UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

March 31, 2005

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

Commission File Number	Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter; State of Incorporation; Address of Principal Executive Offices; and Telephone Number	IRS Employer Identification Number
1-16169	EXELON CORPORATION (a Pennsylvania corporation) 10 South Dearborn Street – 37th Floor P.O. Box 805379 Chicago, Illinois 60680-5379 (312) 394-7398	23-2990190
1-1839	COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY (an Illinois corporation) 10 South Dearborn Street – 37 th Floor P.O. Box 805379 Chicago, Illinois 60680-5379 (312) 394-4321	36-0938600
1-1401	PECO ENERGY COMPANY (a Pennsylvania corporation) P.O. Box 8699 2301 Market Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19101-8699 (215) 841-4000	23-0970240
333-85496	EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC (a Pennsylvania limited liability company) 300 Exelon Way Kennett Square, Pennsylvania 19348 (610) 765-6900	23-3064219

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

[] Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

[] Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

- [] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- [] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Section 7 – Regulation FD

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure

On March 31, 2005, Exelon Corporation (Exelon) will participate in the Harris Nesbitt Investor Meeting in Kennett Square, Pennsylvania. Attached as Exhibit 99 to this Current Report on Form 8-K are the slides and handouts to be used in the meeting.

* * * * *

This combined Form 8-K is being furnished separately by Exelon, Commonwealth Edison Company (ComEd), PECO Energy Company (PECO) and Exelon Generation Company, LLC (Generation) (Registrants). Information contained herein relating to any individual registrant has been furnished by such registrant on its own behalf. No registrant makes any representation as to information relating to any other registrant.

Except for the historical information contained herein, certain of the matters discussed in this Report are forward-looking statements, within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, that are subject to risks and uncertainties. The factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements made by a registrant include those factors discussed herein, as well as the items discussed in (a) the Registrants' 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K—ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Business Outlook and the Challenges in Managing Our Business for each of Exelon, ComEd, PECO and Generation, (b) the Registrants' 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K—ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data: Exelon—Note 20, ComEd—Note 15, PECO—Note 14 and Generation—Note 16 and (c) other factors discussed in filings with the SEC by the Registrants. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this Report. None of the Registrants undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

EXELON CORPORATION COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY PECO ENERGY COMPANY EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC

<u>/s/ J. Barry Mitchell</u> J. Barry Mitchell Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer Exelon Corporation

March 31, 2005

Power Marketing Update

Harris Nesbitt Investor Meeting Kennett Square March 31, 2005



Safe Harbor Language

This presentation includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, for example, statements regarding benefits of the proposed merger of Exelon and PSEG, integration plans, and expected synergies, anticipated future financial and operating performance and results, including estimates for growth. There are a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements made herein. A discussion of some of these risks and uncertainties, as well as other risks associated with the proposed merger, is included in the preliminary joint proxy statement/prospectus contained in the Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Registration No. 333-122704) that Exelon has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Additional factors that cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements made herein are included in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Business Outlook and the Challenges in Managing the Business" in Exelon's 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. Neither Exelon nor PSEG undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this presentation.



Additional Information

This presentation is not a solicitation of a proxy from any security holder of Exelon or PSEG. The above-referenced Registration Statement on Form S-4 contains a preliminary joint proxy statement/prospectus and other relevant documents regarding the proposed merger of Exelon and PSEG. WE URGE INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS TO READ THE DEFINITIVE JOINT PROXY. STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS REGARDING THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION AND ANY OTHER RELEVANT DOCUMENTS WHEN THEY BECOME AVAILABLE, BECAUSE THEY WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT EXELON, PSEG AND THE PROPOSED MERGER. Investors and security holders will be able to obtain these materials (when they are available) and other documents filed with the SEC free of charge at the SEC's website, http://www.sec.gov. In addition, a copy of the definitive joint proxy statement/prospectus (when it becomes available) may be obtained free of charge from Exelon Corporation, Shareholder Services, 10 South Dearborn Street, P.O. Box 805398, Chicago, Illinois 60680-5398, or from Public Service Enterprise Group Incorporated, Investor Relations, 80 Park Plaza, P.O. Box 1171, Newark, New Jersey 07101-1171.

The respective directors and executive officers of Exelon and PSEG and other persons may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies in respect of the proposed transaction. Information regarding Exelon's and PSEG's directors and executive officers and other participants in the solicitation and a description of their direct and indirect interests, by security holdings or otherwise, is available in the preliminary joint proxy statement/prospectus contained in the above-referenced Registration Statement on Form S-4.

