, 2022	\$	3,088	\$	753	\$	832	\$	607	\$	896	\$	559	\$ 168	\$ 169
Nine months ended September 30, 2021		2,962		810		795		531		826		504	166	156

(a) Includes \$4 million of receivables purchased from Generation prior to the separation on February 1, 2022 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and \$17 million of receivables purchased from Generation for the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

#### 7. Asset Impairments (Exelon and BGE)

#### Asset Impairment

In the third quarter of 2022, a review of the impacts of COVID-19 on office use resulted in plans to cease the renovation and dispose of an office building at BGE before the asset was placed into service. BGE determined that the carrying value was not recoverable and that its fair value was less than carrying value. As a result, in the third quarter of 2022, a pre-tax impairment charge of \$46 million was recorded in Operating and maintenance expense in Exelon's and BGE's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. The office building did not meet all of the criteria for classification as held for sale as of September 30, 2022, and therefore continues to be reported within Property, plant and equipment in Exelon's and BGE's Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2022.

-	4
1	4
•	

# 8. Income Taxes (All Registrants)

# **Rate Reconciliation**

The effective income tax rate from continuing operations varies from the U.S. federal statutory rate principally due to the following:

			Three	e Months Ended S	eptember 30, 2022	(a)		
	Exelon	ComEd	PECO <sup>(b)</sup>	BGE <sup>(b)</sup>	PHI <sup>(b)</sup>	Pepco <sup>(b)</sup>	DPL <sup>(b)</sup>	ACE <sup>(b)</sup>
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
Increase (decrease) due to:								
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit	9.0	8.0	20.7	6.8	1.4	(2.7)	6.5	7.0
Plant basis differences	(5.3)	(0.4)	(14.2)	(2.6)	(1.7)	(2.3)	(0.8)	(1.0)
Excess deferred tax amortization	(11.6)	(5.6)	(3.2)	(47.3)	(19.3)	(14.6)	(21.7)	(25.5)
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis difference	(0.1)	(0.1)		(0.2)	(0.1)		(0.2)	(0.2)
Tax credits	(0.1)	(0.1)		(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.8)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Other	(0.0)	(0.1)	0.3	(2.7)	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.5
Effective income tax rate	12.0 %	22.4 %	24.6 %	(26.9)%	0.7 %	0.7 %	3.7 %	1.1 %

			Three	e Months Ended S	eptember 30, 2021	a)		
	Exelon	ComEd	PECO <sup>(c)</sup>	BGE <sup>(c)</sup>	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE(c)
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
Increase (decrease) due to:								
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit	7.1	8.0	(4.1)	(13.0)	5.0	3.4	6.4	7.0
Plant basis differences	(4.7)	(0.8)	(16.2)	(1.4)	(1.3)	(2.0)	(0.6)	(0.6)
Excess deferred tax amortization	(15.5)	(7.6)	(3.4)	(17.3)	(24.9)	(17.6)	(19.9)	(41.4)
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis								
difference	(0.1)	(0.1)	—	(0.1)	(0.1)	—	(0.2)	(0.2)
Tax credits	(0.6)	(0.5)	_	(0.9)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.5)
Other	(0.1)	0.3	(0.1)	(0.8)	—	0.1	(0.6)	0.8
Effective income tax rate	7.1 %	20.3 %	(2.8)%	(12.5)%	(0.8)%	4.4 %	5.7 %	(13.9)%

(a) Positive percentages represent income tax expense. Negative percentages represent income tax benefit.

(b) For PECO, the higher effective tax rate is related to a one-time state income expense, net of federal income tax benefit, of \$38 million attributable to the change in the Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate partially offset by plant basis differences attributable to tax repair deductions. For BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to the acceleration of certain income tax benefits due to distribution and transmission rate case settlements.

(c) For PECO, the income tax benefit is primarily due to plant basis differences attributable to tax repair deductions. For BGE and ACE, the income tax benefit is primarily related to the acceleration of certain income tax benefits due to distribution rate case settlements.

Note 8 — Income Taxes

			Nine	Months Ended Se	eptember 30, 2022	(a)		
	Exelon	ComEd	PECO <sup>(b)</sup>	BGE <sup>(b)</sup>	PHI <sup>(b)</sup>	Pepco <sup>(b)</sup>	DPL <sup>(b)</sup>	ACE <sup>(b)</sup>
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
Increase (decrease) due to:								
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit <sup>(c)</sup>	9.5	7.9	6.6	2.8	2.0	(3.2)	6.5	6.9
Plant basis differences	(4.2)	(0.5)	(12.2)	(1.1)	(1.7)	(2.4)	(0.7)	(1.1)
Excess deferred tax amortization	(11.3)	(5.7)	(3.2)	(20.7)	(18.8)	(15.4)	(20.4)	(24.7)
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis								
difference	(0.1)	(0.1)	_	(0.1)	(0.1)	—	(0.2)	(0.2)
Tax credits <sup>(d)</sup>	0.3	(0.3)	—	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.6)	(0.7)	(0.6)
Other <sup>(e)</sup>	2.8	—	0.2	(0.1)	0.2	(0.2)	0.3	0.2
Effective income tax rate	18.0 %	22.3 %	12.4 %	1.1 %	1.9 %	(0.8)%	5.8 %	1.5 %

			Nine	Months Ended Se	eptember 30, 2021 <sup>(</sup>	a)		
	Exelon	ComEd	PECO <sup>(f)</sup>	BGE <sup>(f)</sup>	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE <sup>(f)</sup>
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
Increase (decrease) due to:								
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit	3.8	7.6	(2.6)	(10.8)	4.6	2.5	6.5	7.3
Plant basis differences	(4.0)	(0.7)	(12.6)	(1.5)	(1.3)	(1.9)	(0.7)	(0.6)
Excess deferred tax amortization	(13.5)	(7.2)	(3.3)	(16.0)	(22.8)	(17.4)	(19.7)	(36.3)
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis difference	(0.1)	(0.1)	_	(0.1)	(0.1)	_	(0.2)	(0.2)
Tax credits	(0.6)	(0.5)	—	(0.9)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.5)
Other	(1.1)	(1.3)	(0.2)	(0.7)	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.2)	_
Effective income tax rate	5.5 %	18.8 %	2.3 %	(9.0)%	0.6 %	3.3 %	6.3 %	(9.3)%

(a) Positive percentages represent income tax expense. Negative percentages represent income tax benefit.

(b) For PECO, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to plant basis differences attributable to tax repair deductions partially offset by higher state income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit, related to a one-time expense of \$38 million attributable to the change in the Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate. For BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to the acceleration of certain income tax benefits due to distribution and transmission rate case settlements.

(c) For Exelon, the higher state income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit, is primarily due to the long-term marginal state income tax rate change of \$67 million and the recognition of a valuation allowance of \$40 million against the net deferred tax asset position for certain standalone state filing jurisdictions, partially offset by a one-time impact associated with a state tax benefit of \$43 million and indemnification adjustments pursuant to the Tax Matters Agreement of \$4 million as a result of the separation. For PECO, the higher state income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit, related to a one-time expense of \$38 million attributable to the change in the Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate.

(d) For Exelon, reflects the income tax expense related to the write-off of federal tax credits subject to recapture of \$15 million as a result of the separation.

(e) For Exelon, primarily reflects the nondeductible transaction costs of approximately \$19 million arising as part of the separation and indemnification adjustments pursuant to the Tax Matters Agreement of \$40 million.

(f) For PECO, the lower effective tax rate is primarily due to plant basis differences attributable to tax repair deductions. For BGE and ACE, the income tax benefit is primarily related to the acceleration of certain income tax benefits due to distribution rate case settlements.

Note 8 — Income Taxes

### **Unrecognized Tax Benefits**

Exelon, PHI and ACE have the following unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021. ComEd's, PECO's, BGE's, Pepco's, and DPL's amounts are not material.

	E	xelon <sup>(a)</sup>	PHI	A	CE
September 30, 2022	\$	148	\$ 59	\$	17
December 31, 2021		143	56		16

(a) As of September 30, 2022, Exelon recorded a receivable of \$50 million in Noncurrent other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet for Constellation's share of unrecognized tax benefits for periods prior to the separation.

### Reasonably possible the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits could significantly increase or decrease within 12 months after the reporting date

As of September 30, 2022, ACE has \$14 million of unrecognized state tax benefits that could significantly decrease within the 12 months after the reporting date based on the outcome of pending court cases involving other taxpayers. The unrecognized tax benefit, if recognized, may be included in future base rates and that portion would have no impact to the effective tax rate.

#### **Other Tax Matters**

#### Separation (Exelon)

In the first quarter of 2022, in connection with the separation, Exelon recorded an income tax expense related to continuing operations of \$148 million primarily due to the long-term marginal state income tax rate change of \$67 million discussed further below, the recognition of valuation allowances of approximately \$40 million against the net deferred tax assets positions for certain standalone state filing jurisdictions, the write-off of federal and state tax credits subject to recapture of \$17 million, and nondeductible transaction costs for federal and state taxes of \$24 million.

### Tax Matters Agreement (Exelon)

In connection with the separation, Exelon entered into a TMA with Constellation. The TMA governs the respective rights, responsibilities, and obligations between Exelon and Constellation after the separation with respect to tax liabilities, refunds and attributes for open tax years that Constellation was part of Exelon's consolidated group for U.S. federal, state, and local tax purposes.

Indemnification for Taxes. As a former subsidiary of Exelon, Constellation has joint and several liability with Exelon to the IRS and certain state jurisdictions relating to the taxable periods prior to the separation. The TMA specifies that Constellation is liable for their share of taxes required to be paid by Exelon with respect to taxable periods prior to the separation to the extent Constellation would have been responsible for such taxes under the existing Exelon tax sharing agreement. As a result, Exelon recorded a receivable of \$55 million in Current other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet for Constellation's share of taxes for periods prior to the separation, as of March 31, 2022. As of September 30, 2022, the remaining amount of the receivable is \$55 million.

Tax Refunds. The TMA specifies that Constellation is entitled to their share of any future tax refunds claimed by Exelon with respect to taxable periods prior to the separation to the extent that Constellation would have received such tax refunds under the existing Exelon tax sharing agreement.

Tax Attributes. At the date of separation certain tax attributes, primarily pre-closing tax credit carryforwards, that were generated by Constellation were required by law to be allocated to Exelon. The TMA provides that Exelon will reimburse Constellation when those allocated tax credit carryforwards are utilized. As of March 31, 2022, Exelon recorded a payable of \$11 million and \$484 million in Current other liabilities and Noncurrent other liabilities, respectively, in the Consolidated Balance Sheet for tax credit carryforwards that are expected to be utilized and reimbursed to Constellation. As of September 30, 2022, the current and noncurrent payable amounts are \$102 million and \$392 million, respectively.

### Long-Term Marginal State Income Tax Rate (All Registrants)

In the first quarter of 2022, Exelon updated its marginal state income tax rates for changes in state apportionment due to the separation, which resulted in an increase of \$67 million to the deferred tax liability at Exelon, and a corresponding adjustment to income tax expense, net of federal taxes.

#### Pennsylvania Corporate Income Tax Rate Change (Exelon and PECO)

On July 8, 2022, Pennsylvania enacted House Bill 1342, which will permanently reduce the corporate income tax rate from 9.99% to 4.99%. The tax rate will be reduced to 8.99% for the 2023 tax year. Starting with the 2024 tax year, the rate is reduced by 0.50% annually until it reaches 4.99% in 2031. As a result of the rate change, in the third quarter of 2022, Exelon and PECO recorded a one-time decrease to deferred income taxes of \$390 million with a corresponding decrease to the deferred income taxes regulatory asset of \$428 million for the amounts that are expected to be settled through future customer rates and an increase to income tax expense of \$38 million (net of federal taxes). The tax rate decrease is not expected to have a material ongoing impact to Exelon's and PECO's financial statements.

### Allocation of Tax Benefits (All Registrants)

The Utility Registrants are party to an agreement with Exelon that provides for the allocation of consolidated tax liabilities and benefits (Tax Sharing Agreement). The Tax Sharing Agreement provides that each party is allocated an amount of tax similar to that which would be owed had the party been separately subject to tax. In addition, any net benefit attributable to Exelon is reallocated to the Utility Registrants. That allocation is treated as a contribution to capital from Exelon to the party receiving the benefit.

The following table presents the allocation of tax benefits from Exelon under the Tax Sharing Agreement, for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
September 30, 2022	\$ 1	\$ 47	\$ _	\$ 28	\$ 23	\$ 3	\$ 2
September 30, 2021	1	19	—	17	16	—	—

#### Inflation Reduction Act (Exelon)

On August 16, 2022, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) was signed into law. The bill extends tax benefits for renewable technologies like solar and wind, creates new tax benefits for alternative clean energy sources like nuclear and hydrogen and it focuses on energy efficiency, electrification, and equity. However, the bill also implements a new 15.0% corporate minimum tax based on adjusted GAAP net income. Exelon estimates the IRA could result in an increase in cash taxes for Exelon of approximately \$200 million per year starting in 2023. Exelon is continuing to assess the impacts of the IRA on the financial statements and will update estimates based on guidance to be issued by the U.S. Treasury and IRS in the future.

#### 9. Retirement Benefits (All Registrants)

#### **Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB**

Effective February 1, 2022, in connection with the separation, pension and OPEB obligations and assets for current and former employees of the Constellation business and certain other former employees of Exelon and its subsidiaries transferred to pension and OPEB plans and trusts maintained by Constellation or its subsidiaries. The Exelon New England Union Employees Pension Plan and Constellation Mystic Power, LLC Union Employees Pension Plan Including Plan A and Plan B were transferred. The following OPEB plans were also transferred: Constellation Mystic Power, LLC Post-Employment Medical Savings Account Plan, Exelon New England Union Post-Employment Medical Savings Account Plan, and the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, LLC Medical Care and Prescription Drug Plan for Retired Employees.

As a result of the separation, Exelon restructured certain of its qualified pension plans. Pension obligations and assets for current and former employees continuing with Exelon and who were participants in the Exelon Employee Pension Plan for Clinton, TMI, and Oyster Creek, Pension Plan of Constellation Energy Nuclear

Group, LLC, and Nine Mile Point Pension Plan were merged into the Pension Plan of Constellation Energy Group, Inc, which was subsequently renamed, Exelon Pension Plan (EPP). Exelon employees who participated in these plans prior to the separation now participate in the EPP. The merging of the plans did not change the benefits offered to the plan participants and, thus, had no impact on Exelon's pension obligations.

The tables below show the pension and OPEB plans in which employees of each operating company participated as of September 30, 2022:

Operating Company <sup>(a)</sup>											
ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE					
Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х					
Х											
Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х					
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
х	х		х								
Х	Х	Х	Х		Х						
		х	х								
		Х	Х								
	Х	Х	Х								
		Х									
	Х	Х									
			х	х	х	Х					
			Х		Х	Х					
			Х	Х							
			Х			Х					
	x x x x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X       X     X     X	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X     X     X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X     X       X     X     X     X <t< td=""></t<>					

Note 9 - Retirement Benefits

			Ор	erating Compar	y <sup>(a)</sup>		
Name of Plan:	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
OPEB Plans:							
PECO Energy Company Retiree Medical Plan	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Exelon Corporation Health Care Program	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Exelon Corporation Employees' Life Insurance Plan	Х	Х	Х				
Exelon Corporation Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan	Х	Х	Х				
BGE Retiree Medical Plan	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
BGE Retiree Dental Plan			Х				
Exelon Retiree Medical Plan of Constellation Energy Nuclear Group, LLC	х		х	х			
Exelon Retiree Dental Plan of Constellation Energy Nuclear Group, LLC	х		х	х			
Pepco Holdings LLC Welfare Plan for Retirees	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

(a) Employees generally remain in their legacy benefit plans when transferring between operating companies.

As of February 1, 2022, in connection with the separation, Exelon's pension and OPEB plans were remeasured. The remeasurement and separation resulted in a decrease to the pension obligation, net of plan assets, of \$921 million and a decrease to the OPEB obligation of \$893 million. Additionally, accumulated other comprehensive loss, decreased by \$1,994 million (after-tax) and regulatory assets and liabilities increased by \$14 million and \$5 million respectively. Key assumptions were held consistent with the year end December 31, 2021 assumptions with the exception of the discount rate.

The majority of the 2022 pension benefit cost for the Exelon-sponsored plans is calculated using an expected long-term rate of return on plan assets of 7.00% and a discount rate of 3.24%. The majority of the 2022 OPEB cost is calculated using an expected long-term rate of return on plan assets of 6.44% for funded plans and a discount rate of 3.20%.

During the first quarter of 2022, Exelon received an updated valuation of its pension and OPEB to reflect actual census data as of February 1, 2022. This valuation resulted in a decrease to the pension obligation of \$24 million and an increase to the OPEB obligation of \$5 million. Additionally, accumulated other comprehensive loss increased by \$5 million (after-tax) and regulatory assets and liabilities decreased by \$30 million and \$3 million, respectively.

A portion of the net periodic benefit cost for all plans is capitalized within the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The following table presents the components of Exelon's net periodic benefit costs, prior to capitalization, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Note 9 — Retirement Benefits

	Pension	Benefit	S	OPEB				
	Three Months En	ded Sep	tember 30,		Three Months End	led September 30,		
	 2022		2021		2022		2021	
Components of net periodic benefit cost:	 							
Service cost	\$ 58	\$	74	\$	10	\$	13	
Interest cost	110		102		19		18	
Expected return on assets	(205)		(212)		(25)		(26)	
Amortization of:								
Prior service cost (credit)	1		1		(5)		(6)	
Actuarial loss	73		100		4		7	
Settlement charges	_		2		_		_	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 37	\$	67	\$	3	\$	6	

	Pension	Benefi	its		OP	ЕВ			
	 Nine Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	 2022		2021		2022	2021			
Components of net periodic benefit cost:									
Service cost	\$ 177	\$	222	\$	30	\$	38		
Interest cost	330		304		57		52		
Expected return on assets	(619)		(633)		(75)		(75)		
Amortization of:									
Prior service cost (credit)	3		3		(15)		(18)		
Actuarial loss	222		299		12		19		
Curtailment benefits	_		_		_		(1)		
Settlement charges	_		2				_		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 113	\$	197	\$	9	\$	15		

The amounts below represent the Registrants' allocated pension and OPEB costs. For Exelon, the service cost component is included in Operating and maintenance expense and Property, plant, and equipment, net while the non-service cost components are included in Other, net and Regulatory assets. For the Utility Registrants, the service cost and non-service cost components are included in Operating and maintenance expense and Property, plant, and equipment, net in their consolidated financial statements.

Note 9 - Retirement Benefits

	Three Months Er	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Pension and OPEB Costs (Benefit)	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Exelon	\$ 40	\$ 73	\$ 122	\$ 212	
ComEd	15	32	45	97	
PECO	(2)	2	(6)	5	
BGE	11	16	33	47	
PHI	13	12	39	36	
Рерсо	2	2	6	5	
DPL	1	1	3	2	
ACE	3	3	9	8	

#### **Defined Contribution Savings Plan**

The Registrants participate in a 401(k) defined contribution savings plan that is sponsored by Exelon. The plan is qualified under applicable sections of the IRC and allows employees to contribute a portion of their pre-tax and/or after-tax income in accordance with specified guidelines. All Registrants match a percentage of the employee contributions up to certain limits. The following table presents the employer contributions and employer matching contributions to the savings plan for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Savings Plan Employer Contributions		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Exelon	\$	23	\$	24	\$	66	\$	67		
ComEd		11		9		29		27		
PECO		3		2		9		8		
BGE		2		4		7		8		
PHI		4		5		11		12		
Рерсо		1		1		3		3		
DPL		1		1		3		3		
ACE		1		1		2		2		

#### 10. Derivative Financial Instruments (All Registrants)

The Registrants use derivative instruments to manage commodity price risk and interest rate risk related to ongoing business operations.

Authoritative guidance requires that derivative instruments be recognized as either assets or liabilities at fair value, with changes in fair value of the derivative recognized in earnings immediately. Other accounting treatments are available through special election and designation, provided they meet specific, restrictive criteria both at the time of designation and on an ongoing basis. These alternative permissible accounting treatments include NPNS, cash flow hedges, and fair value hedges. At ComEd, derivative economic hedges related to commodities are recorded at fair value and offset by a corresponding regulatory asset or liability. For all NPNS derivative instruments, accounts receivable or accounts payable are recorded when derivatives settle and revenue or expense is recognized in earnings as the underlying physical commodity is sold or consumed.

ComEd's use of cash collateral is generally unrestricted unless ComEd is downgraded below investment grade. Cash collateral held by PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE must be deposited in an unaffiliated major U.S. commercial bank or foreign bank with a U.S. branch office that meets certain qualifications.

### **Commodity Price Risk**

The Registrants employ established policies and procedures to manage their risks associated with market fluctuations in commodity prices by entering into physical and financial derivative contracts, which are either determined to be non-derivative or classified as economic hedges. The Utility Registrants procure electric and natural gas supply through a competitive procurement process approved by each of the respective state utility commissions. The Utility Registrants' hedging programs are intended to reduce exposure to energy and natural



gas price volatility and have no direct earnings impact as the costs are fully recovered from customers through regulatory-approved recovery mechanisms. The following table provides a summary of the Utility Registrants' primary derivative hedging instruments, listed by commodity and accounting treatment.

Registrant	Commodity	Accounting Treatment	Hedging Instrument
ComEd	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts based on all requirements in the IPA procurement plans.
	Electricity	Changes in fair value of economic hedge recorded to an offsetting regulatory asset or liability <sup>(a)</sup>	20-year floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts beginning June 2012 based on the renewable energy resource procurement requirements in the Illinois Settlement Legislation of approximately 1.3 million MWhs per year.
PECO	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for default supply requirements through full requirements contracts.
	Gas	NPNS	Fixed price contracts to cover about 10% of planned natural gas purchases in support of projected firm sales.
BGE	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all SOS requirements through full requirements contracts.
	Gas	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for between 10-20% of forecasted system supply requirements for flowing (i.e., non-storage) gas for the November through March period.
Рерсо	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all SOS requirements through full requirements contracts.
DPL	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all SOS requirements through full requirements contracts.
	Gas	NPNS	Fixed and index priced contracts through full requirements contracts.
		Changes in fair value of economic hedge recorded to an offsetting regulatory asset or liability <sup>(b)</sup>	Exchange traded future contracts for up to 50% of estimated monthly purchase requirements each month, including purchases for storage injections.
ACE	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all BGS requirements through full requirements contracts.

(a) See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information.

(b) The fair value of the DPL economic hedge is not material as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

The fair value of derivative economic hedges is presented in Other current assets and current and noncurrent Mark-to-market derivative liabilities in Exelon's and ComEd's Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Mark-to-market derivative assets included in Other current assets in Exelon's and ComEd's Consolidated Balance Sheets were \$24 million and none as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

### Cash Flow Hedges (Interest Rate Risk) (Exelon)

Exelon uses a combination of fixed-rate and variable-rate debt to manage interest rate exposure. In addition, Exelon may utilize interest rate derivatives to lock in rate levels in anticipation of future financings. In October 2022, Exelon entered into \$840 million of notional amount floating-to-fixed forward starting interest rate swaps to manage a portion of interest rate exposure associated with anticipated debt issuances. The swaps are designated as cash flow hedges. Changes in fair value each period will initially be recorded in AOCI starting in the fourth quarter of 2022 and recognized in earnings as interest expense is accrued on the anticipated debt issuance.

