

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

July 30, 2026

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

Commission File Number	Name of Registrant; State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation; Address of Principal Executive Offices; and Telephone Number	IRS Employer Identification Number
001-16169	EXELON CORPORATION (a Pennsylvania corporation) 10 South Dearborn Street P.O. Box 806379 Chicago, Illinois 60680-5379 (800) 483-3220	23-2990190
001-01839	COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY (an Illinois corporation) 10 South Dearborn Street Chicago, Illinois 60603-2300 (312) 394-4321	36-0938600
000-16844	PECO ENERGY COMPANY (a Pennsylvania corporation) 2301 Market Street P.O. Box 8699 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19101-8699 (215) 841-4000	23-0970240
001-01910	BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY (a Maryland corporation) 2 Center Plaza 110 West Fayette Street Baltimore, Maryland 21201-3708 (410) 234-5000	52-0280210
001-31403	PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC (a Delaware limited liability company) 701 Ninth Street, N.W. Washington, District of Columbia 20068-0001 (202) 872-2000	52-2297449
001-01072	POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY (a District of Columbia and Virginia corporation) 701 Ninth Street, N.W. Washington, District of Columbia 20068-0001 (202) 872-2000	53-0127880
001-01405	DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY (a Delaware and Virginia corporation) 500 North Wakefield Drive Newark, Delaware 19702-5440 (202) 872-2000	51-0084283
001-03559	ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY (a New Jersey corporation) 500 North Wakefield Drive Newark, Delaware 19702-5440 (202) 872-2000	21-0398280

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
EXELON CORPORATION:		
Common Stock, without par value	EXC	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether any of the registrants are emerging growth companies as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter). Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if any of the registrants have elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.
Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

On July 30, 2026, Exelon Corporation (Exelon) announced via press release its results for the second quarter ended June 30, 2026. A copy of the press release and related attachments are attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1. Also attached as Exhibit 99.2 to this Current Report on Form 8-K are the presentation slides to be used at the second quarter 2026 earnings conference call. This Form 8-K and the attached exhibits are provided under Items 2.02, 7.01 and 9.01 of Form 8-K and are furnished to, but not filed with, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Exelon has scheduled the conference call for 9:00 AM CT (10:00 AM ET) on July 30, 2026. Participants who would like to join the call to ask a question may register at the link found on the Investor Relations page of Exelon's website: investors.exeloncorp.com. Media representatives are invited to participate on a listen-only basis. The call will be archived and available for replay.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits.	
<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
99.1	Press release and earnings release attachments
99.2	Earnings conference call presentation slides
101	Cover Page Interactive Data File - the cover page XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

This combined Current Report on Form 8-K is being furnished separately by Exelon, Commonwealth Edison Company, PECO Energy Company, Baltimore Gas and Electric Company, Pepco Holdings LLC, Potomac Electric Power Company, Delmarva Power & Light Company, and Atlantic City Electric Company (Registrants). Information contained herein relating to any individual Registrant has been furnished by such Registrant on its own behalf. No Registrant makes any representation as to information relating to any other Registrant.

This Current Report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities laws that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Words such as "could," "may," "expects," "anticipates," "will," "targets," "goals," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "predicts," "should," and variations on such words, and similar expressions that reflect our current views with respect to future events and operational, economic, and financial performance, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements.

Accordingly, any such statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to, and are accompanied by, the following important factors that may cause our actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those contained in our forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to: unfavorable legislative and/or regulatory actions; uncertainty as to outcomes and timing of regulatory approval proceedings and/or negotiated settlements thereof; environmental liabilities and remediation costs; state and federal legislation requiring use of low-emission, renewable, and/or alternate fuel sources and/or mandating implementation of energy conservation programs requiring implementation of new technologies; challenges to tax positions taken, tax law changes, and difficulty in quantifying potential tax effects of business decisions; negative outcomes in legal proceedings; physical security and cybersecurity risks; extreme weather events, natural disasters, operational accidents such as wildfires or natural gas explosions, war, acts and threats of terrorism, public health crises, epidemics, pandemics, or other significant events; disruptions or cost increases in the supply chain, including shortages in labor, materials or parts, or significant increases in relevant tariffs; lack of sufficient power generation resources to meet actual or forecasted demand or disruptions at generation facilities owned by third parties; emerging technologies that could affect or transform the energy industry; instability in capital and credit markets; a downgrade of any Registrant's credit ratings or other failure to satisfy the credit standards in the Registrants' agreements or regulatory financial requirements; significant economic downturns or increases in customer rates; impacts of climate change and weather on energy usage and maintenance and capital costs; and impairment of long-lived assets, goodwill, and other assets.

New factors emerge from time to time, and it is impossible for us to predict all of such factors, nor can we assess the impact of each such factor on the business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. For more information, see those factors discussed with respect to each of the Registrants in the Registrants' most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, including in Part I, ITEM 1A, any subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and in other reports filed by the Registrants from time to time with the SEC.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, which apply only as of the date of this Current Report. None of the Registrants undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Current Report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

EXELON CORPORATION

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Jeanne M. Jones
Executive Vice President, Chief Finance Officer, Audit and Risk

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY

/s/ JOSHUA S. LEVIN

Joshua S. Levin
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

PECO ENERGY COMPANY

/s/ MARISSA E. HUMPHREY

Marissa E. Humphrey
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

/s/ MICHAEL J. CLOYD

Michael J. Cloyd
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC

/s/ ELIZABETH MORGAN DOWNS O'DONNELL
Elizabeth Morgan Downs O'Donnell
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY

/s/ ELIZABETH MORGAN DOWNS O'DONNELL
Elizabeth Morgan Downs O'Donnell
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

/s/ ELIZABETH MORGAN DOWNS O'DONNELL
Elizabeth Morgan Downs O'Donnell
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY

/s/ ELIZABETH MORGAN DOWNS O'DONNELL
Elizabeth Morgan Downs O'Donnell
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

EXHIBIT INDEX

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Contact: Khanya Brann
Corporate Communications
301-535-3292

Ryan Brown
Investor Relations
779-231-0017

EXELON REPORTS SECOND QUARTER 2026 RESULTS

Earnings Release Highlights

- GAAP net income of \$0.39 per share and Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings of \$0.43 per share for the second quarter of 2026, in line with expectations
- Affirming full year 2026 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings guidance range of \$2.81-\$2.91 per share and operating EPS compounded annual growth near top end of 5-7% from 2025 to 2029
- All utilities projecting top quartile reliability performance, with ComEd and PHI in the top decile
- BGE filed an electric distribution rate case with the Maryland Public Service Commission (MDPSC) in July, requesting the funding of investments and operating costs necessary to maintain a safe and reliable electric system, cost of capital, and storm event recovery
- ACE filed a transmission-connected battery storage proposal with the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities
- Executed ~86% of 2026 planned debt financings, supporting continued investment across the utilities

CHICAGO (July 30, 2026) — Exelon Corporation (Nasdaq: EXC) today reported its financial results for the second quarter of 2026.

“At Exelon, we are focused on delivering where it matters most for our customers and communities by providing safe, reliable and affordable energy,” said Exelon President and Chief Executive Officer Calvin Butler. “Our second-quarter results reflect disciplined execution and strong operational performance, keeping us on track to deliver on our financial commitments. As energy demand continues to grow, we remain focused on advancing solutions through The Exelon Promise that strengthen reliability, protect customers, keep bills as low as possible, and create long-term value for the communities we serve. From grid modernization to practical solutions such as storage and virtual power plants, we are helping meet growing energy demand and enabling a more affordable and reliable grid.”

“Exelon delivered second quarter 2026 adjusted operating earnings of \$0.43 per share, in line with the expectations we discussed on our first quarter call,” said Exelon Chief Financial Officer Jeanne Jones. “Through the first half of the year, we remain on track to deliver full-year operating earnings of \$2.81 to \$2.91 per share and annualized earnings growth near the top end of 5% to 7% from 2025 through 2029. With substantial progress on our financing plan, we are well positioned to fund customer-focused

investments across our utilities and advance additional solutions, such as storage, that support affordability, reliability and resource adequacy.”

Second Quarter 2026

Exelon's GAAP net income for the second quarter of 2026 remained relatively consistent with the prior period at \$0.39 per share. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the second quarter of 2026 increased to \$0.43 per share from \$0.39 per share in the second quarter of 2025. For the reconciliations of GAAP net income to Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings, refer to the tables beginning on page 4.

The GAAP net income and Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings in the second quarter of 2026 primarily reflect:

- Higher utility earnings primarily due to distribution and transmission rates at ComEd and PHI, distribution rates at BGE, absence of customer surcharge credits at PECO, higher allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC) at ComEd, and favorable weather at PECO. This was partially offset by higher depreciation at PECO and PHI, higher credit loss expense at BGE, and higher interest expense and income taxes at PECO. Note that rate increases are associated with updated recovery rates for costs and investments to serve customers.
- Lower costs at the Exelon holding company due to the lack of Customer Relief Fund contribution and lower income taxes were offset by higher interest expense.

Operating Company Results¹

ComEd

ComEd's second quarter of 2026 GAAP net income increased to \$249 million from \$228 million in the second quarter of 2025. ComEd's Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the second quarter of 2026 increased to \$249 million from \$228 million in the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to an increase in higher distribution and transmission rate base driven by incremental investments to serve customers, driving top quartile reliability and avoiding outage costs, and higher AFUDC. Due to revenue decoupling, ComEd's distribution earnings are not intended to be affected by actual weather or customer usage patterns.

PECO

PECO's second quarter of 2026 GAAP net income decreased to \$119 million from \$136 million in the second quarter of 2025. PECO's Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the second quarter of 2026 decreased to \$130 million from \$136 million in the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to an increase in depreciation and interest expense, and higher income taxes due to tax repairs, a portion of which is timing, partially offset by absence of surcharge credits to customers and favorable weather.

¹ Exelon's four business units include ComEd, which consists of electricity transmission and distribution operations in northern Illinois (and transmission in a small portion of northwestern Indiana); PECO, which consists of electricity transmission and distribution operations and retail natural gas distribution operations in southeastern Pennsylvania; BGE, which consists of electricity transmission and distribution operations and retail natural gas distribution operations in central Maryland; and PHI, which consists of electricity transmission and distribution operations in the District of Columbia and portions of Maryland, Delaware, and New Jersey and retail natural gas distribution operations in northern Delaware.

BGE

BGE's second quarter of 2026 GAAP net income remained relatively consistent with the prior period at \$55 million in the second quarter of 2025. BGE's Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the second quarter of 2026 increased to \$70 million from \$55 million in the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to approved distribution rates associated with updated recovery of investments to serve customers, driving top quartile reliability and avoiding outage costs, partially offset by an increase in credit loss expense. Due to revenue decoupling, BGE's distribution earnings are not intended to be affected by actual weather or customer usage patterns.

PHI

PHI's second quarter of 2026 GAAP net income decreased to \$109 million from \$143 million in the second quarter of 2025. PHI's Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the second quarter of 2026 decreased to \$126 million from \$144 million in the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to an increase in depreciation, partially offset by approved distribution and transmission rates driven by updated recovery of investments to serve customers, driving top quartile reliability and avoiding outage costs. Due to revenue decoupling, PHI's distribution earnings related to Pepco Maryland, DPL Maryland, Pepco District of Columbia, and ACE are not intended to be affected by actual weather or customer usage patterns.

Recent Developments and Second Quarter Highlights

- **Dividend:** On July 28, 2026, Exelon's Board of Directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.42 per share on Exelon's common stock. The dividend is payable on September 15, 2026, to Exelon shareholders of record as of the close of business on September 4, 2026.
- **Rate Case Developments:**
 - **BGE Maryland Electric Distribution Rate Case:** On July 2, 2026, BGE filed an application with the MDPSC to increase its annual electric distribution rates by \$156 million, reflecting an ROE of 10.40%. BGE currently expects a decision in the first quarter of 2027, but cannot predict if the MDPSC will approve the application as filed.
- **Financing Activities:**
 - On May 14, 2026, ComEd issued \$1,425 million of its First Mortgage Bonds, consisting of \$600 million aggregate principal amount of its First Mortgage Bonds, 4.55% Series due June 1, 2031, and \$825 million aggregate principal amount of its First Mortgage Bonds, 5.85% Series due June 1, 2056. ComEd used the proceeds to repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
 - On May 22, 2026, BGE issued \$925 million of its notes, consisting of \$500 million aggregate principal amount of its 5.15% Series notes due June 1, 2033, and \$425 million aggregate principal amount of its 6.05% Series notes due June 1, 2056. BGE used the proceeds to repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
 - On June 17, 2026, Pepco issued \$130 million of its First Mortgage Bonds, 5.74% Series due June 17, 2056. Pepco used the proceeds to repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.

Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings Reconciliation

Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the second quarter of 2026 do not include the following items (after tax) that were included in reported GAAP net income:

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Exelon Earnings per Diluted Share	Exelon	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI
2026 GAAP net income	\$ 0.39	\$ 396	\$ 249	\$ 119	\$ 55	\$ 109
Cost management charge (net of taxes of \$16, \$4, \$6, and \$7, respectively)	0.04	42	—	11	15	17
2026 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings	\$ 0.43	\$ 438	\$ 249	\$ 130	\$ 70	\$ 126

Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the second quarter of 2025 do not include the following items (after tax) that were included in reported GAAP net income:

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Exelon Earnings per Diluted Share	Exelon	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI
2025 GAAP net income	\$ 0.39	\$ 391	\$ 228	\$ 136	\$ 55	\$ 143
Income tax-related adjustments (entire amount represents tax expense)	—	1	—	—	—	1
2025 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings	\$ 0.39	\$ 392	\$ 228	\$ 136	\$ 55	\$ 144

Note:
Amounts may not sum due to rounding.
Unless otherwise noted, the income tax impact of each reconciling item between GAAP net income and Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings is based on the marginal statutory federal and state income tax rates for each Registrant, taking into account whether the income or expense item is taxable or deductible, respectively, in whole or in part. For all items, the marginal statutory income tax rates for 2026 and 2025 ranged from 24.0% to 29.0%.

Webcast Information

Exelon will discuss second quarter 2026 earnings in a conference call scheduled for today at 9 a.m. Central Time (10 a.m. Eastern Time). The webcast and associated materials can be accessed at investors.exeloncorp.com/.