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AGENDA

Introduction and		
Generation Co. Overview	9:30 – 10:00	John Young, EVP, Finance and Markets Michael Metzner, VP, Investor Relations
Power Marketing Overview	10:00 - 10:45	Ian McLean, EVP & President, Power Team Ken Cornew, SVP, Power Transactions
Illinois Post-06 Update	10:45 - 11:30	William McNeil, Director, ComEd Regulatory
POLR Pricing	11:30 - 12:00	Mike Freeman, Power Transactions
		Shravan Chopra, Manager, Pricing
Break / Lunch	12:00 - 12:30	
PJM Overview	12:30 - 2:00	Jack Crowley, Dir, Reg. Affairs, Power Team
Penn. Regulatory Update	2:00 - 2:30	Lisa Crutchfield, VP, PECO Regulatory
Trading Floor Tour	2:30 - 3:00	Walt Kuhn, Director, Power Transactions



Key Message: Exelon is well positioned for end of transition periods in Illinois and Pennsylvania

- Solid Delivery business
- Exceptional Generation/Power Marketing platform
- Strong balance sheet and financial discipline
- Expanding and evolving wholesale markets (PJM)
- Strong momentum for competitive procurement processes in IL and PA

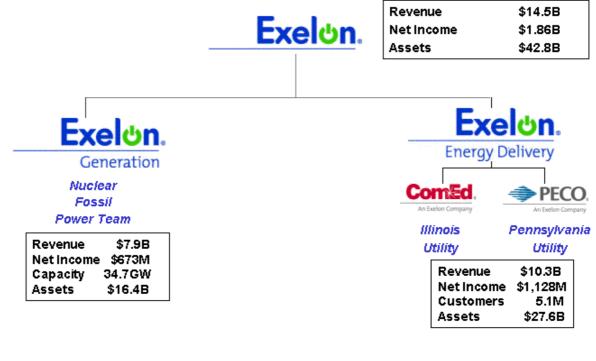
Generation Company Overview

John F. Young Executive Vice President, Finance and Markets

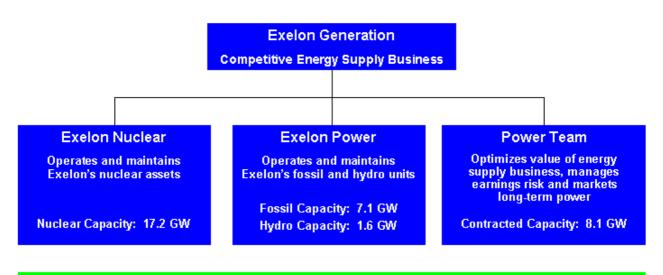
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Exelon Overview – 2004





Exelon Generation Overview



Exelon Generation:

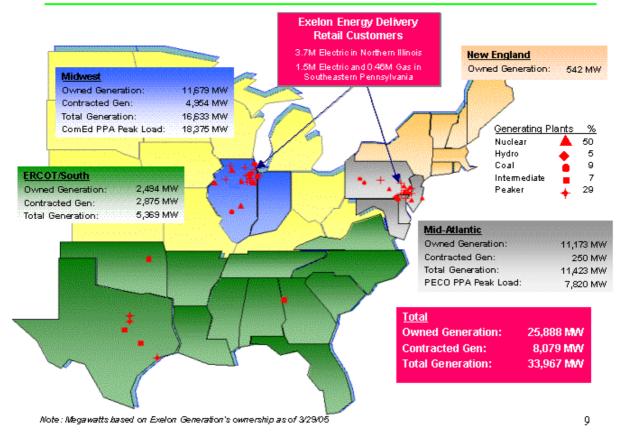
□ Premier nuclear operator, achieving top quartile performance during 2000 – 2004

- □ Reliable and commercially responsive fossil operations, significantly improved over previous years
- Experienced leader in wholesale power marketing and risk management
- □ Operational and commercial excellence in the integrated competitive energy supply business

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Our Regional Positions

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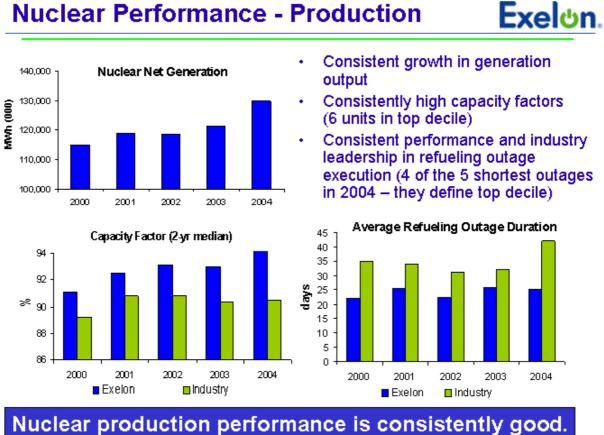


Our Foundation for Operations

- A defined management model that drives sustainable performance in
 - Operational excellence
 - Productivity improvement
 - Cost management
- · Depth of talent and experience
 - Structured leadership development and recruiting
 - A bench capable of meeting current and future challenges
- Rigorous performance management
 - Target top quartile performance
 - Strong track record of delivering on commitments

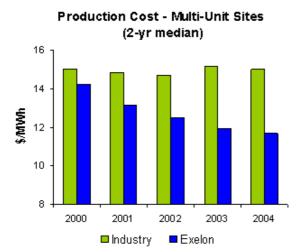
Exelon's management model is the basis for operational discipline, sustainable performance, and the ability to replicate success.