## Economic Hedges (Interest Rate Risk) (Exelon)

Exelon may use derivative instruments to mitigate exposure to fluctuations in interest rates but for which the fair value or cash flow hedge elections are not made. In October 2022, Exelon entered into \$1,850 million of notional amount floating-to-fixed interest rate cap swaps to manage a portion of interest rate exposure in connection with borrowings. The swaps are not designated as cash flow hedges. As economic hedges, changes in fair value each period will be recognized in earnings starting in the fourth quarter of 2022.

### Credit Risk

The Registrants would be exposed to credit-related losses in the event of non-performance by counterparties on executed derivative instruments. The credit exposure of derivative contracts, before collateral, is represented by the fair value of contracts at the reporting date. The Utility Registrants have contracts to procure electric and natural gas supply that provide suppliers with a certain amount of unsecured credit. If the exposure on the supply contract exceeds the amount of unsecured credit, the suppliers may be required to post collateral. The net credit exposure is mitigated primarily by the ability to recover procurement costs through customer rates. As of September 30, 2022, the amount of cash collateral held with external counterparties by Exelon, ComEd, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE was \$505 million, \$95 million, \$129 million, \$279 million, \$157 million, and \$74 million, respectively, which is recorded in Other current liabilities in Exelon's, ComEd's, BGE's, PHI's, Pepco's, DPL's, and ACE's Consolidated Balance Sheets. The amount of cash collateral received from external counterparties increased as of September 30, 2022 due to rising energy prices. The amount for PECO was not material as of September 30, 2022. As of December 31, 2021, the amounts for ComEd and DPL were \$41 million and \$43 million, respectively. The amounts for Exelon, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, and ACE were not material as of December 31, 2021.

The Utility Registrants' electric supply procurement contracts do not contain provisions that would require them to post collateral. PECO's, BGE's, and DPL's natural gas procurement contracts contain provisions that could require PECO, BGE, and DPL to post collateral in the form of cash or credit support, which vary by contract and counterparty, with thresholds contingent upon PECO's, BGE's, and DPL's credit rating. As of September 30, 2022, PECO, BGE, and DPL were not required to post collateral for any of these agreements. If PECO, BGE, or DPL lost their investment grade credit rating as of September 30, 2022, they could have been required to post collateral to their counterparties of \$43 million, \$79 million, and \$16 million, respectively.

#### 11. Debt and Credit Agreements (All Registrants)

#### Short-Term Borrowings

Exelon Corporate, ComEd, and BGE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper. PECO meets their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. Pepco, DPL, and ACE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the PHI intercompany money pool. PHI Corporate meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of short-term notes and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. The Registrants may use their respective credit facilities for general corporate purposes, including meeting short-term funding requirements and the issuance of letters of credit.

#### **Commercial Paper**

The following table reflects the Registrants' commercial paper programs as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021. PECO had no commercial paper borrowings as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.



Note 11 — Debt and Credit Agreements

		Outstanding Pape		Average Intere Commercial Paper B	
Commercial Paper Issuer	September	30, 2022	December 31, 2021	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Exelon <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	615	\$ 599	3.37 %	0.35 %
ComEd		233	—	3.35 %	— %
BGE		156	130	3.40 %	0.37 %
PHI <sup>(b)</sup>		_	469	— %	0.35 %
Рерсо		_	175	— %	0.33 %
DPL		—	149	— %	0.36 %
ACE		_	145	— %	0.35 %

(a) Exelon Corporate had \$226 million of outstanding commercial paper borrowings at September 30, 2022 and no outstanding commercial paper borrowings as of December 31, 2021.

(b) Represents the consolidated amounts of Pepco, DPL, and ACE.

#### **Revolving Credit Agreements**

On February 1, 2022, Exelon Corporate and the Utility Registrants each entered into a new 5-year revolving credit facility that replaced its existing syndicated revolving credit facility. The following table reflects the credit agreements:

Borrower	Aggregate Bank Commitment	Interest Rate
Exelon Corporate	900	SOFR plus 1.275 %
ComEd	1,000	SOFR plus 1.000 %
PECO	600	SOFR plus 0.900 %
BGE	600	SOFR plus 0.900 %
Рерсо	300	SOFR plus 1.075 %
DPL	300	SOFR plus 1.000 %
ACE	300	SOFR plus 1.075 %
		-

Exelon Corporate and the Utility Registrants had no outstanding amounts on the revolving credit facilities as of September 30, 2022.

On October 7, 2022, Exelon entered into new credit facility agreements, arranged at minority and community banks, which are solely utilized to issue letters of credit. The new facility agreements have aggregate commitments of \$40 million, \$40 million, \$15 million, \$15 million, \$15 million, and \$15 million, at ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, respectively. These facilities expire on October 6, 2023.

See Note 15 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information on the Registrants' credit facilities.

### Short-Term Loan Agreements

On March 23, 2017, Exelon Corporate entered into a term loan agreement for \$500 million. The loan agreement was renewed on March 14, 2022 and will expire on March 16, 2023. Pursuant to the loan agreement, loans made thereunder bear interest at a variable rate equal to SOFR plus 0.65% and all indebtedness thereunder is unsecured. The loan agreement is reflected in Exelon's Consolidated Balance Sheets within Short-term borrowings.

On March 31, 2021, Exelon Corporate entered into a 364-day term loan agreement for \$150 million with a variable interest rate of LIBOR plus 0.65% and an expiration date of March 30, 2022. Exelon Corporate repaid the term loan on March 30, 2022.

In connection with the separation, on January 24, 2022, Exelon Corporate entered into a 364-day term loan agreement for \$1.15 billion. The loan agreement will expire on January 23, 2023. Pursuant to the loan agreement, loans made thereunder bore interest at a variable rate equal to SOFR plus 0.75% until July 23, 2022

Note 11 — Debt and Credit Agreements

and a rate of SOFR plus 0.975% thereafter. All indebtedness pursuant to the loan agreement is unsecured. On August 11, 2022, Exelon Corporate made a partial repayment of \$575 million on the term loan. The remaining \$575 million outstanding balance was repaid on October 11, 2022 in conjunction with the \$500 million 18-month term loan that was entered into on October 7, 2022. Refer to the Issuance of Long-Term Debt below for further information.

On October 4, 2022, ComEd entered into a 364-day term loan agreement for \$150 million with a variable rate equal to SOFR plus 0.75% and an expiration date of October 3, 2023. The proceeds from this loan were used to repay outstanding commercial paper obligations. The loan agreement will be reflected in Exelon's and ComEd's Consolidated Balance Sheets within Short-term borrowings in the fourth quarter of 2022.

### Long-Term Debt

## Issuance of Long-Term Debt

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the following long-term debt was issued:

Company <sup>(a)</sup>	Туре	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount	Use of Proceeds
Exelon	SMBC Term Loan Agreement	SOFR plus 0.65%	July 21, 2023 <sup>(b)</sup>	\$300	Fund a cash payment to Constellation and for general corporate purposes.
Exelon	U.S. Bank Term Loan Agreement	SOFR plus 0.65%	July 21, 2023 <sup>(b)</sup>	300	Fund a cash payment to Constellation and for general corporate purposes.
Exelon	PNC Term Loan Agreement	SOFR plus 0.65%	July 24, 2023 <sup>(b)</sup>	250	Fund a cash payment to Constellation and for general corporate purposes.
Exelon	Notes <sup>(c)</sup>	2.75%	March 15, 2027	650	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Exelon	Notes <sup>(c)</sup>	3.35%	March 15, 2032	650	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Exelon	Notes <sup>(c)</sup>	4.10%	March 15, 2052	700	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Exelon	Long-Term Software License Agreements	2.30%	December 1, 2025	17	Procurement of software licenses
ComEd	First Mortgage Bonds, Series 132	3.15%	March 15, 2032	300	Repay outstanding commercial paper obligations and to fund other general corporate purposes.
ComEd	First Mortgage Bonds, Series 133	3.85%	March 15, 2052	450	Repay outstanding commercial paper obligations and to fund other general corporate purposes.
PECO	First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds	4.60%	May 15, 2052	350	Refinance existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
PECO	First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds	4.375%	August 15, 2052	425	Refinance outstanding commercial paper and for general corporate purposes.
BGE	Notes	4.55%	June 1, 2052	500	Repay outstanding commercial paper obligations, repay existing indebtedness, and for general corporate purposes.
Рерсо	First Mortgage Bonds	3.97%	March 24, 2052	400	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Рерсо	First Mortgage Bonds	3.35%	September 15, 2032	225	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
DPL	First Mortgage Bonds	3.06%	February 15, 2052	125	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
ACE	First Mortgage Bonds	2.27%	February 15, 2032	25	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
ACE	First Mortgage Bonds	3.06%	February 15, 2052	150	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.

(a) On October 7, 2022, Exelon Corporate entered into an 18-month term loan agreement for \$500 million with a variable rate equal to SOFR plus 0.85% and an expiration date of April 7, 2024.

During the third quarter of 2022, the SMBC Term Loan, U.S. Bank Term Loan, and PNC Term Loan were all reclassified to Long-term debt due within one year on the Exelon (b)

Consolidated Balance Sheet, given that the Term Loans have maturity dates of July 21, 2023, and July 24, 2023, respectively. In connection with the issuance and sale of the Notes, Exelon entered into a Registration Rights Agreement with the representatives of the initial purchasers of the Notes and other parties. Pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement, Exelon filed a registration statement on August 3, 2022, with respect to an offer to exchange the Notes for substantially similar notes of Exelon that are registered under the Securities Act. The registration statement became effective on August 19, 2022. The registered notes, when issued later in the fourth quarter, will have terms identical in all material respects to the Notes, except that their issuance will have been registered under the Securities Act. (C)



### Long-Term Debt to Affiliates

As of December 31, 2021, Exelon Corporate had \$319 million recorded to intercompany notes receivable from Generation. See Note 15 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information. In connection with the separation, on January 31, 2022, Exelon Corporate received cash from Generation of \$258 million to settle the intercompany loan.

### **Debt Covenants**

As of September 30, 2022, the Registrants are in compliance with debt covenants.

### 12. Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities (All Registrants)

Exelon measures and classifies fair value measurements in accordance with the hierarchy as defined by GAAP. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Registrants have the ability to liquidate as of the reporting date.
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are directly observable for the asset or liability or indirectly observable through corroboration with observable market data.
- Level 3 unobservable inputs, such as internally developed pricing models or third-party valuations for the asset or liability due to little or no market activity for the asset or liability.

#### Fair Value of Financial Liabilities Recorded at Amortized Cost

The following tables present the carrying amounts and fair values of the Registrants' short-term liabilities, long-term debt, and trust preferred securities (long-term debt to financing trusts or junior subordinated debentures) as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021. The Registrants have no financial liabilities classified as Level 1.

The carrying amounts of the Registrants' short-term liabilities as presented in their Consolidated Balance Sheets are representative of their fair value (Level 2) because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

			Septemb	er 30, 202	22				Decembe	er 31,	2021	
				Fa	ir Value						Fair Value	
	Carry	ing Amount	Level 2	L	evel 3	Total	Car	rying Amount	Level 2		Level 3	Total
Long-Term Del	bt, includin	ng amounts	due within one	year <sup>(a)</sup>								
Exelon	\$	36,583	\$ 28,654	\$	2,270	\$ 30,924	\$	32,902	\$ 34,897	\$	2,217	\$ 37,114
ComEd		10,517	8,783		_	8,783		9,773	11,305		_	11,305
PECO		4,612	3,747		50	3,797		4,197	4,740		50	4,790
BGE		4,207	3,539		_	3,539		3,961	4,406		_	4,406
PHI		8,130	4,434		2,220	6,654		7,547	5,970		2,167	8,137
Рерсо		3,752	2,179		1,174	3,353		3,445	3,201		975	4,176
DPL		1,938	1,143		446	1,589		1,810	1,426		552	1,978
ACE		1,758	903		600	1,503		1,582	1,091		641	1,732
Long-Term Del	bt to Finan	cing Trusts	6									
Exelon	\$	390	\$ —	\$	385	\$ 385	\$	390	\$ _	\$	470	\$ 470
ComEd		205			204	204		205	_		248	248
PECO		184	_		181	181		184	_		222	222

(a) Includes unamortized debt issuance costs, unamortized debt discount and premium, net, purchase accounting fair value adjustments, and finance lease liabilities which are not fair valued. Refer to Note 15 - Debt and Credit Agreements of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for unamortized debt issuance costs, unamortized debt discount and premium, net, and purchase accounting fair value adjustments and Note 10 - Leases of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for finance lease liabilities.

### **Recurring Fair Value Measurements**

The following tables present assets and liabilities measured and recorded at fair value in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets on a recurring basis and their level within the fair value hierarchy as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

#### Exelon

				As of Septer	nber 30, :	2022				A	s of Decer	nber 3	1, 2021	
	Level	1		Level 2	Lev	el 3	Total	Le	evel 1	L	evel 2	L	evel 3	Total
Assets			_											
Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ (	64	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 664	\$	524	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 524
Rabbi trust investments														
Cash equivalents		62		—		—	62		60		—		—	60
Mutual funds		49		_		—	49		60		—		—	60
Fixed income		—		8		—	8		—		10		—	10
Life insurance contracts		—		57		39	96		—		61		37	98
Rabbi trust investments subtotal		111		65		39	 215		120		71		37	 228
Mark-to-market derivative assets		—		_		24	24		—		—		—	—
Total assets	-	75		65		63	903		644		71		37	752
Liabilities							 							
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities		—		_		(67)	(67)		_		_		(219)	(219)
Deferred compensation obligation		—		(68)		_	(68)		_		(131)		—	(131)
Total liabilities	-	_		(68)		(67)	 (135)		_		(131)		(219)	 (350)
Total net assets (liabilities)	\$	775	\$	(3)	\$	(4)	\$ 768	\$	644	\$	(60)	\$	(182)	\$ 402

(a) Exelon excludes cash of \$384 million and \$464 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, and restricted cash of \$225 million and \$49 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, and includes long-term restricted cash of \$83 million and \$44 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, which is reported in Other deferred debits in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

### ComEd, PECO, and BGE

				Con	nEd							PE	со							В	GE			
As of September 30, 2022	Le	evel 1	Lev	el 2	Level	3	Tota	al	Le	vel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	evel 3	То	tal	Lev	el 1	Le	vel 2	Le	evel 3	Т	otal
Assets																								
Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	354	\$	—	\$	—	\$	354	\$	10	\$	—	\$	—	\$	10	\$	1	\$	—	\$	—	\$	1
Rabbi trust investments																								
Mutual funds		—		—		—		—		8		—		—		8		7		—		—		7
Life insurance contracts		—		—		—		—		—		15		_		15		—		_		_		—
Rabbi trust investments subtotal		_		_		_		_		8		15		_		23		7		_		_		7
Mark-to-market derivative assets(b)		_		_		24		24		_		_		_		_		—		_		_		—
Total assets		354		_		24		378		18		15		_		33		8						8
Liabilities							-										-							
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities(b	)	_		_		(67)		(67)		_		—		-		—		—		-		_		_
Deferred compensation obligation		_		(7)		—		(7)		_		(7)		_		(7)		—		(4)		_		(4)
Total liabilities				(7)		(67)		(74)				(7)	-	_		(7)		_	-	(4)		_		(4)
Total net assets (liabilities)	\$	354	\$	(7)	\$	(43)	\$	304	\$	18	\$	8	\$		\$	26	\$	8	\$	(4)	\$		\$	4

				Cor	nEd							PE	со							в	GE			
As of December 31, 2021	Le	evel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	evel 3	Т	otal	Lev	vel 1	Le	evel 2	Le	evel 3	Т	otal	Le	vel 1	Lev	/el 2	Le	vel 3	Т	otal
Assets																								
Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	237	\$	—	\$	—	\$	237	\$	9	\$	—	\$	-	\$	9	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	_
Rabbi trust investments																								
Mutual funds		—		—		—		—		11		—		—		11		14		—		—		14
Life insurance contracts		—		—		—		—		—		16		—		16		—		—		—		—
Rabbi trust investments subtotal		_		_		_		_		11		16		_		27		14		_		_		14
Total assets		237	_	_		_		237		20		16		_		36		14		_		_		14
Liabilities																								
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities(t	D)	—		—		(219)		(219)		—		_		—		—		_		—		—		—
Deferred compensation obligation		—		(10)		—		(10)		—		(9)		-		(9)		—		(7)		—		(7)
Total liabilities		_		(10)		(219)		(229)		_		(9)		_		(9)		—	-	(7)		—		(7)
Total net assets (liabilities)	\$	237	\$	(10)	\$	(219)	\$	8	\$	20	\$	7	\$	_	\$	27	\$	14	\$	(7)	\$	_	\$	7

(a) ComEd excludes cash of \$39 million and \$105 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, and restricted cash of \$95 million and \$42 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, and includes long-term restricted cash of \$83 million and \$43 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, which is reported in Other deferred debits in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. PECO excludes cash of \$93 million and \$35 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. BGE excludes cash of \$20 million and \$51 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, and restricted cash of \$129 million and \$4 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

(b) The Level 3 balance consists of the current asset of \$24 million and current and noncurrent liability of none and \$67 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2022 and none, \$18 million and \$201 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2021 related to floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers.

Note 12 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE

						As	of Sep	otembe	r 30, 2	2022							A	s of De	cem	oer 31, 2	021			
PHI			L	evel 1		Lev	/el 2		Lev	vel 3		Total		L	evel '	1	Le	evel 2		Lev	vel 3		Tot	al
Assets																								
Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup>		5	\$	26	6	\$	-	- \$		_	\$	2	266	\$		110	\$	-	-	\$	_	\$		110
Rabbi trust investments																								
Cash equivalents				5	59		-	_		_			59			59		-	_					59
Mutual funds				1	0		-	_		_			10			14		-	_					14
Fixed income				-	_			8		_			8			—		1	0					10
Life insurance contracts	s			-	_		2	2		38			60			—		2	7		35			62
Rabbi trust investmer subtotal	nts			6	9		3	0		38			137			73		3	57		35	_		145
Total assets		_		33	5		3	0		38		4	403			183		3	7		35	_		255
Liabilities		-																						
Deferred compensation obli	igation			_	_		(1-	4)		—			(14)			_		(1	8)					(18)
Total liabilities		_		_	_		(1-	4)		_			(14)			_		(1	8)		_			(18)
			\$	22	E	\$	1	6 \$		38	\$		389	\$		183	\$	1	9	\$	35	\$		237
Total net assets		=	þ	33	00	φ	-	<u> </u>		50							Ψ		_	Ŷ				201
	level	-		Per	рсо	<u>.</u>						DF	PL				<u>.</u>		_		ACE	=		
As of September 30, 2022	Level	-			рсо	Φ evel 3		otal		.evel 1			PL	vel 3		Fotal	<u>.</u>	vel 1	_		ACE	/el 3		Total
As of September 30, 2022 Assets		-		Per	рсо	<u>.</u>		otal	L	evel 1	Le	DF	PL			Fotal	<u>.</u>		_		ACE	=	\$	
As of September 30, 2022		= 1	Le	Per	pco	<u>.</u>	T					DF	PL Lev		1		Le				ACE Le <sup>v</sup>	=		
As of September 30, 2022 <b>Assets</b> Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	= 1	Le	Per	pco	<u>.</u>	T	otal		evel 1	Le	DF	PL Lev		1	Fotal	Le				ACE Le <sup>v</sup>	=		
As of September 30, 2022 <b>Assets</b> Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup> Rabbi trust investments	\$	= 1 76	Le	Per	pco	<u>.</u>	T	otal 76		evel 1	Le	DF	PL Lev		1	Fotal	Le				ACE Le <sup>v</sup>	=		
As of September 30, 2022 Assets Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup> Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance	\$	= 1 76	Le	Pep vel 2 —	pco	evel 3	T	otal 76 59		evel 1	Le	DF	PL Lev		1	Fotal	Le				ACE Le <sup>v</sup>	=		
As of September 30, 2022 Assets Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup> Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance contracts Rabbi trust	\$	= 1 76 59 	Le	Per vel 2 — 22	pco	evel 3 — 38	T	otal 76 59 60		evel 1	Le	DF	PL Lev		1	Fotal	Le				ACE Le <sup>v</sup>	=		
As of September 30, 2022 Assets Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup> Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance contracts Rabbi trust investments subtotal	\$	= 76 59 59	Le	Pep vel 2 — 22 22	pco	evel 3 — 38 38	T	otal 76 59 60 119		.evel 1 157 	Le	DF	PL Lev		1	Fotal 157 —	Le	vel 1 1 			ACE Le <sup>v</sup>	=		Total 1 
As of September 30, 2022 Assets Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup> Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance contracts Rabbi trust investments subtotal Total assets	\$	= 76 59 59	Le	Per vel 2 — 22 22 22	pco	evel 3 — 38 38	T	otal 76 59 60 119 195		.evel 1 157 	Le	DF	PL Lev		1	Fotal 157 —	Le	vel 1 1 			ACE Le <sup>v</sup>	=		Total 1 
As of September 30, 2022 Assets Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup> Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance contracts Rabbi trust investments subtotal Total assets Liabilities Deferred compensation	\$	= 76 59 59	Le	Pep vel 2 — 22 22	pco	evel 3 — 38 38	T	otal 76 59 60 119		.evel 1 157 	Le	DF	PL Lev		1	Fotal 157 —	Le	vel 1 1 			ACE Le <sup>v</sup>	=		Total 1 

### Note 12 - Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

				Pe	рсо							D	PL							А	CE			
As of December 31, 2021	Le	vel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	vel 3		Total	Le	vel 1	L	evel 2	Le	vel 3	Т	otal	Le	vel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	evel 3	1	Total
Assets																								
Cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	31	\$	—	\$	—	\$	31	\$	43	\$	_	\$	—	\$	43	\$	_	\$	—	\$	_	\$	_
Rabbi trust investments																								
Cash equivalents		58		—		—		58		—		_		—		_		_		—		—		_
Life insurance contracts		_		27		35		62		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Rabbi trust investments subtotal		58		27		35		120				_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total assets		89		27		35		151		43		_		_		43		_		_		_		
Liabilities							_												-					
Deferred compensation obligation		_		(2)		_		(2)		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities		_		(2)		_		(2)		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total net assets	\$	89	\$	25	\$	35	\$	149	\$	43	\$	_	\$	_	\$	43	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	—

(a) PHI excludes cash of \$186 million and \$100 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, and restricted cash of \$1 million and \$3 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. Pepco excludes cash of \$21 million and \$34 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, and restricted cash of \$1 million and \$3 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. Pepco excludes cash of \$21 million and \$34 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, and restricted cash of \$1 million and \$3 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. ACE excludes cash of \$111 million and \$29 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

## Reconciliation of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities

The following tables present the fair value reconciliation of Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Exelon	c	omEd	PHI a	nd Pepco
Three Months Ended September 30, 2022	 Total		-to-Market rivatives	Life Insura	nce Contracts
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ (50)	\$	(88)	\$	37
Total realized / unrealized gains					
Included in net income <sup>(a)</sup>	1		—		1
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities	45		45 (b)		_
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$ (4)	\$	(43) (c)	\$	38
The amount of total gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains related to assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2022	\$ 1	\$	_	\$	1

	Exelon	ComEd	Р	HI and Pepco
Three Months Ended September 30, 2021	Total	Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Life In	surance Contracts
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ (231)	\$ (265)	\$	34
Total realized / unrealized gains				
Included in regulatory assets	51	51 <sup>(b)</sup>		
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$ (180)	\$ (214)	\$	34
The amount of total gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains related to assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2021	\$ 	\$ 	\$	_



Note 12 - Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

	Exelon	ComEd	Р	HI and Pepco
Nine months ended September 30, 2022	 Total	 Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Life In:	surance Contracts
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$ (182)	\$ (219)	\$	35
Total realized / unrealized gains				
Included in net income <sup>(a)</sup>	3	_		3
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities	176	176 (b)		_
Transfers out of Level 3	(1)	_		_
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$ (4)	\$ (43) (c)	\$	38
The amount of total gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains related to assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2022	\$ 3	\$ 	\$	3

	Exelon	ComEd	PHI	and Pepco
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021	 Total	 Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Life Insur	ance Contracts
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ (267)	\$ (301)	\$	34
Total realized / unrealized gains				
Included in net income <sup>(a)</sup>	2	_		2
Included in regulatory assets	87	87 <sup>(b)</sup>		_
Purchases, sales, and settlements				
Settlements	(2)	_		(2)
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$ (180)	\$ (214)	\$	34
The amount of total gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gain related to assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2021	\$ 2	\$ 	\$	2

(a) Classified in Operating and maintenance expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(b) Includes \$51 million of increases in fair value and a decrease for realized gains due to settlements of \$6 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Includes \$49 million of increases in fair value and an increase for realized losses due to settlements of \$2 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the three months ended September 30, 2021. Includes \$19 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the three months ended September 30, 2021. Includes \$179 million recorded in purchase power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts of \$3 million recorded in purchase power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with goating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with goating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Includes \$72 million of increases in fair value and an increase for realized losses due to settlements of \$3 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Includes \$72 million of increases in fair value and an increase for realized losses due to settlements of \$15 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

(c) The balance consists of \$24 million of current assets and current and noncurrent liability of none and \$67 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2022.