About Exelon

Exelon (Nasdaq: EXC) is a Fortune 200 company and one of the nation’s largest utility companies, serving almost 11 million customers through six fully regulated transmission and distribution utilities — Atlantic City Electric (ACE), Baltimore Gas and Electric (BGE), Commonwealth Edison (ComEd), Delmarva Power & Light (DPL), PECO Energy Company (PECO), and Potomac Electric Power Company (Pepco). Exelon's more than 20,000 employees dedicate their time and expertise to supporting our communities through reliable, affordable and efficient energy delivery, workforce development, equity, economic development and volunteerism. Follow @Exelon on X and LinkedIn.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to net income as determined under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP), Exelon evaluates its operating performance using the measure of Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings because management believes it represents earnings directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings exclude certain costs, expenses,

gains and losses, and other specified items. This measure is intended to enhance an investor's overall understanding of period over period operating results and provide an indication of Exelon's baseline operating performance excluding items that are considered by management to be not directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. In addition, this measure is among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for evaluating performance, allocating resources, setting incentive compensation targets, and planning and forecasting of future periods. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings is not a presentation defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentation. Exelon has provided the non-GAAP financial measure as supplemental information and in addition to the financial measures that are calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings should not be deemed more useful than, a substitute for, or an alternative to the most comparable GAAP net income measures provided in this earnings release and attachments. This press release and earnings release attachments provide reconciliations of Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, are posted on Exelon's website: investors.exeloncorp.com, and have been furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 8-K on July 30, 2026.

Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This press release contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities laws that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Words such as "could," "may," "expects," "anticipates," "will," "targets," "goals," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "predicts," "should," and variations on such words, and similar expressions that reflect our current views with respect to future events and operational, economic, and financial performance, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Accordingly, any such statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to, and are accompanied by, the following important factors that may cause our actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those contained in our forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to: unfavorable legislative and/or regulatory actions; uncertainty as to outcomes and timing of regulatory approval proceedings and/or negotiated settlements thereof; environmental liabilities and remediation costs; state and federal legislation requiring use of low-emission, renewable, and/or alternate fuel sources and/or mandating implementation of energy conservation programs requiring implementation of new technologies; challenges to tax positions taken, tax law changes, and difficulty in quantifying potential tax effects of business decisions; negative outcomes in legal proceedings; physical security and cybersecurity risks; extreme weather events, natural disasters, operational accidents such as wildfires or natural gas explosions, war, acts and threats of terrorism, public health crises, epidemics, pandemics, or other significant events; disruptions or cost increases in the supply chain, including shortages in labor, materials or parts, or significant increases in relevant tariffs; lack of sufficient power generation resources to meet actual or forecasted demand or disruptions at generation facilities owned by third parties; emerging technologies that could affect or transform the energy industry; instability in capital and credit markets; a downgrade of any Registrant's credit ratings or other failure to satisfy the credit standards in the Registrants' agreements or regulatory financial requirements; significant economic downturns or increases in customer rates; impacts of climate change and weather on energy usage and maintenance and capital costs; and impairment of long-lived assets, goodwill, and other assets.

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Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, which apply only as of the date of this press release. None of the Registrants undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this press release.

Exelon uses its corporate website, www.exeloncorp.com, investor relations website, investors.exeloncorp.com, and social media channels to communicate with Exelon's investors and the public about the Registrants and other matters. Exelon's posts through these channels may be deemed material. Accordingly, Exelon encourages investors and others interested in the Registrants to routinely monitor these channels, in addition to following the Registrants' press releases, Securities and Exchange Commission filings and public conference calls and webcasts. The contents of Exelon's websites and social media channels are not, however, incorporated by reference into this press release.

Earnings Release Attachments
Table of Contents

Consolidating Statement of Operations	1
Consolidated Balance Sheets	2
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	4
Reconciliation of GAAP Net Income to Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings and Analysis of Earnings	6
Statistics	
ComEd	7
PECO	8
BGE	9
Pepco	12
DPL	13
ACE	15

Consolidating Statements of Operations						
	(unaudited) (in millions)					
	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other (a)	Exelon
Three Months Ended June 30, 2026						
Operating revenues	\$ 1,985	\$ 1,062	\$ 1,218	\$ 1,712	\$ (10)	\$ 5,967
Operating expenses						
Purchased power and fuel	579	389	545	698	—	2,211
Operating and maintenance	449	300	293	395	(51)	1,386
Depreciation and amortization	416	125	166	245	16	968
Taxes other than income taxes	107	62	96	145	13	423
Total operating expenses	<u>1,551</u>	<u>876</u>	<u>1,100</u>	<u>1,483</u>	<u>(22)</u>	<u>4,988</u>
Gain on sale of assets	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Operating income	<u>434</u>	<u>186</u>	<u>118</u>	<u>229</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>979</u>
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(143)	(72)	(68)	(108)	(183)	(574)
Other, net	41	13	22	20	(6)	90
Total other income and (deductions)	<u>(102)</u>	<u>(59)</u>	<u>(46)</u>	<u>(88)</u>	<u>(189)</u>	<u>(484)</u>
Income (loss) before income taxes	<u>332</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>(177)</u>	<u>495</u>
Income taxes	<u>83</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>(41)</u>	<u>99</u>
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	<u>\$ 249</u>	<u>\$ 119</u>	<u>\$ 55</u>	<u>\$ 109</u>	<u>\$ (136)</u>	<u>\$ 396</u>
Three Months Ended June 30, 2025						
Operating revenues	\$ 1,836	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,029	\$ 1,579	\$ (17)	\$ 5,427
Operating expenses						
Purchased power and fuel	550	339	406	601	—	1,896
Operating and maintenance	422	305	264	340	(10)	1,321
Depreciation and amortization	387	112	154	233	16	902
Taxes other than income taxes	97	54	85	136	11	383
Total operating expenses	<u>1,456</u>	<u>810</u>	<u>909</u>	<u>1,310</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>4,502</u>
Gain on sale of assets	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>2</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>380</u>	<u>190</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>271</u>	<u>(34)</u>	<u>927</u>
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(131)	(60)	(61)	(103)	(176)	(531)
Other, net	31	10	11	17	(4)	65
Total other income and (deductions)	<u>(100)</u>	<u>(50)</u>	<u>(50)</u>	<u>(86)</u>	<u>(180)</u>	<u>(466)</u>
Income (loss) before income taxes	<u>280</u>	<u>140</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>185</u>	<u>(214)</u>	<u>461</u>
Income taxes	<u>52</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>(43)</u>	<u>70</u>
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	<u>\$ 228</u>	<u>\$ 136</u>	<u>\$ 55</u>	<u>\$ 143</u>	<u>\$ (171)</u>	<u>\$ 391</u>
Change in net income (loss) from 2025 to 2026	<u>\$ 21</u>	<u>\$ (17)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (34)</u>	<u>\$ 35</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>

Consolidating Statements of Operations
(unaudited)
(in millions)

	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other (a)	Exelon
Six Months Ended June 30, 2026						
Operating revenues	\$ 3,898	\$ 2,554	\$ 3,046	\$ 3,742	\$ (31)	\$ 13,209
Operating expenses						
Purchased power and fuel	1,031	1,001	1,353	1,602	—	4,987
Operating and maintenance	886	636	619	820	(109)	2,852
Depreciation and amortization	820	247	334	491	28	1,920
Taxes other than income taxes	212	131	200	296	27	866
Total operating expenses	2,949	2,015	2,506	3,209	(54)	10,625
Gain on sale of assets	—	—	—	—	—	—
Operating income	949	539	540	533	23	2,584
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(279)	(144)	(129)	(215)	(361)	(1,128)
Other, net	73	25	38	39	(16)	159
Total other income and (deductions)	(206)	(119)	(91)	(176)	(377)	(969)
Income (loss) before income taxes	743	420	449	357	(354)	1,615
Income taxes	184	23	96	79	(82)	300
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$ 559	\$ 397	\$ 353	\$ 278	\$ (272)	\$ 1,315
Six Months Ended June 30, 2025						
Operating revenues	\$ 3,901	\$ 2,333	\$ 2,583	\$ 3,357	\$ (33)	\$ 12,141
Operating expenses						
Purchased power and fuel	1,239	841	1,016	1,322	—	4,418
Operating and maintenance	845	631	568	689	(65)	2,668
Depreciation and amortization	767	221	318	467	32	1,805
Taxes other than income taxes	196	115	181	276	20	788
Total operating expenses	3,047	1,808	2,083	2,754	(13)	9,679
Gain on sale of assets	—	—	—	1	—	1
Operating income (loss)	854	525	500	604	(20)	2,463
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(260)	(124)	(120)	(203)	(333)	(1,040)
Other, net	53	18	20	35	(9)	117
Total other income and (deductions)	(207)	(106)	(100)	(168)	(342)	(923)
Income (loss) before income taxes	647	419	400	436	(362)	1,540
Income taxes	117	17	85	99	(78)	240
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$ 530	\$ 402	\$ 315	\$ 337	\$ (284)	\$ 1,300
Change in net income (loss) from 2025 to 2026	\$ 29	\$ (5)	\$ 38	\$ (59)	\$ 12	\$ 15

(a) Other primarily includes eliminating and consolidating adjustments, Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.

Exelon
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(unaudited)
(in millions)

	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,813	\$ 626
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	608	525
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	3,567	3,732
Customer allowance for credit losses	(508)	(435)
Customer accounts receivable, net	3,059	3,297
Other accounts receivable	1,294	1,879
Other allowance for credit losses	(94)	(94)
Other accounts receivable, net	1,200	1,785
Inventories, net		
Fossil fuel	62	88
Materials and supplies	832	780
Regulatory assets	1,352	1,359
Prepaid renewable energy credits	381	563
Other	490	523
Total current assets	9,797	9,546
Property, plant, and equipment, net	87,123	84,318
Deferred debits and other assets		
Regulatory assets	9,412	9,214
Goodwill	6,630	6,630
Receivable related to Regulatory Agreement Units	5,280	4,755
Investments	327	312
Other	1,936	1,795
Total deferred debits and other assets	23,585	22,706
Total assets	\$ 120,505	\$ 116,570

	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Liabilities and shareholders' equity		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,243	\$ 612
Long-term debt due within one year	727	1,665
Accounts payable	3,475	3,721
Accrued expenses	1,447	1,582
Payables to affiliates	5	5
Customer deposits	589	533
Regulatory liabilities	573	1,128
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	23	30
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	4	5
Renewable energy credit obligations	332	473
Other	590	577
Total current liabilities	9,008	10,331
Long-term debt	50,313	47,413
Long-term debt to financing trusts	390	390
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	14,348	13,715
Regulatory liabilities	11,727	11,016
Pension obligations	1,429	1,749
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations	564	546
Asset retirement obligations	322	321
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	105	106
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	14	16
Other	2,587	2,169
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	31,096	29,638
Total liabilities	90,807	87,772
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock	22,540	22,106
Treasury stock, at cost	(123)	(123)
Retained earnings	8,031	7,577
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	(750)	(762)
Total shareholders' equity	29,698	28,798
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 120,505	\$ 116,570

Exelon
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(unaudited)
(in millions)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 1,315	\$ 1,300
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization, and accretion	1,921	1,806
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	432	165
Net fair value changes related to derivatives	—	3
Other non-cash operating activities	464	734
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	787	(460)
Inventories	(29)	(20)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(210)	(38)
Collateral received, net	72	14
Income taxes	(140)	(3)
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(874)	(294)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(356)	(302)
Other assets and liabilities	287	(194)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	3,669	2,711
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(4,558)	(3,959)
Proceeds from sales of assets	—	2
Other investing activities	(2)	(5)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(4,560)	(3,962)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	131	(750)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	500	—
Issuance of long-term debt	3,600	3,800
Retirement of long-term debt	(1,600)	(807)
Issuance of common stock	382	173
Dividends paid on common stock	(860)	(808)
Proceeds from employee stock plans	24	11
Other financing activities	(57)	(56)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	2,120	1,563
Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	1,229	312
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,201	939
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 2,430	\$ 1,251

Exelon
Reconciliation of GAAP Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings and Analysis of Earnings
Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(unaudited)
(in millions, except per share data)

	Exelon Earnings per Diluted Share	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other (a)	Exelon
2025 GAAP net income (loss)	\$ 0.39	\$ 228	\$ 136	\$ 55	\$ 143	\$ (171)	\$ 391
Income tax-related adjustments (entire amount represents tax expense) (1)	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
2025 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings (loss)	\$ 0.39	\$ 228	\$ 136	\$ 55	\$ 144	\$ (171)	\$ 392
Year over year effects on Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings:							
Weather	\$ —	\$ — (b)	\$ 4	\$ — (b)	\$ — (b)	\$ —	\$ 4
Load	(0.01)	— (b)	(5)	— (b)	(1) (b)	—	(6)
Distribution and transmission rates (2)	0.04	17 (c)	(2) (c)	12 (c)	14 (c)	—	41
Other energy delivery (3)	0.06	51 (c)	11 (c)	1 (c)	1 (c)	—	64
Operating and maintenance expense (4)	0.03	(19)	14	13	(11)	38	35
Depreciation and amortization expense (5)	(0.05)	(21)	(10)	(6)	(12)	1	(48)
Interest expense and other (6)	(0.04)	(7)	(18)	(5)	(9)	(4)	(43)
Total year over year effects on Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings	\$ 0.04	\$ 21	\$ (6)	\$ 15	\$ (18)	\$ 35	\$ 46
2026 GAAP net income (loss)	\$ 0.39	\$ 249	\$ 119	\$ 55	\$ 109	\$ (136)	\$ 396
Cost management program (net of taxes of \$4, \$6, \$7, and \$16, respectively) (7)	0.04	—	11	15	17	—	42
2026 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings (loss)	\$ 0.43	\$ 249	\$ 130	\$ 70	\$ 126	\$ (136)	\$ 438

Note:
Amounts may not sum due to rounding.
Unless otherwise noted, the income tax impact of each reconciling item between GAAP net income and Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings is based on the marginal statutory federal and state income tax rates for each Registrant, taking into account whether the income or expense item is taxable or deductible, respectively, in whole or in part. For all items, the marginal statutory income tax rates for 2026 and 2025 ranged from 24.0% to 29.0%.

- (a) Other primarily includes eliminating and consolidating adjustments, Exelon’s corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.

(b) For ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL Maryland, and ACE, customer rates are adjusted to eliminate the impacts of weather and customer usage on distribution volumes.

(c) ComEd’s distribution rate revenues increase or decrease as fully recoverable costs fluctuate. For transmission formula rates and various riders across the utilities, revenues increase and decrease i) as fully recoverable costs fluctuate (with no impact on net earnings), and ii) pursuant to changes in rate base, capital structure, and ROE (which impact net earnings).
- (1) Reflects the adjustment to state deferred income taxes due to changes in forecasted apportionment.