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Nuclear Performance - Production

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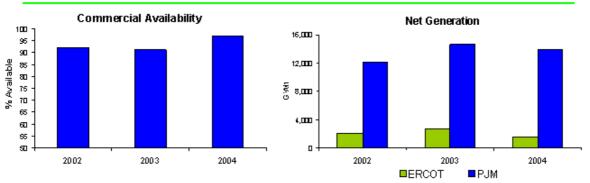
Exelon Nuclear is consistently cost competitive

- Consistent improvement in production cost
- Exelon's 5 big dual unit sites are 5 of the 6 lowest cost dual unit sites in the U.S. – they define the top decile of performance

Exelon Nuclear's low cost generation is a significant competitive advantage.

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Exelon Power – Improvements



- Condition-based overhauls are resulting in production improvements and economic gains
 - Production improvements: boiler and turbine overhauls, main steam-line piping replacement, and digital control upgrades
 - Economic gains: plant upgrades to allow new participation in ancillary markets (regulation and black start)
- Asset Optimization efforts focused on value enhancement
 - Process changes to reduce oil unit start-up time up to 65% and reduce fuel expense
 - Retirement of uneconomic units
- Improved margins from outage flexibility and improved coordination with Power Team

Improved material condition, outage execution, and coordination are optimizing commercial performance.

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Exelon Generation: Sustained Excellence

- Operating plans based on business imperatives
- Continued focus on performance discipline
- Experienced leader in risk management
- Deep bench of talent and experience
- Effectively integrated portfolio strategy
- Positioned to capitalize on market dynamics

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Exelon Electric & Gas Will Have an Exceptional Generation Platform

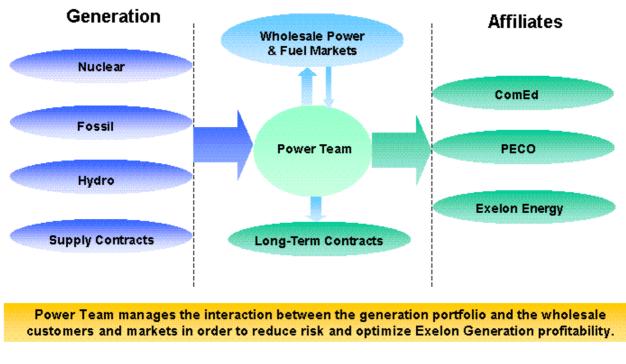
- Large, low cost, low emissions fleet in competitive markets with strengthening wholesale prices
- Premier nuclear operator, based on consistent top quartile performance
- · Fuel, dispatch and locational diversity
- Reliable and commercially responsive fossil operations
- Experienced leader in wholesale power marketing and risk management

Power Marketing Overview

Ian P. McLean President, Power Team

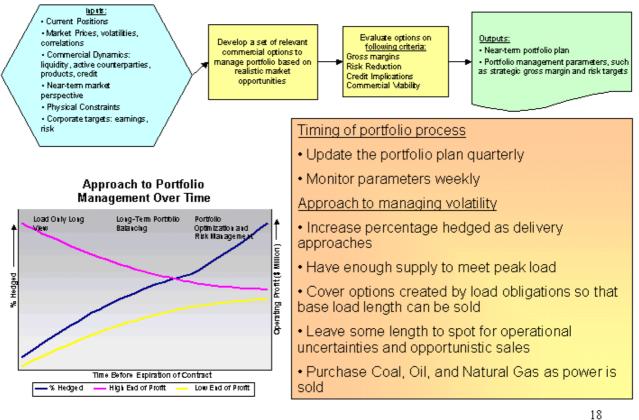
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Power Team: Value Added Intermediary Exelon.



Portfolio Management Process

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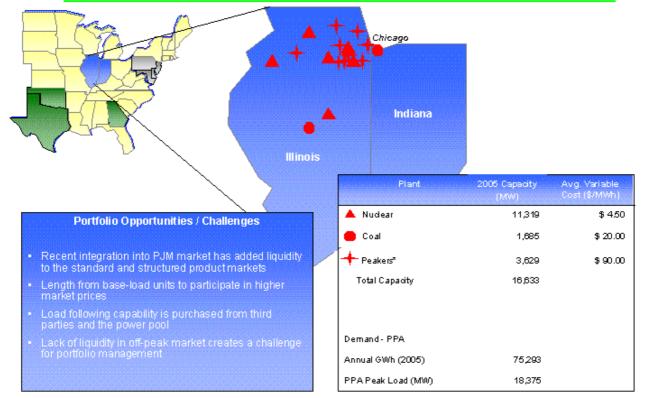
Portfolio Management