### Valuation Techniques Used to Determine Fair Value

Exelon's valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of the assets and liabilities shown in the tables below are in accordance with the policies discussed in Note 16 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K.

#### Mark-to-Market Derivatives (Exelon and ComEd)

The table below discloses the significant unobservable inputs to the forward curve used to value mark-to-market derivatives.

Type of trade	Septer	lue as of nber 30, )22	r Value as of ecember 31, 2021	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	2022 Rai	nge &	& Arithmetic	Average	2021 Ran	ge 8	Arithmetic	c Average	
Mark-to-market derivatives	\$	(43)	\$ (219)	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward power price <sup>(a)</sup>	\$36.02	-	\$111.10	\$50.61	\$28.65	-	\$47.10	\$33.96	

(a) An increase to the forward power price would increase the fair value.

### 13. Commitments and Contingencies (All Registrants)

The following is an update to the current status of commitments and contingencies set forth in Note 17 — Commitments and Contingencies of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K.

#### Commitments

PHI Merger Commitments (Exelon, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE). Approval of the PHI Merger in Delaware, New Jersey, Maryland, and the District of Columbia was conditioned upon Exelon and PHI agreeing to certain commitments. The following amounts represent total commitment costs that have been recorded since the acquisition date and the total remaining obligations for Exelon, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE as of September 30, 2022:

Description	E	xelon	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE		
Total commitments	\$	513	\$ 320	\$ 120	\$ 89	\$	111	
Remaining commitments <sup>(a)</sup>		57	50	41	6		3	

(a) Remaining commitments extend through 2026 and include rate credits, energy efficiency programs and delivery system modernization.

In addition, DPL has committed to conducting three RFPs to procure up to a total of 120 MWs of wind RECs for the purpose of meeting Delaware's renewable portfolio standards. DPL has conducted two of the three wind REC RFPs. The first 40 MW wind REC tranche was conducted in 2017 and did not result in a purchase agreement. The second 40 MW wind REC tranche was conducted in 2018 and resulted in a proposed REC purchase agreement that was approved by the DEPSC in 2019. The RFP for the third and final 40 MW wind REC tranche was conducted in the second quarter of 2022, an evaluation of the proposals was completed in the third quarter and DPL has made a draft recommendation to the DEPSC. The DEPSC is reviewing DPL's recommendation. DPL expects to make a decision on a potential award in the fourth quarter of 2022.

Note 13 — Commitments and Contingencies

*Commercial Commitments (All Registrants).* The Registrants' commercial commitments as of September 30, 2022, representing commitments potentially triggered by future events were as follows:

			Expiration within											
		Total		2022		2023		2024		2025		2026		027 and beyond
Exelon														, ej en u
Letters of credit	\$	17	\$	5	\$	12	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Surety bonds <sup>(a)</sup>		205		85		118		2		_		_		_
Financing trust guarantees		378		_		_		_		_		_		378
Guaranteed lease residual values <sup>(b)</sup>		30		_		1		6		6		5		12
Total commercial commitments	\$	630	\$	90	\$	131	\$	8	\$	6	\$	5	\$	390
ComEd														
Letters of credit	\$	10	\$	2	\$	8	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Surety bonds <sup>(a)</sup>		46		5		39		2		_		_		_
Financing trust guarantees		200		_		_		_		_		_		200
Total commercial commitments	\$	256	\$	7	\$	47	\$	2	\$	_	\$	—	\$	200
PECO														
Letters of credit	\$	1	\$	_	\$	1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Surety bonds <sup>(a)</sup>	Ŧ	2	+	_	+	2	-		-	_	+	_	Ŧ	_
Financing trust guarantees		178		_		_		_		_		_		178
Total commercial commitments	\$	181	\$		\$	3	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	178
BGE														
Letters of credit	¢	2	¢	2	¢	4	¢		¢		¢		¢	
Surety bonds <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	3 2	\$	2 1	\$	1 1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total commercial commitments	\$	5	\$	3	\$	2	\$		\$		\$		\$	
					_		-		-					
PHI														
Surety bonds <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	96	\$	75	\$	21	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Guaranteed lease residual values <sup>(b)</sup>		30		_		1		6		6		5		12
Total commercial commitments	\$	126	\$	75	\$	22	\$	6	\$	6	\$	5	\$	12
Рерсо														
Surety bonds <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	85	\$	71	\$	14	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Guaranteed lease residual values <sup>(b)</sup>	Ŧ	10	+	_	+	_	-	2	-	2	+	2	Ŧ	4
Total commercial commitments	\$	95	\$	71	\$	14	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	4
DPL														
Surety bonds <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	7	\$	3	\$	4	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Guaranteed lease residual values <sup>(b)</sup>	Ψ	13	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	3	Ψ	3	ψ	2	Ψ	5
Total commercial commitments	\$	20	\$	3	\$	4	\$	3	\$	3	\$	2	\$	5
ACE	•		¢	4	۴	0	¢		¢		¢		¢	
Surety bonds <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	4	\$	1	\$	3	\$	1	\$		\$	1	\$	
Guaranteed lease residual values <sup>(b)</sup>	•	7	¢		¢	1	¢	1	¢	1	¢	1	•	3
Total commercial commitments	\$	11	\$	1	\$	4	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	3

(a) Surety bonds — Guarantees issued related to contract and commercial agreements, excluding bid bonds.

#### Note 13 — Commitments and Contingencies

(b) Represents the maximum potential obligation in the event that the fair value of certain leased equipment and fleet vehicles is zero at the end of the maximum lease term. The lease term associated with these assets ranges from 1 to 8 years. The maximum potential obligation at the end of the minimum lease term would be \$73 million guaranteed by Exelon and PHI, of which \$24 million, \$30 million, and \$19 million is guaranteed by Pepco, DPL, and ACE, respectively. Historically, payments under the guarantees have not been made and PHI believes the likelihood of payments being required under the guarantees is remote.

### **Environmental Remediation Matters**

General (All Registrants). The Registrants' operations have in the past, and may in the future, require substantial expenditures to comply with environmental laws. Additionally, under federal and state environmental laws, the Registrants are generally liable for the costs of remediating environmental contamination of property now or formerly owned by them and of property contaminated by hazardous substances generated by them. The Registrants own or lease a number of real estate parcels, including parcels on which their operations or the operations of others may have resulted in contamination by substances that are considered hazardous under environmental laws. In addition, the Registrants are currently involved in a number of proceedings relating to sites where hazardous substances have been deposited and may be subject to additional proceedings in the future. Unless otherwise disclosed, the Registrants cannot reasonably estimate whether they will incur significant liabilities for additional investigation and remediation costs at these or additional sites identified by the Registrants, environmental agencies or others, or whether such costs will be recoverable from third parties, including customers. Additional costs could have a material, unfavorable impact on the Registrants' financial statements.

*MGP Sites (All Registrants).* ComEd, PECO, BGE, and DPL have identified sites where former MGP or gas purification activities have or may have resulted in actual site contamination. For some sites, there are additional PRPs that may share responsibility for the ultimate remediation of each location.

- ComEd has 20 sites that are currently under some degree of active study and/or remediation. ComEd expects the majority of the remediation at these sites to continue through at least 2031.
- PECO has 6 sites that are currently under some degree of active study and/or remediation. PECO expects the majority of the remediation at these
  sites to continue through at least 2024.
- BGE has 4 sites that currently require some level of remediation and/or ongoing activity. BGE expects the majority of the remediation at these sites to continue through at least 2023.
- DPL has 1 site that is currently under study and the required cost at the site is not expected to be material.

The historical nature of the MGP and gas purification sites and the fact that many of the sites have been buried and built over, impacts the ability to determine a precise estimate of the ultimate costs prior to initial sampling and determination of the exact scope and method of remedial activity. Management determines its best estimate of remediation costs using all available information at the time of each study, including probabilistic and deterministic modeling for ComEd and PECO, and the remediation standards currently required by the applicable state environmental agency. Prior to completion of any significant clean up, each site remediation plan is approved by the appropriate state environmental agency.

ComEd, pursuant to an ICC order, and PECO, pursuant to a PAPUC order, are currently recovering environmental remediation costs of former MGP facility sites through customer rates. While BGE and DPL do not have riders for MGP clean-up costs, they have historically received recovery of actual clean-up costs in distribution rates.

During the third quarter of 2022, ComEd and PECO completed an annual study of their future estimated MGP remediation requirements. The study resulted in a \$60 million increase to the environmental liability and related regulatory asset for ComEd. The increase was primarily due to increased costs due to inflation and changes in remediation plans. The study did not result in a material change to the environmental liability for PECO.

### Note 13 — Commitments and Contingencies

As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Registrants had accrued the following undiscounted amounts for environmental liabilities in Accrued expenses, Other current liabilities, and Other deferred credits and other liabilities in their respective Consolidated Balance Sheets:

	Septemb	er 30, 2	022	Decembe	mber 31, 2021				
	otal environmental investigation and mediation liabilities		Portion of total related to MGP investigation and remediation	 Total environmental investigation and remediation liabilities		Portion of total related to MGP investigation and remediation			
Exelon	\$ 405	\$	358	\$ 352	\$	303			
ComEd	328		328	279		279			
PECO	25		24	22		20			
BGE	7		6	6		4			
PHI	41		_	42		_			
Рерсо	39		_	40		_			
DPL	1		_	1		_			
ACE	1		_	1					

**Benning Road Site (Exelon, PHI, and Pepco).** In September 2010, PHI received a letter from EPA identifying the Benning Road site as one of six land-based sites potentially contributing to contamination of the lower Anacostia River. A portion of the site, which is owned by Pepco, was formerly the location of an electric generating facility owned by Pepco subsidiary, Pepco Energy Services (PES), which became a part of Generation, following the 2016 merger between PHI and Exelon. This generating facility was deactivated in June 2012. The remaining portion of the site consists of a Pepco transmission and distribution service center that remains in operation. In December 2011, the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia approved a Consent Decree entered into by Pepco and Pepco Energy Services (hereinafter "Pepco Entities") with the DOEE, which requires the Pepco Entities to conduct a Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) for the Benning Road site and an approximately 10 to 15-acre portion of the adjacent Anacostia River. The purpose of this RI/FS is to define the nature and extent of contamination from the Benning Road site and to evaluate remedial alternatives.

Pursuant to an internal agreement between the Pepco Entities, since 2013, Pepco has performed the work required by the Consent Decree and has been reimbursed for that work by an agreed upon allocation of costs between the Pepco Entities. In September 2019, the Pepco Entities issued a draft "final" RI report which DOEE approved on February 3, 2020. The Pepco Entities are developing a FS to evaluate possible remedial alternatives for submission to DOEE. The Court has established a schedule for completion of the FS, and approval by the DOEE, by March 16, 2023. After completion and approval of the FS, DOEE will prepare a Proposed Plan for public comment and then issue a Record of Decision (ROD) identifying any further response actions determined to be necessary. As part of the separation between Exelon and Constellation in February 2022, the internal agreement between the Pepco Entities for completion and payment for the remaining Consent Decree work was memorialized in a formal agreement for post-separation activities. A second post-separation assumption agreement between Exelon and Constellation transferred any of the potential remaining remediation liability, if any, of PES/Generation to a non-utility subsidiary of Exelon which going forward will be responsible for those liabilities. Exelon, PHI, and Pepco have determined that a loss associated with this matter is probable and have accrued an estimated liability, which is included in the table above.

Anacostia River Tidal Reach (Exelon, PHI, and Pepco). Contemporaneous with the Benning Road site RI/FS, being performed by the Pepco Entities, DOEE and National Park Service (NPS) have been conducting a separate RI/FS focused on the entire tidal reach of the Anacostia River extending from just north of the Maryland-District of Columbia boundary line to the confluence of the Anacostia and Potomac Rivers. The river-wide RI incorporated the results of the river sampling performed by the Pepco Entities as part of the Benning RI/FS, as well as similar sampling efforts conducted by owners of other sites adjacent to this segment of the river and supplemental river sampling conducted by DOEE's contractor.

On September 30, 2020, DOEE released its Interim ROD. The Interim ROD reflects an adaptive management approach which will require several identified "hot spots" in the river to be addressed first while continuing to conduct studies and to monitor the river to evaluate improvements and determine potential future remediation plans. The adaptive management process chosen by DOEE is less intrusive, provides more long-term

Note 13 — Commitments and Contingencies

environmental certainty, is less costly, and allows for site specific remediation plans already underway, including the plan for the Benning Road site to proceed to conclusion.

On July 15, 2022, Pepco received a letter from the District of Columbia's Office of the Attorney General (District) on behalf of DOEE conveying a settlement offer to resolve all PRPs' liability to the District. Pepco responded on July 27, 2022 to enter into settlement discussions. Exelon, PHI, and Pepco have determined that it is probable that costs for remediation will be incurred and have accrued a liability for management's best estimate of its share of the costs. Pepco concluded that incremental exposure remains reasonably possible, but management cannot reasonably estimate a range of loss beyond the amounts recorded, which are included in the table above.

In addition to the activities associated with the remedial process outlined above, CERCLA separately requires federal and state (here including Washington, D.C.) Natural Resource Trustees (federal or state agencies designated by the President or the relevant state, respectively, or Indian tribes) to conduct an assessment of any damages to natural resources within their jurisdiction as a result of the contamination that is being remediated. The Trustees can seek compensation from responsible parties for such damages, including restoration costs. During the second quarter of 2018, Pepco became aware that the Trustees are in the beginning stages of a Natural Resources Damages (NRD) assessment, a process that often takes many years beyond the remedial decision to complete. Pepco has entered into negotiations with the Trustees to evaluate possible incorporation of NRD assessment and restoration as part of its remedial activities associated with the Benning site to accelerate the NRD benefits for that portion of the Anacostia River Sediment Project ("ARSP") assessment. Pepco has concluded that a loss associated with the eventual NRD assessment is reasonably possible. Due to the very early stage of the assessment process, Pepco cannot reasonably estimate the final range of loss potentially resulting from this process.

As noted in the Benning Road Site disclosure above, as part of the separation of Exelon and Constellation in February 2022, an assumption agreement was executed transferring any potential future remediation liabilities associated with the Benning Site remediation to a non-utility subsidiary of Exelon. Similarly, any potential future liability associated with the ARSP was also assumed by this entity.

### Litigation and Regulatory Matters

Deferred Prosecution Agreement (DPA) and Related Matters (Exelon and ComEd). Exelon and ComEd received a grand jury subpoena in the second quarter of 2019 from the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois (USAO) requiring production of information concerning their lobbying activities in the State of Illinois. On October 4, 2019, Exelon and ComEd received a second grand jury subpoena from the USAO requiring production of records of any communications with certain individuals and entities. On October 22, 2019, the SEC notified Exelon and ComEd that it had also opened an investigation into their lobbying activities. On July 17, 2020, ComEd entered into a DPA with the USAO to resolve the USAO investigation. Under the DPA, the USAO filed a single charge alleging that ComEd improperly gave and offered to give jobs, vendor subcontracts, and payments associated with those jobs and subcontracts for the benefit of the former Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives and the Speaker's associates, with the intent to influence the Speaker's action regarding legislation affecting ComEd's interests. The DPA provides that the USAO will defer any prosecution of such charge and any other criminal or civil case against ComEd in connection with the matters identified therein for a three-year period subject to certain obligations of ComEd, including payment to the U.S. Treasury of \$200 million, which was paid in November 2020. Exelon was not made party to the DPA, and therefore the investigation by the USAO into Exelon's activities ended with no charges being brought against Exelon. The SEC's investigation remains ongoing and Exelon and ComEd have cooperated fully and intend to continue to cooperate fully with the SEC. Exelon and ComEd cannot predict the outcome of the SEC investigation. No loss contingency has been reflected in Exelon's and ComEd's consolidated financial statements with respect to the SEC investigation, as this contingency is neither probable nor reasonably estimable at this time.

Subsequent to Exelon announcing the receipt of the subpoenas, various lawsuits were filed, and various demand letters were received related to the subject of the subpoenas, the conduct described in the DPA and the SEC's investigation, including:

• Four putative class action lawsuits against ComEd and Exelon were filed in federal court on behalf of ComEd customers in the third quarter of 2020 alleging, among other things, civil violations of federal racketeering laws. In addition, the Citizens Utility Board (CUB) filed a motion to intervene in these cases on October 22, 2020 which was granted on December 23, 2020. On December 2, 2020, the court

#### Note 13 — Commitments and Contingencies

appointed interim lead plaintiffs in the federal cases which consisted of counsel for three of the four federal cases. These plaintiffs filed a consolidated complaint on January 5, 2021. CUB also filed its own complaint against ComEd only on the same day. The remaining federal case, Potter, et al. v. Exelon et al, differed from the other lawsuits as it named additional individual defendants not named in the consolidated complaint. However, the Potter plaintiffs voluntarily dismissed their complaint without prejudice on April 5, 2021. ComEd and Exelon moved to dismiss the consolidated class action complaint and CUB's complaint on February 4, 2021 and briefing was completed on March 22, 2021. On March 25, 2021, the parties agreed, along with state court plaintiffs, discussed below, to jointly engage in mediation. The parties participated in a one-day mediation on June 7, 2021 but no settlement was reached. On September 9, 2021, the federal court granted Exelon's and ComEd's motion to dismiss and dismissed the plaintiffs' and CUB's federal law claim with prejudice. The federal court also dismissed the related state law claims made by the federal plaintiffs and CUB on jurisdictional grounds. Plaintiffs appealed dismissal of the federal law claim to the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals. Plaintiffs and CUB also refiled their state law claims is tate court affirmed the dismissal of the consolidated federal cases in their entirety.

- Three putative class action lawsuits against ComEd and Exelon were filed in Illinois state court in the third quarter of 2020 seeking restitution and compensatory damages on behalf of ComEd customers. The cases were consolidated into a single action in October of 2020. In November 2020, CUB filed a motion to intervene in the cases pursuant to an Illinois statute allowing CUB to intervene as a party or otherwise participate on behalf of utility consumers in any proceeding which affects the interest of utility consumers. On November 23, 2020, the court allowed CUB's intervention, but denied CUB's request to stay these cases. Plaintiffs subsequently filed a consolidated complaint, and ComEd and Exelon filed a motion to dismiss on jurisdictional and substantive grounds on January 11, 2021. Briefing on that motion was completed on March 2, 2021. The parties agreed, on March 25, 2021, along with the federal court plaintiffs discussed above, to jointly engage in mediation. The parties participated in a one-day mediation on June 7, 2021 but no settlement was reached. On December 23, 2021, the state court granted ComEd and Exelon's motion to dismiss with prejudice. On December 30, 2021, plaintiffs have appealed the court's ruling dismissing their complaint to the First District Court of Appeals. On February 15, 2022, Exelon and ComEd moved to dismiss the federal plaintiffs' refiled state law claims, seeking dismissal on the same legal grounds asserted in their motion to dismiss the original state court plaintiffs' complaint. The court granted dismissal of the refiled state claims on February 16, 2022. Plaintiffs' opening appealed that dismissal on February 18, 2022. The two state appeals were consolidated on March 21, 2022. Plaintiffs' opening appealed that dismissal on February 18, 2022. The two state appeals were consolidated on March 21, 2022. Plaintiffs' opening appellate brief was filed on August 5, 2022. Exelon and ComEd's response is currently due November 18, 2022.
- A putative class action lawsuit against Exelon and certain officers of Exelon and ComEd was filed in federal court in December 2019 alleging misrepresentations and omissions in Exelon's SEC filings related to ComEd's lobbying activities and the related investigations. The complaint was amended on September 16, 2020, to dismiss two of the original defendants and add other defendants, including ComEd. Defendants filed a motion to dismiss in November 2020. The court denied the motion in April 2021. On May 26, 2021, defendants moved the court to certify its order denying the motion to dismiss for interlocutory appeal. Briefing on the motion was completed in June 2021. That motion was denied on January 28, 2022. In May 2021, the parties each filed respective initial discovery disclosures. On June 9, 2021, defendants filed their answer and affirmative defenses to the complaint and the parties engaged thereafter in discovery. On September 9, 2021, the U.S. government moved to intervene in the lawsuit and stay discovery until the parties entered into an amendment to their protective order that would prohibit the parties from requesting discovery into certain matters, including communications with the U.S. government. The court ordered said amendment to the protective order on November 15, 2021 and discovery resumed. The court further amended the protective order on October 17, 2022 and extended it until May 15, 2023. The next court status is set for May 8, 2023. Discovery remains ongoing.
- Several shareholders have sent letters to the Exelon Board of Directors from 2020 through May 2022 demanding, among other things, that the Exelon
  Board of Directors investigate and address alleged breaches of fiduciary duties and other alleged violations by Exelon and ComEd officers and directors
  related to the conduct described in the DPA. In the first quarter of 2021, the Exelon Board of Directors

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appointed a Special Litigation Committee (SLC) consisting of disinterested and independent parties to investigate and address these shareholders' allegations and make recommendations to the Exelon Board of Directors based on the outcome of the SLC's investigation. In July 2021, one of the demand letter shareholders filed a derivative action against current and former Exelon and ComEd officers and directors, and against Exelon, as nominal defendant, asserting the same claims made in its demand letter. On October 12, 2021, the parties to the derivative action filed an agreed motion to stay that litigation for 120 days in order to allow the SLC to continue its investigation, which the court granted. On February 3, 2022, the court granted an extension of the stay for another 120 days and directed the parties to file a status report on June 1, 2022. On June 1, 2022, the parties requested a further extension of the stay until September 14, 2022, which the court granted. On September 13, 2022, the court further extended the stay until December 16, 2022 and directed the parties to file a status report on December 9, 2022.