(2) For ComEd, reflects higher distribution and transmission rate base. For BGE, reflects increased distribution revenue due to approved rates. For PHI, reflects increased distribution and transmission revenue due to approved rates.

(3) For ComEd, reflects increased electric distribution, transmission, and energy efficiency revenues due to higher fully recoverable costs. For PECO, reflects the absence of electric surcharge credits to customers recognized in 2025.

(4) Represents Operating and maintenance expense. For Corporate, reflects the absence of the Customer Relief Fund contribution recorded in the prior period.

(5) Across all utilities, reflects ongoing capital expenditures and regulatory asset amortization.

(6) For ComEd, reflects an increase in interest expense, offset by an increase in AFUDC. For PECO, reflects an increase in interest expense and income tax expense due to tax repairs, a portion of which is timing. For Corporate, reflects an increase in interest expense offset by a decrease in income tax expense due to timing.

(7) Primarily represents severance costs related to cost management program.

Exelon Reconciliation of GAAP Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings and Analysis of Earnings Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 (unaudited) (in millions, except per share data)							
	Exelon Earnings per Diluted Share	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other (a)	Exelon
2025 GAAP net income (loss)	\$ 1.29	\$ 530	\$ 402	\$ 315	\$ 337	\$ (284)	\$ 1,300
Change in FERC audit liability (net of taxes of \$1)	—	2	—	—	—	—	2
Cost management program (net of taxes of \$0) (1)	—	—	(1)	—	—	—	(1)
Income tax-related adjustments (entire amount represents tax expense) (2)	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Regulatory matters (net of taxes of \$7) (3)	0.02	21	—	—	—	1	22
2025 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings (loss)	\$ 1.31	\$ 553	\$ 401	\$ 315	\$ 338	\$ (283)	\$ 1,324
Year over year effects on Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings:							
Weather	\$ 0.02	\$ — (b)	\$ 16	\$ — (b)	\$ 3 (b)	\$ —	\$ 19
Load	(0.01)	— (b)	(6)	— (b)	— (b)	—	(6)
Distribution and transmission rates (4)	0.10	32 (c)	4 (c)	40 (c)	27 (c)	—	103
Other energy delivery (5)	0.11	68 (c)	23 (c)	14 (c)	7 (c)	—	112
Operating and maintenance expense (6)	(0.02)	(50)	7	16	(28)	39	(16)
Depreciation and amortization expense (7)	(0.09)	(38)	(20)	(14)	(23)	4	(91)
Interest expense and other (8)	(0.07)	(6)	(17)	(3)	(18)	(32)	(76)
Total year over year effects on Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings	\$ 0.02	\$ 6	\$ 7	\$ 53	\$ (32)	\$ 11	\$ 44
2026 GAAP net income (loss)	\$ 1.28	\$ 559	\$ 397	\$ 353	\$ 278	\$ (272)	\$ 1,315
Cost management program (net of taxes of \$4, \$6, \$7, and \$16, respectively) (1)	0.04	—	11	15	17	—	42
Regulatory matters (net of taxes of \$4) (3)	0.01	—	—	—	11	—	11
2026 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings (loss)	\$ 1.33	\$ 559	\$ 408	\$ 368	\$ 306	\$ (272)	\$ 1,368

Note:

Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

Unless otherwise noted, the income tax impact of each reconciling item between GAAP net income and Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings is based on the marginal statutory federal and state income tax rates for each Registrant, taking into account whether the income or expense item is taxable or deductible, respectively, in whole or in part. For all items, the marginal statutory income tax rates for 2026 and 2025 ranged from 24.0% to 29.0%.

- (a) Other primarily includes eliminating and consolidating adjustments, Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.
- (b) For ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL Maryland, and ACE, customer rates are adjusted to eliminate the impacts of weather and customer usage on distribution volumes.
- (c) ComEd's distribution rate revenues increase or decrease as fully recoverable costs fluctuate. For transmission formula rates and various riders across the utilities, revenues increase and decrease i) as fully recoverable costs fluctuate (with no impact on net earnings), and ii) pursuant to changes in rate base, capital structure, and ROE (which impact net earnings).
- (1) Primarily represents severance costs related to cost management program.
- (2) Reflects the adjustment to state deferred income taxes due to changes in forecasted apportionment.
- (3) Represents the disallowance of certain capitalized costs.
- (4) For ComEd, reflects higher distribution and transmission rate base. For BGE, reflects increased distribution revenue due to approved rates. For PHI, reflects increased distribution and transmission revenue due to approved rates.
- (5) For ComEd, reflects increased electric distribution, transmission, and energy efficiency revenues due to higher fully recoverable costs, offset by decreased electric distribution revenues due to timing of distribution earnings. For PECO, reflects the absence of electric surcharge credits to customers recognized in 2025. For PHI, reflects higher distribution and transmission revenues due to higher fully recoverable costs.
- (6) Represents Operating and maintenance expense. For PHI, reflects unfavorable impacts of the Pepco Maryland multi-year plan reconciliation. For Corporate, reflects the absence of the Customer Relief Fund contribution recorded in the prior period.
- (7) Across all utilities, reflects ongoing capital expenditures and regulatory asset amortization.
- (8) For ComEd, reflects an increase in interest expense, offset by an increase in AFUDC. For PECO, PHI, and Corporate, reflects an increase in interest expense.

(a) Reflects revenues from customers purchasing electricity directly from ComEd and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier, as all customers are assessed delivery charges. For customers purchasing electricity from ComEd, revenues also reflect the cost of energy and transmission.

(b) Includes transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue, and mutual assistance revenue.

(c) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$2 million and \$10 million for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$13 million and \$17 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

(d) Includes alternative revenue programs and late payment charges.

[illegible]

(a) Reflects revenues from customers purchasing electricity directly from ComEd and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier, as all customers are assessed delivery charges. For customers purchasing electricity from ComEd, revenues also reflect the cost of energy and transmission.

(b) Includes transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue, and mutual assistance revenue.

(c) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$2 million and \$10 million for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$13 million and \$17 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

(d) Includes alternative revenue programs and late payment charges.

(a) Reflects revenues from customers purchasing electricity directly from ComEd and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier, as all customers are assessed delivery charges. For customers purchasing electricity from ComEd, revenues also reflect the cost of energy and transmission.

(b) Includes transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue, and mutual assistance revenue.

(c) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$2 million and \$10 million for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$13 million and \$17 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

(d) Includes alternative revenue programs and late payment charges.

PECO Statistics							
Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025							
	Electric and Natural Gas Deliveries				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather-Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric (in GWhs)							
Electric Deliveries and Revenues ^(a)							
Residential	3,042	3,030	0.4 %	(1.8)%	\$ 601	\$ 555	8.3 %
Small commercial & industrial	1,742	1,832	(4.9)%	(3.6)%	157	155	1.3 %
Large commercial & industrial	3,426	3,314	3.4 %	2.4 %	85	75	13.3 %
Public authorities & electric railroads	157	163	(3.7)%	(3.6)%	9	10	(10.0)%
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	77	77	— %
Total electric revenues ^(c)	8,367	8,339	0.3 %	(0.5)%	929	872	6.5 %
Other Revenues ^(d)					12	8	50.0 %
Total Electric Revenues					941	880	6.9 %
Natural Gas (in mmcf)							
Natural Gas Deliveries and Revenues ^(e)							
Residential	4,525	4,571	(1.0)%	1.9 %	84	79	6.3 %
Small commercial & industrial	3,072	3,398	(9.6)%	(9.0)%	29	31	(6.5)%
Large commercial & industrial	1	2	(50.0)%	2.3 %	—	—	n/a
Transportation	6,578	5,436	21.0 %	25.6 %	6	8	(25.0)%
Other ^(f)	—	—	n/a	n/a	1	2	(50.0)%
Total natural gas revenues ^(g)	14,176	13,407	5.7 %	8.1 %	120	120	— %
Other Revenues ^(d)					1	—	n/a
Total Natural Gas Revenues					121	120	0.8 %
Total Electric and Natural Gas Revenues					\$ 1,062	\$ 1,000	6.2 %
Purchased Power and Fuel					\$ 389	\$ 339	14.7 %
					% Change		
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days	2026	2025	Normal		From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	321	333	415		(3.6)%	(22.7)%	
Cooling Degree-Days	526	425	387		23.8 %	35.9 %	

Six Months Ended June 30, 2026

	Electric and Natural Gas Deliveries				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather-Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric (in GWhs)							
Electric Deliveries and Revenues^(a)							
Residential	6,994	6,889	1.5 %	(0.7)%	\$ 1,326	\$ 1,186	11.8 %
Small commercial & industrial	3,752	3,778	(0.7)%	(1.2)%	329	317	3.8 %
Large commercial & industrial	6,558	6,739	(2.7)%	(3.9)%	172	159	8.2 %
Public authorities & electric railroads	333	352	(5.4)%	(5.4)%	17	18	(5.6)%
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	154	153	0.7 %
Total electric revenues ^(c)	17,637	17,758	(0.7)%	(2.1)%	1,998	1,833	9.0 %
Other Revenues^(d)							
Total electric revenues					25	3	733.3 %
					2,023	1,836	10.2 %
Natural Gas (in mmcf)							
Natural Gas Deliveries and Revenues^(e)							
Residential	26,961	26,405	2.1 %	(-0.4)%	369	346	6.6 %
Small commercial & industrial	14,423	13,803	4.5 %	2.3 %	125	117	6.8 %
Large commercial & industrial	(9)	14	(164.3)%	(10.5)%	—	—	n/a
Transportation	13,720	12,678	8.2 %	9.2 %	26	21	23.8 %
Other ^(f)	—	—	n/a	n/a	9	12	(25.0)%
Total natural gas revenues ^(g)	55,095	52,900	4.1 %	2.5 %	529	496	6.7 %
Other Revenues^(d)							
Total natural gas revenues					2	1	100.0 %
					531	497	6.8 %
Total electric and natural gas revenues					\$ 2,554	\$ 2,333	9.5 %
Purchased Power and Fuel							
					\$ 1,001	\$ 841	19.0 %

Heating and Cooling Degree-Days	2026	2025	Normal	% Change	
				From 2025	From Normal
Heating Degree-Days	2,720	2,684	2,774	1.3 %	(1.9)%
Cooling Degree-Days	536	426	388	25.8 %	38.1 %

	Number of Electric Customers		Number of Natural Gas Customers	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Residential	1,540,384	1,538,280	Residential	511,121
Small commercial & industrial	154,463	154,977	Small commercial & industrial	44,494
Large commercial & industrial	3,141	3,155	Large commercial & industrial	7
Public authorities & electric railroads	10,133	10,343	Transportation	605
Total	1,708,121	1,706,755	Total	556,227
				554,947

- (a) Reflects delivery volumes and revenues from customers purchasing electricity directly from PECO and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges. For customers purchasing electricity from PECO, revenues also reflect the cost of energy and transmission.
- (b) Includes transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue, and mutual assistance revenue.
- (c) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$2 million and \$3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$6 million and \$5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.
- (d) Includes alternative revenue programs and late payment charges.
- (e) Reflects delivery volumes and revenues from customers purchasing natural gas directly from PECO and customers purchasing natural gas from a competitive natural gas supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges. For customers purchasing natural gas from PECO, revenue also reflects the cost of natural gas.
- (f) Includes revenues primarily from off-system sales.
- (g) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$1 million and less than \$1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$1 million for both six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

BGE Statistics							
Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025							
	Electric and Natural Gas Deliveries				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather-Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric (in GWhs)							
Electric Deliveries and Revenues ^(a)							
Residential	2,725	2,701	0.9 %	0.6 %	\$ 641	\$ 497	29.0 %
Small commercial & industrial	615	624	(1.4)%	— %	108	90	20.0 %
Large commercial & industrial	3,178	3,229	(1.6)%	(0.6)%	161	140	15.0 %
Public authorities & electric railroads	48	49	(2.0)%	(1.6)%	8	8	— %
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	121	118	2.5 %
Total electric revenues ^(c)	6,566	6,603	(0.6)%	(0.1)%	1,039	853	21.8 %
Other Revenues ^(d)							
Total electric revenues					11	(4)	(375.0)%
					1,050	849	23.7 %
Natural Gas (in mmcfs)							
Natural Gas Deliveries and Revenues ^(e)							
Residential	3,981	4,368	(8.9)%	(18.6)%	93	108	(13.9)%
Small commercial & industrial	1,211	1,349	(10.2)%	(15.9)%	17	23	(26.1)%
Large commercial & industrial	8,213	7,943	3.4 %	(0.7)%	48	46	4.3 %
Other ^(f)	823	506	62.6 %	n/a	7	7	— %
Total natural gas revenues ^(g)	14,228	14,166	0.4 %	(8.4)%	165	184	(10.3)%
Other Revenues ^(d)							
Total natural gas revenues					3	(4)	(175.0)%
Total electric and natural gas revenues					168	180	(6.7)%
					\$ 1,218	\$ 1,029	18.4 %
Purchased Power and Fuel							
					\$ 545	\$ 406	34.2 %

				% Change	
	2026	2025	Normal	From 2025	From Normal
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days					
Heating Degree-Days	420	356	479	18.0 %	(12.3)%
Cooling Degree-Days	289	291	266	(0.7)%	8.6 %

Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025

	Electric and Natural Gas Deliveries				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather-Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric (in GWhs)							
Electric Deliveries and Revenues^(a)							
Residential	6,513	6,370	2.2 %	(1.9)%	\$ 1,459	\$ 1,145	27.4 %
Small commercial & industrial	1,344	1,354	(0.7)%	(2.4)%	238	199	19.6 %
Large commercial & industrial	6,390	6,373	0.3 %	(0.7)%	342	284	20.4 %
Public authorities & electric railroads	96	97	(1.0)%	(1.7)%	17	17	— %
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	237	230	3.0 %
Total electric revenues ^(c)	14,343	14,194	1.0 %	(1.4)%	2,293	1,875	22.3 %
Other Revenues^(d)					2	(14)	(114.3)%
Total electric revenues					2,295	1,861	23.3 %
Natural Gas (in mmeft)							
Natural Gas Deliveries and Revenues^(e)							
Residential	25,279	25,239	0.2 %	(7.1)%	494	486	1.6 %
Small commercial & industrial	6,001	5,917	1.4 %	(2.4)%	80	86	(7.0)%
Large commercial & industrial	22,663	22,321	1.5 %	(0.8)%	141	142	(0.7)%
Other ^(f)	4,338	4,351	(0.3)%	n/a	38	31	22.6 %
Total natural gas revenues ^(g)	58,281	57,828	0.8 %	(4.0)%	753	745	1.1 %
Other Revenues^(d)					(2)	(23)	(91.3)%
Total natural gas revenues					751	722	4.0 %
Total electric and natural gas revenues					\$ 3,046	\$ 2,583	17.9 %
Purchased Power and Fuel					\$ 1,353	\$ 1,016	33.2 %
				% Change			
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days							
	2026	2025	Normal		From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	2,864	2,659	2,810		7.7 %	1.9 %	
Cooling Degree-Days	303	291	269		4.1 %	12.6 %	
Number of Electric Customers				Number of Natural Gas Customers			
	2026	2025			2026	2025	
Residential	1,230,523	1,219,904		Residential	664,257	660,049	
Small commercial & industrial	114,986	115,316		Small commercial & industrial	37,638	37,806	
Large commercial & industrial	13,430	13,345		Large commercial & industrial	6,406	6,387	
Public authorities & electric railroads	250	257					
Total	1,359,189	1,348,822	Total		708,301	704,242	