Kenneth W. Cornew Senior Vice President, Power Team

> Harris Nesbitt Investor Meeting Kennett Square March 31, 2004

Midwest Portfolio Characteristics

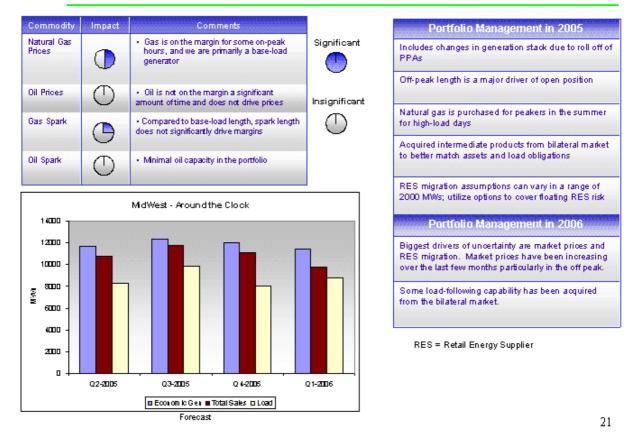
Exel^t.



* Assuming \$7.50/MMBtu gas price

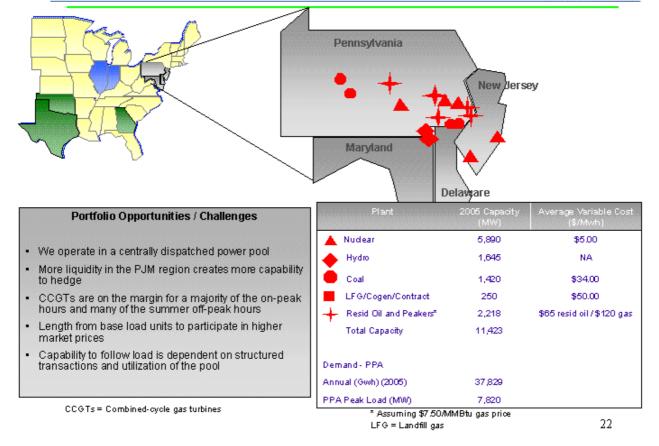
Midwest: Key Elements

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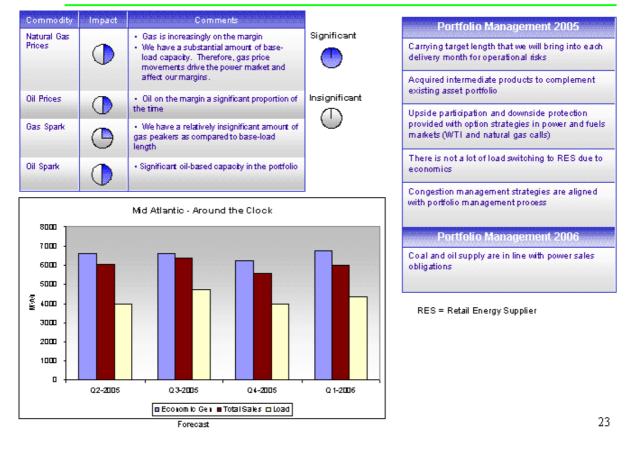
Mid-Atlantic Portfolio Characteristics

Exel^t.



Mid-Atlantic: Key Elements

Exelon.



ERCOT/South Portfolio Characteristics Exelen.

Portfolio Opportunities / Challenges

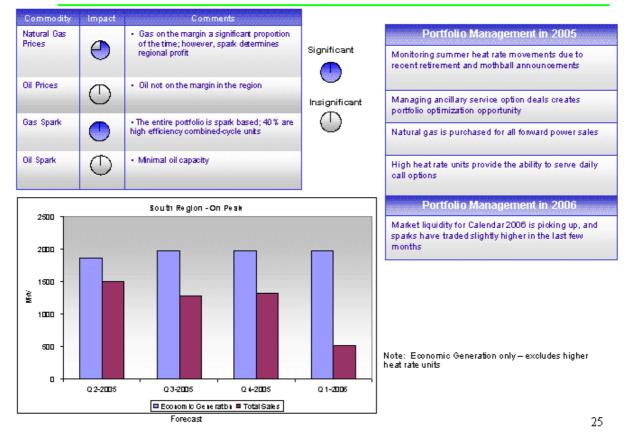
- The portfolio assets are in the ERCOT, SPP and SERC regions
- The combined cycle units are generally hedged forward, remaining length and peaker length used for opportunistic sales
- ERCOT ISO often runs the peakers for local reliability reasons

Plant	Capacity	Average Variable Cost (\$/Mwh)
Combined Cycle*	1,975 MW	\$60.00
🕂 Peakers*	3,394 MW	\$90.00
Total Capacity	5,369 MW	

* Assuming \$7.50/MMBtu gas price

ERCOT/South: Key Elements

Exelon.