Two separate shareholder requests seeking review of certain Exelon books and records were received in August 2021 and January 2022. Exelon
responded to both requests and both shareholders have since sent formal shareholder demands to the Exelon Board, as discussed above.

No loss contingencies have been reflected in Exelon's and ComEd's consolidated financial statements with respect to these matters, as such contingencies are neither probable nor reasonably estimable at this time.

In August 2022, the ICC concluded its investigation initiated on August 12, 2021 into rate impacts of conduct admitted in the DPA, including the costs recovered from customers related to the DPA and Exelon's funding of the fine paid by ComEd. On August 17, 2022, the ICC issued its final order accepting ComEd's voluntary customer refund offer of approximately \$38 million (of which about \$31 million is ICC jurisdictional; the remaining balance is FERC jurisdictional) that resolves the question of whether customer funds were used for DPA related activities. The customer refund includes the cost of every individual or entity that was either (i) identified in the DPA or (ii) identified by ComEd as an associate of the former Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives in the ICC proceeding. The ICC rejected an argument by the Illinois Attorney General, City of Chicago, and CUB that a costly permanent adjustment also needed to be made to ComEd's ratemaking capital structure on account of Exelon having funded ComEd's payment of the DPA fine with an equity infusion. On October 6, the ICC denied the application for rehearing filed by the Illinois Attorney General, City of Chicago, and CUB that specifically focused on their capital structure argument. An accrual for the amount of the voluntary customer refund has been recorded in Regulatory liabilities and Other deferred credits and other liabilities in Exelon's and ComEd's Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2022. The ICC jurisdictional refund will not be recovered in rates or charged to customers and ComEd will not seek or accept reimbursement or indemnification from any source other than Exelon.

**Savings Plan Claim (Exelon).** On December 6, 2021, seven current and former employees filed a putative ERISA class action suit in U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois against Exelon, its Board of Directors, the former Board Investment Oversight Committee, the Corporate Investment Committee, individual defendants, and other unnamed fiduciaries of the Exelon Corporation Employee Savings Plan (Plan). The complaint alleges that the defendants violated their fiduciary duties under the Plan by including certain investment options that allegedly were more expensive than and underperformed similar passively-managed or other funds available in the marketplace and permitting a third-party administrative service provider/recordkeeper and an investment adviser to charge excessive fees for the services provided. The plaintiffs seek declaratory, equitable and monetary relief on behalf of the Plan and participants. On February 16, 2022, the court granted the parties' stipulated dismissal of the individual named defendants without prejudice. The remaining defendants filed a motion to dismiss the complaint on February 25, 2022. The plaintiffs filed their response brief on March 28, 2022 and the defendants filed their reply on April 11, 2022. On March 4, 2022, the Chamber of Commerce filed a brief of amicus curiae in support of the defendants' motion to dismiss. On September 22, 2022, the court granted Exelon's motion to dismiss without prejudice. The court granted plaintiffs leave until October 31, 2022 to file an amended complaint. On October 21, 2022, the court granted plaintiffs additional time, until November 30, 2022, to file an amendment complaint. Defendants' response to any amended complaint would be due January 20, 2023. No loss contingencies have been reflected in Exelon's consolidated financial statements with respect to this matter, as such contingencies are neither probable nor reasonably estimable at this time.

General (All Registrants). The Registrants are involved in various other litigation matters that are being defended and handled in the ordinary course of business. The assessment of whether a loss is probable or

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reasonably possible, and whether the loss or a range of loss is estimable, often involves a series of complex judgments about future events. The Registrants maintain accruals for such losses that are probable of being incurred and subject to reasonable estimation. Management is sometimes unable to estimate an amount or range of reasonably possible loss, particularly where (1) the damages sought are indeterminate, (2) the proceedings are in the early stages, or (3) the matters involve novel or unsettled legal theories. In such cases, there is considerable uncertainty regarding the timing or ultimate resolution of such matters, including a possible eventual loss.

#### 14. Shareholders' Equity (Exelon)

#### **Equity Securities Offering**

On August 4, 2022, Exelon entered into an agreement with certain underwriters in connection with an underwritten public offering (the "Offering") of 11.3 million shares (the "Shares") of its common stock, no par value ("Common Stock"). The Shares were sold to the underwriters at a price per share of \$43.32. Exelon also granted the underwriters an option to purchase an additional 1.695 million shares of Common Stock also at the price per share of \$43.32. On August 5, 2022, the underwriters exercised the option in full. The net proceeds from the Offering and the exercise of the underwriters' option were \$563 million before expenses paid by Exelon. Exelon used the proceeds together with available cash balances, to repay \$575 million in borrowings under a \$1.15 billion term loan credit facility. See Note 11 — Debt and Credit Agreements for additional information on Exelon's term loan.

#### At-the-Market (ATM) Program

On August 4, 2022, Exelon executed an equity distribution agreement ("Equity Distribution Agreement") with certain sales agents and forward sellers and certain forward purchasers establishing an ATM equity distribution program under which it may offer and sell shares of its Common Stock, having an aggregate gross sales price of up to \$1.0 billion. Exelon has no obligation to offer or sell any shares of Common Stock under the Equity Distribution Agreement and may at any time suspend or terminate offers and sales under the Equity Distribution Agreement. As of September 30, 2022, Exelon has not issued any shares of Common Stock under the ATM program and has not entered into any forward sale agreements.

# Note 15 — Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

### 15. Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Exelon)

The following tables present changes in Exelon's AOCI, net of tax, by component:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022	Cash Flow Hedge	s	Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan Items <sup>(a)</sup>	Foreign Currency Items	Total
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	_	\$ (701)	\$ —	\$ (701)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		—	9	—	9
Net current-period OCI		_	9		 9
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$	_	\$ (692)	\$ —	\$ (692)

Three Months Ended September 30, 2021	Cash F	low Hedges	Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan Items <sup>(a)</sup>	Foreign Currency Items	Total
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	(5)	\$ (3,264)	\$ (20)	\$ (3,289)
OCI before reclassifications		—	14	(3)	11
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_	55	_	55
Net current-period OCI		_	 69	(3)	 66
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	(5)	\$ (3,195)	\$ (23)	\$ (3,223)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022	Cash Flow Hedges		Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan Items <sup>(a)</sup>	Foreign Currency Items	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$ (6)	) :	\$ (2,721)	\$ (23)	\$ (2,750)
Separation of Constellation	6	_	1,994	23	2,023
OCI before reclassifications			2		2
Amounts reclassified from AOCI			33	—	33
Net current-period OCI	_		35	_	35
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$	=	\$ (692)	\$	\$ (692)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021	Cash Flow Hedges	Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan Items <sup>(a)</sup>	Foreign Currency Items	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ (5)	\$ (3,372)	\$ (23)	\$ (3,400)
OCI before reclassifications	(1)	15	_	14
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	—	163	_	163
Net current-period OCI	(1)	178		177
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$ (6)	\$ (3,194)	\$ (23)	\$ (3,223)

(a) This AOCI component is included in the computation of net periodic pension and OPEB cost. Additionally, as of February 1, 2022, in connection with the separation, Exelon's pension and OPEB plans were remeasured. See Note 9 — Retirement Benefits for additional information. See Exelon's Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for individual components of AOCI.

Note 15 — Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table presents income tax benefit (expense) allocated to each component of Exelon's other comprehensive income (loss):

	Three Months En	ded Se	eptember 30,	Nine Months End	led September 30,		
	 2022		2021	 2022		2021	
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans:							
Prior service benefit reclassified to periodic benefit cost	\$ 	\$	1	\$ —	\$	3	
Actuarial loss reclassified to periodic benefit cost	(3)		(19)	(11)		(57)	
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans valuation adjustment	_		(7)	—		(8)	

# 16. Supplemental Financial Information (All Registrants)

# Supplemental Statement of Operations Information

The following tables provide additional information about material items recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income:

	Taxes other than income taxes															
	Exelo	on	С	omEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Pepco		DPL		ACE
Three Months Ended September 30, 2022																
Utility taxes <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	244	\$	84	\$	51	\$	22	\$	87	\$	79	\$	7	\$	1
Property		99		10		4		50		35		23		11		1
Payroll		28		7		5		4		7		2		1		_
Three Months Ended September 30, 2021																
Utility taxes <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	215	\$	67	\$	41	\$	21	\$	86	\$	80	\$	6	\$	
Property		98		13		5		46		34		23		10		1
Payroll		33		7		4		5		7		2		1		1
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022																
Utility taxes <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	667	\$	233	\$	126	\$	70	\$	238	\$	216	\$	19	\$	3
Property		287		30		12		142		103		70		31		2
Payroll		92		21		14		13		21		5		4		2
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021																
Utility taxes <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	592	\$	188	\$	107	\$	66	\$	231	\$	212	\$	17	\$	2
Property		271		30		13		131		97		65		30		2
Payroll		97		20		12		14		21		5		4		2

(a) The Registrants' utility taxes represent municipal and state utility taxes and gross receipts taxes related to their operating revenues. The offsetting collection of utility taxes from customers is recorded in revenues in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Note 16 — Supplemental Financial Information

	Other, Net															
	E	Exelon		ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Pepco		DPL		ACE
Three Months Ended September 30, 2022																
AFUDC — Equity	\$	38	\$	10	\$	7	\$	5	\$	16	\$	12	\$	2	\$	2
Non-service net periodic benefit cost		16		—		—		—		—		—		—		—
Three Months Ended September 30, 2021																
AFUDC — Equity	\$	36	\$	10	\$	7	\$	7	\$	12	\$	9	\$	2	\$	1
Non-service net periodic benefit cost		19		_		—		_		_		_		_		—
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022																
AFUDC — Equity	\$	112	\$	28	\$	22	\$	17	\$	45	\$	35	\$	5	\$	5
Non-service net periodic benefit cost		48		—		—		—		—		—		—		—
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021																
AFUDC — Equity	\$	99	\$	23	\$	19	\$	21	\$	36	\$	30	\$	4	\$	2
Non-service net periodic benefit cost		64		—		_		_		—		—		_		

### **Supplemental Cash Flow Information**

The following tables provide additional information about material items recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

	Depreciation and amortization															
	E	Exelon <sup>(a)</sup>		ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Pepco		DPL		ACE
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022			_								_					
Property, plant, and equipment <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	2,024	\$	770	\$	267	\$	355	\$	502	\$	214	\$	141	\$	126
Amortization of regulatory assets <sup>(b)</sup>		532		212		10		115		195		98		31		66
Amortization of intangible assets, net <sup>(b)</sup>		10		—		—		—		—		—		—		—
Amortization of energy contract assets and liabilities <sup>(c)</sup>		3		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Nuclear fuel <sup>(d)</sup>		66		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
ARO accretion <sup>(e)</sup>		44		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total depreciation, amortization, and accretion	\$	2,679	\$	982	\$	277	\$	470	\$	697	\$	312	\$	172	\$	192
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021																
Property, plant, and equipment <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	4,505	\$	721	\$	249	\$	324	\$	467	\$	204	\$	126	\$	115
Amortization of regulatory assets <sup>(b)</sup>	Ψ	439	Ψ	172	Ψ	10	Ψ	110	Ψ	147	Ψ	98	Ψ	31	Ψ	18
Amortization of intangible assets, net <sup>(b)</sup>		44		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Amortization of energy contract assets and liabilities <sup>(c)</sup>		23		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Nuclear fuel <sup>(d)</sup>		810		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
ARO accretion <sup>(e)</sup>		383		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total depreciation, amortization, and accretion	\$	6,204	\$	893	\$	259	\$	434	\$	614	\$	302	\$	157	\$	133

Note 16 — Supplemental Financial Information

(a) Exelon's amounts include amounts related to Generation prior to the separation. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations for additional information.

(b) Included in Depreciation and amortization in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(c) Included in Operating revenues or Purchased power and fuel expense in Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(d) Included in Purchased fuel expense in Exelon's Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(e) Included in Operating and maintenance expense in Exelon's Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

	Other non-cash operating activities															
	E	Exelon <sup>(a)</sup>		on <sup>(a)</sup> ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Pepco		DPL		ACE
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022																
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit costs	\$	124	\$	45	\$	(6)	\$	34	\$	39	\$	6	\$	3	\$	9
Allowance for credit losses		130		40		32		18		42		21		9		12
Other decommissioning-related activity		36		—		—				—		—		—		
Energy-related options		60		_		—		_		—		—		—		
True-up adjustments to decoupling mechanisms and formula rates <sup>(b)</sup>		(92)		(163)		(1)		40		33		15		3		14
Long-term incentive plan		35		—		—				—		—		—		—
Amortization of operating ROU asset		47		1		—		14		21		5		6		3
AFUDC — Equity		(112)		(28)		(22)		(17)		(45)		(35)		(5)		(5)
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021																
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit costs	\$	304	\$	97	\$	5	\$	45	\$	36	\$	5	\$	2	\$	8
Allowance for credit losses		155		34		36		7		18		9		3		6
Other decommissioning-related activity		(810)		_		_		_		_		_		_		
Energy-related options		45		—		—				—		—		—		—
True-up adjustments to decoupling mechanisms and formula rates <sup>(b)</sup>		(129)		(32)		(20)		17		(94)		(54)		(17)		(23)
Severance costs		(67)		1		_		_		1		_		_		_
Long-term incentive plan		94		—		—		_		—		—		—		—
Amortization of operating ROU asset		146		2		_		22		21		5		7		3
AFUDC — Equity		(99)		(23)		(19)		(21)		(36)		(30)		(4)		(2)

(a) Exelon's amounts include amounts related to Generation prior to the separation. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations for additional information.

(b) For ComEd, reflects the true-up adjustments in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with its distribution, energy efficiency, distributed generation, and transmission formula rates. For PECO, reflects the change in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with its transmission formula rates. For BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, reflects the change in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with its transmission formula rates. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information.

Note 16 — Supplemental Financial Information

The following tables provide a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets that sum to the total of the same amounts in their Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

	I	Exelon	ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE	
September 30, 2022																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	446	\$	63	\$	94	\$	20	\$	219	\$	21	\$	49	\$	112
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		744		342		9		130		234		77		157		—
Restricted cash included in other long-term assets		83		83		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	\$	1,273	\$	488	\$	103	\$	150	\$	453	\$	98	\$	206	\$	112
December 31, 2021																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	672	\$	131	\$	36	\$	51	\$	136	\$	34	\$	28	\$	29
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		321		210		8		4		77		34		43		_
Restricted cash included in other long-term assets		44		43		_		_		_		_		_		_
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents from discontinued operations		582		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	\$	1,619	\$	384	\$	44	\$	55	\$	213	\$	68	\$	71	\$	29
September 30, 2021																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,957	\$	241	\$	344	\$	225	\$	82	\$	19	\$	13	\$	16
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		473		276		8		27		71		41		26		5
Restricted cash included in other long-term assets		54		44		_		_		9		_		_		9
Total cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	3,484	\$	561	\$	352	\$	252	\$	162	\$	60	\$	39	\$	30
December 31, 2020																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	432	\$	83	\$	19	\$	144	\$	111	\$	30	\$	15	\$	17
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		349		279		7		1		39		35		—		3
Restricted cash included in other long-term assets		53		43		_		_		10		_		_		10
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents from discontinued operations		332		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	\$	1,166	\$	405	\$	26	\$	145	\$	160	\$	65	\$	15	\$	30

(a) Exelon's amounts include amounts related to Generation prior to the separation. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations for additional information.

For additional information on restricted cash see Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K.

## Supplemental Balance Sheet Information

The following table provides additional information about material items recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets.

	Accrued expenses														
E	xelon	С	omEd	I	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE
\$	501	\$	152	\$	63	\$	56	\$	89	\$	26	\$	16	\$	13
	317		115		41		85		90		67		12		4
	341		66		43		44		73		34		21		16
\$	596	\$	155	\$	77	\$	78	\$	113	\$	35	\$	20	\$	17
	253		94		14		53		96		88		9		11
	297		116		41		44		52		28		8		11
	\$	317 341 \$ 596 253	\$ 501 \$ 317 341 \$ 596 \$ 253	\$ 501 \$ 152 317 115 341 66 \$ 596 \$ 155 253 94	\$ 501 \$ 152 \$ 317 115 341 66 \$ 596 \$ 155 \$ 253 94	\$ 501 \$ 152 \$ 63 317 115 41 341 66 43 \$ 596 \$ 155 \$ 77 253 94 14	\$ 501 \$ 152 \$ 63 \$ 317 115 41 341 66 43 \$ 596 \$ 155 \$ 77 \$ 253 94 14	Exelon         ComEd         PECO         BGE           \$ 501         \$ 152         \$ 63         \$ 56           317         115         41         85           341         66         43         44           \$ 596         \$ 155         \$ 77         \$ 78           253         94         14         53	Exelon         ComEd         PECO         BGE           \$ 501         \$ 152         \$ 63         \$ 56         \$           317         115         41         85         \$           341         66         43         44         \$           \$ 596         \$ 155         \$ 777         \$ 78         \$           253         94         14         53         \$	Exelon         ComEd         PECO         BGE         PHI           \$ 501         \$ 152         \$ 63         \$ 56         \$ 89           317         115         41         85         90           341         66         43         44         73           \$ 596         \$ 155         \$ 77         \$ 78         \$ 113           253         94         14         53         96	Exelon         ComEd         PECO         BGE         PHI           \$ 501         \$ 152         \$ 63         \$ 56         \$ 89         \$           317         115         41         85         90         341         66         43         44         73           \$ 596         \$ 155         \$ 77         \$ 78         \$ 113         \$ 253         94         14         53         96	Exelon         ComEd         PECO         BGE         PHI         Pepco           \$ 501         \$ 152         \$ 63         \$ 56         \$ 89         \$ 26           317         115         41         85         90         67           341         66         43         44         73         34           \$ 596         \$ 155         \$ 77         \$ 78         \$ 113         \$ 35           253         94         14         53         96         88	Exelon         ComEd         PECO         BGE         PHI         Pepco           \$ 501         \$ 152         \$ 63         \$ 56         \$ 89         \$ 26         \$ 317           317         115         41         85         90         67           341         66         43         44         73         34           \$ 596         \$ 155         \$ 77         \$ 78         \$ 113         \$ 35         \$ 253           253         94         14         53         96         88         \$ 35         \$ 35	Exelon         ComEd         PECO         BGE         PHI         Pepco         DPL           \$ 501         \$ 152         \$ 63         \$ 56         \$ 89         \$ 26         \$ 16           317         115         41         85         90         67         12           341         66         43         44         73         34         21           \$ 596         \$ 155         \$ 77         \$ 78         \$ 113         \$ 35         \$ 20           253         94         14         53         96         88         9	Exelon         ComEd         PECO         BGE         PHI         Pepco         DPL           \$ 501         \$ 152         \$ 63         \$ 56         \$ 89         \$ 26         \$ 16         \$           317         115         41         85         90         67         12         \$           341         66         43         44         73         34         21         \$           \$ 596         \$ 155         \$ 77         \$ 78         \$ 113         \$ 35         \$ 20         \$           \$ 253         94         14         53         96         88         9         \$

(a) Primarily includes accrued payroll, bonuses and other incentives, vacation, and benefits.

#### Book Overdrafts (Exelon, PHI, DPL)

Book overdrafts representing outstanding checks in excess of funds on deposit are included in Other current liabilities on the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets. The balance of DPL's book overdrafts was \$28 million and \$4 million as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

#### 17. Related Party Transactions (All Registrants)

#### Utility Registrants' expense with Generation

The Utility Registrants incurred expenses from transactions with the Generation affiliate as described in the footnotes to the table below prior to separation on February 1, 2022. Such expenses were primarily recorded as Purchased power from affiliates and an immaterial amount recorded as Operating and maintenance expense from affiliates at the Utility Registrants:

	Th	ree Months Ended Sep	tember 30,	Nine Months End	led September 30,
	20	22	2021	2022	2021
ComEd <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	— \$	94	\$ 59	\$ 256
PECO <sup>(b)</sup>		—	59	33	142
BGE <sup>(c)</sup>		_	65	18	195
PHI		—	99	51	276
Pepco <sup>(d)</sup>		—	69	39	199
DPL <sup>(e)</sup>		—	25	10	63
ACE <sup>(f)</sup>		—	5	2	14

(a) ComEd had an ICC-approved RFP contract with Generation to provide a portion of ComEd's electric supply requirements. ComEd also purchased RECs and ZECs from Generation.

(b) PECO received electric supply from Generation under contracts executed through PECO's competitive procurement process. In addition, PECO had a ten-year agreement with Generation to sell solar AECs.

(c) BGE received a portion of its energy requirements from Generation under its MDPSC-approved market-based SOS and gas commodity programs.

(d) Pepco received electric supply from Generation under contracts executed through Pepco's competitive procurement process approved by the MDPSC and DCPSC.

(e) DPL received a portion of its energy requirements from Generation under its MDPSC and DEPSC approved market-based SOS commodity programs.

(f) ACE received electric supply from Generation under contracts executed through ACE's competitive procurement process approved by the NJBPU.

## Service Company Costs for Corporate Support

The Registrants receive a variety of corporate support services from BSC. Pepco, DPL, and ACE also receive corporate support services from PHISCO. See Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies for additional information regarding BSC and PHISCO.

The following table presents the service company costs allocated to the Registrants:

		Op	ng and maint	ce from affilia					Capitali	zed c	osts					
	Three		nded \$ 0,	September	N	ine Months E	inded 30,	September	Т	hree Months E	Endec 30,	I September	Nin	e Months End	led Sej	otember 30,
	20	)22		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Exelon																
BSC									\$	156	\$	106	\$	500	\$	355
PHISCO										20		18		60		54
ComEd																
BSC	\$	69	\$	71	\$	234	\$	214		70		47		222		148
PECO																
BSC		44		41		140		120		24		12		80		57
BGE																
BSC		46		45		148		133		26		20		86		62
PHI																
BSC		39		40		135		116		36		27		112		88
PHISCO		_		_		_		_		20		18		60		54
Рерсо																
BSC		24		23		80		68		13		11		41		36
PHISCO		28		26		86		84		8		7		24		22
DPL																
BSC		16		14		51		43		11		10		34		29
PHISCO		24		24		73		73		7		6		20		17
ACE																
BSC		13		14		42		37		12		7		37		22
PHISCO		20		21		63		64		5		5		16		15

## **Current Receivables from/Payables to affiliates**

The following tables present current receivables from affiliates and current payables to affiliates:

## September 30, 2022

	Receivables from affiliates:																		
Payables to affiliates:	C	omEd		PECO		BGE		Рерсо		DPL		ACE		BSC	Р	ніѕсо	(	Other	Total
ComEd			\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	50	\$		\$	4	\$ 54
PECO	\$	_						_		_		_		30		_		6	36
BGE		_		_				_		_		_		31		_		1	32
PHI		_		_				_		_		_		4		_		10	14
Рерсо		_		_		_				_		_		14		13		1	28
DPL		_		_				_				_		13		10		1	24
ACE		_		_		_		_		_				10		9		1	20
Other		3		1				_		_		1		9		_			14
Total	\$	3	\$	1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1	\$	161	\$	32	\$	24	\$ 222

#### December 31, 2021

		Receivables from affiliates:																			
Payables to affiliates:	Co	mEd	PI	ECO	I	BGE	Pe	рсо		DPL	AC	E		Generation	I	BSC	PHI	sco	Ot	her	Total
ComEd			\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	41	\$	71	\$	_	\$	9	\$ 121
PECO	\$	—				—		—		—		—		30		36		—		4	70
BGE		_		_				_		_		_		4		41		_		3	48
PHI		_		1		_		_		_		1				5		_		9	16
Рерсо		_		_		1				1		1		20		21		12		3	59
DPL		_		_		_		_				_		4		17		11		1	33
ACE		_		_		_		_		_				7		13		9		2	31
Generation		13										_				102				16	131
Other		3		—		—		—		—		—		11		—		—			14
Total	\$	16	\$	1	\$	1	\$	_	\$	1	\$	2	\$	117	\$	306	\$	32	\$	47	\$ 523

#### Borrowings from Exelon/PHI intercompany money pool

To provide an additional short-term borrowing option that will generally be more favorable to the borrowing participants than the cost of external financing both Exelon and PHI operate an intercompany money pool. PECO and PHI Corporate participate in the Exelon money pool. Pepco, DPL, and ACE participate in the PHI intercompany money pool.