- (a) Reflects revenues from customers purchasing electricity directly from BGE and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges. For customers purchasing electricity from BGE, revenues also reflect the cost of energy and transmission.
- (b) Includes transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue, and mutual assistance revenue.
- (c) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$2 million and \$1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$4 million and \$3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.
- (d) Includes alternative revenue programs and late payment charges.
- (e) Reflects delivery volumes and revenues from customers purchasing natural gas directly from BGE and customers purchasing natural gas from a competitive natural gas supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges. For customers purchasing natural gas from BGE, revenue also reflects the cost of natural gas.
- (f) Includes revenues primarily from off-system sales.
- (g) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$1 million for both the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$1 million for both the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Pepco Statistics
Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025

	Electric Deliveries (in GWhs)				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather-Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric Deliveries and Revenues^(a)							
Residential	1,744	1,737	0.4 %	(3.5)%	\$ 396	\$ 348	13.8 %
Small commercial & industrial	256	269	(4.8)%	(5.7)%	49	48	2.1 %
Large commercial & industrial	3,418	3,488	(2.0)%	(2.6)%	321	292	9.9 %
Public authorities & electric railroads	180	172	4.7 %	4.3 %	11	12	(8.3)%
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	94	91	3.3 %
Total electric revenues ^(c)	5,598	5,666	(1.2)%	(2.8)%	871	791	10.1 %
Other Revenues^(d)					(12)	(15)	(20.0)%
Total electric revenues					\$ 859	\$ 776	10.7 %
Purchased Power					\$ 316	\$ 256	23.4 %
					% Change		
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days	2026	2025	Normal		From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	263	218	284		20.6 %	(7.4)%	
Cooling Degree-Days	575	525	525		9.5 %	9.5 %	

Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025

	Electric Deliveries (in GWhs)				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather-Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric Deliveries and Revenues^(a)							
Residential	4,103	4,073	0.7 %	(4.1)%	\$ 902	\$ 772	16.8 %
Small commercial & industrial	551	569	(3.2)%	(5.1)%	103	99	4.0 %
Large commercial & industrial	6,719	6,827	(1.6)%	(2.7)%	642	581	10.5 %
Public authorities & electric railroads	354	332	6.6 %	6.0 %	21	20	5.0 %
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	188	176	6.8 %
Total electric revenues ^(c)	11,727	11,801	(0.6)%	(3.1)%	1,856	1,648	12.6 %
Other Revenues^(d)					(7)	(13)	(46.2)%
Total electric revenues					\$ 1,849	\$ 1,635	13.1 %
Purchased Power					\$ 727	\$ 574	26.7 %
					% Change		
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days	2026	2025	Normal		From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	2,450	2,205	2,320		11.1 %	5.6 %	
Cooling Degree-Days	591	550	530		7.5 %	11.5 %	

Number of Electric Customers	2026	2025
Residential	887,885	883,151
Small commercial & industrial	54,091	53,952
Large commercial & industrial	23,208	23,175
Public authorities & electric railroads	209	205
Total	965,393	960,483

- (a) Reflects revenues from customers purchasing electricity directly from Pepco and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges. For customers purchasing electricity from Pepco, revenues also reflect the cost of energy and transmission.
- (b) Includes transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue, and mutual assistance revenue.
- (c) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$1 million for both the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$4 million for both the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.
- (d) Includes alternative revenue programs and late payment charge revenues.

DPL Statistics							
Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025							
	Electric and Natural Gas Deliveries				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather - Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric (in GWhs)							
Electric Deliveries and Revenues ^(a)							
Residential	1,130	1,090	3.7 %	3.9 %	\$ 230	\$ 210	9.5 %
Small commercial & industrial	570	587	(2.9)%	(2.5)%	66	64	3.1 %
Large commercial & industrial	1,019	1,033	(1.4)%	(0.9)%	33	31	6.5 %
Public authorities & electric railroads	(14)	11	(227.3)%	(219.7)%	4	5	(20.0)%
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	78	77	1.3 %
Total electric revenues ^(c)	2,705	2,721	(0.6)%	(0.3)%	411	387	6.2 %
Other Revenues ^(d)							
Total electric revenues					3	1	200.0 %
					414	388	6.7 %
Natural Gas (in mmcf)							
Natural Gas Deliveries and Revenues ^(e)							
Residential	729	803	(9.2)%	(8.8)%	18	17	5.9 %
Small commercial & industrial	482	535	(9.9)%	(10.0)%	9	8	12.5 %
Large commercial & industrial	400	405	(1.2)%	(1.3)%	1	1	— %
Transportation	1,270	1,282	(0.9)%	(1.3)%	4	4	— %
Other ^(f)	—	—	n/a	n/a	8	3	166.7 %
Total natural gas revenues	2,881	3,025	(4.8)%	(5.1)%	40	33	21.2 %
Other Revenues ^(d)							
Total natural gas revenues					—	—	n/a
					40	33	21.2 %
Total electric and natural gas revenues					\$ 454	\$ 421	7.8 %
Purchased Power and Fuel							
					\$ 195	\$ 172	13.4 %
Electric Service Territory							
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days					% Change		
	2026	2025		Normal	From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	381	368		427	3.5 %	(10.8)%	
Cooling Degree-Days	409	406		362	0.7 %	13.0 %	
Natural Gas Service Territory							
Heating Degree-Days					% Change		
	2026	2025		Normal	From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	376	373		476	0.8 %	(21.0)%	

Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025							
	Electric and Natural Gas Deliveries				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather - Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric (in GWhs)							
Electric Deliveries and Revenues^(a)							
Residential	2,839	2,735	3.8 %	2.4 %	\$ 559	\$ 508	10.0 %
Small commercial & industrial	1,178	1,173	0.4 %	— %	137	128	7.0 %
Large commercial & industrial	1,948	1,971	(1.2)%	(1.2)%	64	60	6.7 %
Public authorities & electric railroads	(5)	21	(123.8)%	(122.4)%	9	9	— %
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	153	148	3.4 %
Total electric revenues ^(c)	5,960	5,900	1.0 %	0.2 %	922	853	8.1 %
Other Revenues^(d)							
Total electric revenues					(3)	(4)	(25.0)%
					919	849	8.2 %
Natural Gas (in mmcf)							
Natural Gas Deliveries and Revenues^(e)							
Residential	5,407	5,393	0.3 %	(3.4)%	92	73	26.0 %
Small commercial & industrial	2,606	2,502	4.2 %	— %	38	28	35.7 %
Large commercial & industrial	833	837	(0.5)%	(0.5)%	5	4	25.0 %
Transportation	3,297	3,387	(2.7)%	(4.3)%	10	9	11.1 %
Other ^(f)	—	—	n/a	n/a	12	6	100.0 %
Total natural gas revenues	12,143	12,119	0.2 %	(2.7)%	157	120	30.8 %
Other Revenues^(d)							
Total natural gas revenues					157	120	30.8 %
Total electric and natural gas revenues					\$ 1,076	\$ 969	11.0 %
					\$ 483	\$ 419	15.3 %
Purchased Power and Fuel							
Electric Service Territory							
				% Change			
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days							
	2026	2025	Normal		From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	2,824	2,722	2,750		3.7 %	2.7 %	
Cooling Degree-Days	418	416	364		0.5 %	14.8 %	
Natural Gas Service Territory							
				% Change			
Heating Degree-Days							
	2026	2025	Normal		From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	2,906	2,771	2,925		4.9 %	(0.6)%	
Number of Electric Customers							
	2026	2025	Number of Natural Gas Customers		2026	2025	
Residential	496,515	492,999	Residential		131,951	131,332	
Small commercial & industrial	65,710	65,177	Small commercial & industrial		10,207	10,146	
Large commercial & industrial	1,295	1,253	Large commercial & industrial		14	14	
Public authorities & electric railroads	626	628	Transportation		160	161	
Total	564,146	560,057	Total		142,332	141,653	

- (a) Reflects delivery volumes and revenues from customers purchasing electricity directly from DPL and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges. For customers purchasing electricity from DPL, revenues also reflect the cost of energy and transmission.
- (b) Includes transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue, and mutual assistance revenue.
- (c) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$2 million for both the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, and \$4 million for both the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.
- (d) Includes alternative revenue programs and late payment charges.
- (e) Reflects delivery volumes and revenues from customers purchasing natural gas directly from DPL and customers purchasing natural gas from a competitive natural gas supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges. For customers purchasing natural gas from DPL, revenue also reflects the cost of natural gas.
- (f) Includes revenues primarily from off-system sales.

ACE Statistics
Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025

	Electric Deliveries (in GWhs)				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather - Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric Deliveries and Revenues^(a)							
Residential	887	942	(5.8)%	(5.9)%	\$ 241	\$ 222	8.6 %
Small commercial & industrial	384	381	0.8 %	0.2 %	65	56	16.1 %
Large commercial & industrial	721	734	(1.8)%	(2.0)%	43	47	(8.5)%
Public authorities & electric railroads	10	10	— %	1.0 %	5	5	— %
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	58	67	(13.4)%
Total electric revenues ^(c)	2,002	2,067	(3.1)%	(3.3)%	412	397	3.8 %
Other Revenues^(d)					(11)	(13)	(15.4)%
Total electric revenues					\$ 401	\$ 384	4.4 %
Purchased Power					\$ 187	\$ 173	8.1 %
					% Change		
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days	2026	2025	Normal		From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	496	432	509		14.8 %	(2.6)%	
Cooling Degree-Days	391	338	312		15.7 %	25.3 %	

Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025

	Electric Deliveries (in GWhs)				Revenue (in millions)		
	2026	2025	% Change	Weather - Normal % Change	2026	2025	% Change
Electric Deliveries and Revenues^(a)							
Residential	1,842	1,844	(0.1)%	(1.2)%	\$ 499	\$ 418	19.4 %
Small commercial & industrial	788	771	2.2 %	1.6 %	133	111	19.8 %
Large commercial & industrial	1,409	1,447	(2.6)%	(2.8)%	87	97	(10.3)%
Public authorities & electric railroads	22	23	(4.3)%	(4.2)%	10	10	— %
Other ^(b)	—	—	n/a	n/a	122	134	(9.0)%
Total electric revenues ^(c)	4,061	4,085	(0.6)%	(1.2)%	851	770	10.5 %
Other Revenues^(d)					(29)	(13)	n/a
Total electric revenues					\$ 822	\$ 757	8.6 %
Purchased Power					\$ 392	\$ 329	19.1 %
					% Change		
Heating and Cooling Degree-Days	2026	2025	Normal		From 2025	From Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	3,039	2,840	2,895		7.0 %	5.0 %	
Cooling Degree-Days	394	338	313		16.6 %	25.9 %	

Number of Electric Customers					2026	2025
Residential					511,568	508,775
Small commercial & industrial					63,070	62,817
Large commercial & industrial					2,665	2,803
Public authorities & electric railroads					729	729
Total					578,070	575,124

- (a) Reflects delivery volumes and revenues from customers purchasing electricity directly from ACE and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges. For customers purchasing electricity from ACE, revenues also reflect the cost of energy and transmission.
- (b) Includes transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue, and mutual assistance revenue.
- (c) Includes operating revenues from affiliates totaling \$1 million and less than \$1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and \$2 million and \$1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.
- (d) Includes alternative revenue programs.



July 30, 2026

Earnings Conference Call Second Quarter 2026

Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities laws that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Words such as "could," "may," "expects," "anticipates," "will," "targets," "goals," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "predicts," "should," and variations on such words, and similar expressions that reflect our current views with respect to future events and operational, economic, and financial performance, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Accordingly, any such statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to, and are accompanied by, the following important factors that may cause our actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those contained in our forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to: unfavorable legislative and/or regulatory actions; uncertainty as to outcomes and timing of regulatory approval proceedings and/or negotiated settlements thereof; environmental liabilities and remediation costs; state and federal legislation requiring use of low-emission, renewable, and/or alternate fuel sources and/or mandating implementation of energy conservation programs requiring implementation of new technologies; challenges to tax positions taken, tax law changes, and difficulty in quantifying potential tax effects of business decisions; negative outcomes in legal proceedings; physical security and cybersecurity risks; extreme weather events, natural disasters, operational accidents such as wildfires or natural gas explosions, war, acts and threats of terrorism, public health crises, epidemics, pandemics, or other significant events; disruptions or cost increases in the supply chain, including shortages in labor, materials or parts, or significant increases in relevant tariffs; lack of sufficient power generation resources to meet actual or forecasted demand or disruptions at generation facilities owned by third parties; emerging technologies that could affect or transform the energy industry; instability in capital and credit markets; a downgrade of any Registrant's credit ratings or other failure to satisfy the credit standards in the Registrants' agreements or regulatory financial requirements; significant economic downturns or increases in customer rates; impacts of climate change and weather on energy usage and maintenance and capital costs; and impairment of long-lived assets, goodwill, and other assets.

New factors emerge from time to time, and it is impossible for us to predict all of such factors, nor can we assess the impact of each such factor on the business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. For more information, see those factors discussed in the 2025 Form 10-K filed by the Registrants, including in Part I, ITEM 1A, Risk Factors, and this Report including in Part II, ITEM 1A, Risk Factors, and in other reports filed by the Registrants from time to time with the SEC.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this presentation. None of the Registrants undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this presentation.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Exelon reports its financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Exelon supplements the reporting of financial information determined in accordance with GAAP with certain non-GAAP financial measures, including:

- **Adjusted operating earnings (operating EPS)** excludes certain costs, expenses, gains, and losses and other specified items that are considered by management to be not directly related to the ongoing operations of the business as described in Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures.
- **Adjusted operating and maintenance (O&M) expense** excludes regulatory operating and maintenance costs for the utility businesses and certain excluded items.
- **Operating ROE** is calculated using operating net income divided by average equity for the period. The operating income reflects all lines of business for the utility business (gas distribution, electric transmission, and electric distribution).
- **S&P FFO/Debt** and **Moody's CFO (Pre-WC)/Debt** are calculated using the respective S&P and Moody's methodologies described in Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures.