Gas +20%	Gas –20%
\$28	(\$5)
\$58	(\$30)
Power +\$1.00	Power -\$1.00
\$16	(\$12)
\$38	(\$33)
	\$28 \$58 Power +\$1.00 \$16

Notes:

- 1. Gas prices were changed with a correlated change in power prices (power prices in the South and East are more significantly affected by gas prices than in the Midwest); coal prices were held constant
- 2. Power prices were changed; fuel prices were held constant

Illinois Post-06 Update

William P. McNeil Director, Regulatory Strategies, ComEd

> Harris Nesbitt Investor Meeting Kennett Square March 31, 2005

Competition Benefiting IL Customers

- Since the onset of customer choice in 1997, more than 70% of ComEd's biggest customers have chosen alternatives to bundled rates, some saving up to 15%
- Residential customers saved 20% with a rate reduction, and even more considering a 10-year rate freeze when the CPI increased 20% (current rates lowest since early 1990's)
- Since 1998, outage frequency is down 44%, duration is down 53%
- Nuclear capacity factors have increased from 49% to 93%
- 9,000 megawatts of new competitive power supply brought on line (and not in rate base)



Process Moving Forward

- 12/3/04 ICC staff report to General Assembly endorsed an auction process similar to New Jersey's (best fit with consensus of Procurement Working Group)
- ComEd made filings at the ICC on February 25 proposing an auction process
 - Details of the filing and case schedule were previewed with all stakeholders including ICC staff
 - Proceeding will likely run through January 2006
 - Auction has support of a variety of stakeholders
- Bi-partisan House Committee formed to oversee Post-2006 process (Chairman: George Scully)
 - Will hear testimony from a broad range of stakeholders before determining General Assembly's level of involvement and direction to the ICC
- A separate filing for delivery rates and new rate design will be made in the 2nd or 3rd quarter of 2005

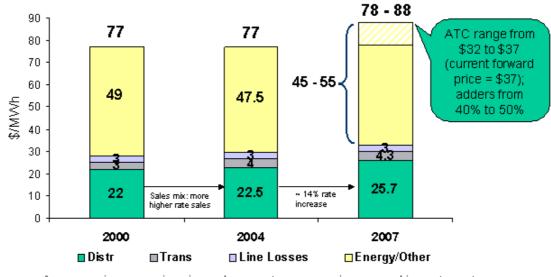
Illinois Procurement Filing Overview

- Annual "reverse auction" to procure supply for customers post 2006
- Staggered 1, 3 and 5 year contracts for <1 MW customers
- Staggering creates rate stability for customers
 - 100% of load bid out in year 1; 40% each year thereafter
 - Recent New Jersey BGS auction resulted in wholesale price increase of 18% over prior year due to higher fuel prices, but staggering process reduced impact on customers' electric bills to a 2.8% increase
 - NJ Ratepayer Advocate: "We don't like any increases, but considering what is going on in the market, it is not bad. We were expecting worse."
- Large customers to be offered annual or hourly price -- depending on whether or not they are subject to competitive declaration
- 50% load cap for any single supplier
- Requires mark-to-market collateral posting by suppliers
- Tariff translates wholesale auction into retail rates by customer class
- Auction managed by an independent third party and overseen by ICC

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ComEd Bundled Tariff for Mass Market



Assumes increase in wires charges to recover increased investment in transmission and distribution infrastructure and costs.

Notes: 2000 and 2004 are representative of unbundling existing tariff. Energy/other includes the cost of energy, capacity, load following, weather, switching and congestion. Mass Market represents residential and small commercial and industrial customer classes (<1 MVV).

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ComEd Delivery Service Investments

(Pro forma \$ in Millions)	2000	2004	Chg.
Gross DST Plant	\$ 8,518	\$ 11,300	33%
LESS: Accumulated Depreciation	(3,747)	(4,760)	27%
PLUS: Other Addt's (CWIP, Mtrls, Oper, Reserves, OPEB)	(325)	60	
LESS: Deferred Taxes	 (829)	(1,190)	44%
Rate Base	\$ 3,617	\$ 5,410	50%
Weighted Average Cost of Capital - 2004 estimated	 9.0%	8.7%	
Authorized Return	326	471	
Taxes on Interest Synchronization Deduction	(57)	(56)	
After Tax Rate Base Return Requirement	269	415	
Gross Revenue Conversion Factor	1.67	1.66	
Authorized Return Grossed Up for Taxes	\$ 448	\$ 688	
Operating Expenses before Income Taxes	1,115	1,280	15%
Total Delivery Service Revenue Requirement	1,563	1,968	26%
Less: Delivery Service Revenues Provided by Other Tariffs	 55	89	62%
Revenue Requirement Provided by Delivery Service Tariff	\$ 1,508	\$ 1,880	25%