#### Noncurrent Receivables from affiliates

ComEd and PECO have noncurrent receivables with Generation as a result of the nuclear decommissioning contractual construct whereby, to the extent NDT funds are greater than the underlying ARO at the end of decommissioning, such amounts are due back to ComEd and PECO, as applicable, for payment to their respective customers. The receivables are recorded in Receivable related to Regulatory Agreement Units as of September 30, 2022 and in noncurrent Receivables from affiliates as of December 31, 2021. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information.

#### Long-term debt to financing trusts

The following table presents Long-term debt to financing trusts:

		Septe	ember 30, 2022	2			Dec	ember 31, 2021	
	 Exelon		ComEd		PECO	 Exelon		ComEd	PECO
ComEd Financing III	\$ 206	\$	205	\$	_	\$ 206	\$	205	\$ 
PECO Trust III	81		_		81	81		_	81
PECO Trust IV	103				103	103		_	103
Total	\$ 390	\$	205	\$	184	\$ 390	\$	205	\$ 184

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(Dollars in millions except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

## Exelon

## **Executive Overview**

Exelon is a utility services holding company engaged in the energy distribution and transmission businesses through ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE.

Exelon has six reportable segments consisting of ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE. See Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies and Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding Exelon's principal subsidiaries and reportable segments.

Exelon's consolidated financial information includes the results of its seven separate operating subsidiary registrants, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, which, along with Exelon, are collectively referred to as the Registrants. The following combined Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is separately filed by Exelon, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE. However, none of the Registrants makes any representation as to information related solely to any of the other Registrants.

### **Financial Results of Operations**

**GAAP Results of Operations.** The following table sets forth Exelon's GAAP consolidated Net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations and the Utility Registrants' Net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021. For additional information regarding the financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 see the discussions of Results of Operations by Registrant.

	Th	Three Months Ended September 30,		Favora	able	Nine Months En	ded Sep	tember 30,	Fa	avorable	
	-	2022		2021	(Unfavorable		 2022		2021		rable) Variance
Exelon	\$	676	\$	457	\$	219	\$ 1,622	\$	1,307	\$	315
ComEd		291		220		71	706		609		97
PECO		135		111		24	474		383		91
BGE		33		36		(3)	267		290		(23)
PHI		289		266		23	518		535		(17)
Рерсо		145		130		15	261		264		(3)
DPL		52		50		2	130		135		(5)
ACE		94		90		4	131		141		(10)
Other <sup>(a)</sup>		(72)		(176)		104	(343)		(510)		167

(a) Primarily includes eliminating and consolidating adjustments, Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities and other financing and investing activities.

The separation of Constellation, including Generation and its subsidiaries, meets the criteria for discontinued operations and as such, Generation's results of operations are presented as discontinued operations and have been excluded from Exelon's continuing operations for all periods presented.

Accounting rules require that certain BSC costs previously allocated to Generation be presented as part of Exelon's continuing operations as these costs do not qualify as expenses of the discontinued operations. Such costs are included in Other in the table above. See further discussion below.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations increased by \$219 million and



diluted earnings per average common share from continuing operations increased to \$0.68 in 2022 from \$0.47 in 2021 primarily due to:

- · Higher electric distribution earnings from higher allowed electric distribution ROE due to an increase in treasury rates and higher rate base at ComEd;
- · The favorable impacts of rate increases at PECO, BGE, and PHI;
- Favorable impacts of decreased storm costs at PECO and BGE; and
- Lower BSC costs, which were previously allocated to Generation but do not qualify as expenses of the discontinued operations per the accounting rules. Such costs, on a pre-tax basis, were \$104 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021.

The increases were partially offset by:

- An adjustment at PECO to exclude one-time non-cash impacts associated with the remeasurement of deferred income taxes as a result of the reduction in Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate;
- Higher depreciation expense at PECO and PHI; and
- Higher interest expense at Exelon Corporate.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations increased by \$315 million and diluted earnings per average common share from continuing operations increased to \$1.65 in 2022 from \$1.33 in 2021 primarily due to:

- Higher electric distribution earnings from higher allowed electric distribution ROE due to an increase in treasury rates and higher rate base at ComEd;
- The favorable impacts of rate increases at PECO, BGE, and PHI;
- · Favorable impacts of decreased storm costs at PECO and BGE; and
- Lower BSC costs presented in Exelon's continuing operations, which were previously allocated to Generation but do not qualify as expenses of the
  discontinued operation per the accounting rules. Such costs, on a pre-tax basis, were \$28 million for the period in 2022 prior to the separation on
  February 1, 2022 (January 1, 2022 to January 31, 2022) and \$309 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

The increases were partially offset by:

- An income tax expense recorded in connection with the separation primarily due to the long-term marginal state income tax rate change, the recognition
  of valuation allowances against the net deferred tax assets positions for certain standalone state filing jurisdictions, and nondeductible transaction costs
  partially offset by a one-time impact associated with a state tax benefit;
- An adjustment at PECO to exclude one-time non-cash impacts associated with the remeasurement of deferred income taxes as a result of the reduction in Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate;
- The absence of favorable weather and volume as a result of the CIP at ACE;
- Higher depreciation expense at PECO, BGE, and PHI;
- · Higher credit loss expense at BGE and PHI;
- · Higher storm costs at PHI; and
- Higher interest expense at PHI and Exelon Corporate.

Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings. In addition to net income, Exelon evaluates its operating performance using the measure of Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings because management believes it represents earnings directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating

earnings exclude certain costs, expenses, gains and losses, and other specified items. This information is intended to enhance an investor's overall understanding of year-to-year operating results and provide an indication of Exelon's baseline operating performance excluding items that are considered by management to be not directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. In addition, this information is among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for evaluating performance, allocating resources, setting incentive compensation targets, and planning and forecasting of future periods. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings is not a presentation defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations or deemed more useful than the GAAP information provided elsewhere in this report.

The following tables provide a reconciliation between net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations as determined in accordance with GAAP and adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021.

			Three Months End	ded S	September 30,		
	20	22			20	21	
(In millions, except per share data)			Earnings per Diluted Share				Earnings per Diluted Share
Net Income Attributable to Common Shareholders from Continuing Operations	\$ 676	\$	0.68	\$	457	\$	0.47
Mark-to-Market Impact of Economic Hedging Activities (net of taxes of \$1)			—		3		_
Cost Management Program (net of taxes of \$0)	_		_		4		
COVID-19 Direct Costs (net of taxes of \$0) <sup>(a)</sup>	_		_		3		_
Asset Retirement Obligation (net of taxes of \$2 and \$1)	(4)		_		2		_
Acquisition Related Costs (net of taxes of \$2) <sup>(b)</sup>	_		_		7		0.01
ERP System Implementation Costs (net of taxes \$1) <sup>(c)</sup>	_		_		4		_
Asset Impairments (net of taxes of \$10)	37		0.04		_		_
Separation Costs (net of taxes of \$1 and \$8, respectively) <sup>(d)</sup>	(3)		_		16		0.02
Income Tax-Related Adjustments (entire amount represents tax expense) <sup>(e)</sup>	38		0.04		26		0.03
Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings	\$ 745	\$	0.75	\$	522	\$	0.53

			Nine Months End	led S	September 30,		
	 2	022			20	21	
(In millions, except per share data)			Earnings per Diluted Share				Earnings per Diluted Share
Net Income Attributable to Common Shareholders from Continuing Operations	\$ 1,622	\$	1.65	\$	1,307	\$	1.33
Mark-to-Market Impact of Economic Hedging Activities (net of taxes of \$2)	—		—		6		0.01
Cost Program Management (net of taxes of \$0)	_		_		5		0.01
COVID-19 Direct Costs (net of taxes of \$3) <sup>(a)</sup>	_		_		7		0.01
Asset Retirement Obligation (net of taxes of \$2 and \$1)	(4)		_		2		_
Acquisition Related Costs (net of taxes of \$5) <sup>(b)</sup>	_		_		15		0.02
ERP System Implementation Costs (net of taxes of \$0 and \$2, respectively) <sup>(c)</sup>	1		_		10		0.01
Asset Impairments (net of taxes of \$10)	37		0.04		_		_
Separation Costs (net of taxes of \$10 and \$13, respectively) <sup>(d)</sup>	25		0.03		29		0.03
Income Tax-Related Adjustments (entire amount represents tax expense) <sup>(f)</sup>	130		0.13		24		0.02
Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings	\$ 1,811	\$	1.84	\$	1,405	\$	1.43

Note:

Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

Unless otherwise noted, the income tax impact of each reconciling item between GAAP Net Income from Continuing Operations and Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings is based on the marginal statutory federal and state income tax rates for each Registrant, taking into account whether the income or expense item is taxable or deductible, respectively, in whole or in part. The marginal statutory income tax rates for 2022 and 2021 ranged from 24.0% to 29.0%.

Represents direct costs related to COVID-19 consisting primarily of costs to acquire personal protective equipment, costs for cleaning supplies and services, and costs to hire (a) healthcare professionals to monitor the health of employees, which are recorded in Operating and maintenance expense. Reflects certain BSC costs related to the acquisition of Electricite de France SA's (EDF's) interest in CENG, which was completed in the third quarter of 2021, that were

(b) historically allocated to Constellation Energy Generation, LLC

(Generation) but are presented as part of continuing operations in Exelon's results as these costs do not qualify as expenses of the discontinued operations per the accounting rules.

- (c) Reflects costs related to a multi-year Enterprise Resource Program (ERP) system implementation, which are recorded in Operating and maintenance expense.
   (d) Represents costs related to the separation primarily comprised of system-related costs, third-party costs paid to advisors, consultants, lawyers, and other experts assisting in the
- separation, and employee-related severance costs, which are recorded in Operating and maintenance expense.
   In 2022, for PECO, reflects an adjustment to exclude one-time non-cash impacts associated with the remeasurement of deferred income taxes as a result of the reduction in Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate. In 2021, for Corporate, primarily reflects the adjustment to deferred income taxes due to changes in forecasted apportionment.
- (f) In 2022, for PECO, reflects an adjustment to exclude one-time non-cash impacts associated with the remeasurement of deferred income taxes as a result of the reduction in Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate. In 2022, for Corporate, in connection with the separation, Exelon recorded an income tax expense primarily due to the long-term marginal state income tax rate change, the recognition of valuation allowances against the net deferred tax assets positions for certain standalone state filing jurisdictions, and nondeductible transaction costs partially offset by a one-time impact associated with a state tax benefit. In 2021, for Corporate, primarily reflects the adjustment to deferred income taxes due to changes in forecasted apportionment.

#### Significant 2022 Transactions and Developments

#### Separation

On February 21, 2021, Exelon's Board of Directors approved a plan to separate the Utility Registrants and Generation, creating two publicly traded companies ("the separation"). Exelon completed the separation on February 1, 2022. Constellation was newly formed and incorporated in Pennsylvania on June 15, 2021 for the purpose of separation and holds Generation. The separation represented a strategic shift that would have a major effect on Exelon's operations and financial results. Accordingly, the separation meets the criteria for discontinued operations. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the separation and discontinued operations.

In connection with the separation, Exelon incurred separation (benefit)/costs impacting continuing operations of \$(2) million and \$24 million on a pre-tax basis for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$35 million and \$42 million on a pre-tax basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$35 million and \$42 million on a pre-tax basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$35 million and \$42 million on a pre-tax basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which are recorded in Operating and maintenance expense. Total separation costs impacting continuing operations for the remainder of 2022 are not expected to be material. These costs are excluded from Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings. The separation costs are primarily comprised of system-related costs, third-party costs paid to advisors, consultants, lawyers, and other experts assisting in the separation, and employee-related severance costs.

#### **Equity Securities Offering**

On August 4, 2022, Exelon entered into an agreement with certain underwriters in connection with an underwritten public offering of 12.995 million shares of its common stock, no par value. The net proceeds were \$563 million before expenses paid by Exelon. See Note 14 – Shareholders' Equity of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

#### **ComEd Electric Distribution Rates**

On November 3, 2022, ComEd announced it plans on filing a four-year MRP in January 2023. The MRP will set rates for 2024 – 2027, based on forecasted revenue requirements and an ICC determined rate of return on rate base, including the cost of common equity. See Note 3 – Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

#### **Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings**

The Utility Registrants file base rate cases with their regulatory commissions seeking increases or decreases to their electric transmission and distribution, and gas distribution rates to recover their costs and earn a fair return on their investments. The outcomes of these regulatory proceedings impact the Utility Registrants' current and future financial statements.

The following tables show the Utility Registrants' completed and pending distribution base rate case proceedings in 2022. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Completed Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Service	Reques Reven Requirer Increa	ue ment	Approved Revenue Requirement Increase	Approved ROE	Approval Date	Rate Effective Date
ComEd - Illinois	April 16, 2021	Electric	\$	51	\$ 46	7.36 %	December 1, 2021	January 1, 2022
PECO - Pennsylvania	March 30, 2021	Electric		246	132	N/A	November 18, 2021	January 1, 2022
	March 31, 2022	Natural Gas		82	55		October 27, 2022	January 1, 2023
DOE Mandand	May 15, 2020	Electric		203	140	9.50 %	December 40, 2020	January 1, 2021
BGE - Maryland	(amended September 11, 2020)	Natural Gas		108	74	9.65 %	December 16, 2020	January 1, 2021
Pepco - District of Columbia	May 30, 2019 (amended June 1, 2020)	Electric		136	109	9.275 %	June 8, 2021	July 1, 2021
Pepco - Maryland	October 26, 2020 (amended March 31, 2021)	Electric		104	52	9.55 %	June 28, 2021	June 28, 2021
DPL - Maryland	September 1, 2021 (amended December 23, 2021)	Electric		27	13	9.60 %	March 2, 2022	March 2, 2022
DPL - Delaware	January 14, 2022 (amended August 15, 2022)	Natural Gas		13	8	9.60 %	October 12, 2022	November 1, 2022
ACE - New Jersey	December 9, 2020 (amended February 26, 2021)	Electric		67	41	9.60 %	July 14, 2021	January 1, 2022

#### Pending Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Service	ted Revenue ment Increase	Requested ROE	Expected Approval Timing
ComEd - Illinois	April 15, 2022	Electric	\$ 199	7.85 %	Fourth quarter of 2022
DPL - Maryland	May 19, 2022	Electric	38	10.25 %	Fourth quarter of 2022

#### Transmission Formula Rates

For 2022, the following total increases/(decreases) were included in the Utility Registrants' electric transmission formula rate updates. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

1	Registrant	Initial Revenue Requirement Increase	Annual Reconciliation (Decrease) Increase	Total Revenue Requirement Increase	Allowed Return on Rate Base	Allowed ROE
ComEd		\$ 24	\$ (24)	\$ —	8.11 %	11.50 %
PECO		23	16	39	7.30 %	10.35 %
BGE		25	(4)	16	7.30 %	10.50 %
Рерсо		16	15	31	7.60 %	10.50 %
DPL		9	2	11	7.09 %	10.50 %
ACE		21	13	34	7.18 %	10.50 %

#### Pennsylvania Corporate Income Tax Rate Change

On July 8, 2022, Pennsylvania enacted House Bill 1342, which will permanently reduce the corporate income tax rate from 9.99% to 4.99%. The tax rate will be reduced to 8.99% for the 2023 tax year. Starting with the 2024 tax year, the rate is reduced by 0.50% annually until it reaches 4.99% in 2031. As a result of the rate change, in the third quarter of 2022, Exelon and PECO recorded a one-time decrease to deferred income taxes of \$390 million with a corresponding decrease to the deferred income taxes regulatory asset of \$428 million for the amounts that are expected to be settled through future customer rates and an increase to income tax expense of \$38 million (net of federal taxes), which was excluded from Exelon's Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings. The tax rate decrease is not expected to have a material ongoing impact to Exelon's and PECO's financial statements. See Note 8 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

## Inflation Reduction Act

On August 16, 2022, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) was signed into law. The bill extends tax benefits for renewable technologies like solar and wind, creates new tax benefits for alternative clean energy sources like nuclear and hydrogen and it focuses on energy efficiency, electrification, and equity. However, the bill also implements a new 15.0% corporate alternative minimum tax based on adjusted GAAP income. Exelon estimates the IRA could result in an increase in cash taxes for Exelon of approximately \$200 million per year starting in 2023. Exelon is continuing to assess the impacts of the IRA on the financial statements and will update estimates based on guidance to be issued by the U.S. Treasury and IRS in the future.

#### Asset Impairment

In the third quarter of 2022, a review of the impacts of COVID-19 on office use resulted in plans to cease the renovation and dispose of an office building at BGE before the asset was placed into service. As a result, Exelon and BGE recorded a pre-tax impairment charge of \$46 million in the third quarter of 2022, which was excluded from Exelon's Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings. See Note 7 – Asset Impairments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

## **Other Key Business Drivers and Management Strategies**

The following discussion of other key business drivers and management strategies includes current developments of previously disclosed matters and new issues arising during the period that may impact future financial statements. This section should be read in conjunction with ITEM 1. Business in the 2021 Form 10-K, ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Other Key Business Drivers and Management Strategies in the 2021 Recast Form 10-K, and Note 13 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in this report for additional information on various environmental matters.

#### Legislative and Regulatory Developments

#### Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act

On November 15, 2021, President Biden signed the \$1.2 trillion Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) into law. IIJA provides for approximately \$550 billion in new federal spending. Categories of funding include funding for a variety of infrastructure needs, including but not limited to: (1) power and grid reliability and resilience, (2) resilience for cybersecurity to address critical infrastructure needs, and (3) electric vehicle charging infrastructure for alternative fuel corridors. Federal agencies are developing guidelines to implement spending programs under IIJA. The time needed to develop these guidelines will vary with some limited program applications opened as early as the first quarter of 2022. The Registrants are continuing to analyze the legislation and considering possible opportunities to apply for funding, either directly or in potential collaborations with state and/or local agencies and key stakeholders. The Registrants cannot predict the ultimate timing and success of securing funding from programs under IIJA.

ComEd and BGE applied for the Middle Mile Grant (MMG), which establishes and funds construction, improvement, or acquisition of middle mile broadband infrastructure which creates high-speed internet services. The MMG addresses inequitable broadband access by expansion and extension of the middle mile infrastructure in underserved communities. ComEd and BGE cannot predict if their applications will be approved as filed or the timing of receiving any funds if they are awarded a grant.

## **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Management of each of the Registrants makes a number of significant estimates, assumptions, and judgments in the preparation of its financial statements. At September 30, 2022, the Registrants' critical accounting policies and estimates had not changed significantly from December 31, 2021. See ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates in the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for further information.

# **Results of Operations by Registrant**

## Results of Operations — ComEd

		Three Months Ended September 30,			(Unfavorable) Favorable		Nine Months Ended September 30,				(Unfavorable) Favorable	
		2022		2021		Variance		2022		2021	Variance	
Operating revenues	\$	1,378	\$	1,789	\$	(411)	\$	4,536	\$	4,840	\$	(304)
Operating expenses												
Purchased power		121		703		582		1,041		1,728		687
Operating and maintenance		355		330		(25)		1,045		969		(76)
Depreciation and amortization		333		304		(29)		982		893		(89)
Taxes other than income taxes		104		91		(13)		289		243		(46)
Total operating expenses		913		1,428		515		3,357	_	3,833		476
Loss on sales of assets		_				_	_	(2)		_		(2)
Operating income	_	465		361		104	-	1,177		1,007		170
Other income and (deductions)							_					
Interest expense, net		(104)		(98)		(6)		(308)		(292)		(16)
Other, net		14		13		1		40		35		5
Total other income and (deductions)		(90)		(85)		(5)		(268)		(257)		(11)
Income before income taxes		375		276		99	-	909		750		159
Income taxes		84		56		(28)		203		141		(62)
Net income	\$	291	\$	220	\$	71	\$	706	\$	609	\$	97

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income increased by \$71 million as compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to increases in electric distribution formula rate earnings (reflecting higher allowed electric distribution ROE due to an increase in treasury rates and the impacts of higher rate base).

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income increased by \$97 million as compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to increases in electric distribution formula rate earnings (reflecting higher allowed electric distribution ROE due to an increase in treasury rates and the impacts of higher rate base) partially offset by the voluntary customer refund related to the ICC investigation of matters identified in the Deferred Prosecution Agreement. See Note 13 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2022		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022
	 Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)	
Distribution	\$ 112	\$	223
Transmission	9		47
Energy efficiency	19		39
Other	6		9
	 146		318
Regulatory required programs	(557)		(622)
Total increase	\$ (411)	\$	(304)

**Revenue Decoupling.** The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather, usage per customer, or number of customers as a result of revenue decoupling mechanisms implemented pursuant to FEJA.

**Distribution Revenue.** EIMA and FEJA provide for a performance-based formula rate, which requires an annual reconciliation of the revenue requirement in effect to the actual costs that the ICC determines are prudently and reasonably incurred in a given year. Electric distribution revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, (e.g., severe weather and storm restoration), investments being recovered, and allowed ROE. Electric distribution revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021, due to higher allowed ROE due to an increase in treasury rates, the impact of a higher rate base, and higher fully recoverable costs.

**Transmission Revenue.** Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, capital investments being recovered, and the highest daily peak load, which is updated annually in January based on the prior calendar year. Generally, increases/decreases in the highest daily peak load will result in higher/lower transmission revenue. Transmission revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021 primarily due to the impact of higher rate base and higher fully recoverable costs.

**Energy Efficiency Revenue.** FEJA provides for a performance-based formula rate, which requires an annual reconciliation of the revenue requirement in effect to the actual costs that the ICC determines are prudently and reasonably incurred in a given year. Under FEJA, energy efficiency revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, investments being recovered, and allowed ROE. Energy efficiency revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to increased regulatory asset amortization, which is fully recoverable.

**Other Revenue** primarily includes assistance provided to other utilities through mutual assistance programs. Other revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021, which primarily reflects mutual assistance revenues associated with storm restoration efforts.

**Regulatory Required Programs** represents revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as recoveries under the credit loss expense tariff, environmental costs associated with MGP sites, ETAC, and costs related to electricity, ZEC, CMC, and REC procurement. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding CMCs. ETAC is a retail customer surcharge collected by electric utilities operating in Illinois established by CEJA and remitted to an Illinois state agency for programs to support clean energy jobs and training. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense and Taxes other than income. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries as ComEd remains the distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from competitive suppliers, ComEd either acts as the billing agent or the competitive supplier separately bills its own customers, and therefore does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power expense related to the electricity. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from competitive zuppliers, CMC, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and therefore records equal and offsetting amounts in Operating revenues and Purchased power expense related to the electricity, ZEC, CMCs, and RECs.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of ComEd's revenue disaggregation.