Due to the forward-looking nature of some forecasted non-GAAP measures, information to reconcile the forecasted adjusted (non-GAAP) measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure may not be currently available, therefore, management is unable to reconcile these measures.

This information is intended to enhance an investor's overall understanding of period over period financial results and provide an indication of Exelon's baseline operating performance by excluding items that are considered by management to be not directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. In addition, this information is among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for evaluating performance, allocating resources, setting incentive compensation targets, and planning and forecasting of future periods.

These non-GAAP financial measures are not a presentation defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations. Exelon has provided these non-GAAP financial measures as supplemental information and in addition to the financial measures that are calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP measures should not be deemed more useful than, a substitute for, or an alternative to the most comparable GAAP measures provided in the materials presented.

Non-GAAP financial measures are identified by the phrase "non-GAAP" or an asterisk (*). Reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP measures are provided in this presentation in Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures.

Key Messages

Financial and Operational Excellence

- Adjusted Operating Earnings* of \$0.43 per share in Q2 2026 vs. \$0.39 per share in Q2 2025
- GAAP Earnings of \$0.39 per share in Q2 2026 vs. \$0.39 per share in Q2 2025
- Affirming 2026 EPS* of \$2.81 - \$2.91 per share⁽¹⁾
- All utilities projecting top quartile or better in reliability performance

Regulatory & Other Developments

- BGE filed its electric rate case in July; Pepco MD and DPL DE rate cases remain on track
- ACE filed a battery storage solution where customer benefits exceed total lifecycle costs
- FERC-endorsed TSA framework protects customers while improving queue quality and certainty

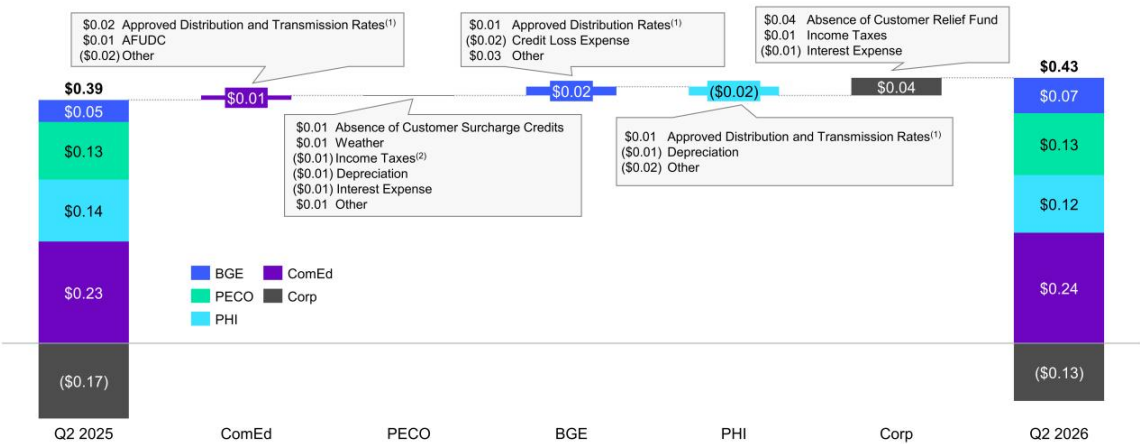
Long-Term Outlook

- Affirming Adjusted Operating Earnings* CAGR near top end of 5-7% from 2025-2029⁽²⁾
- 7.9% rate base growth resulting from \$41.7B of investment; \$12-17B of transmission opportunity beyond the plan
- Executed ~86% of 2026 debt issuances and ~37% of \$3.4B in equity needs through 2029

⁽¹⁾ 2026 earnings guidance based on expected average outstanding shares of 1,031M.

⁽²⁾ Based off the midpoint of Exelon's 2025 Adjusted Operating EPS* guidance range of \$2.64 - \$2.74 as disclosed on Q4 2024 Earnings Call in February 2025.

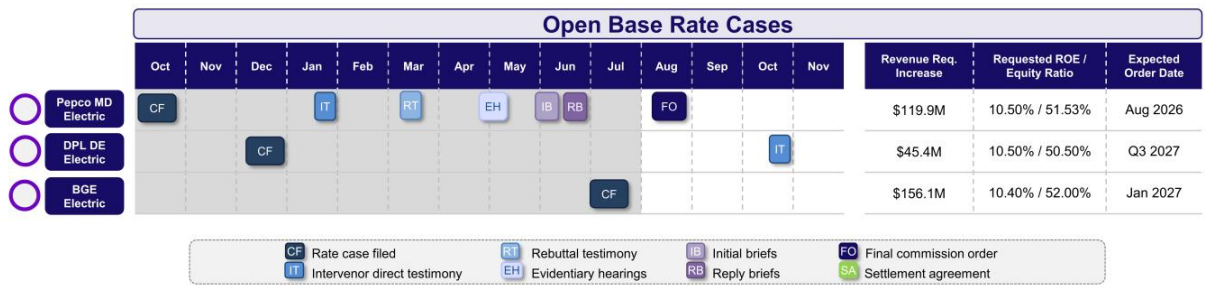
Q2 2026 QTD Adjusted Operating Earnings* Waterfall



Affirming 2026 Adjusted Operating Earnings* of \$2.81 - \$2.91 per share⁽³⁾

Note: Amounts may not sum due to rounding.
(1) Incremental Distribution and Transmission revenues are driven by customer investments driving top quartile or better reliability and avoided outage costs.
(2) Higher income taxes driven primarily by timing of tax repairs deduction.
(3) 2026 earnings guidance based on expected average outstanding shares of 1,031M.

Distribution Rate Case and Other Regulatory Updates



Other Regulatory Activity

Maryland Lessons Learned
(Case No. 9618)

- Briefs filed on 12/13/24
- Revised Briefs filed on 9/5/25
- Awaiting PSC next steps

ComEd Grid Plan
(ICC Docket No. 26-0047)

- Proposed \$15.3B of investment from 2028-2031 to meet load growth demand and priorities stated in CEJA and CRGA
- Staff and Intervenor Rebuttal Testimony filed 7/16/2026
- Order expected by 12/15/2026

ComEd Reconciliation
(ICC Docket No. 26-0215)

- MRPP Annual Performance Evaluation proceeding
- \$233M adjustment, including the 2025 Performance Adjustment
- ComEd Rebuttal Testimony filed in July
- Order expected by 12/20/2026

Note: See slide 25 for further detail on pertinent rate case data and information.

Advancing Affordable and Reliable Energy Solutions

Customer-Focused, Utility-Led Energy Solutions



Utility-Owned Battery Storage

Fast-to-deploy resource that supports reliability, affordability, and resilience

- ✓ Reduces customer costs through market mitigation and federal incentives
- ✓ Adds targeted capacity and grid flexibility
- ✓ Strengthens local reliability and resilience
- ✓ Deploys in ~3 years, faster than most traditional resources



Virtual Power Plants

Flexible customer resources that reduce peak demand, lower system costs, and support reliability

- ✓ Provides flexible capacity during peak demand
- ✓ Reduces grid strain and improves system efficiency
- ✓ Lowers customer costs and market volatility
- ✓ Supports clean energy integration and electrification

exelon

Active Projects

New Jersey BESS Project

- Up to **500 MW** ACE-owned storage partnered with Invenergy to construct by **late 2030**
- **Submitted into PJM Cycle 1** interconnection queue and filed for **recovery mechanism** with NJ BPU, of which is not reflected in plan
- **No customer bill impact through at least 2035**, with customer benefits more than exceeding the total lifecycle costs

Maryland Storage Portfolio

- **150 MW** storage portfolio in development under NEA legislation
- Phase 1 **under PSC review**

ComEd Scheduled Dispatch VPP

- ICC approved Scheduled Dispatch VPP, filed at direction of CRGA and **expected to launch by March 2027**
- Alongside **upfront rebate**, compensates customers for **dispatchable battery storage** support during peak periods

BGE & Pepco Holdings VPPs

- **173.5 MW** approved for BYOD and aggregator pilots under DRIVE Act

ACE & DPL VPPs

- **\$20M for ACE** in NJ VPP Straw Proposal
- Grant-funded VPP in DE

Strong Balance Sheet Provides Strategic and Financial Flexibility



Credit Ratings / Outlook⁽³⁾

Entity	Moody's	S&P
ExCorp	Baa2 / Stable	BBB+ / Stable
ComEd	A1 / Stable	A / Stable
PECO	A1 / Stable ⁽⁴⁾	A / Stable
BGE	A3 / Stable	A- / Stable ⁽⁴⁾
ACE	A2 / Stable	A / Stable
DPL	A2 / Positive	A / Stable
Pepco	A2 / Stable	A / Stable

Stable Platform with a Credit Supportive Value Proposition

- Exelon's scale, jurisdictional diversification, operational excellence, and effective recovery mechanisms contribute to a unique credit-supportive value proposition
- Credit metric outlook supports ~200 bps above Moody's and ~100 bps above S&P's downgrade thresholds⁽²⁾

Balanced Approach to Funding Capital

- Executed ~86% of 2026 debt financing needs, including all expected at HoldCo, Pepco Holdings, ComEd, and BGE substantially mitigating remaining exposure to interest rate volatility for this year⁽⁵⁾
- Pre-issuance hedging strategy further reduces future interest rate volatility
- ~\$41.7B four-year capital expenditure plan being funded in a balanced manner
 - ~40% of incremental capital funded with equity, resulting in \$3.4B of equity through 2029 (implying ~\$850M issuance annually); average annual equity issuances represent less than 2% of market capitalization
 - Priced ~37% of equity needs through 2029 via ATM forward contracts

(1) Represents average credit metrics for 2022-2025 (Exelon's 2022 - 2025 actuals per S&P and Moody's published reports) and internal credit metric estimates for 2026E-2029E based on S&P and Moody's methodologies, which incorporate the tax repairs deduction in the implementation of the Corporate Alternative Minimum Tax (CAMT).

(2) Represents Moody's downgrade threshold for Exelon Corporate's Baa2 senior unsecured rating and S&P's downgrade threshold for Exelon Corporate's BBB+ senior unsecured rating (currently one notch higher than Moody's).

(3) Current senior unsecured ratings for Exelon and BGE and current senior secured ratings for ComEd, PECO, ACE, DPL, and Pepco.

(4) On July 15, 2026, Moody's downgraded PECO's senior secured credit rating from Aa3 to A1. On April 30, 2026, S&P downgraded BGE's senior unsecured credit rating from A to A-.

(5) See Additional Disclosures slide 21 for additional detail.

2026 Business Priorities and Commitments



Consistent and Reliable Execution



Focus on Customer Affordability and Value



Capitalize on Growth Opportunities

- ❖ Prioritize employee **safety and engagement**
- ❖ Deploy **~\$10B of capex** for the benefit of customers
- ❖ Maintain industry-leading **operational excellence**
- ❖ Focus on **cost management and innovation**
- ❖ Capture **growth opportunities** and new customer solutions
- ❖ Advocate for **equitable and balanced** energy future
- ❖ Earn consolidated operating **ROE* of 9-10%**
- ❖ Achieve **constructive rate case outcomes** for customers and shareholders
- ❖ Deliver Operating EPS* guidance of **\$2.81 - \$2.91** per share
- ❖ Maintain **strong balance sheet** and execute on 2026 financing plan

Sustainable Value as the Premier T&D Energy Company



Consistent Growth, Long-Term Value

Talented, Committed Employees 	100+ workforce development programs Recognition as one of America's Best Companies of 2026 by <i>TIME</i> Industry leader in advancing safety EEI Corporate Citizenship Award earning a distinction for Workforce Development 20,000 employees and 50,000 jobs sustained throughout our jurisdictions	Customer-Focused 	Customer rates 19% below largest U.S. cities⁽¹⁾ Connected ~\$150M in LIHEAP assistance and \$60M in direct assistance to customers in need Fostered nearly \$60B of economic activity in our communities Protecting customers through FERC-endorsed Transmission Security Agreements while improving queue quality and certainty	Operational Excellence 	Top quartile SAIFI & SAIDI performance for 10 consecutive years Cost and executional advantage due to size and scale with <i>WSJ</i> recognition as a Best Managed Company In 2025, over 50% supplier spend was local, supporting our communities in our key operating geographies⁽²⁾ <i>Fortune's</i> Most Innovative Companies in 2025	Financial Execution 	Consistent track record of financial execution at a customer-supportive pace 7.9% rate base growth from 2025-2029 with established rate mechanisms in place Strong investment grade credit ratings with 100 to 200 bps of financial flexibility Diverse and defined capital plan with no one project greater than ~3% of 4-year outlook
Investing in infrastructure for our communities generates 5-7% annualized adjusted operating earnings* growth⁽³⁾, which combined with ~60% dividend payout ratio⁽⁴⁾ results in an attractive risk-adjusted total annual return of 9-11%							

(1) Source: Edison Electric Institute Typical Bills and Average Rates report for Summer 2025; reflects residential average rates for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2025.

(2) Based on preliminary analysis of 2025 spend and is subject to finalization upon publication of Exelon's 2025 Sustainability Report.

(3) Near top end of EPS* growth range, based off the midpoint of Exelon's 2025 Adjusted Operating Earnings* guidance range of \$2.64 - \$2.74 as disclosed at Q4 2024 Earnings Call in February 2025.

(4) Aggregate amount of dividends to be paid quarterly and are subject to approval by Board of Directors.