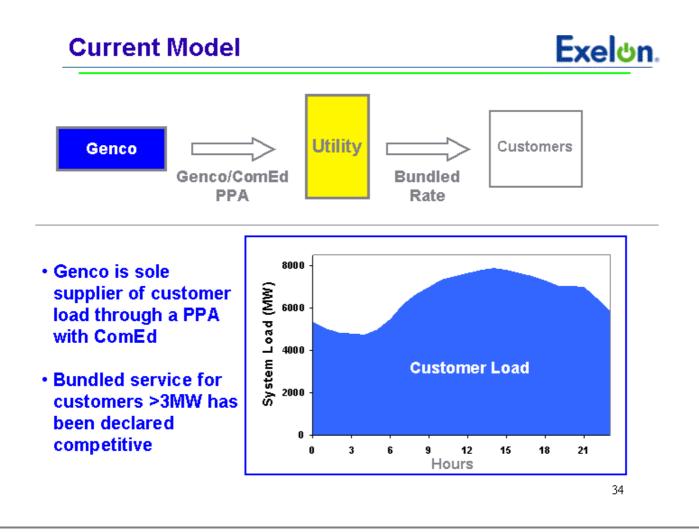
ComEd has made significant investments in Delivery Rate Base and experienced significant increases in costs since the last rate case test year.

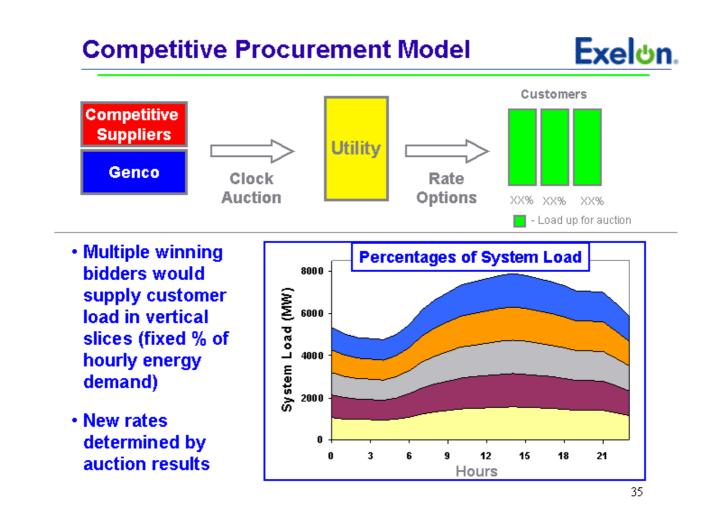
Note: Financial data is simplified and rounded for illustrative purposes.



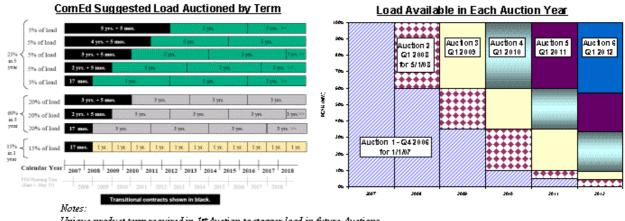
POLR Pricing

Mike Freeman, Power Transactions Shravan Chopra, Manager, Pricing





Understanding the Auction: Product Laddering Exelon.



Unique product term required in 1≢Auction to stagger load in future Auctions 1≢ Auction term begins 1/1/07 with 5 months added to each term to align with the PIMplanning year (June 1 – May 31)

- 50% Auction Load Cap allows ExGen to sell slightly less than 50% of its economic generation directly to ComEd; remainder sold through other channels
- Annual auctions allow for rebalancing position up to the load cap curve
- Physical asset ownership not required to participate or win in Load Auctions

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- •Fourth annual reverse auction in NJ completed 2/16/05
- •While the *wholesale* price of energy increased by 18% over last year's prices, the staggered terms of the auction contracts will result in customers of NJ's largest utility (PSE&G) seeing an annual increase to total bills of 2.8%
 - Only 1/3 of the energy component in the overall bill is put out to bid annually
 - The energy component is approximately half of the overall bill (with the delivery and transmission components comprising the remaining half)
 - Therefore, in any given year, 1/3 of about 50% (or about 1/6) of the total electric bill is out for bid
- 25 suppliers participated in the reverse auction with 7 winning bidders

2005 BGS Auction Results

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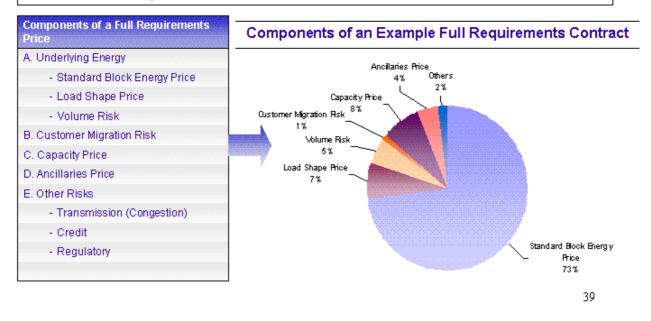