The decrease of \$582 million and \$687 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, in **Purchased power expense** is primarily due to the CMCs from the participating nuclear-powered generating facilities. This favorability is offset by a decrease in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding CMCs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Month September 3		onths Ended nber 30, 2022
	Increase (De	crease) Increas	se (Decrease)
Storm-related costs	\$	10 \$	10
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense		(8)	(22)
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials		21	32
BSC costs		(2)	20
Other <sup>(a)</sup>		3	30
		24	70
Regulatory required programs <sup>(b)</sup>		1	6
Total increase	\$	25 \$	76

(a) For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the increase is primarily due to the voluntary customer refund related to the ICC investigation of matters identified in the Deferred Prosecution Agreement. See Note 13 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to the Deferred Prosecution Agreement.

(b) ComEd is allowed to recover from or refund to customers the difference between its annual credit loss expense and the amounts collected in rates annually through a rider mechanism.

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

	ee Months Ended ptember 30, 2022	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022		
	 Increase		Increase	
Depreciation and amortization <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 17	\$	50	
Regulatory asset amortization <sup>(b)</sup>	12		39	
Total increase	\$ 29	\$	89	

(a) Reflects ongoing capital expenditures.

(b) Includes amortization of ComEd's energy efficiency formula rate regulatory asset.

Taxes other than income taxes increased by \$13 million and by \$46 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to taxes related to ETAC, which is recovered through Operating revenues.

Effective income tax rates were 22.4% and 20.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and 22.3% and 18.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. See Note 8 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

## **Results of Operations — PECO**

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable)		Nine Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	 2022		2021		Variance		2022	2021		Variance	
Operating revenues	\$ 1,014	\$	818	\$	196	\$	2,877	\$	2,399	\$	478
Operating expenses											
Purchased power and fuel	403		277		(126)		1,093		800		(293)
Operating and maintenance	243		263		20		705		706		1
Depreciation and amortization	92		86		(6)		277		259		(18)
Taxes other than income taxes	60		51		(9)		155		143		(12)
Total operating expenses	 798		677		(121)		2,230		1,908		(322)
Operating income	 216		141		75		647		491		156
Other income and (deductions)											
Interest expense, net	(45)		(40)		(5)		(129)		(119)		(10)
Other, net	8		7		1		23		20		3
Total other income and (deductions)	 (37)		(33)		(4)		(106)		(99)		(7)
Income before income taxes	 179		108		71		541		392		149
Income taxes	44		(3)		(47)		67		9		(58)
Net income	\$ 135	\$	111	\$	24	\$	474	\$	383	\$	91

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income increased by \$24 million, primarily due to increases in electric distribution rates and lower storm costs, partially offset by a decrease in electrical volume and the one-time non-cash impacts associated with the Pennsylvania corporate income tax legislation passed in July 2022.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income increased by \$91 million, primarily due to increases in electric and gas distribution rates, partially offset by the one-time non-cash impacts associated with the Pennsylvania corporate income tax legislation passed in July 2022.

The changes in Operating revenues consisted of the following:

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2022					Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					
		Increase (Decrease)					Increase (Decrease)					
	E	lectric		Gas		Total		Electric		Gas		Total
Weather	\$	28	\$	_	\$	28	\$	23	\$	(5)	\$	18
Volume		(23)		1		(22)		(19)		11		(8)
Pricing		45		1		46		110		24		134
Transmission		2		_		2		10				10
Other		3		1		4		14		5		19
		55		3		58		138		35		173
Regulatory required programs		123		15		138		218		87		305
Total increase	\$	178	\$	18	\$	196	\$	356	\$	122	\$	478

Weather. The demand for electricity and natural gas is affected by weather conditions. With respect to the electric business, very warm weather in summer months and, with respect to the electric and natural gas businesses, very cold weather in winter months are referred to as "favorable weather conditions" because these weather conditions result in increased deliveries of electricity and natural gas. Conversely, mild weather reduces demand. During the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, Operating revenues related to weather increased by the impact of favorable weather conditions. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, Operating revenues related to weather increased by the impact of favorable weather increased by the impact of favorable weather increased by the impact of favorable weather conditions in PECO's service territory.

Heating and cooling degree-days are quantitative indices that reflect the demand for energy needed to heat or cool a home or business. Normal weather is determined based on historical average heating and cooling degree-days for a 30-year period in PECO's service territory. The changes in heating and cooling degree-days in PECO's service territory for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 and normal weather consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended S	eptember 30,		% Chan	ige		
PECO Service Territory	2022	2021	Normal	2022 vs. 2021	2022 vs. Normal		
Heating Degree-Days	19	4	24	375.0 %	(20.8)%		
Cooling Degree-Days	1,290	1,094	1,021	17.9 %	26.3 %		
	Nine Months Ended Se	eptember 30,		% Change			
	2022	2021	Normal	2022 vs. 2021	2022 vs. Normal		
Heating Degree-Days	2,632	2,710	2,864	(2.9)%	(8.1)%		
Cooling Degree-Days	1,725	1,517	1,413	13.7 %	22.1 %		

*Volume.* Electric volume, exclusive of the effects of weather, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, decreased due to customer mix and load growth. Natural gas volume for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, remained relatively consistent. Natural gas volume for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 increased due to retail load growth.

Three Mont Septem				Weather -	Nine Months End 30,			Weather -	
Electric Retail Deliveries to Customers (in GWhs)	2022	2021	% Change	Normal % Change <sup>(b)</sup>	2022	2021	% Change	Normal % Change <sup>(b)</sup>	
Residential	4,386	4,318	1.6 %	(5.6)%	11,204	11,201	— %	(2.0)%	
Small commercial & industrial	2,139	2,157	(0.8)%	(3.3)%	5,889	5,796	1.6 %	0.8 %	
Large commercial & industrial	3,943	3,880	1.6 %	0.1 %	10,691	10,627	0.6 %	— %	
Public authorities & electric railroads	172	155	11.0 %	10.5 %	489	425	15.1 %	15.1 %	
Total electric retail deliveries <sup>(a)</sup>	10,640	10,510	1.2 %	(2.8)%	28,273	28,049	0.8 %	(0.4)%	

	As of September 30,						
Number of Electric Customers	2022	2021					
Residential	1,523,269	1,514,836					
Small commercial & industrial	155,516	155,006					
Large commercial & industrial	3,120	3,108					
Public authorities & electric railroads	10,393	10,271					
Total	1,692,298	1,683,221					

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing electricity directly from PECO and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 30-year average.

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Natural Gas Deliveries to Customers (in .	Three Months Ended September 30,			Weather - Normal	Nine Month Septemb			Weather - Normal % Change <sup>(b)</sup>	
<u>mmcf)</u>	2022	2021	% Change			2021	% Change		
Residential	2,197	2,244	(2.1)%	0.3 %	28,240	27,945	1.1 %	4.1 %	
Small commercial & industrial	2,054	1,926	6.6 %	9.5 %	16,238	15,217	6.7 %	8.5 %	
Large commercial & industrial	6	4	50.0 %	19.6 %	20	13	53.8 %	14.0 %	
Transportation	5,162	5,356	(3.6)%	(9.3)%	18,508	18,474	0.2 %	(0.7)%	
Total natural gas retail deliveries <sup>(a)</sup>	9,419	9,530	(1.2)%	(3.1)%	63,006	61,649	2.2 %	3.8 %	

	As of September 30,				
Number of Natural Gas Customers	2022	2021			
Residential	500,934	495,752			
Small commercial & industrial	46,074	44,435			
Large commercial & industrial	9	6			
Transportation	656	670			
Total	547,673	540,863			

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing natural gas directly from PECO and customers purchasing natural gas from a competitive natural gas supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 30-year average.

**Pricing** for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 increased primarily due to increases in electric distribution rates charged to customers. Pricing for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 increased primarily due to increases in electric and gas distribution rates charged to customers.

Transmission Revenue. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered.

**Other revenue** primarily includes revenue related to late payment charges. Other revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 remained relatively consistent. Other revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 increased primarily due to revenue related to late payment charges.

**Regulatory Required Programs** represents revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency, PGC, and the GSA. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity and natural gas from competitive electric generation and natural gas suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries as PECO remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from competitive supplier separately bills its own customers and therefore PECO does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity and/or natural gas. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from PECO, PECO is permitted to recover the electricity, natural gas, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and therefore records equal and offsetting amounts in Operating revenues and Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity, natural gas, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and therefore records equal and offsetting amounts in Operating revenues and Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity, natural gas, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and RECs.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of PECO's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$126 million and \$293 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, respectively, in **Purchased power and fuel expense** is offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Month September		Nine Months E September 30,	
	(Decrease)	Increase	(Decrease) Inc	rease
Storm-related costs	\$	(40) \$	6	(39)
Credit loss expense		(7)		(3)
Pension and non-pension post retirement benefit expense		(3)		(6)
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials		17		8
BSC costs		5		21
Other		3		8
		(25)		(11)
Regulatory required programs		5		10
Total decrease	\$	(20) \$	6	(1)

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2022	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022
	Increase	Increase
Depreciation and amortization <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 6	\$ 18
Regulatory asset amortization	—	—
Total increase	\$6	\$ 18

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Taxes other than income taxes increased by \$9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to higher PA gross receipts tax, which is offset in operating revenues. Increased by \$12 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to higher PA gross receipts tax, which is offset in operating revenues, and offset by lower PA Use Tax.

Interest expense, net increased \$5 million and \$10 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, respectively, primarily due to the issuance of debt in 2021 and 2022.

Effective income tax rates were 24.6% and (2.8)% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 respectively, and 12.4% and 2.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. See Note 8 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

## Results of Operations - BGE

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable)		Nine Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	2022		2021	Variance		2022		2021		Variance	
Operating revenues	\$ 870	\$	770	\$	100	\$	2,810	\$	2,426	\$	384
Operating expenses											
Purchased power and fuel	350		290		(60)		1,093		840		(253)
Operating and maintenance	235		205		(30)		658		595		(63)
Depreciation and amortization	148		142		(6)		470		434		(36)
Taxes other than income taxes	77		72		(5)		225		211		(14)
Total operating expenses	 810		709		(101)		2,446		2,080		(366)
Operating income	 60		61		(1)		364		346		18
Other income and (deductions)											
Interest expense, net	(39)		(36)		(3)		(110)		(103)		(7)
Other, net	5		7		(2)		16		23		(7)
Total other income and (deductions)	 (34)		(29)		(5)		(94)		(80)		(14)
Income before income taxes	 26		32		(6)		270		266		4
Income taxes	(7)		(4)		3		3		(24)		(27)
Net income	\$ 33	\$	36	\$	(3)	\$	267	\$	290	\$	(23)

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income decreased \$3 million primarily due to an asset impairment in 2022, and an increase in depreciation expense and credit loss expense, partially offset by favorable impacts of the multi-year plans. See Note 7 — Asset Impairments for additional information on the asset impairment. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the three-year electric and natural gas distribution multi-year plans.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income decreased \$23 million primarily due to an asset impairment in 2022, and an increase in depreciation expense and credit loss expense, partially offset by favorable impacts of the multi-year plans. See Note 7 — Asset Impairments for additional information on the asset impairment. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the three-year electric and natural gas distribution multi-year plans.

The changes in Operating revenues consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2022							Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022						
				Increase			Increase							
	El	Electric		Gas		Total		Electric	Gas			Total		
Distribution	\$	20	\$	3	\$	23	\$	51	\$	18	\$	69		
Transmission		13		_		13		20		_		20		
Other		1		1		2		10		6		16		
		34		4		38		81		24		105		
Regulatory required programs		47		15		62		175		104		279		
Total increase	\$	81	\$	19	\$	100	\$	256	\$	128	\$	384		

**Revenue Decoupling.** The demand for electricity and natural gas is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of a monthly rate adjustment that provides for fixed distribution revenue per customer by customer class. While Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

	As of September 30,						
Number of Electric Customers	2022	2021					
Residential	1,200,786	1,194,254					
Small commercial & industrial	115,778	114,814					
Large commercial & industrial	12,774	12,584					
Public authorities & electric railroads	266	268					
Total	1,329,604	1,321,920					
	As of Sept	ember 30,					
Number of Natural Gas Customers	2022	2021					
Residential	653,413	649,745					
Small commercial & industrial	38,128	38,216					
Large commercial & industrial	6,222	6,167					
Total	697,763	694,128					

Distribution Revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, due to favorable impacts of the multi-year plans.

**Transmission Revenue.** Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered. Transmission revenue increased for the three months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to increases in capital investments and underlying costs and increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to increases in capital investments and underlying costs and increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to increases in capital investments.

**Other Revenue** includes revenue related to late payment charges, mutual assistance, off-system sales, and service application fees. Other revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to an increase in late fees charged to customers.

**Regulatory Required Programs** represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as conservation, demand response, STRIDE, and the POLR mechanism. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery, as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Taxes other than income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity and natural gas from competitive electric generation and natural gas suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries as BGE remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from competitive suppliers, BGE acts as the billing agent and therefore does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity and/or natural gas. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from BGE, BGE is permitted to recover the electricity and natural gas procurement costs from customers and therefore records the amounts related to the electricity and/or natural gas in Operating revenues and Purchased power and fuel expense. BGE recovers electricity and natural gas procurement costs from customers with a slight mark-up.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of BGE's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$60 million and \$253 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, in **Purchased power and fuel expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Mo Septemi (Decrea	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Increase (Decrease)			
Labor, other benefits, contracting, and materials	\$	(2)	\$	4	
Storm-related costs		(9)		(10)	
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense		(3)		(9)	
BSC costs		_		14	
Credit loss expense		(4)		10	
Asset impairment <sup>(a)</sup>		46		46	
Other		2		5	
		30		60	
Regulatory required programs		—		3	
Total increase	\$	30	\$	63	

(a) See Note 7 — Asset Impairments for additional information on the asset impairment.

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

		lonths Ended Iber 30, 2022		ne Months Ended ptember 30, 2022		
	Increase (Decrease)					
Depreciation and amortization <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	10	\$	30		
Regulatory required programs		(4)		2		
Regulatory asset amortization		—		4		
Total increase	\$	6	\$	36		

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Taxes other than income taxes increased by \$5 million and \$14 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to increased property taxes.

Effective income tax rates were (26.9)% and (12.5)% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and 1.1% and (9.0)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The change is primarily due to decreases in the multi-year plans' accelerated income tax benefits in 2022 as compared to 2021. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the three-year electric and natural gas distribution multi-year plans and Note 8 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

#### **Results of Operations — PHI**

PHI's Results of Operations include the results of its three reportable segments, Pepco, DPL, and ACE. PHI also has a business services subsidiary, PHISCO, which provides a variety of support services and the costs are directly charged or allocated to the applicable subsidiaries. Additionally, the results of PHI's corporate operations include interest costs from various financing activities. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The following table sets forth PHI's GAAP consolidated Net income, by Registrant, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021. See the Results of Operations for Pepco, DPL, and ACE for additional information.

	 Three Months Ended September 30,					Nir	ne Months Ei 3	nded \$ 0,	(Unf	avorable)	
	2022		2021	Favora	ble Variance		2022		2021		ole Variance
PHI	\$ 289	\$	266	\$	23	\$	518	\$	535	\$	(17)
Рерсо	145		130		15		261		264		(3)
DPL	52		50		2		130		135		(5)
ACE	94		90		4		131		141		(10)
Other <sup>(a)</sup>	(2)		(4)		2		(4)		(5)		1

(a) Primarily includes eliminating and consolidating adjustments, PHI's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investing activities.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net Income increased by \$23 million primarily due to favorable impacts as a result of Pepco's Maryland and District of Columbia multi-year plans and higher electric distribution rates at DPL and ACE, partially offset by an increase in depreciation expense.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net Income decreased by \$17 million primarily due to an increase in depreciation expense, interest expense at Pepco and ACE, credit loss expense at Pepco and DPL, storm costs at Pepco and DPL, higher contracting costs partially due to timing of maintenance projects at Pepco, the absence of favorable weather and volume as a result of the CIP at ACE, and timing of excess deferred tax amortization at Pepco, partially offset by favorable impacts as a result of Pepco's Maryland and District of Columbia multi-year plans and higher electric distribution rates at DPL and ACE.

## Results of Operations — Pepco

	Thre	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable)		Nine Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)	
		2022		2021		Variance		2022		2021		Variance
Operating revenues	\$	724	\$	660	\$	64	\$	1,919	\$	1,736	\$	183
Operating expenses												
Purchased power		230		172		(58)		605		471		(134)
Operating and maintenance		121		120		(1)		380		341		(39)
Depreciation and amortization		99		104		5		312		302		(10)
Taxes other than income taxes		105		105		_		291		282		(9)
Total operating expenses		555		501		(54)		1,588		1,396		(192)
Operating income		169		159		10		331		340		(9)
Other income and (deductions)												
Interest expense, net		(37)		(35)		(2)		(111)		(104)		(7)
Other, net		14		12		2		39		37		2
Total other income and (deductions)		(23)		(23)		_		(72)		(67)		(5)
Income before income taxes		146		136		10		259		273		(14)
Income taxes		1		6		5		(2)		9		11
Net income	\$	145	\$	130	\$	15	\$	261	\$	264	\$	(3)

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net Income increased by \$15 million primarily due to favorable impacts of the Maryland and District of Columbia multi-year plans, partially offset by an increase in depreciation expense.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income decreased by \$3 million primarily due to higher contracting costs partially due to timing of maintenance projects, an increase in depreciation expense, credit loss expense, storm costs, interest expense, and timing of excess deferred tax amortization, partially offset by the favorable impacts of the Maryland and District of Columbia multi-year plans.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

		onths Ended ber 30, 2022		Ended September 80, 2022	
	Increase	e (Decrease)	Increas	Increase (Decrease)	
Distribution	\$	20	\$	47	
Transmission		(8)		_	
Other		(3)		(3)	
		9		44	
Regulatory required programs		55		139	
Total increase	\$	64	\$	183	

**Revenue Decoupling.** The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues from electric distribution in both Maryland and the District of Columbia are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of a bill stabilization adjustment (BSA) that provides for a fixed distribution charge per customer by customer class. While Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

	As of September 30,						
Number of Electric Customers	2022	2021					
Residential	853,873	839,574					
Small commercial & industrial	54,423	53,849					
Large commercial & industrial	22,789	22,586					
Public authorities & electric railroads	196	179					
Total	931,281	916,188					

*Distribution Revenue* increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 primarily due to favorable impacts of the Maryland and District of Columbia multi-year plans.

**Transmission Revenue** Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered. Transmission revenue decreased for the three months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to decreases in underlying costs. Transmission revenue remained consistent for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Other Revenue includes rental revenue, revenue related to late payment charges, mutual assistance revenues, and recoveries of other taxes.

**Regulatory Required Programs** represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency programs, DC PLUG, and SOS procurement and administrative costs. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Taxes other than income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries, as Pepco remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from competitive suppliers, Pepco acts as the billing agent and therefore, Pepco does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power expense related to the electricity. For customers that choose to purchase dever expense related to the electricity. For customers that choose to purchase dever expense related to the electricity. For customers that choose to purchase dever expense related to the electricity. For customers that choose to purchase dever expense related to the electricity and therefore records the amounts related to the electricity and REC procurement costs from customers and therefore records the amounts related to the electricity and REC procurement costs from customers with a slight mark-up.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of Pepco's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$58 million and \$134 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, respectively, in **Purchased power expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in Operating and maintenance expense consisted of the following:

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2022			
	Increase (I	Increase (Decrease)			
BSC and PHISCO Costs	\$	1	\$	14	
Storm-related costs		1		7	
Credit loss expense		—		9	
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials <sup>(a)</sup>		(1)		7	
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense		_		1	
Other		(2)		(3)	
		(1)		35	
Regulatory required programs		2		4	
Total increase	\$	1	\$	39	

(a) Primarily reflects higher contracting costs partially due to timing of maintenance projects.

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

	Three Mont September			Ended September 0, 2022
	(Decre	Increase (Decrease)		
Depreciation and amortization <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	(1)	\$	10
Regulatory asset amortization		(1)		(3)
Regulatory required programs		(3)		3
Total (decrease) increase	\$	(5)	\$	10

(a) Depreciation and amortization decreased for the three months ended September 30, 2022 primarily due to a reduction in transmission depreciation rates approved on August 16, 2022, which is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of the FERC-approved formula. Depreciation and amortization increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Taxes other than income taxes remained consistent for the for three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 and increased by \$9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to an increase in property taxes.

Interest expense, net increased by \$2 million and \$7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, respectively, primarily due to the issuance of debt in 2021 and 2022.

Effective income tax rates were 0.7% and 4.4% for three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and (0.8)% and 3.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 change is primarily due to the acceleration of certain income tax benefits as a result of the Maryland and District of Columbia multi-year plans, partially offset by the timing of excess deferred tax amortization. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statement for additional information on the three-year electric distribution multi-year plans and Note 8 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

## Results of Operations - DPL

	Three	Three Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)		Nine Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	2	2022		2021		Variance		2022		2021	Variance			
Operating revenues	\$	412	\$	360	\$	52	\$	1,176	\$	1,040	\$	136		
Operating expenses														
Purchased power and fuel		183		138		(45)		507		402		(105)		
Operating and maintenance		84		87		3		266		249		(17)		
Depreciation and amortization		59		53		(6)		172		157		(15)		
Taxes other than income taxes		19		17		(2)		54		50		(4)		
Total operating expenses		345		295		(50)		999		858		(141)		
Operating income		67		65		2		177		182		(5)		
Other income and (deductions)														
Interest expense, net		(16)		(15)		(1)		(48)		(47)		(1)		
Other, net		3		3		_		9		9				
Total other income and (deductions)		(13)		(12)		(1)		(39)		(38)		(1)		
Income before income taxes		54		53		1		138		144		(6)		
Income taxes		2		3		1		8		9		1		
Net income	\$	52	\$	50	\$	2	\$	130	\$	135	\$	(5)		

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income remained relatively consistent.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income decreased \$5 million primarily due to an increase in credit loss expense, storm costs, and depreciation expense, partially offset by higher electric distribution rates.

The changes in Operating revenues consisted of the following:

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2022					Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					
			Increas	e (Decrease)					Increa	se (Decrease)		
	E	lectric		Gas		Total		Electric		Gas		Total
Weather	\$	1	\$	_	\$	1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Volume		_		(1)		(1)		4		2		6
Distribution		3		1		4		13		4		17
Transmission		4		_		4		6		_		6
Other		(1)		_		(1)		(2)		_		(2)
		7		_		7		21		6		27
Regulatory required programs		30		15		45		74		35		109
Total increase	\$	37	\$	15	\$	52	\$	95	\$	41	\$	136

**Revenue Decoupling.** The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues from electric distribution in Maryland are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of a bill stabilization adjustment (BSA) that provides for a fixed distribution charge per customer by customer class. While Operating revenues from electric distribution customers in Maryland are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

Weather. The demand for electricity and natural gas in Delaware is affected by weather conditions. With respect to the electric business, very warm weather in summer months and, with respect to the electric and natural gas businesses, very cold weather in winter months are referred to as "favorable weather conditions" because these weather conditions result in increased deliveries of electricity and natural gas. Conversely, mild weather reduces

demand. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, Operating revenues related to weather remained relatively consistent.