Additional Disclosures

Positioned for Resilient and Reliable Growth

Consistent Growth, Long-Term Value

- ✓ **Size and scale**
Pure T&D-only utility spanning seven regulatory jurisdictions. Significant cost and executional advantage due to **size and scale**
- ✓ **Operational excellence**
Exelon utilities rank **1st, 2nd, 4th, and 7th** among the nation's most reliable utilities in 2024, with customers experiencing **2 million fewer annual interruptions than 2021**
- ✓ **Focus on affordability**
Premium customer experience at competitive rates. Customer rates **19%⁽¹⁾ below** largest U.S. cities, **~33% improvement in reliability since 2016**, with over **\$1 billion avoided outage costs** and **\$60M in direct customer assistance** in 2025
- ✓ **Track record of execution**
Consistently executing adjusted operating EPS* at **~7.4% CAGR since 2021** and capital plan supporting customer investments within 2% since 2023
- ✓ **Diversified investment mix**
No jurisdiction more than 30% of business and **no one capital project greater than ~3% of 4-year outlook**
- ✓ **Strong balance sheet**
Target average credit metrics* of **~14% through 2029**; **100-200 bps of financial flexibility** and strong investment grade credit ratings

Attractive Risk Adjusted Return

Disciplined and defensive foundation, with credible opportunities for sustainable growth

5-7%

EPS* Growth

2025 – 2029 adjusted operating EPS* CAGR with expectation to be near the top end of range

+

~60%

Dividend Payout Ratio

Growing dividend at 5%, approximating 60% payout, through 2029

=

9-11%

Total Shareholder Return⁽²⁾

Attractive risk adjusted return built on a track record of execution and operational excellence

(1) Source: Edison Electric Institute Typical Bills and Average Rates report for Summer 2025; reflects residential average rates for the 12-month period ending 6/30/2025.
(2) Based on implied dividend yield as of as of Q4 2025 Earnings Call on February 12, 2026.

Industry Trends Drive Growing Transmission Needs

\$12-17B of identified transmission opportunity beyond the plan, with competitive projects offering further upside, reinforcing Exelon's enduring role in ensuring a resilient and reliable grid for the nation's economy, while supporting customer affordability⁽¹⁾

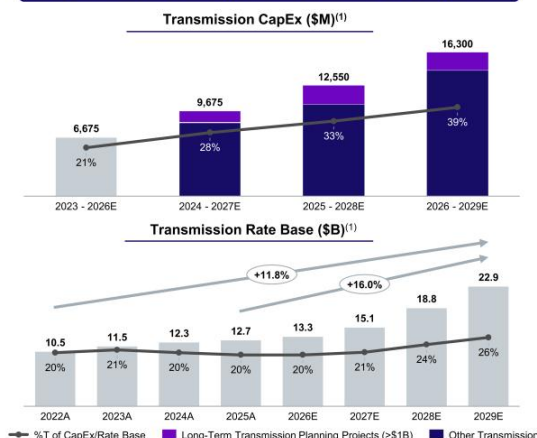
		Existing Infrastructure	- Reliability, Resiliency & Congestion Relief - Generator Deactivation - Aging & System Hardening - Operational Flexibility & Efficiency
Transmission investment needs continue to grow - Increased reliability and resiliency needs amid more volatile weather patterns - Accelerating load growth fueled by high-density customers - Expanding and evolving generation supply stack - Increased congestion drives customer affordability constraints Exelon's network is positioned to meet those needs - Over 11,000 circuit miles of transmission lines - Serve 4 major cities, including a top 5 data center market and a top 3 emerging data center market - States with ambitious energy goals and priority - Decades-long 765kV transmission operator experience		New Business	\$1B+ associated with committed high-density load projects
		RTO-Adjacent Opportunities	\$1B+ for MISO Tranche 2.1 (in-service 2034) - Interregional transfer capabilities
		New Generation	- State Driven Public Policy Goals⁽²⁾ - Other New Generation Interconnections
		Competitive Transmission	\$1.2B⁽³⁾ of Exelon investment approved in PJM RTEP Window #1 - Leverage platform to pursue competitive windows within and outside of PJM

(1) As of Q1 2026 earnings call. Transmission opportunity largely expected in 2030 and beyond, though some categories such as new business and competitive transmission may require additional spend before 2030.
(2) As an example, the Illinois Clean and Reliable Grid Affordability Act (CRGA) – SB 25 allows the Commission discretion to ask utilities and other parties to identify transmission projects necessary to facilitate the goals of the Renewable Energy Access Plan (REAP).
(3) PJM has approved \$700M of Exelon projects and \$1.7B of jointly developed transmission solutions (25% Exelon ownership), totaling \$1.2B of EXC investment. Majority is incremental, 30% reflected in plan.

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Exelon is Well-Positioned for Transmission Solutions

Continued investment and an expansive footprint...



...support Exelon's competitive edge for transmission opportunities

- 1 of 4 U.S. 765kV transmission operators with decades of experience
- 11,197 Transmission Lines including 3,300 circuit miles of extra high voltage lines (>300kV)⁽²⁾



Exelon Awarded Projects

- **Brandon Shores:** transmission system upgrades of ~\$1.5B to mitigate reliability impacts from deactivation of generating facility
- **Tri-County Line:** competitively awarded \$1B+, 59-mile upgrade
- **Indian River:** completed ~2 years ahead of Reliability-Must-Run schedule, saving customers ~\$100M
- **MISO LRTP Tranche 2.1:** working with MISO on a \$1B+ project to support MISO's long-term energy supply plan
- **PJM 2025 RTEP Window #1:** Board approved \$700M of Exelon submitted projects and \$1.7B in partnered projects⁽³⁾

Proposed Projects

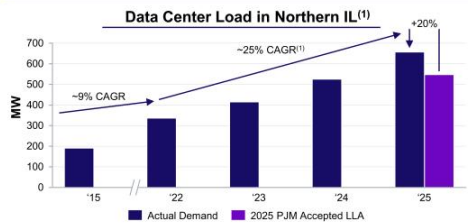
- **MISO Tranche 2.1:** Competitively bid two partnered solutions for EASL and MARS projects⁽⁴⁾

Size and scale, prime geographic footprint, and a robust capital plan focused on grid modernization and resilience

(1) Estimated transmission capital as of historical rollovers. Rate base estimates as disclosed at Q1 2026 Earnings Call in May 2026.
 (2) Reflects transmission miles as of December 31, 2025, as reported in the 2025 10-K.
 (3) Jointly developed with NextEra Energy Transmission, of which Exelon's portion of the \$1.7B is 25%.
 (4) Jointly developed with Invenery.

Exelon is a Key Partner in Driving Economic Development

Validated by PJM, Proven by Execution



Large Load Adjustments (LLA) submitted in 2025 were fully approved by PJM



ComEd and PECO recognized as top utilities in economic development in the U.S. by Site Selection Magazine in 2025



Protecting customers through the formalization of landmark Transmission Security Agreements (TSAs) and Cluster Study process

(1) Represents historical on-peak hourly demand for in-service data centers in the ComEd service territory.

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Exelon's Projected Data Center Growth

FERC has endorsed Exelon's TSA framework as a model for protecting customers, improving queue certainty, and enabling efficient large-load growth

High Probability Load

~11 GW

ComEd

~9 GW

MidAtlantic

~2 GW

Advanced phases of design or backed by FERC-approved TSAs (~40% with TSAs, backed by ~\$1B in collateral)

Future Pipeline

~25 GW

ComEd

~17 GW

MidAtlantic

~8 GW

Within current or future cluster studies (2026 and 2027 conclusion)

The Power of Impact: Growth and Progress in Our Communities

	July 31, 2025 IL: Prologis Community Solar Launch		November 12, 2025 MD: BGE Battery Storage Proposal		January 21, 2026 MD: Pepco White Flint Substation Supports Reliability
	September 9, 2025 IL: Elk Grove Stream Data Center Campus		December 11, 2025 IL: ComEd 765kV Expansion		April 3, 2026 MD: BGE & Pepco Support Grid Modernization
	September 24, 2025 MD: BGE, Ford, & Sunrun Vehicle-to-Grid Pilot		January 6, 2026 IL: ComEd Announces New TSAs of 6.5+ GW		June 30, 2026 IL: ComEd approval to launch first VPP Program
	September 30, 2025 IL: PsiQuantum Utility-Scale Quantum Computer		January 16, 2026 IL: Tract plans for 1GW Data Center		July 23, 2026 NJ: Proposed battery storage project up to 500MW

Rapid, large scale load growth creates significant economic development opportunity in our communities and accelerates interest in creative solutions to the energy transition

Energy Security and Associated Policy is a Top Priority

Federal Agencies



Shape large load policies to protect customers, promote economic growth, and support reliability

Accountability Gaps in Generation Planning

- Continue working with federal and state regulators to jumpstart supply response in PJM
- Advance utility-generated power to address wholesale supply costs and mitigate reliability risks

Transmission Policy

- Enable more proactive and flexible transmission planning to support timely interconnection of load and generation
- Retain incentives policy that benefits customers and supports needed transmission development

Large Load Protections

- Continue to develop policies, including execution of Transmission Security Agreements, that protect customers and demonstrate responsible bottom-up policy development to facilitate AI

Regional Transmission Operator



Facilitate supply in line with the pace of demand and solve near-term affordability challenges

Shorter-Term Solutions

- Continue shaping reforms supporting resource adequacy and large load additions, including the mutual goals of ensuring sufficient new generation is procured and protecting existing customers by isolating costs of procurement to large loads and adding generation to the grid where it is most needed
- Support FERC approval of long-term transmission planning procedures
- Support extending and refining prioritized queue process for select shovel-ready generation resources (e.g., state prioritized resources)

Mid-Term Solutions

- Expand capacity contracting to secure new supply additions, and more closely align procurement and delivery time horizons

Longer-Term Solutions

- State-directed planning and procurement of generation resources to better align economic and energy policy goals, with capacity market providing residual support

States



Adopt policies that promote economic development and energy security, including utility-owned generation, to support a reliable and resilient grid

- **MD** (4/13/2026)⁽¹⁾: Utility RELIEF Act focused on regulatory reform, transmission and large load oversight, and incentivization of clean energy generation
- **IL** (Veto Session 12/3/26)⁽¹⁾: Trailer Bill⁽²⁾ clarifying energy efficiency and capping DG rebates, bills⁽²⁾ expanding low-income discount program and utility bill transparency; proposals on transmission siting reforms and data center policies on bring your own generation and environmental reporting regulations
- **PA** (11/30/26)⁽¹⁾: Bills⁽³⁾ introduced allowing for utility-owned generation in conjunction with procurement via long-term contracts; House bill⁽⁴⁾ passed on data center tariff and interconnection requirements
- **NJ** (1/11/28)⁽¹⁾: Bills⁽⁵⁾ signed to promote greater transparency on supplemental transmission projects; require RTO membership; establish tariffs for large load data centers; additional large load demand protections bill introduced
- **DE** (6/30/26)⁽¹⁾: Bills⁽⁶⁾ strengthening PSC oversight and utility customer protections; requiring utilities to establish a separate large load rate (30+ MW); large energy use facilities to produce renewable energy to power their operations

Delivering resources to meet energy and economic goals requires all stakeholders working together to advance resilient, durable, and cost-effective solutions, and Exelon is engaged at all levels to sustain progress

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- (1) Anticipated conclusion of legislative session; MD & DE reflect conclusion of last legislative session.
(2) HB 1700 signed into legislation 8/26/2026; HB 4456 & HB 5524 signed into legislation 7/9/2026.
(3) PA Power Act – HB 1272 (4/21/25), SB 897 (6/30/25).
(4) Data Center Act – HB 1834 requiring new clean generation and requiring direct T&D cost allocation for data centers passed House 3/24/26.
(5) A5188/S4411, A2757/S1673, and A796/S731 signed into legislation 7/7/2026; S4062 referred to the Senate Economic Growth Committee.
(6) SB 326 signed into legislation 7/13/2026; HS 1 for HB 233 & HB 445 await Governor's signature.

Operating Earnings* Growth Outlook

	2026	2027	2028	2029
Total YoY Growth Relative to Range ⁽¹⁾	Growth Above Midpoint of 5-7% Range ⁽²⁾	Growth Near Top End of 5-7% Range ⁽³⁾		
Growth Drivers 2026-2029 ⁽⁴⁾				
	Distribution		Transmission	
 AN EXELON COMPANY	▪ Growth in line with rate base ▪ Capital reflects 4-year MYP through 2027, including current estimates of new business connections to be recovered via reconciliation		▪ Annual transmission updates occurring mid-year, with generally longer construction periods versus distribution	
	▪ Future electric and gas rate filings anticipated in planning period ▪ Assumes weather normal revenue and Distribution System Improvement Charge (DSIC)		▪ Annual transmission updates occurring mid-year, with generally longer construction periods versus distribution ▪ Includes investment associated with Brandon Shores and Tri-County Line projects, which are expected to be fully placed in-service by 2028 and 2030, respectively⁽⁴⁾	
	▪ 3-year electric and gas MYP through 2026; 2027+ investment plan and associated cost recovery will accommodate recently passed Utility RELIEF Act and recommendations from MD MYP Lessons Learned			
▪ Pepco MD order expected August 2026, DPL MD MYP rates remain in effect, and future investment plans and associated cost recovery will accommodate recently passed Utility RELIEF Act and recommendations from MD MYP Lessons Learned ▪ DC MYP2 through 2026 and continued recovery of spend in 2027-2028 via alternative ratemaking mechanisms ▪ Intermittent historical test-year rate cases at ACE and DPL, complemented by capital (ACE, DPL DE) and energy efficiency (ACE) trackers.				
	Financing			
	▪ \$3.4B equity need (implies \$850M annually), \$3.4B of new Corporate debt 2026-2029⁽⁵⁾, and other financing costs			

Expect annualized adjusted operating earnings* growth near top end of 5-7% through 2029

(1) Growth outlook and associated drivers as of Q1 2026 earnings call; growth relative to range is directional and allows for flexibility of rate case timing.

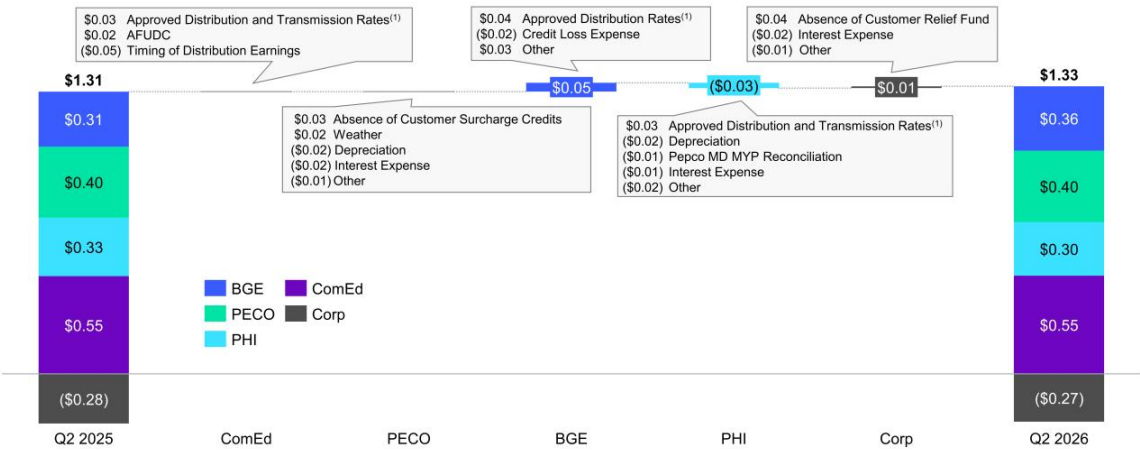
(2) Based off the midpoint of Exelon's 2025 Adjusted Operating Earnings* guidance range of \$2.64 - \$2.74 as disclosed at Q4 2024 Earnings Call in February 2025.

(3) Based off the midpoint of Exelon's 2026 Adjusted Operating Earnings* guidance range of \$2.81 - \$2.91 as disclosed at Q4 2025 Earnings Call in February 2026.

(4) Brandon Shores projects assumed to primarily earn AFUDC through the 2026-2029 guidance period. FERC has approved BGE to utilize CWIP treatment for the Tri-County Line project with cost recovery through the transmission formula rate.

(5) Includes the Exelon Corporate sale of \$1B of 3.25% Convertible Senior Notes completed on December 4, 2025.

Q2 2026 YTD Adjusted Operating Earnings* Waterfall



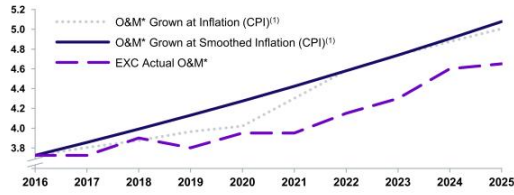
Note: Amounts may not sum due to rounding
(1) Incremental Distribution and Transmission revenues are driven by customer investments driving top quartile or better reliability and avoided outage costs.

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Driving Affordability and Value for our Communities



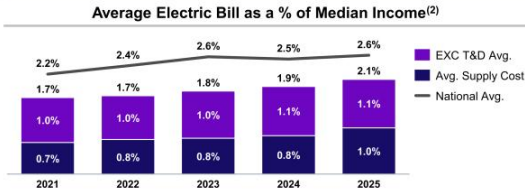
O&M* Growth Well Below Inflation



SAIFI & SAIDI Quartile



75% of Increase Driven by Energy Supply



(1) Source: Consumer Price Index Historical Tables for U.S. City Average from U.S. Census Bureau.

(2) Source: Average customer electric bills are determined using 2016-2015 Edison Electric Institute Typical Bills and Average Rates Summer reports and historical bill data where appropriate; Median income by territory metro areas (MSAs or CBSAs) from U.S. Census Bureau 2015-2024 ACS 1-Year Estimates.

(3) Assuming an annualized 3.5% rate of inflation based on consumer price index as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and IHS across 2016-2025, adjusted O&M expense* would have increased by ~\$1.5B over the same time period.

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Advancing Customer and Community Equity

Managing Our Operations and Costs

- Saved over **\$1B** in avoided outage costs in 2025
- **~2 million** fewer annual interruptions than 2021
- O&M* growth below inflation, saving customers **~\$580M** in 2026⁽³⁾

Supporting Customers through Assistance

- **\$60M** in direct assistance through Customer Relief Fund
- Connected customers to **~\$480M** in assistance in 2025
- **28M MWh** of Energy Efficiency program savings in 2025
- **150,000+** Distributed Energy Resource connections since 2021, accelerating the annual pace by 50%

Making an Economic Impact in Our Communities

- Employed more than **20,000** people and sustained **50,000** jobs
- Fostered nearly **\$60B** of economic activity in our communities

Advocating for Customer Equity and Supply Solutions

- FERC-endorsed TSA framework **protects customers and ensures fairness in cost**
- Advocacy for **market reforms** including capacity price collar extension
- Support **utility-generated solutions** to bring certainty, control, and customer benefits to electricity supply

2026 Financing Plan⁽¹⁾

Entity	Instrument	Issuance (\$M)	Maturity (\$M)	Issued (\$M) ⁽²⁾	Remaining (\$M)
 comed AN EXELON COMPANY	FMB	\$1,425	(\$500)	\$1,425	-
 pepco AN EXELON COMPANY	FMB	\$250	-	\$300	-
 atlantic city electric AN EXELON COMPANY	FMB	\$100	-	\$100	-
 delmarva power AN EXELON COMPANY	FMB	\$150	-	\$150	-
 peco AN EXELON COMPANY	FMB	\$750	-	-	\$750
 bge AN EXELON COMPANY	Senior Notes	\$950	(\$350)	\$925	-
 exelon	Senior Notes / Other ⁽³⁾	\$1,775	(\$750)	\$1,775 ⁽³⁾	-
	Equity ⁽⁴⁾	\$850	-	\$850 ⁽⁴⁾	-

Capital plan financed with a balanced approach to maintain strong investment grade ratings

Note: As of June 30, 2026. FMB represents First Mortgage Bonds.

(1) Financing plans are subject to change, depending on capital expenditures, regulatory outcomes, internal cash generation, market conditions, changes in tax policies, and other factors.

(2) ACE, DPL, and Pepco closed on FMBs in the private placement market (March 19, 2026) and funded \$100M, \$75M, and \$170M, respectively. Additionally, using a delayed draw feature, Pepco funded \$130M in June and DPL will fund \$75M in September.

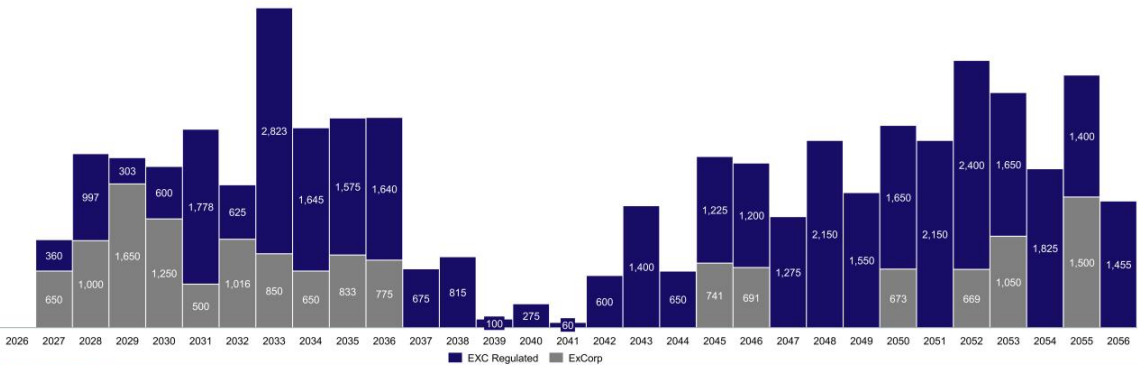
(3) Other could include fixed income securities that receive equity credit, subject to market conditions. Exelon Corporate completed the sale of \$1B of 3.25% Convertible Senior Notes (December 4, 2025) and \$775M of 4.95% Unsecured Senior Notes (February 20, 2026).

(4) Exelon expects to issue ~\$3.4B of equity by 2029, implying ~\$850M per year. \$850M has been issued under forward contracts to be settled by December 15, 2026.

Exelon Debt Maturity Profile^(1,2)

As of 06/30/2026
(\$M)

(\$B)	Debt Balances (as of 6/30/26) ^(1,2)		Total Debt
	Short-Term Debt	Long-Term Debt	
BGE	\$0.0	\$6.6	\$6.6
ComEd	\$0.0	\$13.9	\$13.9
PECO	\$0.1	\$6.6	\$6.7
PHI	\$0.0	\$10.1	\$10.1
Corp	\$1.1 ⁽³⁾	\$14.3	\$15.4
Exelon	\$1.2	\$51.4	\$52.7



Exelon's weighted average long-term debt maturity is approximately 16 years

(1) Maturity profile excludes non-recourse debt, capital leases, fair value adjustments, unamortized debt issuance costs, and unamortized discount/premium.
(2) Long-term debt balances reflect 2026 Q2 10-Q GAAP financials, which include items listed in footnote 1.
(3) Includes \$500M of 364-day term loan maturing March 2027.

Exelon Adjusted Operating Earnings* Sensitivities

Interest Rate Sensitivity to +50bp	2026E	2027E
Cost of Debt ⁽¹⁾	\$(0.00)	\$(0.01)

Exelon Consolidated Effective Tax Rate	19.5%	20.0%
Exelon Consolidated Cash Tax Rate ⁽²⁾	2.9%	4.2%

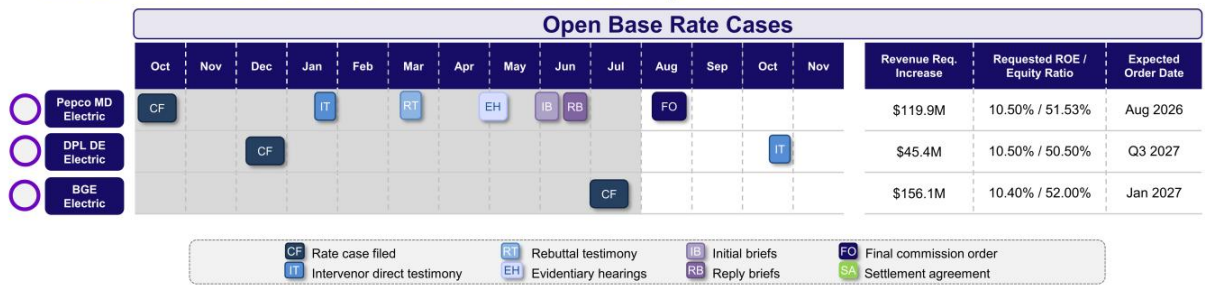
(1) Reflects full year impact to a +50bp increase on Corporate debt net of pre-issuance hedges as of June 30, 2026. Through June 30, 2026, Corporate entered into \$0.2B of pre-issuance hedges through interest rate swaps.

(2) Assumes the tax repairs deduction is included in the implementation of the Corporate Alternative Minimum Tax (CAMT).



Rate Case Details

Exelon Distribution Rate Case Updates



Note: Unless otherwise noted, based on schedules of Delaware Public Service Commission (DE PSC) and Maryland Public Service Commission (MD PSC) that are subject to change.

(1) Revenue requirement includes changes in depreciation and amortization expense and other costs where applicable, which have no impact on pre-tax earnings.

(2) Revenue requirement excludes the requested transfer of \$23.2 million Distribution System Improvement Charge (DSIC). As permitted by Delaware law, DPL implemented interim rates at 50% of the gross request effective 7/9/26 and will implement interim rates at 75% of the gross request on 12/9/26, subject to refund.

Pepco MD Distribution Rate Case Filing

Rate Case Filing Details		Notes
Case No.	9820	- October 14, 2025, Pepco filed with the Maryland Public Service Commission (MD PSC) seeking an increase in base distribution rates - Pepco's Traditional Test Year (TTY) rate increase supports: Customer Benefits: Expanding bill mitigation options and energy assistance to address affordability amid rising costs and implementing investments and programs designed to help customers effectively manage energy costs, including our Assistance Finder Tool. Reliability: Upgrading infrastructure, like the White Flint Substation, to meet growing demand and ensure customers continue receiving dependable service. Clean Energy Goals: Supporting Maryland's transition to clean energy, fostering job creation, and driving economic development. - The filing seeks recovery of critical investments and incremental financing costs due to rising interest rates including important investments which directly support system reliability, capacity, and long-term growth for our customers and contribute to Pepco having the lowest outage duration in the state.
Test Period	12 months actuals	
Test Year	October 31, 2024 – September 30, 2025	
Proposed Common Equity Ratio	51.53%	
Proposed Rate of Return	ROE: 10.50%; ROR: 7.85%	
Proposed Rate Base (Adjusted)	\$3,208M	
Requested Revenue Requirement Increase	\$119.9M ⁽¹⁾	
Residential Total Bill % Increase	5.85%	

Detailed Rate Case Schedule											
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug
Filed rate case	▲ 10/14/2025										
Intervenor testimony					▲ 1/30/2026						
Rebuttal testimony						▲ 3/11/2026					
Evidentiary hearings						4/27/2026 - 5/1/2026	■				
Initial briefs									▲ 6/17/2026		
Reply briefs										▲ 7/1/2026	
Commission order expected											August 2026 ■

(1) Revenue requirement includes changes in depreciation and amortization expense and other costs where applicable, which have no impact on pre-tax earnings.

DPL DE (Electric) Distribution Rate Case Filing

Rate Case Filing Details		Notes
Case No.	25-1555	- December 9, 2025, Delmarva Power filed an application with the Delaware Public Service Commission (DE PSC) seeking an increase in electric distribution base rates - Rate increases allow for system upgrades and energy grid enhancements to maintain safety and reliability and improve services for customers. The filing seeks recovery for increased costs since last rate case, system reliability maintenance costs, and storm remediation and surge damage costs. The filing supports: Customer Affordability: Proposing new income-based rate and a bad debt rider Reliability: Including resiliency projects to help meet reliability expectations such as feeder and cable replacement programs Bill Stabilization Adjustment: Decoupling adjustment to stabilize revenue related to customer bills driven by fluctuations in usage primarily caused by factors like weather - Separately, Delmarva Power filed the Affordability and Load Flexibility Portfolio, a \$39M, 3-year demand-side management program designed to address energy security and the rising cost of energy for customers.
Test Period	9 months actuals + 3 months forecast	
Test Year	July 1, 2025 – June 30, 2026	
Proposed Common Equity Ratio	50.50%	
Proposed Rate of Return	ROE: 10.50%; ROR: 7.55%	
Proposed Rate Base (Adjusted)	\$1,498M	
Requested Revenue Requirement Increase	\$45.4M ⁽¹⁾	
Residential Total Bill % Increase	4.36%	

Detailed Rate Case Schedule																			
	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr		
Filed rate case	▲ 12/9/2025																		
Intervenor testimony													▲ 10/30/2026						
Rebuttal testimony															▲ 1/19/2027				
Evidentiary hearings																4/27/2027 - 4/30/2027			■
Initial briefs																			
Reply briefs																			
Commission order expected																			

(1) Revenue requirement excludes the requested transfer of \$23.2 million Distribution System Improvement Charge (DSIC). As permitted by Delaware law, DPL implemented interim rates at 50% of the gross request effective 7/9/26 and will implement interim rates at 75% of the gross request on 12/9/26, subject to refund. Revenue requirement includes changes in depreciation and amortization expense and other costs where applicable, which have no impact on pre-tax earnings.

BGE Distribution Rate Case Filing

Rate Case Filing Details		Notes
Case No.	9888	- July 2, 2026, BGE filed with the Maryland Public Service Commission (MD PSC) seeking an increase in electric base distribution rates - BGE's Historical Test Year (HTY) rate case supports funding investments and operating costs necessary to maintain a safe and reliable electric system, cost of capital, and storm event recovery. The filing seeks recovery for ratemaking adjustments for safety and reliability investments and operating income on a terminal basis. The filing includes tariff proposals for: Storm Restoration Expense Rider: Annual filing proposal for recovery or refund of imbalance between actual incremental storm restoration O&M and the normalized baseline incremental storm restoration O&M costs in rates for major and non-major storm events. BGE FlexPay: Voluntary prepaid service proposal for customers allowing greater control of energy expenses by permitting advance payment for energy use
Test Period	12 months actuals	
Test Year	April 1, 2025 – March 31, 2026	
Proposed Common Equity Ratio	52.00%	
Proposed Rate of Return	ROE: 10.40%; ROR: 7.68%	
Proposed Rate Base (Adjusted)	\$6,055M	
Requested Revenue Requirement Increase	\$156.1M ⁽¹⁾	
Residential Total Bill % Increase	4.36%	

Detailed Rate Case Schedule ⁽²⁾							
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan
Filed rate case	▲ 7/2/2026						
Intervenor testimony							
Rebuttal testimony							
Evidentiary hearings							
Initial briefs							
Reply briefs							
Commission order expected							1/28/2027 ▲

(1) Revenue requirement includes changes in depreciation and amortization expense and other costs where applicable, which have no impact on pre-tax earnings.

Approved Electric Distribution Rate Case Financials

Approved Electric Distribution Rate Case Financials	Revenue Requirement Increase/(Decrease)	Allowed ROE	Common Equity Ratio	Rate Effective Date
ComEd (Electric) ^(1,2)	\$1,045.0M	8.905%	50.0%	Jan 1, 2024
PECO (Electric) ⁽³⁾	\$290.0M	N/A	N/A	Jan 1, 2025
BGE (Electric) ^(4,5)	\$179.1M	9.50%	52.00%	Jan 1, 2024
Pepco MD (Electric) ⁽⁶⁾	\$44.6M	9.50%	50.50%	Apr 1, 2024
Pepco D.C. (Electric) ⁽⁷⁾	\$123.4M	9.50%	50.50%	Jan 1, 2025
DPL MD (Electric) ⁽⁸⁾	\$28.9M	9.60%	50.50%	Jan 1, 2023
DPL DE (Electric) ⁽⁹⁾	\$27.8M	9.60%	50.50%	April 24, 2024
ACE (Electric) ⁽¹⁰⁾	\$54.0M	9.60%	50.24%	Dec 1, 2025

- (1) Reflects a four-year cumulative multi-year rate plan for January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2027 providing a total revenue requirement increase of \$1,045B, inclusive of rate increases of approximately \$752M in 2024, \$80M in 2025, \$102M in 2026, and \$111M in 2027. On January 10, 2024, ComEd filed an appeal with the Illinois Appellate Court of various aspects of the ICC's final order on which rehearing was denied, including the 8.905% ROE, 50% equity ratio, and denial of any return on ComEd's pension asset.
- (2) Separately, on December 18, 2025, ComEd received a Final Order from the ICC approving \$243M of the annual performance evaluation reconciliation under Docket No. 25-0383.
- (3) Base rate revenue increase of \$354M, which is partially offset by a one-time credit of \$64M in 2025, resulting in a net revenue increase of \$290M in 2025. The one-time credit of \$64M includes ~\$48M for incremental COVID-19 related uncollectible expense and ~\$16M for dark fiber revenues. The settlement does not stipulate any ROE, Equity Ratio, or Rate Base.
- (4) Reflects a 3-year cumulative multi-year plan for 2024-2026. The MD PSC awarded incremental revenue requirement increases of \$167M, \$175M, and \$66M with in each rate effective year, respectively. The incremental revenue requirement increase in 2024 reflects \$41M increase for electric and \$126M increase for gas (includes acceleration of certain tax benefits for electric and gas); 2025 reflects \$113M increase for electric and \$62M increase for gas; 2026 reflects \$25M increase for electric and \$41M increase for gas.
- (5) On December 22, 2025, MD PSC authorized BGE to recover \$31 million and \$46 million for electric and gas for the Rate Year 3 reconciliation under Order No. 92106. In addition, the MD PSC authorized \$24M in recovery costs through separate regulatory assets related to minor storms and \$4M for the Baltimore City conduit (to be reviewed along with a cost-benefit analysis in BGE's next rate case).
- (6) On March 31, 2026, Pepco MD received a Final Order from the MD PSC approving \$13.4M of the Rate Year 3 reconciliation under Order No. 92264.
- (7) Reflects a cumulative multi-year plan from 2025 to 2026. The DC PSC approved \$133.4M of incremental revenue requirement increase with \$69.7M and \$23.7M of that increase going into effect with rates on January 1, 2025 and January 1, 2026, respectively. On March 5, 2026, the DC Court of Appeals remanded the November 26, 2024 order back to the DCPSC to hold evidentiary hearings. On May 8, the DC PSC issued an order resetting the remand procedural schedule—extending timelines and setting evidentiary hearings for October 13–14—while denying OPC's request to suspend rates and affirming that current distribution rates will remain in effect during the remand period.
- (8) Reflects 3-year cumulative multi-year plan. On October 7, 2022, DPL filed a partial settlement with the MD PSC, which included incremental revenue requirement increases of \$16.9M, \$6.0M and \$6.0M with rates effective January 1, 2023, January 1, 2024, and January 1, 2025, respectively. The MD PSC approved the settlement without modification on December 14, 2022. Rates remain in effect subsequent to the multi-year plan period.
- (9) Revenue requirement excludes the transfer of \$14.4M of revenues from the Distribution System Improvement Charge (DSIC) capital tracker into base distribution rates. Delmarva Power implemented fully proposed rates on July 15, 2023 and adjusted them to final approved rates on April 24, 2024.
- (10) Revenue requirement excludes the transfer of \$11.1 million of Infrastructure Investment Program costs (IIP) and \$3.6M of Sales and Use Tax into distribution rates.

Approved Gas Distribution Rate Case Financials

Approved Gas Distribution Rate Case Financials	Revenue Requirement Increase/(Decrease)	Allowed ROE	Common Equity Ratio	Rate Effective Date
PECO (Gas) ⁽¹⁾	\$78.0M	N/A	N/A	Jan 1, 2025
BGE (Gas) ^(2,3)	\$228.8M	9.45%	52.00%	Jan 1, 2024
DPL DE (Gas) ⁽⁴⁾	\$21.5M	9.60%	50.51%	Jan 1, 2026

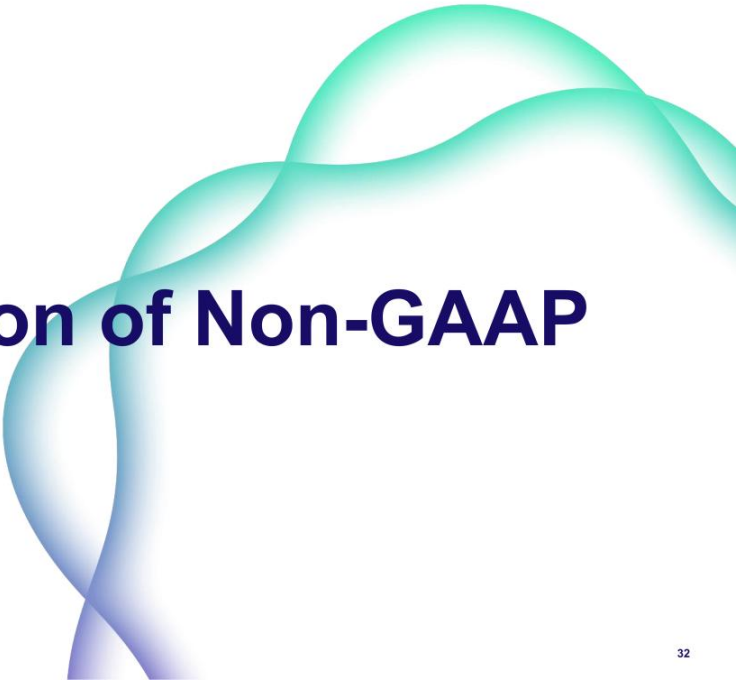
(1) The settlement does not stipulate any ROE, Equity Ratio, or Rate Base.
(2) Reflects a 3-year cumulative multi-year plan for 2024-2026. The MD PSC awarded incremental revenue requirement increases of \$167M, \$175M, and \$66M with in each rate effective year, respectively. The incremental revenue requirement increase in 2024 reflects \$41M increase for electric and \$126M increase for gas (includes acceleration of certain tax benefits for electric and gas); 2025 reflects \$113M increase for electric and \$62M increase for gas; 2026 reflects \$25M increase for electric and \$41M increase for gas.
(3) Separately, on December 22, 2025, MD PSC authorized BGE to recover \$31 million and \$46 million for electric and gas for the Rate Year 3 reconciliation. In addition, the MD PSC authorized \$24M in recovery costs through separate regulatory assets related to minor storms and \$4M for the Baltimore City conduit (to be reviewed along with a cost-benefit analysis in BGE's next rate case).
(4) Revenue requirement excludes the transfer of \$8.0M of revenues from the Distribution System Improvement Charge (DSIC) capital tracker into base distribution rates.

Approved Electric Transmission Formula Rate Financials

Approved Electric Transmission Formula Rate Financials	Revenue Requirement Increase/(Decrease)	Allowed ROE ⁽¹⁾	Common Equity Ratio	Rate Effective Date ⁽²⁾
ComEd	(\$21M)	11.50%	54.31%	Jun 1, 2026
PECO	\$40M	10.35%	54.60%	Jun 1, 2026
BGE	(\$30M)	10.50%	51.44%	Jun 1, 2026
Pepco	(\$9M)	10.50%	50.30%	Jun 1, 2026
DPL	\$4M	10.50%	50.52%	Jun 1, 2026
ACE	\$17M	10.50%	50.10%	Jun 1, 2026

(1) The rate of return on common equity for each Utility Registrant includes a 50-basis-point incentive adder for being a member of an RTO. On July 2, 2026, a complaint was filed at FERC against Maryland Transmission Operators, including BGE, Pepco, and DPL, for the removal of the 50-basis-point incentive adder. The final outcome and resolution of the complaint filing cannot be predicted and the results, while not reasonably estimable at this time, are not expected to be material to Exelon, BGE, PHL, Pepco, and DPL financial statements.

(2) All rates are effective June 1, 2026 - May 31, 2027, subject to review by interested parties pursuant to protocols of each tariff.



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

Projected Non-GAAP Operating Earnings Adjustments

- Exelon's projected 2026 adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings excludes the earnings effects of the following:
 - Costs related to a cost management program; and
 - Costs related to Pepco's regulatory matters.

Credit Metric GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations⁽¹⁾

$$\text{S\&P FFO/Debt}^{(2)} = \frac{\text{FFO (a)}}{\text{Adjusted Debt (b)}}$$

S&P FFO Calculation⁽²⁾

GAAP Operating Income
+ Depreciation & Amortization
= EBITDA
- Cash Paid for Interest
+/- Cash Taxes
+/- Other S&P FFO Adjustments
= FFO (a)

S&P Adjusted Debt Calculation⁽²⁾

Long-Term Debt
+ Short-Term Debt
+ Underfunded Pension (after-tax)
+ Underfunded OPEB (after-tax)
+ Operating Lease Imputed Debt
- Cash on Balance Sheet
+/- Other S&P Debt Adjustments
= Adjusted Debt (b)

$$\text{Moody's CFO (Pre-WC)/Debt}^{(3)} = \frac{\text{CFO (Pre-WC) (c)}}{\text{Adjusted Debt (d)}}$$

Moody's CFO (Pre-WC) Calculation⁽³⁾

Cash Flow From Operations
+/- Working Capital Adjustment
+ Energy Efficiency Spend
+/- Carbon Mitigation Credits
+/- Other Moody's CFO Adjustments
= CFO (Pre-Working Capital) (c)

Moody's Adjusted Debt Calculation⁽³⁾

Long-Term Debt
+ Short-Term Debt
+ Underfunded Pension (pre-tax)
+ Operating Lease Imputed Debt
+/- Other Moody's Debt Adjustments
= Adjusted Debt (d)

(1) Due to the forward-looking nature of some forecasted non-GAAP measures, information to reconcile the forecasted adjusted (non-GAAP) measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure may not be currently available; therefore, management is unable to reconcile these measures.

(2) Calculated using S&P Methodology.

(3) Calculated using Moody's Methodology.

Q2 QTD GAAP EPS Reconciliation

Three Months Ended June 30, 2026	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other	Exelon
2026 GAAP earnings (loss) per share	\$0.24	\$0.12	\$0.05	\$0.11	(\$0.13)	\$0.39
Cost management program	-	0.01	0.01	0.02	-	0.04
2026 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings (loss) per share	\$0.24	\$0.13	\$0.07	\$0.12	(\$0.13)	\$0.43

Three Months Ended June 30, 2025	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other	Exelon
2025 GAAP earnings (loss) per share	\$0.23	\$0.13	\$0.05	\$0.14	(\$0.17)	\$0.39
2025 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings (loss) per share	\$0.23	\$0.13	\$0.05	\$0.14	(\$0.17)	\$0.39

Note: All amounts shown are per Exelon share and represent contributions to Exelon's EPS. Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

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Q2 YTD GAAP EPS Reconciliation

Six Months Ended June 30, 2026	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other	Exelon
2026 GAAP earnings (loss) per share	\$0.54	\$0.39	\$0.34	\$0.27	(\$0.26)	\$1.28
Cost management program	-	0.01	0.01	0.02	-	0.04
Regulatory matters	-	-	-	0.01	-	0.01
2026 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings (loss) per share	\$0.54	\$0.40	\$0.36	\$0.30	(\$0.26)	\$1.33

Six Months Ended June 30, 2025	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other	Exelon
2025 GAAP earnings (loss) per share	\$0.52	\$0.40	\$0.31	\$0.33	(\$0.28)	\$1.29
Regulatory matters	0.02	-	-	-	-	0.02
2025 Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings (loss) per share	\$0.55	\$0.40	\$0.31	\$0.33	(\$0.28)	\$1.31

Note: All amounts shown are per Exelon share and represent contributions to Exelon's EPS. Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

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Thank you

Please direct all questions to the Exelon
Investor Relations team:

✉ InvestorRelations@ExelonCorp.com

📞 779-231-0017