Full Requirements Contracts

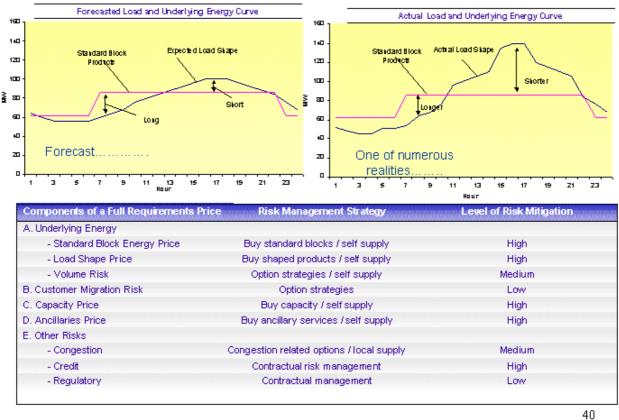


· POLR (Provider of Last Resort) is a Full Requirements Contract

- · Delivering party takes all obligations associated with serving a load at a fixed price
- · Obligations include energy, capacity and ancillary services
- Delivering party assumes all the risks in the full requirements contract including customer migration risk



Exel^tu. **Risk Management of Full Requirements**





PJM Overview

Jack Crowley Director, Regulatory Affairs, Power Team

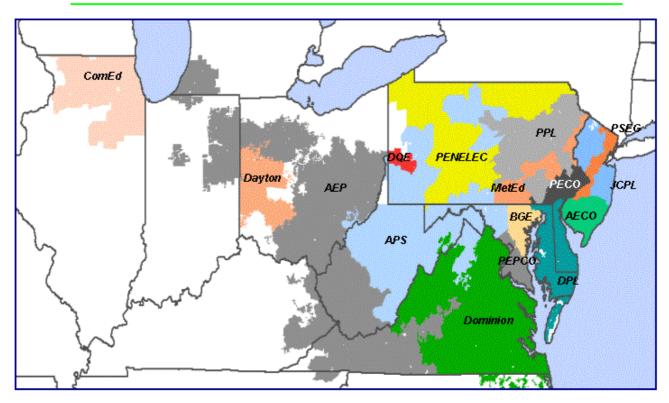
PJM Marketplace



- PJM is the world's largest competitive wholesale electricity marketplace
- With the anticipated integration of Dominion Resources, PJM will have a single control area that:
 - Serves 51 million people
 - Has 126,280 megawatts of peak load
 - Has 160,290 megawatts of generating capacity
 - Covers 164,260 square miles of territory in 13 states plus D.C.
- Exelon will be the largest generator in PJM

Expanded PJM

Exelon.





Energy Markets

- Locational Marginal Clearing Price Market
- Day-ahead and Real-Time Energy products
- Energy Market trading hubs facilitate energy transactions
- Capacity Markets
 - Daily, monthly, multi-month, and annual capacity markets
- Ancillary Service Markets
 - PJM procures Spinning, Regulation, Reactive, Black start ancillary service products

Bilateral & Self-Supply Options

 All of the products mentioned above can be bought or sold bilaterally or self-supplied

State of the PJM Market



- Independent Market Monitor determined that the PJM markets were competitive in 2004
 - Transparent market design encourages competitive behavior
- Average energy prices increased 10.8% in 2004 over 2003
 - Adjusting for fuel increases, average PJM prices fell 4.2% in 2004
- The Independent Market Monitor is concerned with the existing PJM capacity construct and recommends market enhancements

Existing Capacity Market in PJM



- Single product Unforced Capacity Credit
 - Fungible across entire market footprint
 - Assumes reliability under all operating conditions
 - No differentiation by generation type or location
 - Procured based on single reserve margin applied to peak load (a vertical demand curve)
 - Daily, Monthly, Multi-Month product
 - Load-Serving Entity (LSE) capacity obligation must be met one day in advance of operating day

Problems with Current Capacity Construct Exelon.

Volatile prices – unpredictable behavior

 Vertical demand curve produces either very low capacity price with small amount of excess supply or very high capacity price with small reductions in available supply

Daily market jeopardizes resource adequacy

 When the new entry capacity price signal is sent, it's too late to build a power plant

All capacity resources are not the same

- Some units critical to reliability (local) can not cover going forward cash costs and are retiring (PSEG units)
- PJM needs units that can load follow, start multiple times in a day and be on-line in 30 minutes

PJM's Proposed Reliability Pricing Model Exelon.

- Centralized commitment four years forward
- Annual commitment/annual price for capacity
 - Price set by intersection of supply curve and "sloped" demand curve
- Locational capacity market
- Operational Reliability Metrics
- Comprehensive Market Power Mitigation Plan
- Reliability Backstop Mechanism
- Bilateral and self-supply contracts accommodated

Impacts/Benefits to Exelon

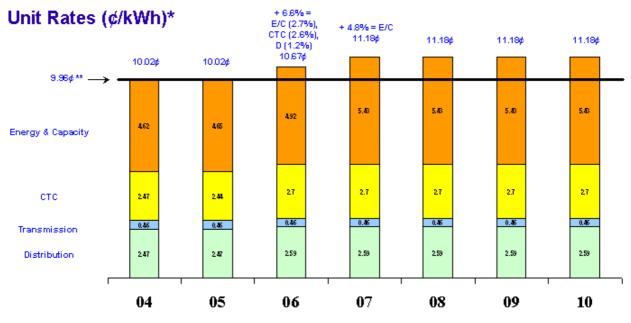


- The PJM Market is a well-functioning competitive wholesale market
- The PJM market facilitates New Jersey/Maryland style
 load-following auctions
 - Exelon can participate directly in auction or provide underlying supply to other auction participants
- The PJM market design matches up nicely with Exelon's asset base and risk management skills
- Proposed capacity construct will enhance price stability and increase overall capacity revenues

Pennsylvania Regulatory Update

Lisa Crutchfield Vice President, PECO Reg. & External Affairs

Electric Restructuring & Merger Settlements



* Rates increased from original settlement by 1.6% to reflect the roll-in of increased Gross Receipts Tax and \$0.02700/h for Universal Service Fund Charge and Nuclear Decommissioning Cost Adjustment.
** Original settlement total rate cap based on rates at 1/1/97.

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PECO's bundled rates (which include charges for transmission & distribution, stranded cost recovery and a capacity and energy charge, or shopping credit) were capped through 2010. The bundled rate is scheduled to increase in 2006 and 2007 with the following estimated impact on Exelon's cash and EPS:

Year	T&D Rate Cap	Generation Rate Cap	Bundled Rate	Revenue	Stranded Cost Amortization*	Net Income Impact	EPS Impact	Cash Impact ^{ee}
	(cents/kWh) Incremental Impact (\$ in millions)							
2005E	2.86	6.98	9.84	-	-	-	-	-
2006E	2.98	7.51	10.49	240	150	60	\$0.09	160
2007E	2.98	8.01	10.99	180	70	70	\$0.11	120

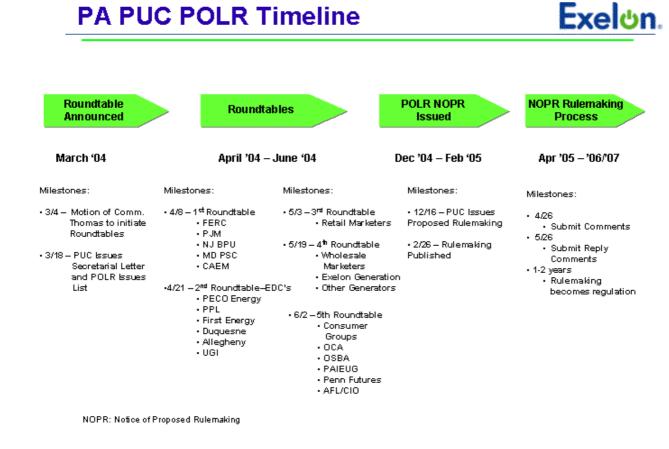
Notes: Estimates based on Exelon forecasted energy sales; approximate 35% effective income tax rate assumption.

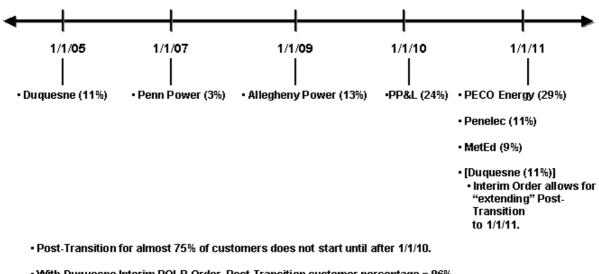
Rates shown here do not reflect annual reconciliations from original settlement for Gross Receipts Tax, Universal Service Fund Charge and Nuclear Decommissioning Cost Adjustment as shown on slide 51; these reconciliations have no material net income or cash impact.

* Per table on page 104 of 2004 Form 10-K filing ** Cash impact before principal payments on securitization debt



- Exelon/PSEG Merger
- FERC Transmission Issues
- Distribution Rate Strategy
- Compliance with AEPS
- PA POLR





(Includes percentage of customers served in Pennsylvania)

• With Duquesne Interim POLR Order, Post-Transition customer percentage = 86%.



Trading Floor Tour

Walt Kuhn, Director, Power Transactions