Heating and cooling degree days are quantitative indices that reflect the demand for energy needed to heat or cool a home or business. Normal weather is determined based on historical average heating and cooling degree days for a 20-year period in DPL's Delaware electric service territory and a 30-year period in DPL's Delaware natural gas service territory. The changes in heating and cooling degree days in DPL's Delaware service territory for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to same period in 2021 and normal weather consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended Se	eptember 30,		% Change				
Delaware Electric Service Territory	2022	2021	Normal	2022 vs. 2021	2022 vs. Normal			
Heating Degree-Days	32	11	26	190.9 %	23.1 %			
Cooling Degree-Days	1,043	969	906	7.6 %	15.1 %			
	Nine Months Ended Se	ptember 30,		% Chang	e			
	2022	2021	Normal	2022 vs. 2021	2022 vs. Normal			
Heating Degree-Days	2,828	2,848	2,977	(0.7)%	(5.0)%			
Cooling Degree-Days	1,374	1,333	1,243	3.1 %	10.5 %			
	Three Months Ended	l September 30,		% Cha	inge			
Delaware Natural Gas Service Territory	2022	2021	Normal	2022 vs. 2021	2022 vs. Normal			
Heating Degree-Days	32	11	36	190.9 %	(11.1)%			
	Nine Months Ended	September 30,		% Change				
	2022	2021	Normal	2022 vs. 2021	2022 vs. Normal			
Heating Degree-Days	2,828	2,848	3,029	(0.7)%	(6.6)%			

*Volume,* exclusive of the effects of weather, remained relatively consistent for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 and increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 primarily due to customer growth and usage.

Electric Retail Deliveries to	Three Mont Septem			Weather - Normal	Nine Mont Septem			Weather - Normal % Change <sup>(b)</sup>	
Delaware Customers (in GWhs)	2022	2021	% Change	% Change <sup>(b)</sup>	2022	2021	% Change		
Residential	978	973	0.5 %	(2.1)%	2,548	2,530	0.7 %	0.2 %	
Small commercial & industrial	400	412	(2.9)%	(4.0)%	1,107	1,111	(0.4)%	(0.6)%	
Large commercial & industrial	856	860	(0.5)%	(1.2)%	2,394	2,359	1.5 %	1.4 %	
Public authorities & electric railroads	7	7	— %	(1.7)%	24	26	(7.7)%	(6.1)%	
Total electric retail deliveries <sup>(a)</sup>	2,241	2,252	(0.5)%	(2.1)%	6,073	6,026	0.8 %	0.5 %	
						As o	of September 30.		

	As of September 50,			
Number of Total Electric Customers (Maryland and Delaware)	2022	2021		
Residential	480,779	476,008		
Small commercial & industrial	63,685	62,990		
Large commercial & industrial	1,230	1,215		
Public authorities & electric railroads	597	605		
Total	546,291	540,818		

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing electricity directly from DPL and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 20-year average.

Natural Gas Retail Deliveries to	Three Mont Septeml			Weather - Normal		ths Ended nber 30,		Weather - Normal	
Delaware Customers (in mmcf)	2022	2021	% Change	% Change <sup>(b)</sup>	2022	2021	% Change	% Change <sup>(b)</sup>	
Residential	374	399	(6.3)%	(15.2)%	5,810	5,507	5.5 %	4.7 %	
Small commercial & industrial	331	352	(6.0)%	(10.2)%	2,882	2,647	8.9 %	9.1 %	
Large commercial & industrial	397	395	0.5 %	0.6 %	1,259	1,247	1.0 %	0.9 %	
Transportation	1,284	1,303	(1.5)%	(2.1)%	4,934	4,997	(1.3)%	(1.1)%	
Total natural gas deliveries <sup>(a)</sup>	2,386	2,449	(2.6)%	(5.2)%	14,885	14,398	3.4 %	3.2 %	

	As of September 30,					
Number of Delaware Natural Gas Customers	2022	2021				
Residential	129,005	127,740				
Small commercial & industrial	10,044	9,935				
Large commercial & industrial	16	21				
Transportation	156	158				
Total	139,221	137,854				

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing natural gas directly from DPL and customers purchasing natural gas from a competitive natural gas supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 30-year average.

**Distribution Revenue** increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 primarily due to higher electric distribution rates in Maryland that became effective in March 2022 and higher DSIC rates in Delaware that became effective in January and July 2022.

*Transmission Revenue* Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, transmission revenue increased, primarily due to increases in underlying costs.

Other Revenue includes rental revenue, revenue related to late payment charges, mutual assistance revenues, and recoveries of other taxes.

**Regulatory Required Programs** represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency programs, DE Renewable Portfolio Standards, SOS procurement and administrative costs, and GCR costs. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Taxes other than income taxes. All customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers; however, only certain commercial and industrial customers have the choice to purchase natural gas from competitive natural gas suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries as DPL remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from competitive suppliers, DPL either acts as the billing agent or the competitive supplier separately bills its own customers, and therefore does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity and/or natural gas. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from DPL, DPL is permitted to recover the electricity, natural gas, and RECs in Operating revenues and Purchased power and fuel expense. DPL recovers electricity and REC procurement costs from customers with a slight mark-up, and natural gas costs without mark-up.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of DPL's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$45 million and \$105 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021, respectively, in **Purchased power and fuel expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in Operating and maintenance expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2022	September 30, 2022			
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)			
Storm-related costs	\$	1	\$	4	
BSC and PHISCO costs		1		7	
Credit loss expense		_		4	
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials		(5)		(3)	
Other		(2)		1	
		(5)		13	
Regulatory required programs		2		4	
Total (decrease) increase	\$	(3)	\$	17	

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2022		ine Months Ended eptember 30, 2022		
	Increase (Decrease)			Increase (Decrease)		
Depreciation and amortization <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	7	\$	15		
Regulatory asset amortization		(1)		(2)		
Regulatory required programs		_		2		
Total increase	\$	6	\$	15		

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Taxes other than income taxes increased by \$2 million and \$4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, respectively, primarily due to an increase in property taxes and gross receipts taxes.

Effective income tax rates were 3.7% and 5.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and 5.8% and 6.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. See Note 8 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

## **Results of Operations — ACE**

	Three	Three Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)		Nine Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	2	2022		2021		Variance		2022	2021		Variance		
Operating revenues	\$	462	\$	451	\$	11	\$	1,120	\$	1,080	\$	40	
Operating expenses													
Purchased power		197		230		33		497		541		44	
Operating and maintenance		80		81		1		251		231		(20)	
Depreciation and amortization		74		46		(28)		192		133		(59)	
Taxes other than income taxes		2		2		—		7		6		(1)	
Total operating expenses		353		359		6		947		911		(36)	
Operating income		109	_	92		17		173		169		4	
Other income and (deductions)													
Interest expense, net		(17)		(14)		(3)		(49)		(43)		(6)	
Other, net		3		1		2		9		3		6	
Total other income and (deductions)		(14)	_	(13)		(1)		(40)		(40)		_	
Income before income taxes		95		79		16		133		129		4	
Income taxes		1		(11)		(12)		2		(12)		(14)	
Net income	\$	94	\$	90	\$	4	\$	131	\$	141	\$	(10)	

Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income increased by \$4 million primarily due to increases in distribution rates, partially offset by an increase in depreciation expense.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021. Net income decreased by \$10 million primarily due to the absence of favorable weather and volume as a result of the CIP, an increase in depreciation expense, and interest expense, partially offset by increases in distribution rates.

The changes in Operating revenues consisted of the following:

		onths Ended ber 30, 2022	Nine Months Ended Septembe 30, 2022			
	Increase (Decrease)			(Decrease) Increase		
Weather	\$	_	\$	(3)		
Volume		_		(11)		
Distribution		15		35		
Transmission		5		8		
		20		29		
Regulatory required programs		(9)		11		
Total increase	\$	11	\$	40		

**Revenue Decoupling.** The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues from electric distribution in New Jersey are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of the CIP which became effective, prospectively, in the third quarter of 2021. The CIP compares current distribution revenues by customer class to approved target revenues established in ACE's most recent distribution base rate case. The CIP is calculated annually, and recovery is subject to certain conditions, including an earnings test and ceilings on customer rate increases. While Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

Weather. Prior to the third quarter of 2021, the demand for electricity was affected by weather conditions. With respect to the electric business, very warm weather in summer months and very cold weather in winter months

are referred to as "favorable weather conditions" because these weather conditions result in increased deliveries of electricity. Conversely, mild weather reduces demand. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, Operating revenues related to weather decreased due to the absence of favorable impacts in the first and second quarter of 2022 as a result of the CIP.

Heating and cooling degree days are quantitative indices that reflect the demand for energy needed to heat or cool a home or business. Normal weather is determined based on historical average heating and cooling degree days for a 20-year period in ACE's service territory. The changes in heating and cooling degree days in ACE's service territory for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to same period in 2021 and normal weather consisted of the following:

	Nine Months Ended S	September 30,		% Change					
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days	2022	2021	Normal	2022 vs. 2021	2022 vs. Normal				
Heating Degree-Days	3,007	2,884	3,024	4.3 %	(0.6)%				
Cooling Degree-Days	1,231	1,246	1,178	(1.2)%	4.5 %				

Volume, exclusive of the effects of weather, decreased for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, due to the absence of favorable impacts in the first and second quarter of 2022 as a result of the CIP.

	Nine Montl Septemi			Weather - Normal %
Electric Retail Deliveries to Customers (in GWhs)	2022	2021	% Change	Change <sup>(b)</sup>
Residential	3,293	3,443	(4.4)%	(4.6)%
Small commercial & industrial	1,179	1,073	9.9 %	9.8 %
Large commercial & industrial	2,396	2,351	1.9 %	1.8 %
Public authorities & electric railroads	34	33	3.0 %	— %
Total electric retail deliveries <sup>(a)</sup>	6,902	6,900	— %	(0.2)%

	As of September 30,						
Number of Electric Customers	2022	2021					
Residential	501,869	499,775					
Small commercial & industrial	62,204	61,838					
Large commercial & industrial	3,075	3,209					
Public authorities & electric railroads	731	707					
Total	567,879	565,529					

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing electricity directly from ACE and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 20-year average.

Distribution Revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021 due to higher distribution rates that became effective in January 2022.

**Transmission Revenues.** Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered. Transmission revenue increased for the three months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to increases in underlying costs. Transmission revenue increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to increases in underlying costs and capital investment.

**Regulatory Required Programs** represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency programs, Societal Benefits Charge, Transition Bonds, and BGS procurement and administrative costs. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Taxes other than income

taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries, as ACE remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from competitive suppliers, ACE acts as the billing agent and therefore, ACE does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power expense related to the electricity. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from ACE, ACE is permitted to recover the electricity, ZEC, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and therefore records equal and offsetting amounts in Operating revenues and Purchased power expense related to the electricity.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of ACE's revenue disaggregation.

The decrease of \$33 million and \$44 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, respectively, in **Purchased power expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in Operating and maintenance expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2022	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022		
	 (Decrease) Increase	Increase (Decrease)		
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials	\$ (2)	\$	2	
BSC and PHISCO costs	(1)		3	
Storm-related costs	(1)		1	
Other	4		7	
	_		13	
Regulatory required programs <sup>(a)</sup>	(1)		7	
Total (decrease) increase	\$ (1)	\$	20	

(a) ACE is allowed to recover from or refund to customers the difference between its annual credit loss expense and the amounts collected in rates annually through the Societal Benefits Charge.

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

		ths Ended r 30, 2022	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022			
	Incre	ease	Increase			
Depreciation and amortization <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	4	\$	11		
Regulatory asset amortization		_		1		
Regulatory required programs <sup>(b)</sup>		24		47		
Total increase	\$	28	\$	59		

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

(b) Regulatory required programs increased primarily due to the regulatory asset amortization of the PPA termination obligation which is fully offset in Operating revenues.

Interest expense, net increased \$3 million and \$6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, respectively, primarily due to the issuance of debt in 2021 and 2022.

Other, net increased by \$2 million and \$6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the same period in 2021, respectively, primarily due to higher AFUDC equity.

Effective income tax rates were 1.1% and (13.9)% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and 1.5% and (9.3)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 changes primarily reflect the absence of impacts of the July 14, 2021 settlement, which allowed ACE to retain certain tax benefits in 2021, partially offset by the timing of excess deferred tax amortization. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information on the July 14, 2021 settlement agreement. See Note 8 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to

Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

# Liquidity and Capital Resources (All Registrants)

All results included throughout the liquidity and capital resources section are presented on a GAAP basis.

The Registrants' operating and capital expenditures requirements are provided by internally generated cash flows from operations, as well as funds from external sources in the capital markets and through bank borrowings. The Registrants' businesses are capital intensive and require considerable capital resources. Each of the Registrants annually evaluates its financing plan, dividend practices, and credit line sizing, focusing on maintaining its investment grade ratings while meeting its cash needs to fund capital requirements, including construction expenditures, retire debt, pay dividends, and fund pension and OPEB obligations. The Registrants spend a significant amount of cash on capital improvements and construction projects that have a long-term return on investment. Additionally, the Utility Registrants operate in rate-regulated environments in which the amount of new investment recovery may be delayed or limited and where such recovery takes place over an extended period of time. Each Registrant's access to external financing on reasonable terms depends on its credit ratings and current overall capital market business conditions, including that of the utility industry in general. If these conditions deteriorate to the extent that the Registrants no longer have access to the capital markets at reasonable terms, the Registrants have access to credit facilities with aggregate bank commitments of \$4.0 billion. The Registrants utilize their credit facilities to support their commercial paper programs, provide for other short-term borrowings and to issue letters of credit. See the "Credit Matters and Cash Requirements" section below for additional information. The Registrants expect cash flows to be sufficient to meet operating expenses, financing costs, and capital expenditure requirements. See Note 11 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Cash flows related to Constellation have not been presented as discontinued operations and are included in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for all periods presented. The Exelon Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 includes one month of cash flows from Generation. The Exelon Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 includes nine months of cash flows from Generation. This is the primary reason for the changes in cash flows as shown in the tables unless otherwise noted below.

#### **Cash Flows from Operating Activities**

The Utility Registrants' cash flows from operating activities primarily result from the transmission and distribution of electricity and, in the case of PECO, BGE, and DPL, gas distribution services. The Utility Registrants' distribution services are provided to an established and diverse base of retail customers. The Utility Registrants' future cash flows may be affected by the economy, weather conditions, future legislative initiatives, future regulatory proceedings with respect to their rates or operations, and their ability to achieve operating cost reductions.

See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K and Notes 3 — Regulatory Matters and 13 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on regulatory and legal proceedings and proposed legislation.

The following table provides a summary of the change in cash flows from operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 by Registrant:

Increase (decrease) in cash flows from operating activities	Exelon	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Net income (loss)	\$ 298	\$ 97	\$ 91	\$ (23)	\$ (17)	\$ (3)	\$ (5)	\$ (10)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash:								
Non-cash operating activities	(1,316)	(114)	58	100	228	67	43	125
Option premiums (paid), net	147	—	—	_	—	—	—	—
Collateral received, net	(655)	1	_	105	205	46	89	70
Income taxes	(247)	9	(25)	(23)	(20)	(15)	(15)	(3)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	6	(3)	2	12	(32)	_	—	(4)
Changes in regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(322)	(249)	(11)	(7)	(37)	11	(3)	(35)
Changes in working capital and other assets and liabilities	2,089	(84)	(96)	(56)	(88)	(45)	(13)	(34)
(Decrease) increase in cash flows from operating activities	\$ —	\$ (343)	\$ 19	\$ 108	\$ 239	\$ 61	\$ 96	\$ 109

Changes in the Registrants' cash flows from operations were generally consistent with changes in each Registrant's respective results of operations, as adjusted by changes in working capital in the normal course of business, except as discussed below. See above for additional information related to cash flows from Generation. Significant operating cash flow impacts for the Registrants and Generation for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

- See Note 16 Supplemental Financial Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for additional information on non-cash operating activities.
- Changes in collateral depended upon whether Generation was in a net mark-to-market liability or asset position, and collateral may have been
  required to be posted with or collected from its counterparties. In addition, the collateral posting and collection requirements differed depending on
  whether the transactions were on an exchange or in the over-the-counter markets. Changes in collateral for the Registrants are dependent upon the
  credit exposure of procurement contracts that may require suppliers to post collateral. The amount of cash collateral received from external
  counterparties increased due to rising energy prices. See Note 10 Derivative Financial Instruments for additional information.
- See Note 8 Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for additional information on income taxes.
- See Note 3 Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on regulatory assets and liabilities.
- Changes in working capital and other assets and liabilities for the Utility Registrants and Exelon Corporate total \$(316) million and for Generation total \$2,405 million. The change for Generation primarily relates to the revolving accounts receivable financing arrangement. See Note 6

   Accounts Receivable of the 2021 Form 10-K and the Collection of DPP discussion below for additional information.

#### **Cash Flows from Investing Activities**

The following table provides a summary of the change in cash flows from investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 by Registrant:



#### Increase (decrease) in cash flows from investing

activities	E	Exelon	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Capital expenditures	\$	791	\$ (78)	\$ (113)	\$ (11)	\$ 125	\$ 46	\$ 26	\$ 52
Investment in NDT fund sales, net		106	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Collection of DPP		(2,883)	—	_	—	_	—	—	—
Proceeds from sales of assets and businesses	5	(785)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Changes in intercompany money pool		—	—	_	_	—	—	(25)	—
Other investing activities		(4)	1	3	(6)	6	4	1	—
(Decrease) increase in cash flows from investing activities	\$	(2,775)	\$ (77)	\$ (110)	\$ (17)	\$ 131	\$ 50	\$ 2	\$ 52

Significant investing cash flow impacts for the Registrants for nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

- Variances in **capital expenditures** are primarily due to the timing of cash expenditures for capital projects. See the "Credit Matters and Cash Requirements" section below for additional information on projected capital expenditure spending. See Note 2 Discontinued Operations of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for capital expenditures related to Generation prior to the separation.
- Collection of DPP relates to the revolving accounts receivable financing agreement which Generation entered into in April of 2020. See Note 6 —
  Accounts Receivable of the 2021 Form 10-K for additional information on the transaction and the DPP, including the \$400 million of additional
  funding received in February and March of 2021.
- Proceeds from sales of assets and businesses decreased primarily due to the sale of a significant portion of Generation's solar business and a biomass facility in 2021. See Note 2 — Mergers, Acquisitions, and Dispositions of the 2021 Form 10-K for additional information.
- Changes in **intercompany money pool** are driven by short-term borrowing needs. Refer below for more information regarding the intercompany money pool.

#### **Cash Flows from Financing Activities**

The following table provides a summary of the change in cash flows from financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 by Registrant:

activities	Exelo	ı	c	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Changes in short-term borrowings, net	\$ (7	746)	\$	556	\$ _	\$ 26	\$ (387)	\$ (180)	\$ (25)	\$ (182)
Long-term debt, net	1,9	946		(50)	(25)	(50)	120	41	—	79
Changes in intercompany money pool		—		—	40	—	41	25	_	
Issuance of common stock	:	563		—	—	—	—	—	—	_
Dividends paid on common stock		122		(54)	(45)	(6)	—	(179)	11	152
Acquisition of noncontrolling interest	i	385		—	—	—	—	—	—	_
Distributions to member		—		—	—	—	(20)		_	
Contributions from parent/member		—		(90)	(140)	(71)	120	221	27	(128)
Transfer of cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents to Constellation	(2,	594)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other financing activities		(65)		6	(6)	(2)	(6)	(4)	—	1
Increase (decrease) in cash flows from financing activities	\$	111	\$	368	\$ (176)	\$ (103)	\$ (132)	\$ (76)	\$ 13	\$ (78)

(Decrease) increase in cash flows from financing

Significant financing cash flow impacts for the Registrants for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

- Changes in short-term borrowings, net, is driven by repayments on and issuances of notes due in less than 365 days. See Note 11 Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on short-term borrowings for the Registrants. These changes also included repayments of \$552 million in commercial paper and term loans by Generation prior to the separation.
- Long-term debt, net, varies due to debt issuances and redemptions each year. See Note 11 Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on debt issuances. Refer to the debt redemptions table below for additional information.
- Changes in intercompany money pool are driven by short-term borrowing needs. Refer below for more information regarding the intercompany money pool.
- Issuance of common stock relates to the August 2022 underwritten public offering of Exelon common stock. See Note 14 Shareholders' Equity
  of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
- Exelon's ability to pay dividends on its common stock depends on the receipt of dividends paid by its operating subsidiaries. The payments of dividends to Exelon by its subsidiaries in turn depend on their results of operations and cash flows and other items affecting retained earnings. See Note 17 Commitments and Contingencies of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information on dividend restrictions. See below for quarterly dividends declared.
- Acquisition of noncontrolling interest relates to Generation's acquisition of CENG noncontrolling interest in 2021. See Note 2 Mergers, Acquisitions, and Dispositions of the 2021 Form 10-K for additional information.
- Refer to Note 2 Discontinued Operations for the transfer of cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents to Constellation related to the separation.
- For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, **other financing activities** primarily consists of debt issuance costs. See Note 11 Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information of the Registrants' debt issuances.

#### Debt

See Note 11 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the Registrants' debt issuances.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the following long-term debt was retired and/or redeemed:

Company	Туре	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount
Exelon	Junior Subordinated Notes	3.50 %	May 2, 2022	\$ 1,150
Exelon	Long-Term Software License Agreement	3.96 %	May 1, 2024	2
PECO	First Mortgage Bonds	2.375 %	September 15, 2022	350
BGE	Notes	2.80 %	August 15, 2022	250
Рерсо	First Mortgage Bonds	3.05 %	April 1, 2022	200
Рерсо	Tax-Exempt Bonds	1.70 %	September 1, 2022	110

#### Dividends

Quarterly dividends declared by the Exelon Board of Directors during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and for the fourth quarter of 2022 were as follows:

Period	Declaration Date	Shareholder of Record Date	Dividend Payable Date	Cash per Share <sup>(a)</sup>
First Quarter 2022	February 8, 2022	February 25, 2022	March 10, 2022	\$ 0.3375
Second Quarter 2022	April 26, 2022	May 13, 2022	June 10, 2022	\$ 0.3375
Third Quarter 2022	July 26, 2022	August 15, 2022	September 9, 2022	\$ 0.3375
Fourth Quarter 2022	October 28, 2022	November 15, 2022	December 9, 2022	\$ 0.3375

(a) Exelon's Board of Directors approved an updated dividend policy for 2022. The 2022 quarterly dividend will be \$0.3375 per share.

#### **Credit Matters and Cash Requirements**

The Registrants fund liquidity needs for capital investment, working capital, energy hedging, and other financial commitments through cash flows from continuing operations, public debt offerings, commercial paper markets, and large, diversified credit facilities. The credit facilities include \$4.0 billion in aggregate total commitments of which \$3.4 billion was available to support additional commercial paper as of September 30, 2022, and of which no financial institution has more than 6% of the aggregate commitments for the Registrants. The Registrants had access to the commercial paper markets and had availability under their revolving credit facilities during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to fund their short-term liquidity needs, when necessary. On February 1, 2022, Exelon Corporate and the Utility Registrants each entered into a new 5-year revolving credit facility that replaced its existing syndicated revolving credit facility. See Note 11 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. The Registrants routinely review the sufficiency of their liquidity position, including appropriate sizing of credit facility commitments, by performing various stress test scenarios, such as commodity price movements, increases in margin-related transactions, changes in hedging levels, and the impacts of hypothetical credit downgrades. The Registrants have continued to closely monitor events in the financial markets and the financial institutions associated with the credit facilities, including monitoring credit ratings and outlooks, credit default swap levels, capital raising, and merger activity. See PART I. ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS of the 2021 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the effects of uncertainty in the capital and credit markets.

The Registrants believe their cash flows from operating activities, access to credit markets, and their credit facilities provide sufficient liquidity to support the estimated future cash requirements.

On August 4, 2022, Exelon entered into an agreement with certain underwriters in connection with an underwritten public offering of 12.995 million shares of its common stock, no par value. The net proceeds were \$563 million before expenses paid. Exelon used the proceeds, together with available cash balances, to repay \$575 million in borrowings under a \$1.15 billion term loan credit facility. See Note 14 — Shareholders' Equity and



Note 11 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

On August 4, 2022, Exelon executed an equity distribution agreement ("Equity Distribution Agreement") with certain sales agents and forward sellers and certain forward purchasers establishing an ATM equity distribution program under which it may offer and sell shares of its common stock, having an aggregate gross sales price of up to \$1.0 billion. Exelon has no obligation to offer or sell any shares of common stock under the Equity Distribution Agreement and may at any time suspend or terminate offers and sales under the Equity Distribution Agreement. As of September 30, 2022, Exelon has not issued any shares of common stock under the ATM program and has not entered into any forward sale agreements.

Pursuant to the Separation Agreement between Exelon and Constellation, Exelon made a cash payment of \$1.75 billion to Generation on January 31, 2022. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the separation.

The following table presents the incremental collateral that each Utility Registrant would have been required to provide in the event each Utility Registrant lost its investment grade credit rating at September 30, 2022 and available credit facility capacity prior to any incremental collateral at September 30, 2022:

	PJM Cred	it Policy Collateral	Other Incremer	ntal Collateral Required <sup>(a)</sup>	dit Facility Capacity Prior to acremental Collateral
ComEd	\$	34	\$	_	\$ 762
PECO		2		43	600
BGE		3		79	444
Рерсо		3		—	300
DPL		3		16	300
ACE		1		—	300

(a) Represents incremental collateral related to natural gas procurement contracts.

#### Capital Expenditure Spending

As of September 30, 2022, the most recent estimates of capital expenditures for plant additions and improvements for 2022 are as follows:

<u>(In millions)</u>	Transmission	Distribution	Gas	Total
Exelon	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 6,950
ComEd	425	2,075	N/A	2,500
PECO	200	850	325	1,375
BGE	250	525	475	1,250
PHI	600	1,150	75	1,825
Рерсо	275	625	N/A	900
DPL	150	225	75	450
ACE	175	300	N/A	475

Projected capital expenditures and other investments are subject to periodic review and revision to reflect changes in economic conditions and other factors.

#### Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits

Management considers various factors when making pension funding decisions, including actuarially determined minimum contribution requirements under ERISA, contributions required to avoid benefit restrictions and at-risk status as defined by the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (the Act), management of the pension obligation, and regulatory implications. The Act requires the attainment of certain funding levels to avoid benefit restrictions (such as an inability to pay lump sums or to accrue benefits prospectively), and at-risk status (which triggers higher minimum contribution requirements and participant notification). The projected contributions reflect a

funding strategy to make levelized annual contributions with the objective of achieving 100% funded status on an ABO basis over time. This level funding strategy helps minimize volatility of future period required pension contributions. Post-separation, Exelon's estimated annual qualified pension contributions will be approximately \$313 million in 2022. In connection with the separation, additional qualified pension contributions of \$207 million and \$33 million were completed on February 1, 2022 and March 2, 2022, respectively. Unlike the qualified pension plans, Exelon's non-qualified pension plans are not funded, given that they are not subject to statutory minimum contribution requirements.

While OPEB plans are also not subject to statutory minimum contribution requirements, Exelon does fund certain of its plans. For Exelon's funded OPEB plans, contributions generally equal accounting costs, however, Exelon's management has historically considered several factors in determining the level of contributions to its OPEB plans, including liabilities management, levels of benefit claims paid, and regulatory implications (amounts deemed prudent to meet regulatory expectations and best assure continued rate recovery).

#### **Credit Facilities**

Exelon Corporate, ComEd, and BGE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper. PECO meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. Pepco, DPL, and ACE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the PHI intercompany money pool. PHI Corporate meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of short-term notes and the Exelon intercompany money pool. The Registrants may use their respective credit facilities for general corporate purposes, including meeting short-term funding requirements and the issuance of letters of credit.

See Note 11 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the Registrants' credit facilities and short term borrowing activity.

#### Security Ratings

The Registrants' access to the capital markets, including the commercial paper market, and their respective financing costs in those markets, may depend on the securities ratings of the entity that is accessing the capital markets.

The Registrants' borrowings are not subject to default or prepayment as a result of a downgrading of securities, although such a downgrading of a Registrant's securities could increase fees and interest charges under that Registrant's credit agreements.

As part of the normal course of business, the Registrants enter into contracts that contain express provisions or otherwise permit the Registrants and their counterparties to demand adequate assurance of future performance when there are reasonable grounds for doing so. In accordance with the contracts and applicable contracts law, if the Registrants are downgraded by a credit rating agency, it is possible that a counterparty would attempt to rely on such a downgrade as a basis for making a demand for adequate assurance of future performance, which could include the posting of collateral. See Note 10 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on collateral provisions.

The credit ratings for ComEd, PECO, BGE, and DPL did not change for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. On January 14, 2022, Fitch lowered Exelon Corporate's long-term and senior unsecured ratings from BBB+ to BBB and affirmed the short-term rating of F2. In addition, Fitch upgraded Pepco, ACE, and PHI's long-term rating from BBB to BBB+ and upgraded Pepco and ACE's senior secured rating from A- to A.

#### Intercompany Money Pool

To provide an additional short-term borrowing option that will generally be more favorable to the borrowing participants than the cost of external financing, both Exelon and PHI operate an intercompany money pool. Maximum amounts contributed to and borrowed from the money pool by participant and the net contribution or borrowing as of September 30, 2022, are presented in the following table. ACE had no activity within the PHI intercompany money pool during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

	During the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					As of September 30, 2022		
Exelon Intercompany Money Pool		Maximum Contributed		Maximum Borrowed		Contributed (Borrowed)		
Exelon Corporate	\$	396	\$	_	\$	299		
PECO		138		(105)		_		
BSC		_		(377)		(301)		
PHI Corporate		_		(54)		(43)		
PCI		50		—		45		
		During the Nine Months	Ende	d September 30, 2022	А	s of September 30, 2022		
PHI Intercompany Money Pool		Maximum Contributed		Maximum Borrowed		Contributed (Borrowed)		
Рерсо	\$	_	\$	(108)	\$	(25)		
DPL		108		_		25		

#### Shelf Registration Statements

Exelon and the Utility Registrants have a currently effective combined shelf registration statement unlimited in amount, filed with the SEC on August 3, 2022, that will expire in August 2025. The ability of each Registrant to sell securities off the shelf registration statement or to access the private placement markets will depend on a number of factors at the time of the proposed sale, including other required regulatory approvals, as applicable, the current financial condition of the Registrant, its securities ratings and market conditions.

#### **Regulatory Authorizations**

(b)

The Utility Registrants are required to obtain short-term and long-term financing authority from Federal and State Commissions as follows:

		As of September 30, 2022										
		Short-term Financing Authority			Remaining Long-term Financing Authority							
	Commission	Expiration Date		Amount	Commission	Expiration Date		Amount				
ComEd <sup>(a)</sup>	FERC	December 31, 2023	\$	2,500	ICC	January 1, 2025	\$	1,343				
PECO <sup>(b)</sup>	FERC	December 31, 2023		1,500	PAPUC	December 31, 2024		1,125				
BGE <sup>(c)</sup>	FERC	December 31, 2023		700	MDPSC	N/A						
Pepco <sup>(d)</sup>	FERC	December 31, 2023		500	MDPSC / DCPSC	2022 & 2025		1,400				
DPL <sup>(e)</sup>	FERC	December 31, 2023		500	MDPSC / DEPSC	December 31, 2022		47				
ACE <sup>(f)</sup>	NJBPU	December 31, 2023		350	NJBPU	December 31, 2022		700				

(a) On November 18, 2021, ComEd received approval from the ICC for \$2 billion in new money long-term debt financing authority with an effective date of January 1, 2022.

On December 2, 2021, PECO received approval from the PAPUC for \$2.5 billion in new long-term debt financing authority with an effective date of January 1, 2022.

(c) On October 28, 2022, BGE filed with the MDPSC for approval of \$1.8 billion in new long-term financing authority. The long-term financing authority will become effective on the date of approval. This financing authority does not have an expiration date.

(d) On June 9, 2022 and June 30, 2022, Pepco received approval from the MDPSC and DCPSC, respectively, for \$1.4 billion in new long-term financing authority. The long-term financing authority became effective on the date of respective approvals and has an expiration date of December 31, 2025.

(e) On November 2, 2022, DPL filed with the MDPSC and DEPSC for approval of \$1.2 billion in new long-term financing authority. The long-term financing authority will become effective on the date of respective approvals. The financing authority filed with MDPSC does not have an expiration date, while the financing authority filed with DEPSC has an expiration date of December 31, 2025.

(f) On July 13, 2022, ACE received approval from the NJBPU for \$700 million in new long-term debt financing authority with an effective date of July 20, 2022.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Registrants hold commodity and financial instruments that are exposed to the following market risks:

- Commodity price risk, which is discussed further below.
- Counterparty credit risk associated with non-performance by counterparties on executed derivative instruments and participation in all, or some of the
  established, wholesale spot energy markets that are administered by PJM. The credit policies of PJM may, under certain circumstances, require that
  losses arising from the default of one member on spot energy market transactions be shared by the remaining participants. See Note 10 Derivative
  Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a detailed discussion of counterparty credit risk related to
  derivative instruments.
- Equity price and interest rate risk associated with Exelon's pension and OPEB plan trusts. See Note 13 Retirement Benefits of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K for additional information.
- Interest rate risk associated with changes in interest rates for the Registrants' outstanding long-term debt. This risk is significantly reduced as
  substantially all of the Registrants' outstanding debt has fixed interest rates. There is inherent interest rate risk related to refinancing maturing debt by
  issuing new long-term debt. The Registrants use a combination of fixed-rate and variable-rate debt to manage interest rate exposure. See Note 11 —
  Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. In addition, Exelon may utilize
  interest rate derivatives to lock in rate levels in anticipation of future financings, which are typically designated as cash flow hedges, or to lock in rate
  levels on borrowings, which are typically designated as economic hedges. See Note 10 Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to
  Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

The Registrants operate primarily under cost-based rate regulation limiting exposure to the effects of market risk. Hedging programs are utilized to reduce exposure to energy and natural gas price volatility and have no direct earnings impacts as the costs are fully recovered through regulatory-approved recovery mechanisms.

Exelon manages these risks through risk management policies and objectives for risk assessment, control and valuation, counterparty credit approval, and the monitoring and reporting of risk exposures. Risk management issues are reported to Exelon's Executive Committee, the Risk Management Committees of each Utility Registrant, and the Audit and Risk Committee of Exelon's Board of Directors.

#### **Commodity Price Risk**

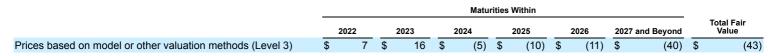
Commodity price risk is associated with price movements resulting from changes in supply and demand, fuel costs, market liquidity, weather conditions, governmental regulatory and environmental policies, and other factors. To the extent the total amount of energy Exelon purchases differs from the amount of energy it has contracted to sell, Exelon is exposed to market fluctuations in commodity prices. Exelon seeks to mitigate its commodity price risk through the sale and purchase of electricity and natural gas.

ComEd entered into 20-year floating-to-fixed renewable energy swap contracts beginning in June 2012, which are considered an economic hedge and have changes in fair value recorded to an offsetting regulatory asset or liability. ComEd has block energy contracts to procure electric supply that are executed through a competitive procurement process, which are considered derivatives and qualify for NPNS, and as a result are accounted for on an accrual basis of accounting. PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE have contracts to procure electric supply that are executed through a competitive procurement process. PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE have contracts, which are considered derivatives and qualify for NPNS, and as a result are accounted for on an accrual basis of accounting. DPL, and ACE have certain full requirements contracts, which are considered derivatives and qualify for NPNS, and as a result are accounted for on an accrual basis of accounting. Dther full requirements contracts are not derivatives.

PECO, BGE, and DPL also have executed derivative natural gas contracts, which either qualify for NPNS or have no mark-to-market balances because the derivatives are index priced, to hedge their long-term price risk in the natural gas market. The hedging programs for natural gas procurement have no direct impact on their financial statements.

For additional information on these contracts, see Note 10 — Derivative Financial Instruments and Note 12 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following table presents the maturity and source of fair value for Exelon's and ComEd's mark-to-market commodity contract net liabilities. These net liabilities are associated with ComEd's floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers. The table provides two fundamental pieces of information. First, the table provides the source of fair value used in determining the carrying amount of Exelon's and ComEd's total mark-to-market net liabilities. Second, the table shows the maturity, by year, of Exelon's and ComEd's commodity contract net liabilities giving an indication of when these mark-to-market amounts will settle and either generate or require cash. See Note 12 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding fair value measurements and the fair value hierarchy.



#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

During the third quarter of 2022, each of the Registrants' management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated its disclosure controls and procedures related to the recording, processing, summarizing, and reporting of information in its periodic reports that it files with the SEC. These disclosure controls and procedures have been designed by the Registrants to ensure that (a) material information relating to that Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is accumulated and made known to that Registrant's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, by other employees of that Registrant and its subsidiaries as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and (b) this information is recorded, processed, summarized, evaluated, and reported, as applicable, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Due to the inherent limitations of control systems, not all misstatements may be detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls could be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons or by collusion of two or more people.

Accordingly, as of September 30, 2022, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of each of the Registrants concluded that such Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to accomplish its objectives. The Registrants continually strive to improve their disclosure controls and procedures to enhance the quality of its financial reporting and to maintain dynamic systems that change as conditions warrant. There were no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the third quarter of 2022 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, any of the Registrants' internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Registrants are parties to various lawsuits and regulatory proceedings in the ordinary course of their respective businesses. For information regarding material lawsuits and proceedings, see (a) ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS of the 2021 Form 10-K, (b) Notes 3 — Regulatory Matters and 17 — Commitments and Contingencies of the 2021 Recast Form 10-K, and (c) Notes 3 — Regulatory Matters and 13 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in PART I, ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS of this Report. Such descriptions are incorporated herein by these references.

# ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

#### **Risks Related to All Registrants**

At September 30, 2022, the Registrants' risk factors were consistent with the risk factors described in the 2021 Form 10-K in ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS, except for the updates below.

The Registrants are subject to physical security and cybersecurity risks (All Registrants).

The Registrants face physical security and cybersecurity risks. Threat sources, including sophisticated nation-state actors, continue to seek to exploit potential vulnerabilities in the electric and natural gas utility industry, grid infrastructure, and other energy infrastructures, and these attacks and disruptions, both physical and cyber, are becoming increasingly sophisticated and dynamic. Continued implementation of advanced digital technologies increases the potentially unfavorable impacts of such attacks. Additionally, the U.S. government has warned that the Ukraine conflict may increase the risks of attacks targeting critical infrastructure in the United States.

A security breach of the Registrants' physical assets or information systems or those of the Registrants competitors, vendors, business partners and interconnected entities in RTOs and ISOs, or regulators could materially impact Registrants by, among other things, impairing the availability of electricity and gas distributed by Registrants and/or the reliability of transmission and distribution systems, or by leading to the theft or inappropriate release of certain types of information, including critical infrastructure information, sensitive customer, vendor, or employee data, or other confidential data. The risk of these system-related events and security breaches occurring continues to intensify, and while the Registrants have been, and will likely continue to be, subjected to physical and cyber-attacks, to date none have directly experienced a material breach or material disruption to its network or information systems or our operations. However, as such attacks continue to increase in sophistication and frequency, the Registrants may be unable to prevent all such attacks in the future.

If a significant breach were to occur, the Registrants' reputation could be negatively affected, customer confidence in the Registrants or others in the industry could be diminished, or the Registrants could be subject to legal claims, loss of revenues, increased costs, or operations shutdown. Moreover, the amount and scope of insurance maintained against losses resulting from any such events or security breaches may not be sufficient to cover losses or otherwise adequately compensate for any disruptions to business that could result.

The Utility Registrants' deployment of smart meters throughout their service territories could increase the risk of damage from an intentional disruption of the system by third parties.

In addition, new or updated security regulations or unforeseen threat sources could require changes in current measures taken by the Registrants or their business operations and could adversely affect their consolidated financial statements.

#### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

### **All Registrants**

None.

### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Certain of the following exhibits are incorporated herein by reference under Rule 12b-32 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Certain other instruments which would otherwise be required to be listed below have not been so listed because such instruments do not authorize securities in an amount which exceeds 10% of the total assets of the applicable Registrant and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis and the relevant Registrant agrees to furnish a copy of any such instrument to the Commission upon request.

Exhibit No.	Description
<u>4.1</u>	One Hundred and Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture dated as of August 1, 2022, among PECO Energy Company and U.S. Bank, N.A., as trustee (File 001-16844, Form 8-K dated August 23, 2022, Exhibit 4.1)
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

Certifications Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 as to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022 filed by the following officers for the following companies:

Exhibit No.	Description
<u>31-1</u>	Filed by Christopher M. Crane for Exelon Corporation
<u>31-2</u>	Filed by Jeanne M. Jones for Exelon Corporation
<u>31-3</u>	Filed by Gil C. Quiniones for Commonwealth Edison Company
<u>31-4</u>	Filed by Elisabeth J. Graham for Commonwealth Edison Company
<u>31-5</u>	Filed by Michael A. Innocenzo for PECO Energy Company
<u>31-6</u>	Filed by Robert J. Stefani for PECO Energy Company
<u>31-7</u>	Filed by Carim V. Khouzami for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
<u>31-8</u>	Filed by David M. Vahos for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
<u>31-9</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Pepco Holdings LLC
<u>31-10</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Pepco Holdings LLC
<u>31-11</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Potomac Electric Power Company
<u>31-12</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Potomac Electric Power Company
<u>31-13</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Delmarva Power & Light Company
<u>31-14</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Delmarva Power & Light Company
<u>31-15</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Atlantic City Electric Company.
<u>31-16</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Atlantic City Electric Company

Certifications Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code (Sarbanes — Oxley Act of 2002) as to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022 filed by the following officers for the following companies:

Exhibit No.	Description
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<u>32-2</u>	Filed by Jeanne M. Jones for Exelon Corporation
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<u>32-6</u>	Filed by Robert J. Stefani for PECO Energy Company
<u>32-7</u>	Filed by Carim V. Khouzami for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
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<u>32-14</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Delmarva Power & Light Company
<u>32-15</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Atlantic City Electric Company
<u>32-16</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Atlantic City Electric Company

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# **EXELON CORPORATION**

/s/ CHRISTOPHER M. CRANE

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Jeanne M. Jones Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Christopher M. Crane Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director

/s/ JOSEPH R. TRPIK

Joseph R. Trpik Senior Vice President and Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

November 3, 2022

# COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY

/s/ ELISABETH J. GRAHAM

Elisabeth J. Graham Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

Gil C. Quiniones Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) /s/ STEVEN J. CICHOCKI Steven J. Cichocki

/s/ GIL C. QUINIONES

Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)

November 3, 2022

# PECO ENERGY COMPANY

/s/ MICHAEL A. INNOCENZO

Michael A. Innocenzo

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

> /s/ CAROLINE FULGINITI Caroline Fulginiti Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)

November 3, 2022

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/s/ ROBERT J. STEFANI

Robert J. Stefani Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

# BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

/s/ DAVID M. VAHOS

David M. Vahos Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

Carim V. Khouzami Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) /s/ JASON T. JONES Jason T. Jones

/s/ CARIM V. KHOUZAMI

Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)

November 3, 2022

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY J. Tyler Anthony President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) /s/ JULIE E. GIESE

Julie E. Giese Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)

November 3, 2022

# POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY	/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT
J. Tyler Anthony	Phillip S. Barnett
President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ JULIE E. GIESE	
Julie E. Giese	
Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)	
November 3, 2022	

# **DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY**

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY	/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT
J. Tyler Anthony	Phillip S. Barnett
President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ JULIE E. GIESE	
Julie E. Giese	
Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)	
November 3, 2022	

### ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY

 
 /s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY
 /s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

 J. Tyler Anthony
 Phillip S. Barnett

 President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
 Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

 /s/ JULIE E. GIESE
 Julie E. Giese

 Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)
 Director, Accounting Officer)

November 3, 2022

# Exhibit 31-1

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Christopher M. Crane, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

# /s/ CHRISTOPHER M. CRANE

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

# Exhibit 31-2

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Jeanne M. Jones, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

I, Gil C. Quiniones, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ GIL C. QUINIONES Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Elisabeth J. Graham, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

### /s/ ELISABETH J. GRAHAM

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

# Exhibit 31-5

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Michael A. Innocenzo, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ MICHAEL A. INNOCENZO

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

# Exhibit 31-6

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Robert J. Stefani, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

### /s/ ROBERT J. STEFANI

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

I, Carim V. Khouzami, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ CARIM V. KHOUZAMI Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, David M. Vahos, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

#### s/ DAVID M. VAHOS

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

# Exhibit 31-9

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, J. Tyler Anthony, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

# /s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

I, J. Tyler Anthony, certify that:

- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company;
   Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report; 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

# /s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

I, J. Tyler Anthony, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

# /s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

I, J. Tyler Anthony, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
  - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

### /s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

# Exhibit 32-1

# Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Exelon Corporation.

/s/ CHRISTOPHER M. CRANE

Christopher M. Crane Chief Executive Officer

# Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Exelon Corporation.

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Jeanne M. Jones Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

### Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Commonwealth Edison Company.

/s/ GIL C. QUINIONES Gil C. Quiniones Chief Executive Officer

### Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Commonwealth Edison Company.

/s/ ELISABETH J. GRAHAM

Elisabeth J. Graham Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

# Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of PECO Energy Company.

/s/ MICHAEL A. INNOCENZO

Michael A. Innocenzo President and Chief Executive Officer

#### Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of PECO Energy Company.

/s/ ROBERT J. STEFANI

Robert J. Stefani Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

### Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company.

/s/ CARIM V. KHOUZAMI

Carim V. Khouzami Chief Executive Officer

#### Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company.

/s/ DAVID M. VAHOS David M. Vahos Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

# Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Pepco Holdings LLC.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

J. Tyler Anthony President and Chief Executive Officer

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Pepco Holdings LLC.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

#### Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Potomac Electric Power Company.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

J. Tyler Anthony President and Chief Executive Officer

#### Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Potomac Electric Power Company.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Delmarva Power & Light Company.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

J. Tyler Anthony President and Chief Executive Officer

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Delmarva Power & Light Company.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

### Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Atlantic City Electric Company.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

J. Tyler Anthony President and Chief Executive Officer

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Atlantic City Electric Company.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer