UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2023 or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number	Name of Registrant; State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation; Address of Principal Executive Offices; and Telephone Number	IRS Employer Identification Number
001-16169	EXELON CORPORATION	23-2990190
	(a Pennsylvania corporation) 10 South Dearborn Street P.O. Box 805379 Chicago, Illinois 60680-5379 (800) 483-3220	
001-01839	COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY	36-0938600
	(an Illinois corporation) 10 South Dearborn Street Chicago, Illinois 60603-2300 (312) 394-4321	
000-16844	PECO ENERGY COMPANY	23-0970240
	(a Pennsylvania corporation) P.O. Box 8699 2301 Market Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19101-8699 (215) 841-4000	
001-01910	BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY	52-0280210
	(a Maryland corporation) 2 Center Plaza 110 West Fayette Street Baltimore, Maryland 21201-3708 (410) 234-5000	
001-31403	PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC	52-2297449
	(a Delaware limited liability company) 701 Ninth Street, N.W. Washington, District of Columbia 20068-0001 (202) 872-2000	
001-01072	POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY	53-0127880
	(a District of Columbia and Virginia corporation) 701 Ninth Street, N.W. Washington, District of Columbia 20068-001 (202) 872-2000	
001-01405	DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY	51-0084283
	(a Delaware and Virginia corporation) 500 North Wakefield Drive Newark, Delaware 19702-5440 (202) 872-2000	
001-03559	ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY	21-0398280
	(a New Jersey corporation) 500 North Wakefield Drive Newark, Delaware 19702-5440 (202) 872-2000	

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
EXELON CORPORATION:		
Common stock, without par value	EXC	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
PECO ENERGY COMPANY: Trust Receipts of PECO Energy Capital Trust III, each representing a 7.38% Cumulative Preferred Security, Series D, \$25 stated value, issued by PECO Energy Capital, L.P. and unconditionally guaranteed by PECO Energy Company	EXC/28	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Exelon Corporation	Large Accelerated Filer x	Accelerated Filer \Box	Non-accelerated Filer \square	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company
Commonwealth Edison Company	Large Accelerated Filer \square	Accelerated Filer \Box	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company 🛛
PECO Energy Company	Large Accelerated Filer \Box	Accelerated Filer \Box	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company	Large Accelerated Filer \square	Accelerated Filer \Box	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company
Pepco Holdings LLC	Large Accelerated Filer \Box	Accelerated Filer \Box	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company 🛛	Emerging Growth Company
Potomac Electric Power Company	Large Accelerated Filer \square	Accelerated Filer \Box	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company 🛛	Emerging Growth Company
Delmarva Power & Light Company	Large Accelerated Filer \Box	Accelerated Filer \Box	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company 🛛	Emerging Growth Company 🛛
Atlantic City Electric Company	Large Accelerated Filer \square	Accelerated Filer \Box	Non-accelerated Filer x	Smaller Reporting Company	Emerging Growth Company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes 🗆 No x

The number of shares outstanding of each registrant's common stock as of September 30, 2023 was:

Exelon Corporation Common Stock, without par value	995,437,416
Commonwealth Edison Company Common Stock, \$12.50 par value	127,021,396
PECO Energy Company Common Stock, without par value	170,478,507
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company Common Stock, without par value	1,000
Pepco Holdings LLC	not applicable
Potomac Electric Power Company Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	100
Delmarva Power & Light Company Common Stock, \$2.25 par value	1,000
Atlantic City Electric Company Common Stock, \$3.00 par value	8,546,017

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GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Exelon Corporation and Related Entities Exelon **Exelon Corporation** ComEd Commonwealth Edison Company PECO PECO Energy Company BGE Baltimore Gas and Electric Company Pepco Holdings or PHI Pepco Holdings LLC Рерсо Potomac Electric Power Company DPL Delmarva Power & Light Company ACE Atlantic City Electric Company Exelon, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, collectively Registrants Utility Registrants ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, collectively BSC Exelon Business Services Company, LLC Exelon Corporate Exelon in its corporate capacity as a holding company Potomac Capital Investment Corporation and its subsidiaries PCI PECO Trust III PECO Energy Capital Trust III PECO Trust IV PECO Energy Capital Trust IV PHI in its corporate capacity as a holding company PHI Corporate PHISCO **PHI Service Company** Former Related Entities Constellation Constellation Energy Corporation Constellation Energy Generation, LLC (formerly Exelon Generation Company, LLC, a Generation subsidiary of Exelon prior to separation on February 1, 2022)

GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Other Terms and Abbreviations	
Note - of the 2022 Form 10-K	Reference to specific Combined Note to Consolidated Financial Statements within Exelon's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K
ABO	Accumulated Benefit Obligation
AECs	Alternative Energy Credits that are issued for each megawatt hour of generation from a qualified alternative energy source
AFUDC	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction
AMI	Advanced Metering Infrastructure
AOCI	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
ARO	Asset Retirement Obligation
ATM	At the market
BGS	Basic Generation Service
BSA	Bill Stabilization Adjustment
CEJA	Climate and Equitable Jobs Act; Illinois Public Act 102-0662 signed into law on September 15, 2021
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended
CIP	Conservation Incentive Program
CMC	Carbon Mitigation Credit
CODMs	Chief Operating Decision Makers
DC PLUG	District of Columbia Power Line Undergrounding Initiative
DCPSC	Public Service Commission of the District of Columbia
DEPSC	Delaware Public Service Commission
DOEE	District of Columbia Department of Energy & Environment
DPA	Deferred Prosecution Agreement
DPP	Deferred Purchase Price
DSIC	Distribution System Improvement Charge
EIMA	Energy Infrastructure Modernization Act (Illinois Senate Bill 1652 and Illinois House Bill 3036)
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
ERCOT	Electric Reliability Council of Texas
ERISA	Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended
ERP	Enterprise Resource Program
ETAC	Energy Transition Assistance Charge
FEJA	Illinois Public Act 99-0906 or Future Energy Jobs Act
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States
GCR	Gas Cost Rate
GSA	Generation Supply Adjustment
GWhs	Gigawatt hours
ICC	Illinois Commerce Commission
IIJA	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
IIP	Infrastructure Investment Program
Illinois Settlement Legislation	Legislation enacted in 2007 affecting electric utilities in Illinois
IPA	Illinois Power Agency
IRA	Inflation Reduction Act
IRC	Internal Revenue Code
IRS	Internal Revenue Service

GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Other Terms and Abbreviations	
MDPSC	Maryland Public Service Commission
MGP	Manufactured Gas Plant
mmcf	Million Cubic Feet
MMG	Middle Mile Grant
MRP	Multi-Year Rate Plan
MW	Megawatt
MWh	Megawatt hour
N/A	Not applicable
NAV	Net Asset Value
NDT	Nuclear Decommissioning Trust
NJBPU	New Jersey Board of Public Utilities
NPNS	Normal Purchase Normal Sale scope exception
NPS	National Park Service
NRD	Natural Resources Damages
OCI	Other Comprehensive Income
OPEB	Other Postretirement Employee Benefits
PAPUC	Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
PGC	Purchased Gas Cost Clause
РЈМ	PJM Interconnection, LLC
POLR	Provider of Last Resort
PPA	Power Purchase Agreement
PP&E	Property, plant, and equipment
PRPs	Potentially Responsible Parties
REC	Renewable Energy Credit which is issued for each megawatt hour of generation from a qualified renewable energy source
Regulatory Agreement Units	Nuclear generating units or portions thereof whose decommissioning-related activities are subject to contractual elimination under regulatory accounting
RFP	Request for Proposal
Rider	Reconcilable Surcharge Recovery Mechanism
ROE	Return on equity
ROU	Right-of-use
RPS	Renewable Energy Portfolio Standards
RTO	Regional Transmission Organization
SEC	United States Securities and Exchange Commission
SOFR	Secured Overnight Financing Rate
SOS	Standard Offer Service
STRIDE	Maryland Strategic Infrastructure Development and Enhancement Program
ТСЈА	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act
ZEC	Zero Emission Credit or Zero Emission Certificate

FILING FORMAT

This combined Form 10-Q is being filed separately by Exelon Corporation, Commonwealth Edison Company, PECO Energy Company, Baltimore Gas and Electric Company, Pepco Holdings LLC, Potomac Electric Power Company, Delmarva Power & Light Company, and Atlantic City Electric Company (Registrants). Information contained herein relating to any individual Registrant is filed by such Registrant on its own behalf. No Registrant makes any representation as to information relating to any other Registrant.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities laws that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Words such as "could," "may," "expects," "anticipates," "will," "targets," "goals," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "predicts," "should," and variations on such words, and similar expressions that reflect our current views with respect to future events and operational, economic, and financial performance, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements.

The factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements made by the Registrants include those factors discussed herein, as well as the items discussed in (1) the 2022 Form 10-K in (a) Part I, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part II, ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (c) Part II, ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data: Note 18, Commitments and Contingencies; (2) this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in (a) Part II, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part I, ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (c) Part II, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part I, ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (c) Part I, ITEM 1. Financial Statements: Note 12, Commitments and Contingencies; and (3) other factors discussed in filings with the SEC by the Registrants.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this Report. None of the Registrants undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Report.

WHERE TO FIND MORE INFORMATION

The SEC maintains an Internet site at www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information that the Registrants file electronically with the SEC. These documents are also available to the public from commercial document retrieval services and the Registrants' website at www.exeloncorp.com. Information contained on the Registrants' website shall not be deemed incorporated into, or to be a part of, this Report.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)								
		Three Mor Septer				Nine Mon Septen		
(In millions, except per share data)	_	2023		2022		2023		2022
Operating revenues								
Electric operating revenues	\$	5,684	\$	4,557	\$	14,579	\$	12,972
Natural gas operating revenues		188		224		1,268		1,348
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		108		64		513		92
Total operating revenues		5,980		4,845		16,360		14,412
Operating expenses								
Purchased power		2,364		1,404		5,766		4,152
Purchased fuel		33		80		449		524
Purchased power and fuel from affiliates		—		—		—		159
Operating and maintenance		1,187		1,148		3,535		3,436
Depreciation and amortization		890		825		2,616		2,472
Taxes other than income taxes		383		377		1,063		1,061
Total operating expenses		4,857		3,834		13,429		11,804
Loss on sale of assets and businesses				_		_		(2)
Operating income		1,123		1,011		2,931		2,606
Other income and (deductions)								
Interest expense, net		(431)		(359)		(1,259)		(1,044)
Interest expense to affiliates		(6)		(6)		(18)		(19)
Other, net		81		122		331		435
Total other income and (deductions)	_	(356)		(243)		(946)		(628)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		767		768		1,985		1,978
Income taxes		67		92		274		356
Net income from continuing operations after income taxes		700		676		1,711		1,622
Net income from discontinued operations after income taxes (Note 2)		_		_				117
Net income		700		676		1,711		1,739
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		_		_		·		1
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	700	\$	676	\$	1,711	\$	1,738
Amounts attributable to common shareholders:	_							
		700		676		1 711		1,622
Net income from continuing operations Net income from discontinued operations		700		070		1,711		1,622
	\$		\$	-	*	1 711	\$	
Net income attributable to common shareholders		700	D	676	\$	1,711	Þ	1,738
Comprehensive income, net of income taxes								
Net income	\$	700	\$	676	\$	1,711	\$	1,739
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes								
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans:								
Actuarial losses reclassified to periodic benefit cost		16		9		22		33
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans valuation adjustments		(3)		_		(16)		2
Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges		21		_		36		_
Other comprehensive income		34		9		42		35
Comprehensive income		734		685		1,753		1,774
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		_		_		_		1
Comprehensive income attributable to common shareholders	\$	734	\$	685	\$	1,753	\$	1,773
Average shares of common stock outstanding:	_							
Basic		996		988		996		983
Assumed exercise and/or distributions of stock-based awards		1		1		330		1
		997						
Diluted		997		989		996		984
Earnings per average common share from continuing operations								
Basic	\$	0.70	\$	0.68	\$	1.72	\$	1.65
Diluted	\$		\$	0.68	\$	1.72	\$	1.65
	+	0.10	Ŷ	0.00	*	1.12	÷	1.00
Earnings per average common share from discontinued operations								
Basic	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	0.12
Diluted	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	0.12

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Unautreu)		onths Ended ember 30,		
(In millions)	2023	2022		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income	\$ 1,711	\$ 1,739		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation, amortization, and accretion, including nuclear fuel and energy contract amortization	2,616	2,679		
Asset impairments	—	46		
Gain on sales of assets and businesses		(8)		
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	210	256		
Net fair value changes related to derivatives	21	(59)		
Net realized and unrealized losses on NDT funds	—	205		
Net unrealized losses on equity investments		16		
Other non-cash operating activities	(237)	265		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	82	(1,049)		
Inventories	(8)	(121)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(454)	823		
Option premiums paid, net	—	(39)		
Collateral (paid) received, net	(183)	1,456		
Income taxes	50	3		
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(395)	(689)		
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(97)	(596)		
Other assets and liabilities	(24)	(786)		
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	3,292	4,141		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Capital expenditures	(5,540)	(5,179)		
Proceeds from NDT fund sales	—	488		
Investment in NDT funds	—	(516)		
Collection of DPP	_	169		
Proceeds from sales of assets and businesses	_	16		
Other investing activities	25	36		
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(5,515)	(4,986)		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Changes in short-term borrowings	(1,116)	(335)		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	400	1,150		
Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	(150)	(925)		
Issuance of long-term debt	5,300	5,801		
Retirement of long-term debt	(1,209)	(2,067)		
Issuance of common stock	_	563		
Dividends paid on common stock	(1,074)	(999)		
Proceeds from employee stock plans	30	26		
Transfer of cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents to Constellation	=	(2,594)		
Other financing activities	(101)	(121)		
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	2,080	499		
Decrease in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	(143)	(346)		
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1.090	1,619		
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 947	\$ 1,273		
Supplemental cash flow information				
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (169)	\$ (147)		
Increase in Capital expenditures not paid	Ф (109)	\$ (147) 348		
		348		
(Decrease) increase in PP&E related to ARO update	(4)	331		

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septem	ber 30, 2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	300	\$	407
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		435		566
Accounts receivable				
Customer accounts receivable	2,575		2,544	
Customer allowance for credit losses	(341)		(327)	
Customer accounts receivable, net		2,234		2,217
Other accounts receivable	1,168		1,426	
Other allowance for credit losses	(88)		(82)	
Other accounts receivable, net		1,080		1,344
Inventories, net				
Fossil fuel		105		208
Materials and supplies		657		547
Regulatory assets		2,307		1,641
Other		401		406
Total current assets		7,519		7,336
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$16,836 and \$15,930 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		72,458		69,076
Deferred debits and other assets				
Regulatory assets		8,128		8,037
Goodwill		6,630		6,630
Receivable related to Regulatory Agreement Units		2,923		2,897
Investments		246		232
Other		1,355		1,141
Total deferred debits and other assets		19,282		18,937
Total assets	\$	99,259	\$	95,349

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities Short-term borrowings \$ Long-term debt due within one year * Accounts payable * Accrued expenses * Payables to affiliates * Regulatory liabilities * Mark-to-market derivative liabilities * Unamortized energy contract liabilities * Other * Total current liabilities * Long-term debt * Long-term debt to financing trusts * Deferred credits and other liabilities * Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits * Regulatory liabilities * Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits * Regulatory liabilities * Pension obligations * Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations *	1,720	
Short-term borrowings \$ Long-term debt due within one year * Accounts payable * Accrued expenses * Payables to affiliates * Regulatory liabilities * Mark-to-market derivative liabilities * Unamortized energy contract liabilities * Other * Total current liabilities * Long-term debt * Long-term debt to financing trusts * Deferred credits and other liabilities * Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits * Regulatory liabilities * Pension obligations *	1,720	
Long-term debt due within one year Accounts payable Accrued expenses Payables to affiliates Regulatory liabilities Mark-to-market derivative liabilities Unamortized energy contract liabilities Other Total current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	1,720	
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Payables to affiliates Regulatory liabilities Mark-to-market derivative liabilities Unamortized energy contract liabilities Unamortized energy contract liabilities Other Total current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations		\$ 2,586
Accrued expenses Payables to affiliates Regulatory liabilities Mark-to-market derivative liabilities Unamortized energy contract liabilities Other Total current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	1,654	1,802
Payables to affiliates Regulatory liabilities Mark-to-market derivative liabilities Unamortized energy contract liabilities Other Total current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	2,684	3,382
Regulatory liabilities Mark-to-market derivative liabilities Unamortized energy contract liabilities Other Total current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	1,315	1,226
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities Unamortized energy contract liabilities Other Total current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	5	5
Unamortized energy contract liabilities Other Total current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	437	437
Other Total current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	44	8
Total current liabilities Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	8	10
Long-term debt Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	933	1,155
Long-term debt to financing trusts Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	8,800	10,611
Deferred credits and other liabilities Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	39,431	35,272
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations	390	390
Regulatory liabilities Pension obligations		
Pension obligations	11,792	11,250
	9,236	9,112
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations	1,085	1,109
	515	507
Asset retirement obligations	269	269
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	113	83
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	29	35
Other	2,129	1,967
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	25,168	24,332
Total liabilities	73,789	70,605
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 995 shares and 994 shares outstanding as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)	20,956	20,908
Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022)	(123)	(123)
Retained earnings	5,233	4,597
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	(596)	(638)
Total shareholders' equity	25,470	24,744
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity \$	99,259	\$ 95,349

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

				Ni	ne Months End	ded	September 30, 2023			
(<u>In millions, shares</u> in thousands)	Issued Shares	Common Stock	Treasury Stock		Retained Earnings		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, net	Noncontrolling Interests	т	otal Shareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	995,830	\$ 20,908	\$ (123)	\$	4,597	\$	(638)	\$ 	\$	24,744
Net income			_		669			_		669
Long-term incentive plan activity	306	1	_		_		_	_		1
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	266	12	_		_		_	_		12
Common stock dividends (\$0.36/common share)	_	_	_		(359)			_		(359)
Other comprehensive loss, net of income taxes	_						(1)	_		(1)
Balance at March 31, 2023	996,402	\$ 20,921	\$ (123)	\$	4,907	\$	(639)	\$ 	\$	25,066
Net income	_	_			343			—		343
Long-term incentive plan activity	372	9	—		—		—	—		9
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	278	11	—		—		—	—		11
Common stock dividends (\$0.36/common share)	_	_	_		(359)		_	_		(359)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	_	_	_		_		9	_		9
Balance at June 30, 2023	997,052	\$ 20,941	\$ (123)	\$	4,891	\$	(630)	\$ _	\$	25,079
Net income	_	_	_		700		_	_		700
Long-term incentive plan activity	(84)	3	_		—			_		3
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	302	12	—		—		—	—		12
Common stock dividends (\$0.36/common share)	_	_	_		(358)		_	_		(358)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes		_			_		34	_		34
Balance at September 30, 2023	997,270	\$ 20,956	\$ (123)	\$	5,233	\$	(596)	\$ 	\$	25,470

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

				Ni	ine Months En	ded	September 30, 2022			
							Accumulated Other			
(<u>In millions, shares</u> in thousands)	Issued Shares	Common Stock	Treasury Stock		Retained Earnings		Comprehensive Loss, net	Noncontrolling Interests	Т	otal Shareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	981,291	\$ 20,324	\$ (123)	\$	16,942	\$	(2,750)	\$ 402	\$	34,795
Net income	—	—	—		597		—	1		598
Long-term incentive plan activity	540	(13)	—		—		—	—		(13)
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	211	9	—		—		—	—		9
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		_		_	(7)		(7)
Distribution of Constellation (Note 2)	_	(21)	_		(13,179)		2,023	(396)		(11,573)
Common stock dividends (\$0.34/common share)	_	_	_		(332)		_	_		(332)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	_	_	_		_		14	_		14
Balance at March 31, 2022	982,042	\$ 20,299	\$ (123)	\$	4,028	\$	(713)	\$ _	\$	23,491
Net income	—	_	—		465		—	—		465
Long-term incentive plan activity	21	10	—		—		—	—		10
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	242	10	—		—		—	—		10
Common stock dividends (\$0.34/common share)	_	_	_		(332)		_	_		(332)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	_	_	_		_		12	_		12
Balance at June 30, 2022	982,305	\$ 20,319	\$ (123)	\$	4,161	\$	(701)	\$ —	\$	23,656
Net Income	—	_	—		676		—	—		676
Long-term incentive plan activity	—	3	_		—		—	—		3
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	275	10	_		_		_	_		10
Issuance of common stock	12,995	563								563
Common stock dividends (\$0.34/common share)	_	_	_		(335)		_	_		(335)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes		 _	_		_		9	 _		9
Balance at September 30, 2022	995,575	\$ 20,895	\$ (123)	\$	4,502	\$	(692)	\$ 	\$	24,582

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,				onths Ended ember 30,	
<u>(In millions)</u>	 2023	2022		2023		2022
Operating revenues						
Electric operating revenues	\$ 2,124	\$ 1,284	\$	5,417	\$	4,359
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	135	88		405		163
Operating revenues from affiliates	 9	6		14		14
Total operating revenues	2,268	1,378		5,836		4,536
Operating expenses						
Purchased power	896	121		2,068		982
Purchased power from affiliate	_			—		59
Operating and maintenance	293	286		814		809
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	92	69		263		236
Depreciation and amortization	357	333		1,045		982
Taxes other than income taxes	 100	104		282		289
Total operating expenses	 1,738	913		4,472		3,357
Loss on sale of assets	_			_		(2)
Operating income	 530	465		1,364		1,177
Other income and (deductions)			_			
Interest expense, net	(116)	(101)	(347)		(298)
Interest expense to affiliates	(3)	(3)	(10)		(10)
Other, net	16	14		50		40
Total other income and (deductions)	(103)	(90)	(307)		(268)
Income before income taxes	 427	375		1,057		909
Income taxes	94	84		235		203
Net income	\$ 333	\$ 291	\$	822	\$	706
Comprehensive income	\$ 333	\$ 291	\$	822	\$	706

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Net income \$ 82 \$ 706 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities: 1,045 982 Deferred income taxes and amorization 1,045 982 Deferred income taxes and amorization of investment tax credits 1.64 1.92 Other non-cash operating activities (38) (38) Accounts receivable (111) (351) Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net (12) (54) Inventories (64) (9) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (19) 2266 Collateral received, net 28 69 Income taxes (26) (119) Phension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions (26) (119) Other investing activities 985 842 Cash flows from investing activities 985 842 Cash flows growided by operating activities (1,926) (1,801) Other investing activities (1,926) (1,801) Cash flows from investing activities (1,918) (1,926)		Nine Mon Septem	
Net income \$ 82 \$ 706 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities: 1,045 982 Deferred income taxes and amorization 1,045 982 Deferred income taxes and amorization of investment tax credits 1.64 1.92 Other non-cash operating activities (38) (38) Accounts receivable (111) (351) Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net (12) (54) Inventories (64) (9) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (19) 2266 Collateral received, net 28 69 Income taxes (26) (119) Phension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions (26) (119) Other investing activities 985 842 Cash flows from investing activities 985 842 Cash flows growided by operating activities (1,926) (1,801) Other investing activities (1,926) (1,801) Cash flows from investing activities (1,918) (1,926)	(In millions)	2023	2022
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities: 1.045 982 Deperciation and amortization of investment tax credits 1.64 192 Other non-cash operating activities (392) (69) Changes in assets and liabilities: (111) (351) Accounts receivable (111) (351) Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net (12) (64) Inventories (64) (9) Accounts receivable (199) 226 Collateral received, net 28 69 Income taxes (248) (499) Person and non-person postretirement benefit contributions (26) (179) Other assets and liabilities, net (248) (499) Other investing activities (72) (152) Cash flows provided by operating activities (1,926) (1,010) Cash flows from investing activities (1,926) (1,010) Cash flows from investing activities (1,026) (1,010) Cash flows from investing activities (1,026) (1,010) Cash flows from investing activities (1,020) 233 <	Cash flows from operating activities		
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Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits164192Other non-cash operating activities(392)(89)Changes in assets and liabilities:(111)(351)Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net(12)(54)Inventories(64)(9)Accounts previous and accrued expenses(199)226Collateral received, net2869Income taxes50Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(24)(499)Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows from investing activities985842Cash flows from investing activities(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows used in investing activities greater than 90 days(150)Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Sudden ds paided by financing activities(12)(100)Net cash flows provided by financing activities(12)(100)Charges in short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt975750503Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)(104)Controlutions from parent57	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Other non-cash operating activities(392)(89)Changes in assets and liabilities:(111)(351)Accounts receivable(111)(351)Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net(12)(54)Inventories(64)(9)Accounts payable and accrued expenses(199)226Collateral received, net2869Income taxes50Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(248)(499)Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities985842Cash flows from investing activities821Cash flows from financing activities821Changes in short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Changes in districties975750010Dividends paid on common stock(66)(434)(104)Contributions from parent57050300Other financing activities(12)(100)1042Ket ash flows provided by financing activities(12)(100)Changes in short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt570570570Dividends paid on common stock(12)(100)1042Contributions from parent5	Depreciation and amortization	1,045	982
Changes in assets and liabilities:Accounts receivable(111)(351)Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net(12)(54)Inventories(64)(9)Accounts payable and accrued expenses(19)226Collateral received, net2869Income taxes50Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities(72)(152)Cash flows from investing activities(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Susance of long-term debt975750503Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)(104)Cash flows frow financing activities(1,07)1,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$511Supplemental cash flow information\$651\$Supplemental cash flow information\$651\$	Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	164	192
Accounts receivable(111)(351)Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net(12)(54)Inventories(64)(9)Accounts payable and accrued expenses(199)226Collateral received, net2869Income taxes50Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(248)(499)Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities	Other non-cash operating activities	(392)	(89)
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net(12)(54)Inventories(64)(9)Accounts payable and accrued expenses(19)226Collateral received, net2869Income taxes50-Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(248)(499)Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities985842Cash flows from investing activities985842Cash flows sted in investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Susance of long-term debt975750503Other financing activities(12)(10)-Net cash flows provided by financing activities(12)(10)Cash repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Supplemental cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period570503Other financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period511384Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$511348Cash, rest	Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Inventories(64)(9)Accounts payable and accrued expenses(199)226Collateral received, net2869Income taxes50-Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(248)(499)Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities985842Cash flows from investing activities985842Cash flows trom investing activities821Other assets and liabilities(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities821Cash flows used in investing activities821Changes in short-term borrowings(150)233Proceeds from financing activities(150)-Issuance of long-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Issuance of long-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)-Contributions from parent570503-Other financing activities1,0731,0421,073Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period\$\$Supplemental cash flow information\$\$\$Supplemental cash flow information\$\$ </td <td>Accounts receivable</td> <td>(111)</td> <td>(351)</td>	Accounts receivable	(111)	(351)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses(199)226Collateral received, net2869Income taxes50Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(248)(499)Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities985842Cash flows from investing activities821Cash flows from investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities821Changes in short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Dividends paid on common stock(150)50Other financing activities975750500Dividends paid on common stock(100)500440Contributions from parent570503500Other financing activities1,0731,0421,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period\$651\$ 488Supplemental cash flow information\$651\$ 488	Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(12)	(54)
Collateral received, net2869Income taxes50Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(248)(499)Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities985842Cash flows from investing activities985842Capital expenditures(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities821Cash flows from financing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(1,50)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt975750500Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)(104)Contributions from parent57050310731.042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$651\$ 488Supplemental cash flow information\$651\$ 488	Inventories	(64)	(9)
Income taxes50Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(248)(499)Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities985842Cash flows from investing activities985842Capital expenditures(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt975750503Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)(104)Cash flows provided by financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period511384Supplemental cash flow information\$651\$	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(199)	226
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net(248)(499)Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities985842Cash flows from investing activities985(1,926)Capital expenditures(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)Contributions from parent(570)50300Other financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Supplemental cash flow information\$ 651\$ 488	Collateral received, net	28	69
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions(26)(179)Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities985842Cash flows from investing activities985842Capital expenditures(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities821Cash flows from financing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows room financing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings(150)-Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents110Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511Supplemental cash flow information\$ 488	Income taxes	50	_
Other assets and liabilities(72)(152)Net cash flows provided by operating activities985842Cash flows from investing activities985842Capital expenditures(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)-Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(1,073)1,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents1,0731,042Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period511384Supplemental cash flow information\$ 651\$ 488	Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(248)	(499)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities 985 842 Cash flows from investing activities (1,926) (1,801) Other investing activities 8 21 Net cash flows used in investing activities (1,918) (1,780) Cash flows from financing activities (150) 233 Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days 400	Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(26)	(179)
Cash flows from investing activities(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Changes in short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period511384Supplemental cash flow information\$ 651\$ 488	Other assets and liabilities	(72)	(152)
Capital expenditures(1,926)(1,801)Other investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$651\$Supplemental cash flow information500\$488	Net cash flows provided by operating activities	985	842
Other investing activities821Net cash flows used in investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Changes in short-term borrowings(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days400Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Supplemental cash flow information\$651\$	Cash flows from investing activities		
Net cash flows used in investing activities(1,918)(1,780)Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Changes in short-term borrowings(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days400Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Supplemental cash flow information\$ 651\$ 488	Capital expenditures	(1,926)	(1,801)
Cash flows from financing activities(150)233Changes in short-term borrowings(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days400Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Supplemental cash flow information\$ 651\$ 488	Other investing activities	8	21
Changes in short-term borrowings(150)233Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days400Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 651\$ 488Supplemental cash flow information1488	Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,918)	(1,780)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days400—Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)—Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Supplemental cash flow information\$ 651\$ 488	Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days(150)—Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 651\$ 488Supplemental cash flow information511344	Changes in short-term borrowings	(150)	233
Issuance of long-term debt975750Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 651\$ 488Supplemental cash flow information511511	Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	400	_
Dividends paid on common stock(560)(434)Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 651\$ 488Supplemental cash flow information511511	Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	(150)	_
Contributions from parent570503Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 651\$ 488Supplemental cash flow information501501	Issuance of long-term debt	975	750
Other financing activities(12)(10)Net cash flows provided by financing activities1,0731,042Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents140104Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period511384Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 651\$ 488Supplemental cash flow information511511	Dividends paid on common stock	(560)	(434)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities 1,073 1,042 Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents 140 104 Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period 511 384 Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 651 \$ 488 Supplemental cash flow information \$ 100 \$ 100	Contributions from parent	570	503
Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents 140 104 Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period 511 384 Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 651 \$ Supplemental cash flow information Information Information Information Information	Other financing activities	(12)	(10)
Increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents 140 104 Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period 511 384 Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 651 \$ Supplemental cash flow information Supplemental cash flow information Image: Cash cash cash cash cash cash cash cash c	Net cash flows provided by financing activities	1,073	1,042
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period 511 384 Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 651 \$ 488 Supplemental cash flow information \$ 100 \$ 100		140	104
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 651 \$ 488 Supplemental cash flow information \$ 051 \$ 051	Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	511	384
	Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period		
	Supplemental cash flow information		
	Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (27)	\$ (30)

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Septem	ber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022				
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79	\$	67			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		360		327			
Accounts receivable							
Customer accounts receivable	842		558				
Customer allowance for credit losses	(76)		(59)				
Customer accounts receivable, net		766		499			
Other accounts receivable	249		441				
Other allowance for credit losses	(20)		(17)				
Other accounts receivable, net		229		424			
Receivables from affiliates		3		3			
Inventories, net		260		196			
Regulatory assets		1,439		775			
Other		113		92			
Total current assets		3,249		2,383			
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$7,061 and \$6,673 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		28,678		27,513			
Deferred debits and other assets							
Regulatory assets		2,736		2,667			
Goodwill		2,625		2,625			
Receivable related to Regulatory Agreement Units		2,716		2,660			
Investments		6		6			
Prepaid pension asset		1,220		1,206			
Other		812		601			
Total deferred debits and other assets		10,115		9,765			
Total assets	\$	42,042	\$	39,661			

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septe	ember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022			
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Current liabilities						
Short-term borrowings	\$	677	\$ 577			
Accounts payable		850	1,010			
Accrued expenses		405	415			
Payables to affiliates		62	74			
Customer deposits		115	108			
Regulatory liabilities		189	226			
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities		21	5			
Other		201	191			
Total current liabilities		2,520	2,606			
Long-term debt		11,484	10,518			
Long-term debt to financing trust		205	205			
Deferred credits and other liabilities						
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		5,269	5,021			
Regulatory liabilities		7,190	6,913			
Asset retirement obligations		151	148			
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations		172	165			
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities		113	79			
Other		740	642			
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		13,635	12,968			
Total liabilities		27,844	26,297			
Commitments and contingencies						
Shareholders' equity						
Common stock		1,588	1,588			
Other paid-in capital		10,316	9,746			
Retained earnings		2,294	2,030			
Total shareholders' equity		14,198	13,364			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	42,042	\$ 39,661			

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023								
<u>(In millions)</u>	Other Common Paid-In Stock Capital			Retained Earnings			Total Shareholders' Equity		
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	1,588	\$	9,746	\$	2,030	\$	13,364	
Net income		_				241		241	
Common stock dividends		_		_		(187)		(187)	
Contributions from parent		—		186		—		186	
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	1,588	\$	9,932	\$	2,084	\$	13,604	
Net income		_				249		249	
Common stock dividends		_		_		(187)		(187)	
Contributions from parent		—		186		—		186	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	1,588	\$	10,118	\$	2,146	\$	13,852	
Net income		_		_		333		333	
Common stock dividends		_		_		(185)		(185)	
Contributions from parent		_		198		_		198	
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	1,588	\$	10,316	\$	2,294	\$	14,198	

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022								
<u>(In millions)</u>	Other Common Paid-In Stock Capital				Retained Earnings		Total Shareholders' Equity		
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	1,588	\$	9,076	\$	1,691	\$	12,355	
Net income		_		_		188		188	
Common stock dividends		_		_		(144)		(144)	
Contributions from parent		—		167		—		167	
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$	1,588	\$	9,243	\$	1,735	\$	12,566	
Net income		_		_		227		227	
Common stock dividends		_		_		(145)		(145)	
Contributions from parent		_		168		_		168	
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	1,588	\$	9,411	\$	1,817	\$	12,816	
Net income		_		_		291		291	
Common stock dividends		_		_		(145)		(145)	
Contributions from parent		_		168		_		168	
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	1,588	\$	9,579	\$	1,963	\$	13,130	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

		Three Mo Septer	nths En nber 30		Nine Mor Septer	
<u>(In millions)</u>	2	023		2022	 2023	2022
Operating revenues						
Electric operating revenues	\$	957	\$	943	\$ 2,478	\$ 2,384
Natural gas operating revenues		67		73	492	487
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		11		(5)	1	1
Operating revenues from affiliates		2		3	6	5
Total operating revenues		1,037		1,014	 2,977	2,877
Operating expenses						
Purchased power		396		377	994	850
Purchased fuel		15		26	203	210
Purchased power from affiliate		—		—	—	33
Operating and maintenance		217		197	622	561
Operating and maintenance from affiliates		60		46	164	144
Depreciation and amortization		100		92	297	277
Taxes other than income taxes		59		60	156	155
Total operating expenses		847		798	2,436	 2,230
Operating income		190		216	541	647
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net		(51)		(42)	(142)	(120)
Interest expense to affiliates		(1)		(3)	(7)	(9)
Other, net		11		8	26	23
Total other income and (deductions)		(41)		(37)	 (123)	 (106)
Income before income taxes		149		179	418	541
Income taxes		3		44	8	67
Net income	\$	146	\$	135	\$ 410	\$ 474
Comprehensive income	\$	146	\$	135	\$ 410	\$ 474

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		onths E tember 3		
(In millions)	2023		2022	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income	\$ 410) \$	474	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	29	7	277	
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	(44	•)	49	
Other non-cash operating activities	2	2	14	
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	135	5	(49)	
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(2	2)	(34)	
Inventories	35	5	(59)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(132	2)	25	
Income taxes	70	3	30	
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	:	L	(27)	
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(1	.)	(13)	
Other assets and liabilities	-	-	(31)	
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	77	7	656	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Capital expenditures	(1,068	3)	(991	
Changes in Exelon intercompany money pool	(52	.)	_	
Other investing activities	-	L	8	
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,118	3)	(983	
Cash flows from financing activities		<u> </u>	```````	
Changes in short-term borrowings	(239	J)	_	
Issuance of long-term debt	575	5	775	
Retirement of long-term debt	(50	J)	(350	
Dividends paid on common stock	(303	3)	(299	
Contributions from parent	348	3	274	
Other financing activities	(6	j)	(14	
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	325	; ;	386	
(Decrease) increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	(16	5)	59	
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	68	,	44	
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 52		103	
Supplemental cash flow information			_	
(Decrease) increase in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (22	2) \$	7	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	S	eptember 30, 2023		December 31, 2022
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	43	\$	59
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		9		9
Accounts receivable				
Customer accounts receivable	467		635	
Customer allowance for credit losses	(95)		(105)	
Customer accounts receivable, net		372		530
Other accounts receivable	136		153	
Other allowance for credit losses	(8)		(9)	
Other accounts receivable, net		128		144
Receivables from affiliates		1		4
Receivable from Exelon intercompany money pool		51		_
Inventories, net				
Fossil fuel		56		99
Materials and supplies		60		52
Prepaid utility taxes		17		_
Regulatory assets		120		80
Other		52		38
Total current assets		909		1,015
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$4,056 and \$4,078 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		12,895		12,125
Deferred debits and other assets				
Regulatory assets		762		652
Receivable related to Regulatory Agreement Units		206		237
Investments		34		30
Prepaid pension asset		425		413
Other		28		30
Total deferred debits and other assets		1,455		1,362
Total assets	\$	15,259	\$	14,502

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	September 30, 2023		Decem	ber 31, 2022
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Short-term borrowings	\$	—	\$	239
Long-term debt due within one year		—		50
Accounts payable		543		668
Accrued expenses		183		142
Payables to affiliates		37		42
Customer deposits		77		63
Regulatory liabilities		112		75
Other		49		32
Total current liabilities		1,001		1,311
Long-term debt		5,133		4,562
Long-term debt to financing trusts		184		184
Deferred credits and other liabilities				
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		2,286		2,213
Regulatory liabilities		239		270
Asset retirement obligations		27		28
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations		287		286
Other		85		85
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		2,924		2,882
Total liabilities		9,242		8,939
Commitments and contingencies				
Shareholder's equity				
Common stock		4,050		3,702
Retained earnings		1,967		1,861
Total shareholder's equity		6,017		5,563
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	15,259	\$	14,502

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023					23
<u>(In millions)</u>		Common Stock		Retained Earnings		Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	3,702	\$	1,861	\$	5,563
Net income		_		166		166
Common stock dividends		_		(101)		(101)
Contributions from parent		330		_		330
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	4,032	\$	1,926	\$	5,958
Net income		_		97		97
Common stock dividends		_		(101)		(101)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	4,032	\$	1,922	\$	5,954
Net income		_		146		146
Common stock dividends		_		(101)		(101)
Contributions from parent		18		_		18
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	4,050	\$	1,967	\$	6,017

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					22
<u>(In millions)</u>		Common Stock		Retained Earnings		Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	3,428	\$	1,684	\$	5,112
Net income		—		206		206
Common stock dividends		_		(100)		(100)
Contributions from parent		227		—		227
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$	3,655	\$	1,790	\$	5,445
Net income		_		133		133
Common stock dividends		_		(100)		(100)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	3,655	\$	1,823	\$	5,478
Net income		_		135		135
Common stock dividends		_		(99)		(99)
Contributions from parent		47		_		47
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	3,702	\$	1,859	\$	5,561

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Mon Septer			iths Ended nber 30,
<u>(In millions)</u>	 2023	2022	2023	2022
Operating revenues				
Electric operating revenues	\$ 856	\$ 761	\$ 2,306	\$ 2,138
Natural gas operating revenues	96	114	627	699
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(22)	(8)	47	(40)
Operating revenues from affiliates	 2	3	6	13
Total operating revenues	 932	870	2,986	2,810
Operating expenses				
Purchased power	371	320	975	846
Purchased fuel	9	30	170	229
Purchased power from affiliate	—	—	—	18
Operating and maintenance	156	185	467	506
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	58	50	165	152
Depreciation and amortization	161	148	487	470
Taxes other than income taxes	80	77	239	225
Total operating expenses	 835	810	2,503	2,446
Operating income	97	60	483	364
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(47)	(39)	(135)	(110)
Other, net	6	5	14	16
Total other income and (deductions)	(41)	(34)	(121)	(94)
Income before income taxes	 56	26	362	270
Income taxes	11	(7)	76	3
Net income	\$ 45	\$ 33	\$ 286	\$ 267
Comprehensive income	\$ 45	\$ 33	\$ 286	\$ 267

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		onths Ended ember 30,		
<u>(In millions)</u>	2023	2022		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income	\$ 286	\$ 267		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	487	470		
Asset impairments	—	46		
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	41	1		
Other non-cash operating activities	—	101		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	194	18		
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(7)) (9)		
Inventories	45	(74)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(38)) 15		
Collateral (paid) received, net	(22)) 125		
Income taxes	19	(20)		
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(151)) (113)		
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(15)) (64)		
Other assets and liabilities	46	14		
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	885	777		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Capital expenditures	(986)) (918)		
Other investing activities	6	7		
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(980)) (911)		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Changes in short-term borrowings	(349)) 26		
Issuance of long-term debt	700	500		
Retirement of long-term debt	(300)) (250)		
Dividends paid on common stock	(237)) (225)		
Contributions from parent	237	186		
Other financing activities	(7)) (8)		
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	44	229		
(Decrease) increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	(51)) 95		
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	67			
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 16	\$ 150		
Supplemental cash flow information				
(Decrease) increase in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (17))\$12		

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Sept	ember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15	\$	43	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1		24	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	438		617		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(52)		(54)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		386		563	
Other accounts receivable	110		132		
Other allowance for credit losses	(9)		(10)		
Other accounts receivable, net		101		122	
Inventories, net					
Fossil fuel		41		91	
Materials and supplies		70		65	
Prepaid utility taxes		1		52	
Regulatory assets		227		177	
Other		19		13	
Total current assets		861		1,150	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$4,679 and \$4,583 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		11,893		11,338	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		591		527	
Investments		9		7	
Prepaid pension asset		259		291	
Other		36		37	
Total deferred debits and other assets		895		862	
Total assets	\$	13,649	\$	13,350	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	September 30, 2023			December 31, 2022
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Short-term borrowings	\$	59	\$	408
Long-term debt due within one year		—		300
Accounts payable		364		462
Accrued expenses		224		159
Payables to affiliates		33		39
Customer deposits		111		105
Regulatory liabilities		36		47
Other		34		55
Total current liabilities		861		1,575
Long-term debt		4,601		3,907
Deferred credits and other liabilities				
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		1,905		1,832
Regulatory liabilities		787		816
Asset retirement obligations		32		30
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations		160		166
Other		81		88
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		2,965		2,932
Total liabilities		8,427		8,414
Commitments and contingencies				
Shareholder's equity				
Common stock		3,098		2,861
Retained earnings		2,124		2,075
Total shareholder's equity		5,222		4,936
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	13,649	\$	13,350

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023					2023
<u>(In millions)</u>		Common Stock		Retained Earnings		Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	2,861	\$	2,075	\$	4,936
Net income		—		200		200
Common stock dividends		_		(80)		(80)
Contributions from parent		237		—		237
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	3,098	\$	2,195	\$	5,293
Net income		—		42		42
Common stock dividends		_		(79)		(79)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	3,098	\$	2,158	\$	5,256
Net income		_		45		45
Common stock dividends		_		(79)		(79)
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	3,098	\$	2,124	\$	5,222

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					2022
<u>(In millions)</u>		Common Stock		Retained Earnings		Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	2,575	\$	1,995	\$	4,570
Net income				198		198
Common stock dividends		—		(76)		(76)
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$	2,575	\$	2,117	\$	4,692
Net income		_		37		37
Common stock dividends		_		(75)		(75)
Contributions from parent		186		_		186
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	2,761	\$	2,079	\$	4,840
Net income		_		33		33
Common stock dividends				(75)		(75)
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	2,761	\$	2,037	\$	4,798

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
<u>(In millions)</u>		2023 2022		2023 2022 2023		2023	2022	
Operating revenues								
Electric operating revenues	\$	1,762	\$ 1,568	\$ 4,399	\$ 4,090			
Natural gas operating revenues		24	38	150	157			
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		(15)	(11)	59	(33)			
Operating revenues from affiliates	_	2	3	7	9			
Total operating revenues		1,773	1,598	4,615	4,223			
Operating expenses								
Purchased power		701	586	1,729	1,474			
Purchased fuel		9	24	76	85			
Purchased power from affiliate		—	_	—	50			
Operating and maintenance		288	237	815	729			
Operating and maintenance from affiliates		51	40	137	138			
Depreciation and amortization		257	238	741	697			
Taxes other than income taxes		134	129	366	362			
Total operating expenses		1,440	1,254	3,864	3,535			
Operating income		333	344	751	688			
Other income and (deductions)								
Interest expense, net		(80)	(72)	(238)	(216)			
Other, net		28	19	80	56			
Total other income and (deductions)		(52)	(53)	(158)	(160)			
Income before income taxes		281	291	593	528			
Income taxes		49	2	103	10			
Net income	\$	232	\$ 289	\$ 490	\$ 518			
Comprehensive income	\$	232	\$ 289	\$ 490	\$ 518			

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		nths Ended mber 30,
<u>(In millions)</u>	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 490	\$ 518
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	741	697
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	44	(2)
Other non-cash operating activities	80	112
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(160)	(143)
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(8)	(49)
Inventories	(22)	(35)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	23	(15)
Collateral (paid) received, net	(191)	230
Income taxes	37	(3)
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(2)	(82)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(15)	(75)
Other assets and liabilities	(98)	(71)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	919	1,082
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(1,510)	(1,174)
Other investing activities	8	5
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,502)	(1,169)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(241)	(468)
Issuance of long-term debt	550	925
Retirement of long-term debt	_	(310)
Changes in Exelon intercompany money pool	18	36
Distributions to member	(410)	(625)
Contributions from member	475	787
Other financing activities	(36)	(18)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	356	327
(Decrease) increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	(227)	240
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	373	213
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 146	\$ 453
Supplemental cash flow information		
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (96)	\$ (8)

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septem	ber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121	\$	198	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		25		175	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	828		734		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(118)		(109)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		710		625	
Other accounts receivable	331		300		
Other allowance for credit losses	(51)		(46)		
Other accounts receivable, net		280		254	
Receivables from affiliates		3		2	
Inventories, net					
Fossil fuel		9		18	
Materials and supplies		267		236	
Regulatory assets		366		455	
Other		77		96	
Total current assets		1,858	-	2,059	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$3,044 and \$2,618 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		18,577		17,686	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		1,568		1,610	
Goodwill		4,005		4,005	
Investments		143		138	
Prepaid pension asset		289		353	
Other		216		231	
Total deferred debits and other assets		6,221		6,337	
Total assets	\$	26,656	\$	26,082	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	:	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	\$	173	\$ 414
Long-term debt due within one year		1,146	591
Accounts payable		664	771
Accrued expenses		324	260
Payables to affiliates		59	66
Borrowings from Exelon intercompany money pool		61	44
Customer deposits		98	88
Regulatory liabilities		87	76
Unamortized energy contract liabilities		8	10
PPA termination obligation		61	87
Other		129	 330
Total current liabilities		2,810	2,737
Long-term debt		7,491	7,529
Deferred credits and other liabilities			
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		3,023	2,895
Regulatory liabilities		924	1,011
Asset retirement obligations		54	59
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations		45	50
Unamortized energy contract liabilities		29	35
Other		495	536
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		4,570	4,586
Total liabilities		14,871	 14,852
Commitments and contingencies			
Member's equity			
Membership interest		12,057	11,582
Undistributed losses		(272)	(352)
Total member's equity		11,785	11,230
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$	26,656	\$ 26,082

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023						
<u>(In millions)</u>	Ме	Membership Interest		Undistributed (Losses)/Gains		Total Member's Equity	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	11,582	\$	(352)	\$	11,230	
Net income		—		155		155	
Distributions to member		_		(112)		(112)	
Contributions from member		405		—		405	
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	11,987	\$	(309)	\$	11,678	
Net income		—		103		103	
Distributions to member		—		(100)		(100)	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	11,987	\$	(306)	\$	11,681	
Net income		_		232		232	
Distributions to member		_		(198)		(198)	
Contributions from member		70		_		70	
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	12,057	\$	(272)	\$	11,785	

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					
<u>(In millions)</u>	Me	mbership Interest	Undistributed (Losses)/Gains		Total Member's Equity	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	10,795	\$	(210)	\$	10,585
Net income		—		130		130
Distributions to member		_		(102)		(102)
Contributions from member		704		—		704
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$	11,499	\$	(182)	\$	11,317
Net income		—		100		100
Distributions to member		_		(293)		(293)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	11,499	\$	(375)	\$	11,124
Net income		_		289		289
Distributions to member		_		(230)		(230)
Contributions from member		83		_		83
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	11,582	\$	(316)	\$	11,266

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,				nths Ended nber 30,
<u>(In millions)</u>		2023	2022	2023	2022
Operating revenues					
Electric operating revenues	\$	839	\$ 730	\$ 2,141	\$ 1,930
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		(18)	(8)	28	(15)
Operating revenues from affiliates		1	2	5	4
Total operating revenues		822	724	2,174	1,919
Operating expenses					
Purchased power		288	230	750	566
Purchased power from affiliate		—	—	—	39
Operating and maintenance		89	69	264	214
Operating and maintenance from affiliates		60	52	176	166
Depreciation and amortization		112	99	329	312
Taxes other than income taxes		109	105	291	291
Total operating expenses		658	555	1,810	1,588
Operating income		164	169	364	331
Other income and (deductions)					
Interest expense, net		(41)	(37)	(122)	(111)
Other, net		18	14	50	39
Total other income and (deductions)		(23)	(23)	(72)	(72)
Income before income taxes		141	146	292	259
Income taxes		21	1	43	(2)
Net income	\$	120	\$ 145	\$ 249	\$ 261
Comprehensive income	\$	120	\$ 145	\$ 249	\$ 261

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine M Sept		
<u>(In millions)</u>	2023		2022
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$ 249) \$	261
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	329)	312
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	22	!	(5)
Other non-cash operating activities	38	;	20
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(84	.)	(87)
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(2	.)	(31)
Inventories	(12	.)	(19)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	33	;	11
Collateral (paid) received, net	(26	i)	46
Income taxes	15	5	(25
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(7)	(44
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(9)	(9)
Other assets and liabilities	(13		(29
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	533	5	401
Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital expenditures	(710)	(595)
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	(7)	_
Other investing activities	3	\$	2
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(709))	(593)
Cash flows from financing activities		<u> </u>	
Changes in short-term borrowings	(299	J)	(175)
Issuance of long-term debt	350	j i	625
Retirement of long-term debt			(310)
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	_	-	25
Dividends paid on common stock	(200))	(400
Contributions from parent	308	Ś	465
Other financing activities	(26	í)	(8)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	133	<u> </u>	222
(Decrease) increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	(43		30
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	99	,	68
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 56		98
Supplemental cash flow information			
(Decrease) increase in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (39) \$	2
	Ψ (55	, Ψ	2

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Se	ptember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31	\$	45	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		25		54	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	414		351		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(56)		(47)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		358		304	
Other accounts receivable	189		180		
Other allowance for credit losses	(29)		(25)		
Other accounts receivable, net		160		155	
Receivable from PHI intercompany money pool		7		_	
Inventories, net		147		135	
Regulatory assets		187		235	
Other		16		53	
Total current assets		931		981	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$4,231 and \$4,067 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		9,274		8,794	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		422		437	
Investments		124		119	
Prepaid pension asset		252		273	
Other		58		53	
Total deferred debits and other assets		856		882	
Total assets	\$	11,061	\$	10,657	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septen	nber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	\$	— \$	299
Long-term debt due within one year		405	4
Accounts payable		346	382
Accrued expenses		163	125
Payables to affiliates		32	34
Customer deposits		45	39
Regulatory liabilities		24	6
Merger related obligation		26	26
Other		49	93
Total current liabilities		1,090	1,008
Long-term debt		3,690	3,747
Deferred credits and other liabilities			
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		1,456	1,382
Regulatory liabilities		394	455
Asset retirement obligations		36	39
Other		256	244
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		2,142	2,120
Total liabilities		6,922	6,875
Commitments and contingencies			
Shareholder's equity			
Common stock		3,075	2,767
Retained earnings		1,064	1,015
Total shareholder's equity		4,139	3,782
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	11,061 \$	10,657

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023					3
<u>(In millions)</u>	Common Stock			Retained Earnings		otal Shareholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	2,767	\$	1,015	\$	3,782
Net income		_		65		65
Common stock dividends		_		(48)		(48)
Contributions from parent		243		—		243
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	3,010	\$	1,032	\$	4,042
Net income		_		64		64
Common stock dividends		_		(67)		(67)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	3,010	\$	1,029	\$	4,039
Net income		_		120		120
Common stock dividends		_		(85)		(85)
Contributions from parent		65		_		65
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	3,075	\$	1,064	\$	4,139

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					
<u>(In millions)</u>	Common Stock			ained Earnings	То	otal Shareholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	2,302	\$	1,173	\$	3,475
Net income		_		46		46
Common stock dividends		_		(42)		(42)
Contributions from parent		387		—		387
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$	2,689	\$	1,177	\$	3,866
Net income		_		70		70
Common stock dividends		_		(258)		(258)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	2,689	\$	989	\$	3,678
Net income		_		145		145
Common stock dividends		_		(100)		(100)
Contributions from parent		78		_		78
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	2,767	\$	1,034	\$	3,801

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 39

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
<u>(In millions)</u>		2023	2022	2023	2022		
Operating revenues							
Electric operating revenues	\$	426	\$ 373	\$ 1,108	\$ 1,017		
Natural gas operating revenues		24	38	150	157		
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		(2)	—	10	(3)		
Operating revenues from affiliates		2	1	5	5		
Total operating revenues		450	412	1,273	1,176		
Operating expenses							
Purchased power		192	159	486	412		
Purchased fuel		9	24	76	85		
Purchased power from affiliate		—	—	—	10		
Operating and maintenance		60	45	150	142		
Operating and maintenance from affiliates		44	39	128	124		
Depreciation and amortization		62	59	182	172		
Taxes other than income taxes		19	19	57	54		
Total operating expenses		386	345	1,079	999		
Operating income		64	67	194	177		
Other income and (deductions)							
Interest expense, net		(18)	(16)	(53)	(48)		
Other, net		5	3	12	9		
Total other income and (deductions)		(13)	(13)	(41)	(39)		
Income before income taxes		51	54	153	138		
Income taxes		8	2	25	8		
Net income	\$	43	\$ 52	\$ 128	\$ 130		
Comprehensive income	\$	43	\$ 52	\$ 128	\$ 130		

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		Ionths I tember	
<u>(In millions)</u>	2023		2022
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$ 12	8 \$	130
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	18	2	172
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits		4	9
Other non-cash operating activities	1	1	22
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable		9	(3)
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net		3	(8)
Inventories		2	(11)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1)	—
Collateral (paid) received, net	(12	J)	114
Income taxes	1	5	4
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	3	3	(23)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	_	_	(1)
Other assets and liabilities		8	23
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	27	4	428
Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital expenditures	(41	6)	(294)
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	(1))	(25)
Other investing activities	_	_	2
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(42	6)	(317)
Cash flows from financing activities	`	<u> </u>	
Changes in short-term borrowings	(11	5)	(149)
Issuance of long-term debt	12	5	125
Dividends paid on common stock	(9	7)	(95)
Contributions from parent	9	9	147
Other financing activities	(6)	(4)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities		6	24
(Decrease) increase in cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	(14	6)	135
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at beginning of period	15		71
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	6 \$	206
Supplemental cash flow information			
Increase in capital expenditures not paid	\$ -	- \$	2

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septer	ber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5	\$	31	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1		121	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	179		204		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(23)		(21)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		156		183	
Other accounts receivable	59		52		
Other allowance for credit losses	(9)		(7)		
Other accounts receivable, net		50		45	
Receivable from PHI intercompany pool		10		_	
Inventories, net					
Fossil fuel		9		18	
Materials and supplies		65		58	
Prepaid utility taxes		30		23	
Regulatory assets		55		80	
Other		9		14	
Total current assets		390		573	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,893 and \$1,772 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		5,079		4,820	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		210		202	
Prepaid pension asset		140		153	
Other		51		54	
Total deferred debits and other assets		401		409	
Total assets	\$	5,870	\$	5,802	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septen	nber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	\$	— :	\$ 115
Long-term debt due within one year		584	584
Accounts payable		161	172
Accrued expenses		63	41
Payables to affiliates		25	22
Customer deposits		31	29
Regulatory liabilities		55	44
Other		21	136
Total current liabilities		940	1,143
Long-term debt		1,476	1,354
Deferred credits and other liabilities			
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		896	869
Regulatory liabilities		368	380
Asset retirement obligations		12	13
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations		9	9
Other		89	84
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		1,374	1,355
Total liabilities		3,790	3,852
Commitments and contingencies			
Shareholder's equity			
Common stock		1,455	1,356
Retained earnings		625	594
Total shareholder's equity		2,080	1,950
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	5,870	\$ 5,802

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023					
<u>(In millions)</u>		Common Stock	R	etained Earnings		Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	1,356	\$	594	\$	1,950
Net income		_		60		60
Common stock dividends		_		(42)		(42)
Contributions from parent		99		_		99
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	1,455	\$	612	\$	2,067
Net income		_		25		25
Common stock dividends		_		(18)		(18)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	1,455	\$	619	\$	2,074
Net income		_		43		43
Common stock dividends		_		(37)		(37)
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	1,455	\$	625	\$	2,080

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					
<u>(In millions)</u>	с	ommon Stock	Retained Earnings	То	tal Shareholder's Equity	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	1,209	\$ 568	\$	1,777	
Net income		—	56		56	
Common stock dividends		_	(41)		(41)	
Contributions from parent		144	—		144	
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$	1,353	\$ 583	\$	1,936	
Net income		_	21		21	
Common stock dividends		_	(15)		(15)	
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	1,353	\$ 589	\$	1,942	
Net income		_	52		52	
Common stock dividends		—	(39)		(39)	
Contributions from parent		3	_		3	
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	1,356	\$ 602	\$	1,958	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 44

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended September 30,					
<u>(In millions)</u>		2023	2022		2023		2022
Operating revenues							
Electric operating revenues	\$	497	\$	465	\$ 1,150	\$	1,132
Revenues from alternative revenue programs		5		(3)	21		(14)
Operating revenues from affiliates		_		_	1		2
Total operating revenues		502		462	1,172		1,120
Operating expenses							
Purchased power		221		197	493		495
Purchased power from affiliate		—		—	—		2
Operating and maintenance		56		47	147		145
Operating and maintenance from affiliates		38		33	112		106
Depreciation and amortization		77		74	212		192
Taxes other than income taxes		2		2	7		7
Total operating expenses		394		353	971		947
Operating income		108		109	201		173
Other income and (deductions)							
Interest expense, net		(19)		(17)	(52)		(49)
Other, net		5		3	13		9
Total other income and (deductions)		(14)		(14)	(39)		(40)
Income before income taxes		94		95	162		133
Income taxes		23		1	40		2
Net income	\$	71	\$	94	\$ 122	\$	131
Comprehensive income	\$	71	\$	94	\$ 122	\$	131

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

			onths Ended ember 30,		
<u>(In millions)</u>	2023		2022		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net income	\$ 122	2 \$	131		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	212		192		
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	24		2		
Other non-cash operating activities	(2)	36		
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	(85)	(53)		
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(6)	(10)		
Inventories	(11)	(6)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(4	.)	(10)		
Collateral (paid) received, net	(45)	70		
Income taxes	6	1	7		
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	(28)	(6)		
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(1	.)	(7)		
Other assets and liabilities	(80)	(54)		
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	102		292		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Capital expenditures	(376)	(284)		
Other investing activities	_	-	1		
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(376)	(283)		
Cash flows from financing activities					
Changes in short-term borrowings	173	1	(144)		
Issuance of long-term debt	75		175		
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	17		_		
Dividends paid on common stock	(111	.)	(128)		
Contributions from parent	65		175		
Other financing activities	(3)	(4)		
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	216	,	74		
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(58	;)	83		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	72		29		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 14	\$	112		
Supplemental cash flow information					
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (56	i) \$	(12)		

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Septem	ber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14	\$	72	
Accounts receivable					
Customer accounts receivable	235		179		
Customer allowance for credit losses	(39)		(41)		
Customer accounts receivable, net		196		138	
Other accounts receivable	84		70		
Other allowance for credit losses	(13)		(14)		
Other accounts receivable, net		71		56	
Receivables from affiliates		3		1	
Inventories, net		54		43	
Prepaid utility taxes		15		—	
Regulatory assets		113		130	
Other		5		3	
Total current assets		471		443	
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,651 and \$1,551 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		4,155		3,990	
Deferred debits and other assets					
Regulatory assets		490		494	
Prepaid pension asset		7		18	
Other		32		34	
Total deferred debits and other assets		529		546	
Total assets	\$	5,155	\$	4,979	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	Sept	ember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Short-term borrowings	\$	173	\$	—	
Long-term debt due within one year		153		3	
Accounts payable		149		206	
Accrued expenses		51		47	
Payables to affiliates		22		26	
Borrowings from PHI intercompany money pool		17		—	
Customer deposits		23		21	
Regulatory liabilities		9		26	
PPA termination obligation		61		87	
Other		15		58	
Total current liabilities		673		474	
Long-term debt		1,680		1,754	
Deferred credits and other liabilities					
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits		766		734	
Regulatory liabilities		144		156	
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations		6		8	
Other		57		100	
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		973		998	
Total liabilities		3,326		3,226	
Commitments and contingencies					
Shareholder's equity					
Common stock		1,830		1,765	
Retained deficit		(1)		(12)	
Total shareholder's equity		1,829		1,753	
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	5,155	\$	4,979	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023					
<u>(In millions)</u>	Common Stock		Retained (Deficit) Earnings		Т	otal Shareholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	1,765	\$	(12)	\$	1,753
Net income		_		33		33
Common stock dividends		_		(21)		(21)
Contributions from parent		63		—		63
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	1,828	\$	_	\$	1,828
Net income		_		18		18
Common stock dividends		_		(15)		(15)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	1,828	\$	3	\$	1,831
Net income		_		71		71
Common stock dividends		—		(75)		(75)
Contributions from parent		2		_		2
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	1,830	\$	(1)	\$	1,829

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022					
<u>(In millions)</u>		Common Stock		Retained Deficit		Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	1,590	\$	(15)	\$	1,575
Net income		_		26		26
Common stock dividends		_		(19)		(19)
Contributions from parent		173		—		173
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$	1,763	\$	(8)	\$	1,755
Net income		_		11		11
Common stock dividends		_		(19)		(19)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	1,763	\$	(16)	\$	1,747
Net income		_		94		94
Common stock dividends		_		(90)		(90)
Contributions from parent		2		_		2
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	1,765	\$	(12)	\$	1,753

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Significant Accounting Policies (All Registrants)

Description of Business

Exelon is a utility services holding company engaged in the energy transmission and distribution businesses through ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE.

On February 21, 2021, Exelon's Board of Directors approved a plan to separate the Utility Registrants and Generation. The separation was completed on February 1, 2022, creating two publicly traded companies, Exelon and Constellation. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations for additional information.

Name of Registrant	Business	Service Territories
Commonwealth Edison Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity	Northern Illinois, including the City of Chicago
	Transmission and distribution of electricity to retail customers	
PECO Energy Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity and natural gas	Southeastern Pennsylvania, including the City of Philadelphia (electricity)
	Transmission and distribution of electricity and distribution of natural gas to retail customers	Pennsylvania counties surrounding the City of Philadelphia (natural gas)
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity and natural gas	Central Maryland, including the City of Baltimore (electricity and natural gas)
	Transmission and distribution of electricity and distribution of natural gas to retail customers	
Pepco Holdings LLC	Utility services holding company engaged, through its reportable segments Pepco, DPL, and ACE	Service Territories of Pepco, DPL, and ACE
Potomac Electric Power Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity	District of Columbia, and major portions of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, Maryland
	Transmission and distribution of electricity to retail customers	
Delmarva Power & Light Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity and natural gas	Portions of Delaware and Maryland (electricity)
	Transmission and distribution of electricity and distribution of natural gas to retail customers	Portions of New Castle County, Delaware (natural gas)
Atlantic City Electric Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity	Portions of Southern New Jersey
	Transmission and distribution of electricity to retail customers	

Basis of Presentation

This is a combined quarterly report of all Registrants. The Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements apply to the Registrants as indicated parenthetically next to each corresponding disclosure. When appropriate, the Registrants are named specifically for their related activities and disclosures. Each of the Registrant's Consolidated Financial Statements includes the accounts of its subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated, except for the historical transactions between the Utility Registrants and Generation for the purposes of presenting discontinued operations in all periods presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Through its business services subsidiary, BSC, Exelon provides its subsidiaries with a variety of support services at cost, including legal, human resources, financial, information technology, and supply management services. PHI also has a business services subsidiary, PHISCO, which provides a variety of support services at cost, including legal, finance, engineering, customer operations, distribution and transmission planning, asset management, system operations, and power procurement, to PHI operating companies. The costs of BSC and PHISCO are directly charged or allocated to the applicable subsidiaries. The results of Exelon's corporate operations are presented as "Other" in the consolidated financial statements and include intercompany eliminations unless otherwise disclosed.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2023 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 are unaudited but, in the opinion of each Registrant's management, the Registrants include all adjustments that are considered necessary for a fair statement of the Registrants' respective financial statements in accordance with GAAP. All adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature, except as otherwise disclosed. The December 31, 2022 Consolidated Balance Sheets were derived from audited financial statements. The interim financial statements are to be read in conjunction with prior annual financial statements and notes. Additionally, financial results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. These Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations.

The separation of Constellation, including Generation and its subsidiaries, met the criteria for discontinued operations and as such, results of operations are presented as discontinued operations and have been excluded from continuing operations for all periods presented. Accounting rules require that certain BSC costs previously allocated to Generation be presented as part of Exelon's continuing operations as these costs do not qualify as expenses of the discontinued operations. Comprehensive income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows related to Constellation have not been segregated and are included in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations for additional information.

2. Discontinued Operations (Exelon)

On February 21, 2021, Exelon's Board of Directors approved a plan to separate the Utility Registrants and Generation, creating two publicly traded companies ("the separation"). Exelon completed the separation on February 1, 2022. Constellation was newly formed and incorporated in Pennsylvania on June 15, 2021 for the purposes of separation and holds Generation (including Generation's subsidiaries). Pursuant to the separation, Exelon contributed its equity ownership interest in Generation to Constellation. Exelon no longer retains any equity ownership interest in Generation or Constellation. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information.

Continuing Involvement

In order to govern the ongoing relationships between Exelon and Constellation after the separation, and to facilitate an orderly transition, Exelon and Constellation have entered into several agreements, including the following:

- Separation Agreement governs the rights and obligations between Exelon and Constellation regarding certain actions to be taken in connection with the separation, among others, including the allocation of assets and liabilities between Exelon and Constellation.
- Transition Services Agreement (TSA) governs the terms and conditions of the services that Exelon provides to Constellation and Constellation provides to Exelon for an expected period of two years, provided that certain services may be longer than the term and services may be extended with approval from both parties. The services include specified accounting, finance, information technology, human resources, employee benefits and other services that have historically been provided on a centralized basis by BSC. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the amounts Exelon billed Constellation and Constellation billed Exelon for these services were \$33 million and \$127 million recorded in Other income, net and \$4 million and \$13 million recorded in Operating and maintenance expense, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2022, the amounts Exelon billed Constellation and Constellation for these services were \$68 million recorded in Other income, net and \$12 million recorded in Operating and maintenance expense, respectively. Additionally, for the period from February 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022, the amounts Exelon billed Constellation billed Exelon for these services were \$193 million recorded in Other income, net and \$32 million recorded in Operating and maintenance expense, respectively.

Note 2 — Discontinued Operations

Tax Matters Agreement (TMA) – governs the respective rights, responsibilities and obligations of Exelon and Constellation with respect to all tax matters, including tax liabilities and benefits, tax attributes, tax returns, tax contests and other tax sharing regarding U.S. federal, state, local and foreign income taxes, other tax matters and related tax returns. See Note 7 — Income Taxes for additional information.

In addition, the Utility Registrants will continue to incur expenses from transactions with Constellation after the separation. Prior to the separation, such expenses were primarily recorded as Purchased power from affiliates and an immaterial amount recorded as Operating and maintenance expense from affiliates at the Utility Registrants. After the separation, such expenses are primarily recorded as Purchased power and an immaterial amount recorded as Operating and maintenance expense at the Utility Registrants.

- ComEd had an ICC-approved RFP contract with Constellation to provide a portion of ComEd's electric supply requirements. ComEd also purchased RECs and ZECs from Constellation.
- PECO received electric supply from Constellation under contracts executed through PECO's competitive procurement process. In addition, PECO had a
 ten-year agreement with Constellation to sell solar AECs.
- BGE received a portion of its energy requirements from Constellation under its MDPSC-approved market-based SOS and gas commodity programs.
- Pepco received electric supply from Constellation under contracts executed through Pepco's competitive procurement process approved by the MDPSC and DCPSC.
- DPL received a portion of its energy requirements from Constellation under its MDPSC and DEPSC approved market-based SOS commodity programs.
- ACE received electric supply from Constellation under contracts executed through ACE's competitive procurement process approved by the NJBPU.

ComEd and PECO also have receivables with Constellation for estimated excess funds at the end of decommissioning the Regulatory Agreement Units, such amounts are due back to ComEd and PECO, as applicable, for payment to their respective customers. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters and Note 23 — Related Party Transactions of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information.

Discontinued Operations

The separation represented a strategic shift that would have a major effect on Exelon's operations and financial results. Accordingly, the separation meets the criteria for discontinued operations.

There were no results from discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and the three months ended September 30, 2022. The following table presents the results of Constellation that have been reclassified from continuing operations and included in discontinued operations within Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

These results are primarily Generation, which is comprised of Exelon's Mid-Atlantic, Midwest, New York, ERCOT, and Other Power Regions reportable segments, and include the impact of transaction costs, certain BSC costs, including any transition costs, that were historically allocated and directly attributable to Generation, transactions between Generation and the Utility Registrants, and tax-related adjustments. Transaction costs include costs for external bankers, accountants, appraisers, lawyers, external counsels and other advisors, among others, who are involved in the negotiation, appraisal, due diligence and regulatory approval of the separation. Transition costs are primarily employee-related costs such as recruitment expenses, costs to establish certain stand-alone functions and information technology systems, professional services fees and other separation-related costs during the transition to separate Generation. For the purposes of reporting discontinued operations, these results also include transactions between Generation and the Utility Registrants that were historically eliminated within Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Operations as these transactions will be ongoing after the separation. Certain BSC costs that were historically allocated to Generation are presented as part of continuing operations in Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Operations per the accounting rules.

Note 2 — Discontinued Operations

	 ne Months Ended September 30,
	 2022
Operating revenues	
Competitive business revenues	\$ 1,855
Competitive business revenues from affiliates	161
Total operating revenues	2,016
Operating expenses	
Competitive businesses purchased power and fuel	1,138
Operating and maintenance ^(a)	371
Depreciation and amortization	94
Taxes other than income taxes	44
Total operating expenses	1,647
Gain on sales of assets and businesses	10
Operating income	379
Other income and (deductions)	
Interest expense, net	(20)
Other, net	(281)
Total other income and (deductions)	(301)
Income before income taxes	78
Income taxes	(40)
Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates	(1)
Net income	117
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	1
Net income from discontinued operations	\$ 116

(a) Includes transaction and transition costs related to the separation of \$52 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

There were no assets or liabilities of discontinued operations included in Exelon's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. Constellation had net assets of \$11,573 million that separated on February 1, 2022 that resulted in a reduction to Exelon's equity during the year ended December 31, 2022. Refer to the Distribution of Constellation line in Exelon's Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for further information.

There were no discontinued operations included within Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The following table presents selected financial information regarding cash flows of the discontinued operations that are included within Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Note 2 — Discontinued Operations

	 Months Ended ptember 30,
	 2022
Non-cash items included in net income from discontinued operations:	
Depreciation, amortization, and accretion, including nuclear fuel and energy contract amortization	\$ 207
Loss on sales of assets and businesses	9
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	(143)
Net fair value changes related to derivatives	(59)
Net realized and unrealized losses on NDT fund investments	205
Net unrealized losses on equity investments	16
Other decommissioning-related activity	36
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Capital expenditures	(227)
Collection of DPP	169
Supplemental cash flow information:	
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	(128)
Increase in DPP	348
Increase in PP&E related to ARO update	335

3. Regulatory Matters (All Registrants)

As discussed in Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2022 Form 10-K, the Registrants are involved in rate and regulatory proceedings at FERC and their state commissions. The following discusses developments in 2023 and updates to the 2022 Form 10-K.

Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

The following tables show the completed and pending distribution base rate case proceedings in 2023.

Completed Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Note 3 — Regulatory Matters

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Service	Requested Revenue Requirement Increase		Approved Revenue Requirement Increase		Approved ROE	Approval Date	Rate Effective Date
ComEd - Illinois ^(a)	April 15, 2022	Electric	\$	199	\$	199	7.85 %	November 17, 2022	January 1, 2023
PECO - Pennsylvania	March 31, 2022	Natural Gas		82		55	N/A ^(b)	October 27, 2022	January 1, 2023
BGE - Maryland ^(c)	May 15, 2020 (amended September	Electric		203		140	9.50 %	December 16,	January 1, 2021
BGE - Marylanu ^(*)	11, 2020)	Natural Gas		108		74	9.65 %	2020	January 1, 2021
Pepco - Maryland ^(d)	October 26, 2020 (amended March 31, 2021)	Electric		104		52	9.55 %	June 28, 2021	June 28, 2021
DPL - Maryland ^(e)	May 19, 2022	Electric		38		29	9.60 %	December 14, 2022	January 1, 2023

(a) ComEd's 2023 approved revenue requirement above reflects an increase of \$144 million for the initial year revenue requirement for 2023 and an increase of \$55 million related to the annual reconciliation for 2021. The revenue requirement for 2023 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 5.94%, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 7.85%, reflecting the monthly average yields for 30-year treasury bonds plus 580 basis points. The reconciliation revenue requirement for 2021 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 5.91%, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 7.78%, reflecting the monthly yields on 30-year treasury bonds plus 580 basis points less a performance metrics penalty of 7 basis points. This is ComEd's last performance-based electric distribution formula rate established under EIMA. See discussion of CEJA below for details on the transition away from the electric distribution formula rate. (b)

The PECO natural gas base rate case proceeding was resolved through a settlement agreement, which did not specify an approved ROE.

- Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for 2021 through 2023. BGE proposed to use certain tax benefits to fully offset the increases in 2021 and 2022 and partially offset the increase in 2023. The MDPSC awarded BGE electric revenue requirement increases of \$59 million, \$39 million, and \$42 million, before offsets, in 2021, 2022, and 2023, respectively, and natural gas revenue requirement increases of \$53 million, \$11 million, and \$10 million, before offsets, in 2021, 2022, and 2023, respectively. However, the MDPSC utilized the tax benefits to fully offset the increases in 2021 and January 2022 such that customer rates remained unchanged. For the remainder of 2022, the MDPSC chose to offset only 25% of the cumulative 2021 and 2022 electric revenue requirement increases and 50% of the cumulative gas revenue requirement increases. In 2021, the MDPSC deferred a decision on whether to use certain tax benefits to offset the revenue requirement increases in 2023 and directed BGE to make another proposal at the end of 2022. In September 2022, BGE proposed that tax benefits not be used to offset the 2023 revenue requirement increases. On October 26, 2022, the MDPSC accepted BGE's recommendation to not use tax benefits to offset the 2023 revenue requirement increases.
- Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for April 1, 2021 through March 31, 2024. The MDPSC awarded Pepco electric incremental revenue requirement increases of (d) \$21 million, \$16 million, and \$15 million, before offsets, for the 12-month periods ending March 31, 2022, 2023, and 2024, respectively. Pepco proposed to utilize certain tax benefits to fully offset the increase through 2023 and partially offset customer rate increases in 2024. However, the MDPSC only utilized the acceleration of refunds for certain tax benefits to fully offset the increases such that customer rates remain unchanged through March 31, 2022. On February 23, 2022, the MDPSC chose to offset 25% of the cumulative revenue requirement increase for the 12-month period ending March 31, 2023. In 2021, the MDPSC deferred a decision on whether to use certain tax benefits to offset the revenue requirement increases for the 12-month period ending March 31, 2024. In December 2022 Pepco proposed that tax benefits not be used to offset the revenue requirement increases for this period. On January 25, 2023, the MDPSC accepted Pepco's recommendations not to use tax benefits to offset revenue requirement increases for the 12-month period ending March 31, 2024.
- Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2025. The MDPSC awarded DPL electric incremental revenue requirement (e) increases of \$17 million, \$6 million, and \$6 million for 2023, 2024, and 2025, respectively.

Note 3 — Regulatory Matters

Pending Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Service	Requested Revenue Requirement Increas		Expected Approval Timing
ComEd - Illinois ^(a)	January 17, 2023	Electric	\$ 1,48	10.50% to 10.65%	Fourth quarter of 2023
ComEd - Illinois ^(b)	April 21, 2023	Electric	24	8.91%	Fourth quarter of 2023
BGE - Maryland ^(c)	February 17, 2023	Electric	313	10.40%	Fourth guarter of 2023
	1 cordary 11, 2020	Natural Gas	289	10.40%	
Pepco - District of Columbia ^(d)	April 13, 2023	Electric	19:	10.50%	Second quarter of 2024
Pepco - Maryland ^(e)	May 16, 2023	Electric	214	10.50%	Second quarter of 2024
DPL - Delaware ^(f)	December 15, 2022 (amended September 29, 2023)	Electric	3	10.50%	Second quarter of 2024
ACE - New Jersey ^(g)	February 15, 2023 (amended August 21, 2023)	Electric	92	10.50%	Fourth quarter of 2023

- (a) On September 27, 2023, ComEd filed its reply brief supporting its proposed multi-year rate and grid plans, as adjusted or modified by ComEd as of the evidentiary hearing on August 22, 2023. The rate plan covers the period from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2027 and includes total requested revenue requirement increases of \$968 million effective January 1, 2024, \$181 million effective January 1, 2025, \$163 million effective January 1, 2026, and \$175 million effective January 1, 2027, based on forecasted revenue requirements. If approved, the revenue requirement will provide for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 7.40% in 2024, 7.47% in 2025, 7.58% in 2026, and 7.65% in 2027, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 10.50% in 2024, 10.55% in 2025, 10.60% in 2026, and 10.65% in 2027. The requested revenue requirements are based on capital structures that reflect between 50.58% and 51.19% common equity. ComEd's MRP also includes a proposed three-tranche rate phase-in to defer approximately \$339 million, of the \$968 million year-over-year revenue increase for 2024 to 2026, approximately \$52 million, of the \$200 million year-over-year revenue increase for 2025 from 2025 to 2027, and approximately \$75 million of the \$215 million year-over-year revenue increase for 2026 from 2026 to 2028.
- (b) On April 21, 2023, ComEd filed its proposed Delivery Reconciliation Amount of \$247 million under Rider Delivery Service Pricing Reconciliation (Rider DSPR) which allows for the reconciliation of the revenue requirement in effect in the final years in which formula rates are determined and until such time as new rates are established under ComEd's approved MRP. The 2023 filing reconciles the delivery service rates in effect in 2022 with the actual delivery service costs incurred in 2022. Final order is expected by December 2023, and the reconciliation amount will be in customer rates beginning January 1, 2024.
- (c) Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2026 submitted to the MDPSC. Inclusive of the proposed acceleration of remaining electric tax benefits in 2024 and 2025, and remaining gas tax benefits in 2024, BGE requested total electric revenue requirement increases of \$85 million, \$103 million, and \$125 million in 2024, 2025, and 2026, respectively, and natural gas revenue requirement increases of \$158 million, \$77 million, and \$54 million in 2024, 2025, and 2026, respectively, and natural gas revenue requirement increases of \$158 million, \$77 million, and \$54 million in 2024, 2025, and 2026, respectively. Requested revenue requirement increases will be used to recover capital investments designed to increase the resilience of the electric and gas distribution systems and support Maryland's climate and regulatory initiatives. The 2021 and 2022 reconciliation amounts are not included in the requested revenue requirement increase, as BGE is proposing that these amounts be recovered through the separate electric and gas riders in 2024. The 2021 reconciliation amounts are \$11 million and \$7 million for electric and gas, respectively, and the 2022 reconciliation amounts are \$44 million and \$15 million for electric and gas, respectively. The requested electric revenue requirement includes approximately \$25 million for a Customer Electrification Plan that the MDPSC struck from BGE's case in August 2023.
- (d) Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2026 submitted to the DCPSC. Pepco requested total electric revenue requirement increases of \$117 million, \$37 million, and \$37 million in 2024, 2025, and 2026, respectively. Requested revenue requirement increases will be used to recover capital investments designed to advance system-readiness and support the District of Columbia's climate and clean energy goals.
- (e) Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for April 1, 2024 through March 31, 2027 submitted to the MDPSC. Pepco requested total electric revenue requirement increases of \$74 million, \$60 million and \$60 million effective April 1,



Note 3 — Regulatory Matters

2024, April 1, 2025, and April 1, 2026, respectively. The plan contains a proposed nine-month extension period with a requested revenue requirement increase of \$20 million effective April 1, 2027 through December 31, 2027. Requested revenue requirement increases will be used to recover capital investments designed to advance system-readiness and support Maryland's climate and clean energy goals. On August 7, 2023, the MDPSC issued an order approving a settlement agreement which allows Pepco to establish a revenue deferral mechanism to recover its full Commission-authorized year 1 increase between July 1, 2024 through March 31, 2025 and extend the procedural schedule to address intervenor resource constraints.

- (f) The rates went into effect on July 15, 2023, subject to refund.
- (g) Requested increases are before New Jersey sales and use tax. ACE's procedural schedule was suspended on September 6, 2023. On October 21, 2023, ACE filed a stipulation of settlement with the NJBPU. Subsequently, on October 24, 2023, the administrative law judge presiding over the case recommended the settlement with all parties be approved. ACE is awaiting final approval of the settlement from the NJBPU and it is expected during the fourth quarter of 2023.

Transmission Formula Rates

The Utility Registrants' transmission rates are each established based on a FERC-approved formula. ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE are required to file an annual update to the FERC-approved formula on or before May 15, and PECO is required to file on or before May 31, with the resulting rates effective on June 1 of the same year. The annual update for ComEd is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions (initial year revenue requirement). The update for ComEd also reconciles any differences between the revenue requirement in effect beginning June 1 of the prior year and actual costs incurred for that year (annual reconciliation). The annual update for PECO is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions, accumulated deferred income taxes. The annual update for BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions, accumulated depreciation, depreciation and amortization expense, and accumulated deferred income taxes. The update for PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE also reconciles any differences between the actual costs and actual revenues for the calendar year (annual reconciliation).

For 2023, the following increases/(decreases) were included in the Utility Registrants' electric transmission formula rate updates:

	Registrant ^(a)	Initial Revenue Requirement Increase		Annual Reconciliation Increase (Decrease) Re		Revenue nent Increase	Allowed Return on Rate Base ^(b)	Allowed ROE ^(c)
ComEd		\$ 20) \$	63	\$	83	8.09 %	11.50 %
PECO		24	4	23		47	7.41 %	10.35 %
BGE		19	9	(12)		4 ^(d)	7.34 %	10.50 %
Рерсо		3	7	(5)		32	7.57 %	10.50 %
DPL		33	2	(3)		29	7.08 %	10.50 %
ACE		43	1	(12)		29	7.08 %	10.50 %

(a) All rates are effective June 1, 2023 - May 31, 2024, subject to review by interested parties pursuant to review protocols of each Utility Registrants' tariffs.

(b) Represents the weighted average debt and equity return on transmission rate bases. For ComEd and PECO, the common equity component of the ratio used to calculate the weighted average debt and equity return on the transmission formula rate base is currently capped at 55% and 55.75%, respectively.

) The rate of return on common equity for each Utility Registrant includes a 50-basis-point incentive adder for being a member of a RTO.

(d) The increase in BGE's transmission revenue requirement includes a \$3 million reduction related to a FERC-approved dedicated facilities charge to recover the costs of providing transmission service to specifically designated load by BGE.

Other State Regulatory Matters

Illinois Regulatory Matters

CEJA (Exelon and ComEd). On September 15, 2021, the Governor of Illinois signed into law CEJA. CEJA includes, among other features, (1) procurement of CMCs from qualifying nuclear-powered generating facilities, (2) a requirement to file a general rate case or a new four-year MRP no later than January 20, 2023 to establish rates effective after ComEd's existing performance-based distribution formula rate sunsets, (3) an extension of and certain adjustments to ComEd's energy efficiency MWh savings goals, (4) revisions to the Illinois RPS

requirements, including expanded charges for the procurement of RECs from wind and solar generation, (5) a requirement to accelerate amortization of ComEd's unprotected excess deferred income taxes (EDIT) that ComEd was previously directed by the ICC to amortize using the average rate assumption method which equates to approximately 39.5 years, and (6) requirements that ComEd and the ICC initiate and conduct various regulatory proceedings on subjects including ethics, spending, grid investments, and performance metrics. Regulatory or legal challenges regarding the validity or implementation of CEJA are possible and Exelon and ComEd cannot reasonably predict the outcome of any such challenges.

ComEd Electric Distribution Rates

ComEd filed, and received approval for, its last performance-based electric distribution formula rate update filing under EIMA in 2022; those rates are in effect throughout 2023.

On February 3, 2022, the ICC approved a tariff that establishes the process under which ComEd will reconcile its 2022 and 2023 rate year revenue requirements with actual costs. Those reconciliation amounts will be determined using the same process as were used for prior reconciliations under the performance-based electric distribution formula rate. Using that process, for the rate years 2022 and 2023 ComEd will ultimately collect revenues from customers reflecting each year's actual recoverable costs, year-end rate base, and a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base, with the ROE component based on the annual average of the monthly yields of the 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds plus 580 basis points. In April 2023, ComEd filed its first petition with the ICC to reconcile its 2022 actual costs with the approved revenue requirement that was in effect in 2022; the final order is expected by December 2023, for rates beginning January 2024. The rate year 2023 reconciliation will be filed in 2024.

Beginning in 2024, ComEd will recover from retail customers, subject to certain exceptions, the costs it incurs to provide electric delivery services either through its electric distribution rate or other recovery mechanisms authorized by CEJA. On January 17, 2023, ComEd filed a petition with the ICC seeking approval of a MRP for 2024-2027. The MRP supports a multi-year grid plan (Grid Plan), also filed on January 17, covering planned investments on the electric distribution system within ComEd's service area through 2027. Costs incurred during each year of the MRP are subject to ICC review and the plan's revenue requirement for each year will be reconciled with the actual costs that the ICC determines are prudently and reasonably incurred for that year. The reconciliation is subject to adjustment for certain costs, including a limitation on recovery of costs that are more than 105% of certain costs in the previously approved MRP revenue requirement, absent a modification of the rate plan itself. Thus, for example, the rate adjustments necessary to reconcile 2024 revenues to ComEd's actual 2024 costs incurred would take effect in January 2026 after the ICC's review during 2025. On May 22, 2023, direct testimony was filed by ICC staff and more than a dozen intervenors and intervenor groups. The testimonies addressed a wide variety of topics, including rate of return on equity, capital structure, grid planning, various distribution grid and information technology investments, and affordability and customer service. ComEd filed rebuttal testimony in June, which provided, among other things, defense of ComEd's planned 2024-2027 capital investment and proposed cost of equity. ComEd also made voluntary adjustments and, per the ICC's final beneficial electrification order requiring ComEd to recover beneficial electrification costs through the MRP, increased its total revenue requirement request from \$1.472 billion to \$1.545 billion. On July 27, 2023, ICC staff and intervenors filed rebuttal testimony, which showed little to no movement on the key issues, including ROE and large capital projects. On August 14, 2023, ComEd filed surrebuttal testimony. On August 22, 2023, evidentiary hearings were held, during which testimony and other evidence was admitted and the evidentiary phase of the hearing process was closed. ComEd filed its reply brief on September 27, 2023, to adjust its total requested revenue requirement increase to \$1.487 billion. On October 23, 2023 the administrative law judges (ALJs) issued a proposed order in ComEd's MRP proceeding recommending a \$317 million reduction to ComEd's requested revenue requirement increase of \$1.487 billion. Significant differences between the ALJ's proposed order and ComEd's final position relate to the proposed return on equity and the disallowance of any return on ComEd's pension asset. The ALJs proposed order is not final, and briefs on exception will be filed in November 2023. The Commission may also hear oral arguments prior to making its final decision. The ICC must issue its decision on both the MRP and Grid Plan by mid-December 2023, for rates to begin with the January 2024 billing cycle.

Note 3 — Regulatory Matters

In January 2022, ComEd filed a request with the ICC proposing performance metrics that would be used in determining ROE incentives and penalties in the event ComEd filed a MRP in January 2023. On September 27, 2022, the ICC issued a final order approving seven performance metrics that provide symmetrical performance adjustments of 32 total basis points to ComEd's rate of return on common equity based on the extent to which ComEd achieves the annual performance goals. On November 10, 2022, the ICC granted ComEd's application for rehearing, in part. On April 5, 2023, the ICC issued its final order on rehearing for the performance and tracking metrics proceeding, in which the ICC declined to adopt ComEd's proposed modifications to the reliability and peak load reduction performance metrics. Efforts are underway to implement the performance metrics, which take effect on January 1, 2024. ComEd will make its initial filing in 2025 to assess performance achieved under the metrics in 2024, and to determine any ROE adjustment, which would take effect in 2026.

Carbon Mitigation Credit

CEJA establishes decarbonization requirements for Illinois as well as programs to support the retention and development of emissions-free sources of electricity. ComEd is required to purchase CMCs from participating nuclear-powered generating facilities between June 1, 2022 and May 31, 2027. The price to be paid for each CMC was established through a competitive bidding process that included consumer-protection measures that capped the maximum acceptable bid amount and a formula that reduces CMC prices by an energy price index, the base residual auction capacity price in the ComEd zone of PJM, and the monetized value of any federal tax credit or other subsidy if applicable. The consumer protection measures contained in CEJA will result in net payments to ComEd ratepayers if the energy index, the capacity price and applicable federal tax credits or subsidy exceed the CMC contract price. In the June 2022 billing period, ComEd began issuing credits to its retail customers under its new CMC rider. A regulatory asset is recorded for the difference between customer credits issued and the credit to be received from the participating nuclear-powered generating facilities. The balance as of September 30, 2023 is \$862 million.

Under CEJA, the costs of procuring CMCs, including carrying costs, are recovered through a rider, the Rider Carbon-Free Resource Adjustment (Rider CFRA). As originally approved by the ICC, Rider CFRA provides for an annual reconciliation and true-up to actual costs incurred or credits received by ComEd to purchase CMCs, with any difference to be credited to or collected from ComEd's retail customers in subsequent periods. The difference between the net payments to (or receivables from) ComEd ratepayers and the credits received by ComEd to purchase CMCs is recorded to Purchased Power expense with an offset to the regulatory asset (or regulatory liability). On December 21, 2022, ComEd filed an amendment to Rider CFRA proposing that it recover costs or provide credits faster than the tariff allows, implement monthly reconciliations, and allow ComEd to adjust Rider CFRA rates based not only on anticipated differences but also past payments or credits, and implement monthly reconciliations beginning the June 2023 delivery period. The ICC approved the proposal on January 19, 2023. In addition, on March 24, 2023, ComEd submitted revisions to Rider CFRA which clarified the methodology for calculating interest to be included in the annual reconciliation associated with the June 2022 through May 2023 delivery year. The ICC approved the proposal on April 20, 2023.

Beneficial Electrification Plan

On March 23, 2023, the ICC issued its final order approving the beneficial electrification plan for ComEd. The ICC rejected ComEd's request to treat a large portion of beneficial electrification costs as a regulatory asset and ordered ComEd to seek cost recovery through the multi-year rate plan filing for 2024 and 2025, and the final formula rate reconciliation docket for 2023, rather than through a separate charge. The order also authorized an overall annual budget of \$77 million per year for the three year plan period (2023 through 2025), with flexibility to roll forward unused funds to future years within the same plan period. On April 18, 2023, ComEd filed an application for rehearing in the beneficial electrification plan docket. The Chicago Transit Authority and City of Chicago, jointly, and the Office of the Illinois Attorney General (ILAG) also filed applications for rehearing. On April 27, 2023, ICC staff filed a motion for clarification, seeking clarification from the ICC on the precise budget described in the final order. On May 8, 2023, the ICC denied all applications for rehearing, and entered an amendatory order regarding the annual beneficial electrification plan budgets. ComEd has been directed to use good faith efforts to spend \$77 million annually. ComEd subsequently filed its compliance filing in May 2023, detailing project related spending, clarifying the procedure that will be used to seek stakeholder feedback related to beneficial electrification pilot programs, and including the timeline for tariff changes required to implement the programs. ComEd and the ILAG both filed appeals of the ICC's interim order that addressed the permissible scope of utility beneficial electrification programs outside of transportation and the rate impact cap. The ILAG also filed an appeal seeking reversal of portions of the ICC's final decision. The final order partly mooted



Note 3 — Regulatory Matters

ComEd's appeal of the interim order and ComEd has decided not to pursue the other issues. As such, ComEd recently moved to voluntarily dismiss its appeal and the appellate court granted that request. The ILAG consolidated their appeals. Any ruling on the appeals, even a negative ruling removing programs from the BE Plan or lowering the overall budget of the BE Plan, will only impact forward-looking costs.

Energy Efficiency Formula Rate (Exelon and ComEd). ComEd filed its annual energy efficiency formula rate update with the ICC on May 26, 2023. The filing establishes the revenue requirement used to set the rates that will take effect in January 2024 after the ICC's review and approval. The requested revenue requirement update is based on a reconciliation of the 2022 actual costs plus projected 2024 expenditures.

	Initial Revenue Requirement		Total Revenue Requirement		Demosted DOF
_	Increase	Annual Reconciliation Increase	Increase	Requested Return on Rate Base ^(a)	Requested ROE
\$	87	\$ 31	\$ 118	6.48 %	8.91 %

(a) The requested revenue requirement increase provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on the energy efficiency regulatory asset and rate base of 6.48% inclusive of an allowed ROE of 8.91%, reflecting the monthly average yields for 30-year treasury bonds plus 580 basis points. For the 2022 reconciliation year, the requested revenue requirement provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on the energy efficiency regulatory asset and rate base of 7.48% inclusive of an allowed ROE of 10.91%, which includes an upward performance adjustment that increased the ROE. The performance adjustment can either increase or decrease the ROE based upon the achievement of energy efficiency savings goals.

New Jersey Regulatory Matters

Termination of Energy Procurement Provisions of PPAs (Exelon, PHI, and ACE). On December 22, 2021, ACE filed with the NJBPU a petition to terminate the provisions in the PPAs to purchase electricity from two coal-powered generation facilities located in the state of New Jersey. The petition was approved by the NJBPU on March 23, 2022. Upon closing of the transaction on March 31, 2022, ACE recognized a liability of \$203 million for the contract termination fee, which is to be paid by the end of 2024, and recognized a corresponding regulatory asset of \$203 million.

As of September 30, 2023, the \$71 million liability for the contract termination fee consists of \$61 million and \$10 million included in Other current liabilities and Other deferred credits and other liabilities, respectively, in Exelon's Consolidated Balance Sheet. The current and noncurrent liabilities are included in PPA termination obligation and Other deferred credits and other liabilities, respectively, in PHI's and ACE's Consolidated Balance Sheets. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, ACE has respectively paid \$65 million and \$45 million of the liability, which is recorded in Changes in Other assets and liabilities in Exelon's, PHI's, and ACE's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

ACE Infrastructure Investment Program "Powering the Future" Filing (Exelon, PHI, and ACE). On October 31, 2022, ACE filed with the NJBPU a second IIP, called "Powering the Future", proposing to seek recovery through a new component of ACE's rider mechanism, totaling \$379 million, over the four-year period of July 1, 2023, to June 30, 2027. The new IIP will allow ACE to invest in projects that are designed to enhance the reliability, resiliency, and safety of the service ACE provides to its customers. On June 15, 2023, ACE entered into a settlement agreement with other parties, which allows for a recovery totaling \$93 million of reliability related capital investments from July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2027. ACE will have the option of seeking approval from the NJBPU to extend the end date of the IIP beyond June 30, 2027, if ACE determines an extension is necessary. On June 29, 2023, the NJBPU adopted the settlement agreement and issued an order approving the program.

Other Federal Regulatory Matters

FERC Audit (Exelon and ComEd). The Utility Registrants are subject to periodic audits by FERC. FERC's Division of Audits and Accounting initiated a nonpublic audit of ComEd in April 2021 evaluating ComEd's compliance with (1) approved terms, rates, and conditions of its federally regulated service; (2) accounting requirements of the Uniform System of Accounts; (3) reporting requirements of the FERC Form 1; and (4) the requirements for record retention. The audit period extends back to January 1, 2017. During the first quarter of 2023, ComEd was provided with information from FERC about several potential findings, including ComEd's methodology regarding the allocation of certain overhead costs to capital under FERC regulations. Based on the preliminary findings and discussions with FERC staff, ComEd determined that a loss was probable and recorded a regulatory liability to reflect its best estimate of that loss as of March 31, 2023.

On July 27, 2023, FERC issued a final audit report which included, among other things, findings and recommendations related to ComEd's methodology regarding the allocation of certain overhead costs to capitalized construction costs under FERC regulations. On August 28, 2023, ComEd filed a formal notice of the issues it will contest. The final outcome and resolution of any contested audit issues as well as a reasonable estimate of potential future losses cannot be accurately estimated at this stage; however, the final resolution of these matters could result in recognition of future losses, above the amounts currently accrued, that could be material to the Exelon and ComEd financial statements.

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The Utility Registrants' regulatory assets and liabilities have not changed materially since December 31, 2022, unless noted below. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information on the specific regulatory assets and liabilities.

ComEd. Regulatory assets increased \$733 million primarily due to increases of \$392 million in the Electric distribution formula rate annual reconciliations regulatory asset, \$171 million in the Energy efficiency costs, and \$97 million in the ZEC regulatory asset.

PECO. Regulatory assets increased \$150 million primarily due to an increase of \$118 million in the Deferred income taxes regulatory asset. Regulatory liabilities increased \$6 million primarily due to increases of \$49 million in the Electric energy and natural gas costs regulatory liability, offset by a decrease of \$31 million in the Decommissioning the regulatory agreement units regulatory liability.

BGE. Regulatory assets increased \$114 million primarily due to an increase of \$38 million and \$35 million in the Removal costs and Under-recovered revenue decoupling regulatory assets, respectively.

Pepco. Regulatory assets decreased \$63 million primarily due to a decrease of \$35 million in the Electric energy and natural gas costs regulatory asset. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$43 million primarily due to a decrease of \$52 million in the Deferred income taxes regulatory liability.

DPL. Regulatory assets decreased \$17 million primarily due to a decrease of \$26 million in the Electric energy and natural gas costs regulatory asset. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$1 million primarily due to a decrease of \$23 million in the Deferred income taxes regulatory liability, partially offset by an increase of \$13 million in the Electric energy and natural gas costs regulatory liability.

ACE. Regulatory assets decreased \$21 million primarily due to a decrease of \$65 million in the Electric energy and natural gas costs regulatory asset as a result of the PPA termination. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$29 million primarily due to a decrease of \$9 million in both the Stranded costs regulatory liability and Over-recovered revenue decoupling regulatory liability.

Capitalized Ratemaking Amounts Not Recognized

The following table presents authorized amounts capitalized for ratemaking purposes related to earnings on shareholders' investment that are not recognized for financial reporting purposes in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets. These amounts will be recognized as revenues in the related Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income in the periods they are billable to the Utility Registrants' customers. PECO had no related amounts at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Note 3 — Regulatory Matters

	Ex	elon	ComEd ^(a)	BGE ^(b)	PHI	Pepco ^(c)	DPL ^(c)	ACE ^(b)
September 30, 2023	\$	81	\$ 25	\$ 21	\$ 35	\$ 27	\$ 1	\$ 7
December 31, 2022		57	8	28	21	18	2	1

(a) Reflects ComEd's unrecognized equity returns earned for ratemaking purposes on its energy efficiency and electric distribution formula rate regulatory assets.

(b) BGE's and ACE's authorized amounts capitalized for ratemaking purposes primarily relate to earnings on shareholder's investment on their respective AMI programs.

(c) Pepco's and DPL's authorized amounts capitalized for ratemaking purposes relate to earnings on shareholder's investment on their respective AMI Programs and Energy Efficiency and Demand Response Programs, and for Pepco District of Columbia revenue decoupling program. The earnings on energy efficiency are on Pepco District of Columbia and DPL Delaware programs only.

4. Revenue from Contracts with Customers (All Registrants)

The Registrants recognize revenue from contracts with customers to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that the entities expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The primary sources of revenue include regulated electric and gas tariff sales, distribution, and transmission services.

See Note 4 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the primary sources of revenue for the Registrants.

Contract Liabilities

The Registrants record contract liabilities when consideration is received or due prior to the satisfaction of the performance obligations. The Registrants record contract liabilities in Other current liabilities and Other noncurrent deferred credits and other liabilities in their Consolidated Balance Sheets.

For PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE these contract liabilities primarily relate to upfront consideration received in the third quarter of 2020 for a collaborative arrangement with an unrelated owner and manager of communication infrastructure. The revenue attributable to this arrangement will be recognized as operating revenue over the 35 years under the collaborative arrangement.

The following table provides a rollforward of the contract liabilities reflected in Exelon's, PHI's, Pepco's, DPL's, and ACE's Consolidated Balance Sheets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, ComEd's, PECO's, and BGE's contract liabilities were immaterial.

	Exelon ^(a)	PHI ^(a)	Pepco ^(a)	DPL		ACE ^(a)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 101	\$ 101	\$ 81	\$ 10	\$	10
Revenues recognized	(1)	(1)	(1)	_		_
Balance at March 31, 2023	 100	 100	 80	 10		10
Revenues recognized	(2)	(2)	(2)	_		_
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 98	\$ 98	\$ 78	\$ 10	\$	10
Revenues recognized	(2)	(2)	(1)	—		(1)
Balance as of September 30, 2023	\$ 96	\$ 96	\$ 77	\$ 10	\$	9
	Exelon ^(a)	PHI ^(a)	Pepco ^(a)	DPL ^(a)		ACE ^(a)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 109	\$ 109	\$ 87	\$ 11	\$	11
Revenues recognized	(*)					
	(2)	(2)	(2)	—		
Balance at March 31, 2022	 (2)	 (2) 107	 (2) 85	 	_	
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$ 107	\$ 107	\$ 85	\$ 11 11	\$	
Balance at March 31, 2022 Revenues recognized	\$ 107 (2)	\$ 107 (2)	\$ 85 (1)	\$ 	\$	(1)

Note 4 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers

(a) Revenues recognized in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, were included in the contract liabilities at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Transaction Price Allocated to Remaining Performance Obligations

The following table shows the amounts of future revenues expected to be recorded in each year for performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied as of September 30, 2023. This disclosure only includes contracts for which the total consideration is fixed and determinable at contract inception. The average contract term varies by customer type and commodity but ranges from one month to several years.

This disclosure excludes the Utility Registrants' gas and electric tariff sales contracts and transmission revenue contracts as they generally have an original expected duration of one year or less and, therefore, do not contain any future, unsatisfied performance obligations to be included in this disclosure.

Year	Exelon		PHI	Рерсо	DPL	-	ACE	
2023		2 \$	2	\$ 2	\$	_	\$	1
2024	6	5	6	5				—
2025	Ę	5	5	5				—
2026	Ę	5	5	5				—
2027 and thereafter	78	3	78	60		10		8
Total	\$ 96	5\$	96	\$ 77	\$	10	\$	9

Revenue Disaggregation

The Registrants disaggregate revenue recognized from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. See Note 5 — Segment Information for the presentation of the Registrants' revenue disaggregation.

5. Segment Information (All Registrants)

Operating segments for each of the Registrants are determined based on information used by the CODMs in deciding how to evaluate performance and allocate resources at each of the Registrants.

Exelon has six reportable segments, which include ComEd, PECO, BGE, and PHI's three reportable segments consisting of Pepco, DPL, and ACE. ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE each represent a single reportable segment, and as such, no separate segment information is provided for these Registrants. Exelon, ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE's CODMs evaluate the performance of and allocate resources to the segments based on net income.

An analysis and reconciliation of the Registrants' reportable segment information to the respective information in the consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022



Note 5 — Segment Information

	(ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Other ^(a)		Intersegment Eliminations		Exelon
Operating revenues ^(b) :														
2023														
Electric revenues	\$	2,268	\$	970	\$	836	\$	1,747	\$	—	\$	(28)	\$	5,793
Natural gas revenues		—		67		96		24		—		—		187
Shared service and other revenues		_		_		_		2		445		(447)		_
Total operating revenues	\$	2,268	\$	1,037	\$	932	\$	1,773	\$	445	\$	(475)	\$	5,980
2022														
Electric revenues	\$	1,378	\$	941	\$	757	\$	1,557	\$	_	\$	(12)	\$	4,621
Natural gas revenues		—		73		113		38				_		224
Shared service and other revenues		_						3		381		(384)		_
Total operating revenues	\$	1,378	\$	1,014	\$	870	\$	1,598	\$	381	\$	(396)	\$	4,845
Intersegment revenues ^(c) :			-		-		-		-			<u> </u>	-	
2023	\$	9	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	443	\$	(458)	\$	
2022		6		3		3		3		378		(393)		_
Depreciation and amortization:												()		
2023	\$	357	\$	100	\$	161	\$	257	\$	15	\$	_	\$	890
2022		333		92		148		238		14		_		825
Operating expenses:														
2023	\$	1,738	\$	847	\$	835	\$	1,440	\$	475	\$	(478)	\$	4,857
2022		913		798		810		1,254		439		(380)		3,834
Interest expense, net:														
2023	\$	119	\$	52	\$	47	\$	80	\$	139	\$	_	\$	437
2022		104		45		39		72		105		—		365
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes:														
2023	\$	427	\$	149	\$	56	\$	281	\$	(130)	\$	(16)	\$	767
2022		375		179		26		291		(103)		—		768
Income Taxes:														
2023	\$	94	\$	3	\$	11	\$	49	\$	(90)	\$	—	\$	67
2022		84		44		(7)		2		(31)		—		92
Net income (loss) from continuing operations:														
2023	\$	333	\$	146	\$	45	\$	232	\$	(41)	\$	(15)	\$	700
2022		291		135		33		289		(71)		(1)		676
Capital Expenditures:														
2023	\$	664	\$	361	\$	330	\$	488	\$	12	\$	_	\$	1,855
2022		593		333		340		398		8		_		1,672

 (a) Other primarily includes Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.
 (b) Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in Taxes other than income taxes in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 15 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes

See Note 16 — Related Party Transactions for additional information on intersegment revenues. (C)

Note 5 — Segment Information

PHI:

	I	Рерсо	DPL	ACE		Other ^(a)		Intersegment Eliminations	PHI
Operating revenues ^(b) :									
2023									
Electric revenues	\$	822	\$ 426	\$ 502	\$	—	\$	(3)	\$ 1,747
Natural gas revenues		—	24	—		_		_	24
Shared service and other revenues				 		103		(101)	 2
Total operating revenues	\$	822	\$ 450	\$ 502	\$	103	\$	(104)	\$ 1,773
2022							_		
Electric revenues	\$	724	\$ 374	\$ 462	\$	—	\$	(3)	\$ 1,557
Natural gas revenues		_	38	_		_		_	38
Shared service and other revenues		_	_	_		94		(91)	3
Total operating revenues	\$	724	\$ 412	\$ 462	\$	94	\$	(94)	\$ 1,598
Intersegment revenues ^(c) :			 	 	-		-		
2023	\$	1	\$ 2	\$ _	\$	103	\$	(104)	\$ 2
2022		2	1	_		94		(94)	3
Depreciation and amortization:								()	
2023	\$	112	\$ 62	\$ 77	\$	6	\$		\$ 257
2022		99	59	74		6		—	238
Operating expenses:									
2023	\$	658	\$ 386	\$ 394	\$	105	\$	(103)	\$ 1,440
2022		555	345	353		96		(95)	1,254
Interest expense, net:									
2023	\$	41	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$	3	\$	(1)	\$ 80
2022		37	16	17		1		1	72
Income (loss) before income taxes:									
2023	\$	141	\$ 51	\$ 94	\$	(4)	\$	(1)	\$ 281
2022		146	54	95		(4)			291
Income Taxes:									
2023	\$	21	\$ 8	\$ 23	\$	(3)	\$		\$ 49
2022		1	2	1		(2)		—	2
Net income (loss):									
2023	\$	120	\$ 43	\$ 71	\$	(2)	\$	—	\$ 232
2022		145	52	94		(2)		—	289
Capital Expenditures:									
2023	\$	227	\$ 158	\$ 101	\$	2	\$	_	\$ 488
2022		193	100	105		_		_	398

(a) (b) Other primarily includes PHI's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.

Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in Taxes other than income taxes in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 15 - Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes

Includes intersegment revenues with ComEd, BGE, and PECO, which are eliminated at Exelon. (C)

Electric and Gas Revenue by Customer Class (Utility Registrants):

The following tables disaggregate the Registrants' revenues recognized from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. For the Utility Registrants, the disaggregation of revenues reflects the two primary utility services of electric sales and natural gas sales (where applicable), with further disaggregation of these tariff sales provided by major customer groups. Exelon's disaggregated revenues are consistent with the Utility Registrants, but exclude any intercompany revenues.

			Three Mon	ths E	nded Septem	ber 3	0, 2023		
Revenues from contracts with customers	ComEd	PECO	 BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Electric revenues									
Residential	\$ 1,047	\$ 654	\$ 512	\$	959	\$	405	\$ 255	\$ 299
Small commercial & industrial	540	148	86		199		54	70	75
Large commercial & industrial	263	67	144		386		303	32	51
Public authorities & electric railroads	11	7	7		16		9	3	4
Other ^(a)	265	80	104		201		67	67	68
Total electric revenues ^(b)	\$ 2,126	\$ 956	\$ 853	\$	1,761	\$	838	\$ 427	\$ 497
Natural gas revenues									
Residential	\$ _	\$ 43	\$ 57	\$	12	\$	_	\$ 12	\$ —
Small commercial & industrial	—	16	10		7		—	7	_
Large commercial & industrial	_	_	25		1		_	1	—
Transportation	—	7	—		3		—	3	_
Other ^(c)	_	1	4		1		_	1	_
Total natural gas revenues ^(d)	\$ _	\$ 67	\$ 96	\$	24	\$	_	\$ 24	\$ _
Total revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 2,126	\$ 1,023	\$ 949	\$	1,785	\$	838	\$ 451	\$ 497
Other revenues									
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ 135	\$ 11	\$ (22)	\$	(15)	\$	(18)	\$ (2)	\$ 5
Other electric revenues ^(e)	7	3	4		3		2	1	_
Other natural gas revenues ^(e)	—	—	1		—		_	—	_
Total other revenues	\$ 142	\$ 14	\$ (17)	\$	(12)	\$	(16)	\$ (1)	\$ 5
Total revenues for reportable segments	\$ 2,268	\$ 1,037	\$ 932	\$	1,773	\$	822	\$ 450	\$ 502



Note 5 — Segment Information

					Three Mon	ths E	nded Septeml	oer 3	0, 2022				
Revenues from contracts with customers	 ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE
Electric revenues													
Residential	\$ 935	\$	620	\$	406	\$	808	\$	318	\$	207	\$	283
Small commercial & industrial	217		149		88		179		44		65		70
Large commercial & industrial	(117)		93		158		401		303		43		55
Public authorities & electric railroads	3		8		7		16		9		4		3
Other ^(a)	246		71		101		166		57		55		54
Total electric revenues ^(b)	\$ 1,284	\$	941	\$	760	\$	1,570	\$	731	\$	374	\$	465
Natural gas revenues													
Residential	\$ _	\$	46	\$	70	\$	10	\$	_	\$	10	\$	_
Small commercial & industrial	_		20		13		6		_		6		_
Large commercial & industrial	_		_		28		3		_		3		_
Transportation	_		5		_		3		_		3		_
Other ^(c)	_		2		2		16		_		16		_
Total natural gas revenues ^(d)	\$ _	\$	73	\$	113	\$	38	\$	_	\$	38	\$	_
Total revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 1,284	\$	1,014	\$	873	\$	1,608	\$	731	\$	412	\$	465
Other revenues													
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ 88	\$	(5)	\$	(8)	\$	(11)	\$	(8)	\$	_	\$	(3)
Other electric revenues ^(e)	6		5		4		1		1		_		_
Other natural gas revenues ^(e)	—		—		1		—		—		—		_
Total other revenues	\$ 94	\$	_	\$	(3)	\$	(10)	\$	(7)	\$	_	\$	(3)
Total revenues for reportable segments	\$ 1,378	\$	1,014	\$	870	\$	1,598	\$	724	\$	412	\$	462
	 	_		_				_		-		-	

(a) Includes revenues from transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue and mutual assistance revenue.
 (b) Includes operating revenues from affiliates in 2023 and 2022 respectively of:

- \$9 million, \$6 million at ComEd .
- \$2 million, \$3 million at PECO •
- \$1 million, \$2 million at BGE
- \$2 million, \$3 million at PHI
- \$1 million, \$2 million at Pepco
- \$2 million, \$1 million at DPL
- less than \$1 million, less than \$1 million at ACE
- (c) Includes revenues from off-system natural gas sales. Includes operating revenues from affiliates in 2023 and 2022 of:
- (d) • less than \$1 million at PECO
 - \$1 million at BGE
- (e) Includes late payment charge revenues.

Note 5 — Segment Information

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

		ComEd	PECO			BGE	PHI	Other ^(a)		Intersegment Eliminations	Exelon
Operating revenues ^(b) :											
2023											
Electric revenues	\$	5,836	\$	2,484	\$	2,322	\$ 4,459	\$ _	\$	(45)	\$ 15,056
Natural gas revenues		—		493		664	150	—		(3)	1,304
Shared service and other revenues		—		—		—	6	1,316		(1,322)	—
Total operating revenues	\$	5,836	\$	2,977	\$	2,986	\$ 4,615	\$ 1,316	\$	(1,370)	\$ 16,360
2022					-				_		
Electric revenues	\$	4,536	\$	2,390	\$	2,122	\$ 4,058	\$ _	\$	(24)	\$ 13,082
Natural gas revenues		_		487		688	157	_		(2)	1,330
Shared service and other revenues		_		_		_	8	1,342		(1,350)	_
Total operating revenues	\$	4,536	\$	2,877	\$	2,810	\$ 4,223	\$ 1,342	\$	(1,376)	\$ 14,412
Intersegment revenues ^(c) :									_	· · ·	
2023	\$	14	\$	6	\$	6	\$ 7	\$ 1,310	\$	(1,343)	\$ _
2022		14		5		13	9	1,342		(1,377)	6
Depreciation and amortization:											
2023	\$	1,045	\$	297	\$	487	\$ 741	\$ 46	\$	_	\$ 2,616
2022		982		277		470	697	46		—	2,472
Operating expenses:											
2023	\$	4,472	\$	2,436	\$	2,503	\$ 3,864	\$ 1,521	\$	(1,367)	\$ 13,429
2022		3,357		2,230		2,446	3,535	1,524		(1,288)	11,804
Interest expense, net:											
2023	\$	357	\$	149	\$	135	\$ 238	\$ 402	\$	(4)	\$ 1,277
2022		308		129		110	216	300		—	1,063
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes:											
2023	\$	1,057	\$	418	\$	362	\$ 593	\$ (424)	\$	(21)	\$ 1,985
2022		909		541		270	528	(228)		(42)	1,978
Income taxes:											
2023	\$	235	\$	8	\$	76	\$ 103	\$ (149)	\$	1	\$ 274
2022		203		67		3	10	82		(9)	356
Net income (loss) from continuing operation	s:										
2023	\$	822	\$	410	\$	286	\$ 490	\$ (275)	\$	(22)	\$ 1,711
2022		706		474		267	518	(310)		(33)	1,622
Capital expenditures:											
2023	\$	1,926	\$	1,068	\$	986	\$ 1,510	\$ 50	\$	—	\$ 5,540
2022		1,801		991		918	1,174	68		—	4,952
Total assets:											
September 30, 2023	\$	42,042	\$	15,259	\$	13,649	\$ 26,656	\$ 5,825	\$	(4,172)	\$ 99,259
December 31, 2022		39,661		14,502		13,350	26,082	6,014		(4,260)	95,349

 (a) Other primarily includes Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.
 (b) Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in Taxes other than income taxes in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 15 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes.

Note 5 — Segment Information

(c) See Note 16 — Related Party Transactions for additional information on intersegment revenues.

PHI:

	Рерсо		DPL		ACE	Other ^(a)		Intersegment Eliminations		PHI
Operating revenues ^(b) :						 				
2023										
Electric revenues	\$ 2,174	\$	1,123	\$	1,172	\$ 1	\$	(11)	\$	4,459
Natural gas revenues	_		150		_	_		_		150
Shared service and other revenues	_		—		_	309		(303)		6
Total operating revenues	\$ 2,174	\$	1,273	\$	1,172	\$ 310	\$	(314)	\$	4,615
2022										
Electric revenues	\$ 1,919	\$	1,019	\$	1,120	\$ _	\$	_	\$	4,058
Natural gas revenues			157			_		_		157
Shared service and other revenues					_	298		(290)		8
Total operating revenues	\$ 1,919	\$	1,176	\$	1,120	\$ 298	\$	(290)	\$	4,223
Intersegment revenues ^(c) :		_		_		 	_	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>
2023	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	1	\$ 309	\$	(313)	\$	7
2022	4		5		2	288		(290)		9
Depreciation and amortization:								. ,		
2023	\$ 329	\$	182	\$	212	\$ 18	\$	_	\$	741
2022	312		172		192	21		_		697
Operating expenses:										
2023	\$ 1,810	\$	1,079	\$	971	\$ 318	\$	(314)	\$	3,864
2022	1,588		999		947	291		(290)		3,535
Interest expense, net:										
2023	\$ 122	\$	53	\$	52	\$ 9	\$	2	\$	238
2022	111		48		49	7		1		216
Income (loss) before income taxes:										
2023	\$ 292	\$	153	\$	162	\$ (14)	\$	—	\$	593
2022	259		138		133	(2)		—		528
Income taxes:										
2023	\$ 43	\$	25	\$	40	\$ (5)	\$	_	\$	103
2022	(2)		8		2	2		—		10
Net income (loss):										
2023	\$ 249	\$	128	\$	122	\$ (9)	\$	—	\$	490
2022	261		130		131	(4)		_		518
Capital expenditures:										
2023	\$ 710	\$	416	\$	376	\$ 8	\$	—	\$	1,510
2022	595		294		284	1		_		1,174
Total assets:										
September 30, 2023	\$ 11,061	\$	5,870	\$	5,155	\$ 4,644	\$	(74)	\$	26,656
December 31, 2022	10,657		5,802		4,979	4,677		(33)		26,082

(a)

Other primarily includes PHI's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities. Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in Taxes other than income taxes in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 15 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility (b) taxes.

Includes intersegment revenues with ComEd, BGE, and PECO, which are eliminated at Exelon. (C)

Electric and Gas Revenue by Customer Class (Utility Registrants):

The following tables disaggregate the Registrants' revenues recognized from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. For the Utility Registrants, the disaggregation of revenues reflects the two primary utility services of electric sales and natural gas sales (where applicable), with further disaggregation of these tariff sales provided by major customer groups. Exelon's disaggregated revenues are consistent with the Utility Registrants, but exclude any intercompany revenues.

			Nine Mont	hs Er	ded Septemb	er 30	, 2023		
Revenues from contracts with customers	ComEd	PECO	BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Electric revenues									
Residential	\$ 2,744	\$ 1,617	\$ 1,308	\$	2,181	\$	954	\$ 626	\$ 601
Small commercial & industrial	1,363	415	253		503		134	189	180
Large commercial & industrial	553	196	412		1,099		838	98	163
Public authorities & electric railroads	33	23	22		49		25	11	13
Other ^(a)	716	219	303		563		187	186	194
Total electric revenues ^(b)	\$ 5,409	\$ 2,470	\$ 2,298	\$	4,395	\$	2,138	\$ 1,110	\$ 1,151
Natural gas revenues									
Residential	\$ _	\$ 335	\$ 406	\$	88	\$	_	\$ 88	\$ —
Small commercial & industrial	_	123	66		40		_	40	_
Large commercial & industrial	_	1	124		3		_	3	—
Transportation	_	20	_		11		_	11	_
Other ^(c)	_	12	28		8		_	8	_
Total natural gas revenues ^(d)	\$ 	\$ 491	\$ 624	\$	150	\$	_	\$ 150	\$
Total revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 5,409	\$ 2,961	\$ 2,922	\$	4,545	\$	2,138	\$ 1,260	\$ 1,151
Other revenues									
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ 405	\$ 1	\$ 47	\$	59	\$	28	\$ 10	\$ 21
Other electric revenues ^(e)	22	13	12		11		8	3	_
Other natural gas revenues ^(e)	—	2	5		—		—	—	—
Total other revenues	\$ 427	\$ 16	\$ 64	\$	70	\$	36	\$ 13	\$ 21
Total revenues for reportable segments	\$ 5,836	\$ 2,977	\$ 2,986	\$	4,615	\$	2,174	\$ 1,273	\$ 1,172

Note 5 — Segment Information

			Nine Mont	hs Er	nded Septemb	er 30	, 2022			
Revenues from contracts with customers	 ComEd	PECO	BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL		ACE
Electric revenues									_	
Residential	\$ 2,610	\$ 1,538	\$ 1,158	\$	2,007	\$	826	\$ 570	\$	611
Small commercial & industrial	953	386	239		461		117	173		171
Large commercial & industrial	48	229	418		1,056		806	99		151
Public authorities & electric railroads	22	23	20		47		25	11		11
Other ^(a)	718	202	297		524		157	168		190
Total electric revenues ^(b)	\$ 4,351	\$ 2,378	\$ 2,132	\$	4,095	\$	1,931	\$ 1,021	\$	1,134
Natural gas revenues										
Residential	\$ _	\$ 335	\$ 448	\$	77	\$	_	\$ 77	\$	_
Small commercial & industrial	_	125	77		35		_	35		_
Large commercial & industrial	_	_	128		9		_	9		_
Transportation	_	19	_		11		_	11		_
Other ^(c)	_	7	50		25		_	25		_
Total natural gas revenues ^(d)	\$ _	\$ 486	\$ 703	\$	157	\$	_	\$ 157	\$	_
Total revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 4,351	\$ 2,864	\$ 2,835	\$	4,252	\$	1,931	\$ 1,178	\$	1,134
Other revenues										
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ 163	\$ 1	\$ (40)	\$	(33)	\$	(15)	\$ (3)	\$	(14)
Other electric revenues ^(e)	22	11	11		4		3	1		_
Other natural gas revenues ^(e)	—	1	4		—		—	—		_
Total other revenues	\$ 185	\$ 13	\$ (25)	\$	(29)	\$	(12)	\$ (2)	\$	(14)
Total revenues for reportable segments	\$ 4,536	\$ 2,877	\$ 2,810	\$	4,223	\$	1,919	\$ 1,176	\$	1,120

(a) Includes revenues from transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue and mutual assistance revenue. (b)

Includes operating revenues from affiliates in 2023 and 2022 respectively of:

- \$14 million, \$14 million at ComEd
- \$5 million, \$5 million at PECO
- \$4 million, \$5 million at BGE •
- \$7 million, \$9 million at PHI
- \$5 million, \$4 million at Pepco
- \$5 million, \$5 million at DPL
- \$1 million, \$2 million at ACE

(c) Includes revenues from off-system natural gas sales.

- Includes operating revenues from affiliates in 2023 and 2022 respectively of: \$1 million, \$1 million at PECO (d)
 - •
 - \$2 million, \$7 million at BGE
- (e) Includes late payment charge revenues.



6. Accounts Receivable (All Registrants)

Allowance for Credit Losses on Accounts Receivable

The following tables present the rollforward of Allowance for Credit Losses on Customer Accounts Receivable.

					Th	ree M	onths Ended	l Sep	tember 30, 2	2023			
	E	xelon	С	omEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	323	\$	67	\$ 101	\$	50	\$	105	\$	50	\$ 21	\$ 34
Plus: Current period provision for expected credit losses ^(a)		72		24	13		9		26		11	6	9
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries ^(b)		54		15	19		7		13		5	4	4
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	341	\$	76	\$ 95	\$	52	\$	118	\$	56	\$ 23	\$ 39

					Thi	ree M	onths Endeo	d Sep	otember 30, 2	2022			
	E	xelon	C	omEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	354	\$	81	\$ 107	\$	57	\$	109	\$	42	\$ 22	\$ 45
Plus: Current period provision for expected credit losses		38		10	12		2		14		6	1	7
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries		51		17	16		5		12		4	3	5
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	341	\$	74	\$ 103	\$	54	\$	111	\$	44	\$ 20	\$ 47

					Ni	ne Mo	onths Ended	l Sep	tember 30, 2	023			
	E	xelon	C	omEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	327	\$	59	\$ 105	\$	54	\$	109	\$	47	\$ 21	\$ 41
Plus: Current period provision for expected credit losses ^{(c)(d)}		144		45	32		23		44		24	10	10
Less: Write-offs, net ^{(e)(f)(g)} of recoveries ^(b)		130		28	42		25		35		15	8	12
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	341	\$	76	\$ 95	\$	52	\$	118	\$	56	\$ 23	\$ 39

					Nir	ne Mo	onths Ended	Sep	tember 30, 2)22			
	E	xelon	c	omEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	320	\$	73	\$ 105	\$	38	\$	104	\$	37	\$ 18	\$ 49
Plus: Current period provision for expected credit losses		141		31	33		30		47		23	8	16
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries		120		30	35		14		40		16	6	18
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	341	\$	74	\$ 103	\$	54	\$	111	\$	44	\$ 20	\$ 47

(a) For ComEd, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE, the change in current period provision for expected credit losses is primarily a result of increased receivable balances.

(b) Recoveries were not material to the Registrants.

(c) For ComEd and DPL, the change in current period provision for expected credit losses is primarily a result of increased receivable balances.

(d) For BGE and ACE, the change in current period provision for expected credit losses is primarily a result of changes in customer risk profile.

(e) For PECO and BGE, the change in write-offs is primarily a result of increased disconnection activities.

(f) For DPL, the change in write-offs is primarily attributable to unfavorable customer payment behavior.

(g) For ACE, the change in write-offs is primarily attributable to the termination of the moratorium in New Jersey, which beginning in March 2020, prevented customer disconnections for non-payment. Disconnection activities resumed in January 2022, driving the change in write-offs of aging accounts receivable for the nine months ended September 20, 2023.

The following tables present the rollforward of Allowance for Credit Losses on Other Accounts Receivable.

					Thi	ree M	onths Ende	d Sej	otember 30, 2	023			
	E	kelon	Co	omEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	87	\$	18	\$ 8	\$	8	\$	53	\$	31	\$ 9	\$ 13
Plus: Current period provision (benefit) for expected credit losses		6		3	2		3		(2)		(2)	_	_
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries ^(a)		5		1	2		2		_		_	_	—
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	88	\$	20	\$ 8	\$	9	\$	51	\$	29	\$ 9	\$ 13

					Thr	ee M	onths Endec	l Sep	tember 30, 2	2022			
	E	kelon	Com	Ed	PECO		BGE		PHI		Pepco	DPL	ACE
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	81	\$	18	\$ 10	\$	11	\$	42	\$	20	\$ 8	\$ 14
Plus: Current period provision (benefit) for expected credit losses		8		2	2		2		2		2	(1)	1
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries		5		2	1		1		1		_	_	1
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	84	\$	18	\$ 11	\$	12	\$	43	\$	22	\$ 7	\$ 14

					Nii	ne Mo	onths Ended	Sep	tember 30, 2	023			
	Ex	elon	Co	mEd	PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	82	\$	17	\$ 9	\$	10	\$	46	\$	25	\$ 7	\$ 14
Plus: Current period provision for expected credit losses		21		6	3		5		7		4	2	1
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries ^(a)		15		3	4		6		2		_	_	2
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	88	\$	20	\$ 8	\$	9	\$	51	\$	29	\$ 9	\$ 13

					Nir	ne M	onths End	ded	Sept	ember 30, 2	022			
	Ex	celon	c	omEd	PECO		BGE			PHI		Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	72	\$	17	\$ 7	\$	1	9	\$	39	\$	16	\$ 8	\$ 15
Plus: Current period provision (benefit) for expected credit losses		24		5	6		1	6		7		6	(1)	2
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries		12		4	2		:	3		3		—	—	3
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	84	\$	18	\$ 11	\$	1	2	\$	43	\$	22	\$ 7	\$ 14

(a) Recoveries were not material to the Registrants.

Unbilled Customer Revenue

The following table provides additional information about unbilled customer revenues recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

					Ur	billed custo	mer	revenues ^(a)			
	Ex	elon	ComEd	PECO		BGE		PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
September 30, 2023	\$	740	\$ 279	\$ 135	\$	118	\$	208	\$ 100	\$ 44	\$ 64
December 31, 2022		912	223	219		247		223	103	74	46

(a) Unbilled customer revenues are classified in Customer accounts receivable, net in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Other Purchases of Customer and Other Accounts Receivables

The Utility Registrants are required, under separate legislation and regulations in Illinois, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia, Delaware, and New Jersey, to purchase certain receivables from alternative retail electric and, as applicable, natural gas suppliers that participate in the utilities' consolidated billing. The following table presents the total receivables purchased.

							Total	receivables p	urcha	sed				
		Exelon	С	omEd	F	PECO		BGE		PHI	F	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Nine months ended September 30, 2023	\$	3,124	\$	726	\$	843	\$	628	\$	927	\$	600	\$ 174	\$ 153
Nine months ended September 30, 2022		3,088 ^(a)		753		832		607 ^(a)		896		559	168	169

(a) Includes \$4 million of receivables purchased from Generation prior to the separation on February 1, 2022 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

7. Income Taxes (All Registrants)

Rate Reconciliation

The effective income tax rate from continuing operations varies from the U.S. federal statutory rate principally due to the following:

			Three	e Months Ended S	September 30, 2023	g(a)		
	Exelon	ComEd	PECO ^(b)	BGE	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
Increase (decrease) due to:								
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit ^(c)	(2.7)	7.8	(1.2)	6.6	6.2	5.5	6.1	7.0
Plant basis differences	(4.4)	(0.4)	(15.6)	(0.2)	(1.5)	(2.4)	(0.9)	(0.5)
Excess deferred tax amortization	(6.4)	(5.3)	(2.4)	(5.4)	(8.0)	(9.2)	(10.0)	(3.1)
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis difference	(0.1)	(0.1)	_	(0.1)	(0.1)	_	(0.1)	(0.1)
Tax credits	(0.5)	(1.2)	_	(2.0)	(0.5)	(0.6)	(0.4)	(0.3)
Other	1.8	0.2	0.2	(0.3)	0.3	0.6	_	0.5
Effective income tax rate	8.7 %	22.0 %	2.0 %	19.6 %	17.4 %	14.9 %	15.7 %	24.5 %

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 ^(a)										
	Exelon	ComEd	PECO ^(d)	BGE ^(d)	PHI ^(d)	Pepco ^(d)	DPL ^(d)	ACE ^(d)			
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %			
Increase (decrease) due to:											
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	9.0	8.0	20.7	6.8	1.4	(2.7)	6.5	7.0			
Plant basis differences	(5.3)	(0.4)	(14.2)	(2.6)	(1.7)	(2.3)	(0.8)	(1.0)			
Excess deferred tax amortization	(11.6)	(5.6)	(3.2)	(47.3)	(19.3)	(14.6)	(21.7)	(25.5)			
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis difference	(0.1)	(0.1)	_	(0.2)	(0.1)	_	(0.2)	(0.2)			
Tax credits	(0.6)	(0.4)	_	(1.9)	(0.9)	(0.8)	(1.3)	(0.7)			
Other	(0.4)	(0.1)	0.3	(2.7)	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.5			
Effective income tax rate	12.0 %	22.4 %	24.6 %	(26.9)%	0.7 %	0.7 %	3.7 %	1.1 %			

 (a) Positive percentages represent income tax expense. Negative percentages represent income tax benefit.
 (b) For PECO, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to plant basis differences attributable to tax repair deductions.
 (c) For Exelon, the lower state income taxes, net of federal income tax expense, is primarily due to the long-term marginal state income tax rate change of \$54 million. (d) For PECO, the higher effective tax rate is related to a one-time state income expense, net of federal income tax benefit, of \$38 million attributable to the change in the Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate partially offset by plant basis differences attributable to tax repair deductions. For BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to the acceleration of certain income tax benefits due to distribution and transmission rate case settlements.

Note 7 — Income Taxes

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 ^(a)									
	Exelon	ComEd	PECO ^(b)	BGE	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE		
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%		
Increase (decrease) due to:										
State income taxes, net of federal income tax										
benefit ^(c)	2.8	7.8	(1.3)	6.5	6.1	5.5	6.2	6.9		
Plant basis differences	(4.3)	(0.4)	(15.5)	(0.5)	(1.6)	(2.5)	(1.0)	(0.5)		
Excess deferred tax amortization	(6.6)	(5.5)	(2.4)	(5.4)	(7.7)	(9.2)	(9.4)	(2.6)		
Amortization of investment tax credit, including										
deferred taxes on basis difference	(0.1)	(0.1)	—	(0.1)	(0.1)	—	(0.1)	(0.1)		
Tax credits	(0.5)	(0.7)	_	(0.7)	(0.6)	(0.7)	(0.4)	(0.3)		
Other	1.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	_	0.3		
Effective income tax rate	13.8%	22.2%	1.9%	21.0%	17.4%	14.7%	16.3%	24.7%		

		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 ^(a)									
	Exelon	ComEd	PECO ^(d)	BGE ^(d)	PHI ^(d)	Pepco ^(d)	DPL ^(d)	ACE ^(d)			
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%			
Increase (decrease) due to:											
State income taxes, net of federal income tax											
benefit ^(e)	9.5	7.9	6.6	2.8	2.0	(3.2)	6.5	6.9			
Plant basis differences	(4.2)	(0.5)	(12.2)	(1.1)	(1.7)	(2.4)	(0.7)	(1.1)			
Excess deferred tax amortization	(11.3)	(5.7)	(3.2)	(20.7)	(18.8)	(15.4)	(20.4)	(24.7)			
Amortization of investment tax credit, including											
deferred taxes on basis difference	(0.1)	(0.1)	_	(0.1)	(0.1)	_	(0.2)	(0.2)			
Tax credits ^(f)	0.3	(0.3)	_	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.6)	(0.7)	(0.6)			
Other ^(g)	2.8	—	0.2	(0.1)	0.2	(0.2)	0.3	0.2			
Effective income tax rate	18.0%	22.3%	12.4%	1.1%	1.9%	(0.8)%	5.8%	1.5%			
								-			

(a) Positive percentages represent income tax expense. Negative percentages represent income tax benefit.

(b) For PECO, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to plant basis differences attributable to tax repair deductions.

(c) For Exelon, the lower state income taxes, net of federal income tax expense, is primarily due to the long-term marginal state income tax rate change of \$54 million.

(d) For PECO, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to plant basis differences attributable to tax repair deductions partially offset by higher state income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit, related to a one-time expense of \$38 million attributable to the change in the Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate. For BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to the acceleration of certain income tax benefits due to distribution and transmission rate case settlements.

(e) For Exelon, the higher state income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit, is primarily due to the long-term marginal state income tax rate change of approximately \$67 million and the recognition of a valuation allowance of approximately \$40 million against the net deferred tax asset position for certain standalone state filing jurisdictions, partially offset by a one-time impact associated with a state tax benefit of \$43 million and indemnification adjustments pursuant to the Tax Matters Agreement of \$4 million as a result of the separation. For PECO, the higher state income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit, related to a one-time expense of \$38 million attributable to the change in the Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate.

(f) For Exelon, reflects the income tax expense related to the write-off of federal tax credits subject to recapture of approximately \$15 million as a result of the separation.

(g) For Exelon, primarily reflects the nondeductible transaction costs of approximately \$19 million arising as part of the separation and indemnification adjustments pursuant to the Tax Matters Agreement of \$40 million.

Unrecognized Tax Benefits

Exelon, PHI and ACE have the following unrecognized tax benefits at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. ComEd's, PECO's, BGE's, Pepco's, and DPL's amounts are not material.

	Ex	elon ^(a)	PHI	ACE
September 30, 2023	\$	138	\$ 56	\$ 16
December 31, 2022		148	59	17

(a) At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, Exelon reflected a receivable of \$50 million in Other deferred debits and other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet for Constellation's share of unrecognized tax benefits for periods prior to the separation.

Reasonably possible the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits could significantly increase or decrease within 12 months after the reporting date.

As of September 30, 2023, ACE has \$14 million of unrecognized state tax benefits that could significantly decrease within the 12 months after the reporting date based on the outcome of pending court cases involving other taxpayers. The unrecognized tax benefit, if recognized, may be included in future base rates and that portion would have no impact to the effective tax rate.

Other Tax Matters

Tax Matters Agreement (Exelon)

In connection with the separation, Exelon entered into a TMA with Constellation. The TMA governs the respective rights, responsibilities, and obligations between Exelon and Constellation after the separation with respect to tax liabilities, refunds and attributes for open tax years that Constellation was part of Exelon's consolidated group for U.S. federal, state, and local tax purposes.

Indemnification for Taxes. As a former subsidiary of Exelon, Constellation has joint and several liability with Exelon to the IRS and certain state jurisdictions relating to the taxable periods prior to the separation. The TMA specifies that Constellation is liable for their share of taxes required to be paid by Exelon with respect to taxable periods prior to the separation to the extent Constellation would have been responsible for such taxes under the existing Exelon tax sharing agreement. As of September 30, 2023, Exelon recorded a payable of \$15 million in Other current liabilities that is due to Constellation.

Tax Refunds. The TMA specifies that Constellation is entitled to their share of any future tax refunds claimed by Exelon with respect to taxable periods prior to the separation to the extent that Constellation would have received such tax refunds under the existing Exelon tax sharing agreement.

Tax Attributes. At the date of separation certain tax attributes, primarily pre-closing tax credit carryforwards, that were generated by Constellation were required by law to be allocated to Exelon. The TMA provides that Exelon will reimburse Constellation when those allocated tax credit carryforwards are utilized. As of September 30, 2023, Exelon recorded a payable of \$22 million and \$509 million in Other current liabilities and Other deferred credits and other liabilities, respectively, in the Consolidated Balance Sheet for tax attribute carryforwards that are expected to be utilized and reimbursed to Constellation.

Corporate Alternative Minimum Tax (All Registrants)

On August 16, 2022, the IRA was signed into law and implements a new corporate alternative minimum tax (CAMT) that imposes a 15.0% tax on modified GAAP net income. Corporations are entitled to a tax credit (minimum tax credit) to the extent the CAMT liability exceeds the regular tax liability. This amount can be carried forward indefinitely and used in future years when regular tax exceeds the CAMT.

Note 7 — Income Taxes

Beginning in 2023, based on the existing statue, Exelon and each of the Utility Registrants will be subject to and will report the CAMT on a separate Registrant basis in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income and the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The deferred tax asset related to the minimum tax credit carryforward will be realized to the extent Exelon's consolidated deferred tax liabilities exceed the minimum tax credit carryforward. Exelon's deferred tax liabilities are expected to exceed the minimum tax credit carryforward for the foreseeable future and thus no valuation allowance is required. Exelon is continuing to assess the financial statement impacts of the IRA and will update estimates based on future guidance issued by the U.S. Treasury.

Long-Term Marginal State Income Tax Rate (Exelon)

In the third quarter of 2023, Exelon updated its marginal state income tax rates for changes in state apportionment. The changes in marginal rates in the third quarter of 2023 resulted in a decrease of \$54 million to the deferred tax liability at Exelon, and a corresponding adjustment to income tax expense, net of federal taxes.

Allocation of Tax Benefits (All Registrants)

The Utility Registrants are party to an agreement with Exelon that provides for the allocation of consolidated tax liabilities and benefits (Tax Sharing Agreement). The Tax Sharing Agreement provides that each party is allocated an amount of tax similar to that which would be owed had the party been separately subject to tax. In addition, any net benefit attributable to Exelon is reallocated to the Utility Registrants. That allocation is treated as a contribution to capital from Exelon to the party receiving the benefit.

The following table presents the allocation of tax benefits from Exelon under the Tax Sharing Agreement, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022.

	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
September 30, 2023	\$ 13	\$ 19	\$ _	\$ 10	\$ 4	\$ _	\$ 2
September 30, 2022	\$ 1	\$ 47	\$ —	\$ 28	23	\$ 3	2

8. Retirement Benefits (All Registrants)

Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB

The majority of the 2023 pension benefit cost for the Exelon-sponsored plans is calculated using an expected long-term rate of return on plan assets of 7.00% and a discount rate of 5.53%. The majority of the 2023 OPEB cost is calculated using an expected long-term rate of return on plan assets of 6.50% for funded plans and a discount rate of 5.51%.

During the first quarter of 2023, Exelon received an updated valuation of its pension and OPEB to reflect actual census data as of January 1, 2023. This valuation resulted in an increase to the pension obligation of \$27 million and an increase to the OPEB obligation of \$2 million. Additionally, AOCI increased by \$10 million (after-tax) and regulatory assets and liabilities increased by \$18 million and \$1 million, respectively.

A portion of the net periodic benefit cost for all plans is capitalized within the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The following table presents the components of Exelon's net periodic benefit costs, prior to capitalization, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.



Note 8 — Retirement Benefits

	Pension Benefits				OPEB				
	Three Months Ended September 30,					Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2023			2022		2023		2022	
Components of net periodic benefit cost									
Service cost	\$	39	\$	58	\$	6	\$	10	
Interest cost		145		110		25		19	
Expected return on assets		(189)		(205)		(21)		(25)	
Amortization of:									
Prior service cost (credit)		1		1		(2)		(5)	
Actuarial loss		41		73		_		4	
Settlement charges		18		_		_		_	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	55	\$	37	\$	8	\$	3	

		Pension Benefits				OPEB			
	N	Nine Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended Sept		
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Components of net periodic benefit cost									
Service cost	\$	116	\$	177	\$	18	\$	30	
Interest cost		434		330		76		57	
Expected return on assets		(566)		(619)		(63)		(75)	
Amortization of:									
Prior service cost (credit)		2		3		(7)		(15)	
Actuarial loss (gain)		125		222		(1)		12	
Settlement charges		18		_		_		_	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	129	\$	113	\$	23	\$	9	

The amounts below represent the Registrants' allocated pension and OPEB costs. For Exelon, the service cost component is included in Operating and maintenance expense and Property, plant, and equipment, net while the non-service cost components are included in Other, net and Regulatory assets. For the Utility Registrants, which apply multi-employer accounting, the service cost and non-service cost components are included in Operating and maintenance expense and Property, plant, and equipment, net in their consolidated financial statements.

Note 8 — Retirement Benefits

	Three Months En	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Pension and OPEB Costs (Benefit)	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Exelon	\$ 63	\$ 40	\$ 152	\$ 122	
ComEd	6	15	19	45	
PECO	(3)	(2)	(10)	(6)	
BGE	14	11	42	33	
PHI	25	13	74	39	
Рерсо	9	2	26	6	
DPL	4	1	13	3	
ACE	3	3	10	9	

Defined Contribution Savings Plan

The Registrants participate in a 401(k) defined contribution savings plan that is sponsored by Exelon. The plan is qualified under applicable sections of the IRC and allows employees to contribute a portion of their pre-tax and/or after-tax income in accordance with specified guidelines. All Registrants match a percentage of the employee contributions up to certain limits. The following table presents the employer contributions and employer matching contributions to the savings plan for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

	т	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
Savings Plan Employer Contributions		2023	2022		2023		2022
Exelon	\$	27	\$ 23	\$	74	\$	66
ComEd		12	11		31		29
PECO		3	3		10		9
BGE		3	2		8		7
PHI		5	4		13		11
Рерсо		1	1		3		3
DPL		1	1		3		3
ACE		1	1		2		2

9. Derivative Financial Instruments (All Registrants)

The Registrants use derivative instruments to manage commodity price risk and interest rate risk related to ongoing business operations. The Registrants do not execute derivatives for speculative or proprietary trading purposes.

Authoritative guidance requires that derivative instruments be recognized as either assets or liabilities at fair value, with changes in fair value of the derivative recognized in earnings immediately. Other accounting treatments are available through special election and designation, provided they meet specific, restrictive criteria both at the time of designation and on an ongoing basis. These alternative permissible accounting treatments include NPNS, cash flow hedges, and fair value hedges. At ComEd, derivative economic hedges related to commodities are recorded at fair value and offset by a corresponding regulatory asset or liability. At Exelon, derivative economic hedges related to interest rates are recorded at fair value and offsets are recorded to Electric operating revenues or Interest expense based on the activity the transaction is economically hedging. For all NPNS derivative instruments, accounts receivable or accounts payable are recorded when derivatives settle and revenue or expense is recognized in earnings as the underlying physical commodity is sold or consumed. At Exelon, derivative hedges that qualify and are designated as cash flow hedges are recorded at fair value and offsets are recorded to AOCI.

ComEd's use of cash collateral is generally unrestricted unless ComEd is downgraded below investment grade. Cash collateral held by PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE must be deposited in an unaffiliated major U.S. commercial bank or foreign bank with a U.S. branch office that meets certain qualifications.

Commodity Price Risk

The Registrants employ established policies and procedures to manage their risks associated with market fluctuations in commodity prices by entering into physical and financial derivative contracts, which are either determined to be non-derivative or classified as economic hedges. The Utility Registrants procure electric and natural gas supply through a competitive procurement process approved by each of the respective state utility commissions. The Utility Registrants' hedging programs are intended to reduce exposure to energy and natural gas price volatility and have no direct earnings impact as the costs are fully recovered from customers through regulatory-approved recovery mechanisms. The following table provides a summary of the Utility Registrants' primary derivative hedging instruments, listed by commodity and accounting treatment.

Registrant	Commodity	Accounting Treatment	Hedging Instrument
ComEd	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts based on all requirements in the IPA procurement plans.
	Electricity	Changes in fair value of economic hedge recorded to an offsetting regulatory asset or liability ^(a)	20-year floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts beginning June 2012 based on the renewable energy resource procurement requirements in the Illinois Settlement Legislation of approximately 1.3 million MWhs per year.
PECO	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for default supply requirements through full requirements contracts.
	Gas	NPNS	Fixed price contracts to cover about 10% of planned natural gas purchases in support of projected firm sales.
BGE	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all SOS requirements through full requirements contracts.
	Gas	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for between 10-20% of forecasted system supply requirements for flowing (i.e., non-storage) gas for the November through March period.
Рерсо	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all SOS requirements through full requirements contracts.
DPL	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all SOS requirements through full requirements contracts.
	Gas	NPNS	Fixed and index priced contracts through full requirements contracts.
	Gas	Changes in fair value of economic hedge recorded to an offsetting regulatory asset or liability $^{(\mathrm{b})}$	Exchange traded future contracts for up to 50% of estimated monthly purchase requirements each month, including purchases for storage injections.
ACE	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all BGS requirements through full requirements contracts.

(a) See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information.

(b) The fair value of the DPL economic hedge is not material at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

The fair value of derivative economic hedges is presented in Other current assets and current and noncurrent Mark-to-market derivative liabilities in Exelon's and ComEd's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Interest Rate and Other Risk (Exelon)

Exelon Corporate uses a combination of fixed-rate and variable-rate debt to manage interest rate exposure. Exelon Corporate may utilize interest rate derivatives to lock in rate levels in anticipation of future financings, which are typically designated as cash flow hedges. In addition, Exelon Corporate may also utilize interest rate swaps to manage interest rate exposure and manage potential fluctuations in Electric operating revenues at the corporate level in consolidation, which are directly correlated to yields on U.S. Treasury bonds under ComEd's distribution formula rate. These interest rate swaps are accounted for as economic hedges. A hypothetical 50

Note 9 — Derivative Financial Instruments

basis point change in the interest rates associated with Exelon's interest rate swaps as of September 30, 2023 would result in an immaterial impact to Exelon's Consolidated Net Income.

Below is a summary of the interest rate hedge balances at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

	September 30, 2023							
	s Designated g Instruments	Economic Hedges		Total				
Other current assets	\$ _	\$ 3	\$	3				
Other deferred debits (noncurrent assets)	41	_		41				
Total derivative assets	41	3		44				
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities (current liabilities)	_	(23)		(23)				
Total mark-to-market derivative liabilities	_	(23)		(23)				
Total mark-to-market derivative net assets (liabilities)	\$ 41	\$ (20)	\$	21				

	December 31, 2022							
	es Designated g Instruments	Economic Hedges	Total					
Other deferred debits (noncurrent assets)	\$ 6	\$ 5	\$ 11					
Total derivative assets	6	5	11					
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities (current liabilities)	 _	(3)	(3)					
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities (noncurrent liabilities)	(4)	_	(4)					
Total mark-to-market derivative liabilities	 (4)	(3)	(7)					
Total mark-to-market derivative net assets	\$ 2	\$2	\$ 4					

Cash Flow Hedges (Interest Rate Risk)

For derivative instruments that qualify and are designated as cash flow hedges, the changes in fair value each period are initially recorded in AOCI and reclassified into earnings when the underlying transaction affects earnings. In January 2023, Exelon Corporate entered into \$115 million notional of 5-year maturity floating-to-fixed swaps and \$115 million notional of 10-year maturity floating-to-fixed swaps, for a total of \$230 million designated as cash flow hedges. In February 2023, Exelon terminated the previously issued floating-to-fixed swaps with a total notional of \$1.5 billion upon issuance of \$2.5 billion of debt. See Note 10 – Debt and Credit Agreements for additional information on the debt issuance. Prior to the termination, the AOCI derivative gain was \$7 million (net of tax). The settlements resulted in a cash receipt of \$10 million, which is being amortized into Interest expense in Exelon's Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income over the 5-year and 10-year terms of the swaps.

Since the termination in February 2023, Exelon has entered into additional floating-to-fixed swaps. The following table provides the notional amounts outstanding held by Exelon at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

	Septem	ber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
5-year maturity floating-to-fixed swaps	\$	390	\$ 635
10-year maturity floating-to-fixed swaps		390	635
Total	\$	780	\$ 1,270

The related AOCI derivative gain for the three and nine months ended as of September 30, 2023 was \$22 million and \$31 million (net of tax). See Note 14 – Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) for additional information.

Economic Hedges (Interest Rate and Other Risk)



Exelon Corporate executes derivative instruments to mitigate exposure to fluctuations in interest rates but for which the fair value or cash flow hedge elections were not made. For derivatives intended to serve as economic hedges, fair value is recorded on the balance sheet and changes in fair value each period are recognized in earnings or as a regulatory asset or liability, if regulatory requirements are met, each period.

Exelon Corporate enters into floating-to-fixed interest rate cap swaps to manage a portion of interest rate exposure in connection with existing borrowings. In the fourth quarter of 2022, Exelon Corporate entered into \$1 billion notional of 18-month maturity floating-to-fixed interest rate cap swaps and \$850 million notional of 6-month maturity floating-to-fixed interest rate cap swaps, for a total of \$1.85 billion notional of floating-to-fixed interest rate cap swaps as of December 31, 2022. The 6-month maturity floating-to-fixed interest rate cap swaps of \$850 million notional matured in March 2023. Exelon receives payments on the interest rate cap when the floating rate exceeds the fixed rate. Settlements received are immaterial as of September 30, 2023.

Additionally, to manage potential fluctuations in Electric operating revenues related to ComEd's distribution formula rate, Exelon Corporate enters into 30-year constant maturity treasury interest rate (Corporate 30-year treasury) swaps.

The following table provides the notional amounts outstanding held by Exelon at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Hedging Instrument	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Interest rate cap swaps	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,850
Constant maturity treasury interest rate swaps	4,875	500
Total	\$ 5,875	\$ 2,350

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, Exelon Corporate recognized the following net pre-tax mark-to-market (losses) which are also recognized in Net fair value changes related to derivatives in Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Exelon had no swaps for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022.

		Ended September , 2023		inded September 30, 2023
Income Statement Location	(Los	s) Gain	(Lo	oss) Gain
Electric operating revenues	\$	(16)	\$	(21)
Interest expense		_		1
Total	\$	(16)	\$	(20)

Credit Risk

The Registrants would be exposed to credit-related losses in the event of non-performance by counterparties on executed derivative instruments. The credit exposure of derivative contracts, before collateral, is represented by the fair value of contracts at the reporting date. The Utility Registrants have contracts to procure electric and natural gas supply that provide suppliers with a certain amount of unsecured credit. If the exposure on the supply contract exceeds the amount of unsecured credit, the suppliers may be required to post collateral. The net credit exposure is mitigated primarily by the ability to recover procurement costs through customer rates. The amount of cash collateral received from external counterparties decreased as of September 30, 2023 due to decreasing energy prices. The following table reflects the Registrants' cash collateral held from external counterparties, which is recorded in Other current liabilities on their respective Consolidated Balance Sheets, at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

Note 9 — Derivative Financial Instruments

	September 30, 202	3	December 31, 2022
Exelon	\$	112	\$ 297
ComEd		105	77
PECO ^(a)		—	_
BGE		1	23
РНІ		6	197
Pepco ^(b)		—	26
DPL		1	121
ACE		5	50

(a) PECO had less than one million in cash collateral held with external parties at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

(b) Pepco had less than one million in cash collateral held with external parties at September 30, 2023.

The Utility Registrants' electric supply procurement contracts do not contain provisions that would require them to post collateral. PECO's, BGE's, and DPL's natural gas procurement contracts contain provisions that could require PECO, BGE, and DPL to post collateral in the form of cash or credit support, which vary by contract and counterparty, with thresholds contingent upon PECO's, BGE's, and DPL's credit rating. As of September 30, 2023, PECO, BGE, and DPL were not required to post collateral for any of these agreements. If PECO, BGE, or DPL lost their investment grade credit rating as of September 30, 2023, they could have been required to post collateral to their counterparties of \$20 million, \$30 million, and \$9 million, respectively.

10. Debt and Credit Agreements (All Registrants)

Short-Term Borrowings

Exelon Corporate, ComEd, and BGE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper. PECO meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. Pepco, DPL, and ACE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the PHI intercompany money pool. PHI Corporate meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of short-term notes and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. PHI corporate meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of short-term notes and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. The Registrants may use their respective credit facilities for general corporate purposes, including meeting short-term funding requirements and the issuance of letters of credit.

Commercial Paper

The following table reflects the Registrants' commercial paper programs supported by the revolving credit agreements at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

	Οι	utstanding Pap	Comi Oer at	mercial	Average Inte Commercial Pap	
Commercial Paper Issuer	September 30, 2	2023		December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Exelon ^(a)	\$	820	\$	1,938	5.44 %	4.77 %
ComEd		277		427	5.42 %	4.71 %
PECO		_		239	— %	4.71 %
BGE		59		409	5.43 %	4.81 %
PHI ^(b)		173		414	5.47 %	4.78 %
Рерсо		—		299	— %	4.79 %
DPL		—		115	— %	4.76 %
ACE		173		—	5.47 %	— %



(a) Exelon Corporate had \$311 million and \$449 million in outstanding commercial paper borrowings at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

(b) Represents the consolidated amounts of Pepco, DPL, and ACE.

Revolving Credit Agreements

Exelon Corporate and the Utility Registrants each have a 5-year revolving credit facility. The following table reflects the credit agreements:

Borrower	Ag	gregate Bank Commitment	Interest Rate
Exelon Corporate	\$	900	SOFR plus 1.275 %
ComEd		1,000	SOFR plus 1.000 %
PECO		600	SOFR plus 0.900 %
BGE		600	SOFR plus 0.900 %
Рерсо		300	SOFR plus 1.075 %
DPL		300	SOFR plus 1.000 %
ACE		300	SOFR plus 1.075 %

Exelon Corporate and the Utility Registrants had no outstanding amounts on the revolving credit facilities as of September 30, 2023.

The Utility Registrants have credit facility agreements, arranged at minority and community banks, which are solely utilized to issue letters of credit. The facility agreements have aggregate commitments of \$40 million, \$15 million, \$15 million, \$15 million, and \$15 million, at ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, respectively. These facilities expire on October 4, 2024.

See Note 16 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information on the Registrants' credit facilities.

Short-Term Loan Agreements

On March 23, 2017, Exelon Corporate entered into a term loan agreement for \$500 million. The loan agreement was renewed in the first quarter of 2023 and was bifurcated into two tranches of \$300 million on March 14, 2023 and \$200 million on March 24, 2023. The agreements will expire on March 14, 2024 and March 22, 2024, respectively. Pursuant to the loan agreements, loans made thereunder bear interest at a variable rate equal to SOFR plus 0.90% and all indebtedness thereunder is unsecured. The loan agreement is reflected in Exelon's Consolidated Balance Sheets within Short-term borrowings.

On October 4, 2022, ComEd entered into a 364-day term loan agreement for \$150 million with a variable rate equal to SOFR plus 0.75% and an expiration date of October 3, 2023. The proceeds from this loan were used to repay outstanding commercial paper obligations. The balance of the loan was repaid on January 13, 2023 in conjunction with the \$400 million and \$575 million First Mortgage Bond agreements that were entered into on January 3, 2023. Refer to the Issuance of Long-Term Debt table below for further information.

On May 9, 2023, ComEd entered into a 364-day term loan agreement for \$400 million with a variable rate equal to SOFR plus 1.00% and an expiration date of May 7, 2024. The proceeds from this loan were used to repay outstanding commercial paper obligations and for general corporate purposes. The loan agreement is reflected in Exelon's and ComEd's Consolidated Balance Sheets within Short-term borrowings.

Long-Term Debt

Issuance of Long-Term Debt

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the following long-term debt was issued:

Company	Туре	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount	Use of Proceeds
Exelon	Notes	5.15%	March 15, 2028	\$1,000	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Exelon	Notes	5.30%	March 15, 2033	850	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Exelon	Notes	5.60%	March 15, 2053	650	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
ComEd	First Mortgage Bonds, Series 134	4.90%	February 1, 2033	400	Repay outstanding commercial paper obligations and to fund other general corporate purposes.
ComEd	First Mortgage Bonds Series 135	5.30%	February 1, 2053	575	Repay outstanding commercial paper obligations and to fund other general corporate purposes.
PECO	First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds	4.90%	June 15, 2033	575	Refinance existing indebtedness, refinance outstanding commercial paper obligations, and for general corporate purposes.
BGE	Notes	5.40%	June 1, 2053	700	Repay outstanding commercial paper obligations, repay existing indebtedness, and for general corporate purposes.
Рерсо	First Mortgage Bonds	5.30%	March 15, 2033	85	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Рерсо	First Mortgage Bonds	5.40%	March 15, 2038	40	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Рерсо	First Mortgage Bonds	5.57%	March 15, 2053	125	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Рерсо	First Mortgage Bonds	5.35%	September 13, 2033	100	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
DPL ^(a)	First Mortgage Bonds	5.30%	March 15, 2033	60	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
DPL	First Mortgage Bonds	5.57%	March 15, 2053	65	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
ACE	First Mortgage Bonds	5.57%	March 15, 2053	75	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.

(a) On March 15, 2023, DPL entered into a purchase agreement of First Mortgage Bonds of \$340 million, \$75 million, and \$110 million at 5.45%, 5.55% and 5.72% due on November 8, 2033, November 8, 2038, and November 8, 2053, respectively. The closing date of the issuance is expected to occur in November 2023.

Debt Covenants

As of September 30, 2023, the Registrants are in compliance with debt covenants.

Note 11 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

11. Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities (All Registrants)

Exelon measures and classifies fair value measurements in accordance with the hierarchy as defined by GAAP. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Registrants have the ability to liquidate as of the reporting date.
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are directly observable for the asset or liability or indirectly observable through corroboration with observable market data.
- Level 3 unobservable inputs, such as internally developed pricing models or third-party valuations for the asset or liability due to little or no
 market activity for the asset or liability.

Exelon's valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of the assets and liabilities shown in the tables below are in accordance with the policies discussed in Note 17 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities of the 2022 Form 10-K.

Fair Value of Financial Liabilities Recorded at Amortized Cost

The following tables present the carrying amounts and fair values of the Registrants' short-term liabilities, long-term debt, and trust preferred securities (long-term debt to financing trusts or junior subordinated debentures) as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. The Registrants have no financial liabilities measured using the NAV practical expedient.

The carrying amounts of the Registrants' short-term liabilities as presented in their Consolidated Balance Sheets are representative of their fair value (Level 2) because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

				Se	eptem	ber 30, 202	23					Dece	mber 31, 202	22		
	c	arrying				Fair	Value			 Carrying			Fair	Value	•	
		Amount	L	evel 1	L	_evel 2	L	_evel 3	Total	Amount	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Total
Long-Term D	ebt, includ	ing amo	unts d	ue with	in or	ne year ^{(a})									
Exelon	\$	41,085	\$	_	\$	31,584	\$	2,675	\$ 34,259	\$ 37,074	\$ _	\$	29,902	\$	2,327	\$ 32,229
ComEd		11,484		_		9,343		_	9,343	10,518	_		9,006		_	9,006
PECO		5,133		_		4,110		—	4,110	4,612	_		3,864		50	3,914
BGE		4,601		_		3,735		_	3,735	4,207	_		3,613		_	3,613
PHI		8,637		_		4,352		2,675	7,027	8,120	_		4,507		2,277	6,784
Рерсо		4,095		_		2,129		1,473	3,602	3,751	_		2,229		1,205	3,434
DPL		2,060		_		1,126		543	1,669	1,938	_		1,164		458	1,622
ACE		1,833		_		893		659	1,552	1,757	_		909		614	1,523
Long-Term D	ebt to Fina	ncing Tr	usts													
Exelon	\$	390	\$	_	\$	_	\$	384	\$ 384	\$ 390	\$ _	\$	_	\$	384	\$ 384
ComEd		205				_		206	206	205	_		_		204	204
PECO		184		_		_		179	179	184	_		_		180	180

(a) Includes unamortized debt issuance costs, unamortized debt discount and premium, net, purchase accounting fair value adjustments, and finance lease liabilities which are not fair valued. Refer to Note 16 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the 2022 Form 10-K for unamortized debt issuance costs, unamortized debt discount and premium, net, and purchase accounting fair value adjustments and Note 10 — Leases of the 2022 Form 10-K for finance lease liabilities.

Note 11 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following tables present assets and liabilities measured and recorded at fair value in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets on a recurring basis and their level within the fair value hierarchy at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. The Registrants have no financial assets or liabilities measured using the NAV practical expedient:

Exelon

				At Septem	ber 30	, 2023				At Decemi	oer 31	, 2022	
	Le	vel 1	L	_evel 2	I	_evel 3	Total	L	evel 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total
Assets													
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$	649	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 649	\$	664	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 664
Rabbi trust investments													
Cash equivalents		66		—		—	66		62	—		—	62
Mutual funds		53		_		_	53		49	_		_	49
Fixed income		_		7		_	7		_	7		_	7
Life insurance contracts		—		60		42	102		_	58		40	98
Rabbi trust investments subtotal		119		67		42	 228		111	 65		40	216
Interest rate derivative assets													
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments		_		41		—	41		_	6		—	6
Economic hedges		_		3		_	3		_	5		_	5
Interest rate derivative assets subtotal		_		44		_	 44			 11		_	11
Total assets		768		111		42	 921		775	 76		40	 891
Liabilities													
Commodity derivative liabilities		_		_		(134)	(134)		_	_		(84)	(84)
Interest rate derivative liabilities													
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments		_		_		_	_		—	(4)		—	(4)
Economic hedges		_		(23)		_	(23)		_	(3)		_	(3)
Interest rate derivative liabilities subtotal		_		(23)		_	(23)		_	 (7)		_	(7)
Deferred compensation obligation		_		(69)		_	 (69)		_	 (75)		_	(75)
Total liabilities		_		(92)		(134)	 (226)			 (82)		(84)	(166)
Total net assets (liabilities)	\$	768	\$	19	\$	(92)	\$ 695	\$	775	\$ (6)	\$	(44)	\$ 725

(a) Exelon excludes cash of \$188 million and \$345 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and restricted cash of \$110 million and \$81 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and includes long-term restricted cash of \$212 million and \$117 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, which is reported in Other deferred debits and other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Note 11 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

ComEd, PECO, and BGE

				Cor	nEd							PE	со							в	GE			
At September 30, 2023	Le	evel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	vel 3	Т	otal	Lev	vel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	vel 3	1	otal	Lev	/el 1	Lev	el 2	Le	evel 3	т	otal
Assets																								
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$	491	\$	—	\$	—	\$	491	\$	29	\$	—	\$	—	\$	29	\$	2	\$	—	\$	—	\$	2
Rabbi trust investments																								
Mutual funds		—		—		—		—		9		—		—		9		9		-		—		9
Life insurance contracts		—		—		—		—		—		17		—		17		—		—		—		—
Rabbi trust investments subtotal		_		_		_		_		9		17		_		26		9		_		_		9
Total assets	_	491		_		_		491		38		17	_	_		55		11		_		_		11
Liabilities									-										-					
Commodity derivative liabilities ^(b)		_		_		(134)		(134)		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		—
Deferred compensation obligation		—		(7)		—		(7)		—		(8)		—		(8)		—		(4)		—		(4)
Total liabilities		_		(7)		(134)		(141)		_		(8)		_		(8)		_		(4)		_		(4)
Total net assets (liabilities)	\$	491	\$	(7)	\$	(134)	\$	350	\$	38	\$	9	\$	_	\$	47	\$	11	\$	(4)	\$	_	\$	7

				Cor	nEd							PE	со							в	GE			
At December 31, 2022	Le	evel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	vel 3	Тс	otal	Lev	vel 1	L	evel 2	L	evel 3	То	tal	Le	vel 1	Lev	el 2	L	evel 3	Т	Total
Assets																								
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$	392	\$	-	\$	—	\$	392	\$	10	\$	—	\$	—	\$	10	\$	23	\$	—	\$	—	\$	23
Rabbi trust investments																								
Mutual funds		—		-		—		—		7		—		—		7		7		—		—		7
Life insurance contracts		—		—		—		—		—		15		—		15		—		—		—		—
Rabbi trust investments subtotal		_		_		_		_		7		15		_		22		7		_		_		7
Total assets		392		_		_		392		17		15		_		32		30		_		_		30
Liabilities																								
Commodity derivative liabilities ^(b)		—		—		(84)		(84)		_		_		_		—		_		—		_		—
Deferred compensation obligation		—		(8)		—		(8)		—		(7)		—		(7)		—		(4)		—		(4)
Total liabilities		_		(8)		(84)		(92)		_		(7)		_		(7)		—		(4)		_		(4)
Total net assets (liabilities)	\$	392	\$	(8)	\$	(84)	\$	300	\$	17	\$	8	\$	_	\$	25	\$	30	\$	(4)	\$	—	\$	26

(a) ComEd excludes cash of \$55 million and \$42 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and restricted cash of \$105 million and \$77 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Additionally, ComEd includes long-term restricted cash of \$212 million and \$117 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, which is reported in Other deferred debits and other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. PECO excludes cash of \$23 million and \$43 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. BGE excludes cash of \$13 million and \$43 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and restricted cash of \$1 million and \$1 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

(b) The Level 3 balance consists of the current and noncurrent liability of \$21 million and \$113 million, respectively, at September 30, 2023 and \$5 million and \$79 million, respectively, at December 31, 2022 related to floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers.

Note 11 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE

		_				A	t Sept	ember	30, 202	3								At Decer	nber	31, 202	2			
РНІ		-	L	evel 1.		Lev	/el 2		Leve	el 3		Total		Le	evel 1		Le	vel 2		Leve	el 3		Tota	al
Assets																								
Cash equivalents ^(a)			\$	8	33	\$	_	- \$		—	\$	8	3 3	\$	20	5	\$	_	\$	5	—	\$		205
Rabbi trust investments																								
Cash equivalents				6	63		_	-		—		6	3		5	9		_			—			59
Mutual funds				1	LO		-	-		—		1	0		1	1					—			11
Fixed income				-	_			7		—			7		-	_		7			—			7
Life insurance contracts	S	_		-	_		2	1		40		6	1		-	_		22			39			61
Rabbi trust investmer subtotal	nts	_		7	73		2	8		40		14	1		7	0		29			39			138
Total assets		_		15	56		2	8		40		22	4		27	5		29	_		39			343
Liabilities		-											_			_			_					
Deferred compensation obli	igatio	n		-	_		(1	3)		—		(1	3)		-	_		(14)		—			(14)
Total liabilities		-		-	_		(1	3)		_		(1	3)		_	_		(14)		_			(14)
Total net assets			\$	15	56	\$	1	5 \$		40	\$	21	1 :	\$	27	5	\$	15	\$;	39	\$		329
		=			-	-		= =			_		= =			= :			= =					
	Lev	vel 1	Le		рсо	evel 3			Lev		Lev	DPL /el 2	Leve	913			Lev				CE	21 3	1	Total
At September 30, 2023	Lev	vel 1	Le	Pe evel 2	рсо	evel 3		otal	Lev	vel 1	Lev	DPL vel 2	Leve	el 3	Tot		Lev	vel 1		A evel 2	CE Leve	913		Fotal
At September 30, 2023	Lev \$	vel 1 22	Le \$		рсо	evel 3			Lev \$		Lev \$			el 3			Lev \$				-	213	 \$	Total 1
At September 30, 2023 Assets					pco L	evel 3	T	otal		vel 1		vel 2		el 3	Tot	al		vel 1	Le		Leve	el 3		
At September 30, 2023 Assets Cash equivalents ^(a)					pco L	evel 3 	T	otal		vel 1		vel 2		el 3	Tot	al		vel 1	Le		Leve	H 3 —		
At September 30, 2023 Assets Cash equivalents ^(a) Rabbi trust investments		22			pco L	evel 3 	T	otal 22		vel 1		vel 2		el 3 	Tot	al		vel 1	Le		Leve	el 3 —		
At September 30, 2023 Assets Cash equivalents ^(a) Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance		22		evel 2	pco L	-	T	otal 22 62		vel 1		vel 2		el 3 	Tot	al		vel 1	Le		Leve			
At September 30, 2023 Assets Cash equivalents ^(a) Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance contracts Rabbi trust		22 62 —		evel 2 — 21	pco L		T	otal 22 62 61		vel 1		vel 2		2 3 	Tot	al		vel 1	Le		Leve			
At September 30, 2023 Assets Cash equivalents ^(a) Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance contracts Rabbi trust investments subtotal		22 62 — 62			pco L		T	otal 22 62 61 123		vel 1 1 		vel 2			Tot	al		rel 1	Le		Leve	= 		1
At September 30, 2023 Assets Cash equivalents ^(a) Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance contracts Rabbi trust investments subtotal Total assets		22 62 — 62			pco L		T	otal 22 62 61 123 145		vel 1 1 		vel 2			Tot	al		rel 1	Le		Leve			1
At September 30, 2023 Assets Cash equivalents ^(a) Rabbi trust investments Cash equivalents Life insurance contracts Rabbi trust investments subtotal Total assets Liabilities Deferred compensation		22 62 — 62			pco L		T	otal 22 62 61 123		vel 1 1 		vel 2			Tot	al		rel 1	Le		Leve			1

Note 11 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

				Pe	рсо						D	PL			ACE								
At December 31, 2022	L	evel 1	Le	evel 2	Le	vel 3	Total	L	evel 1	Le	evel 2	Le	vel 3	Total	Le	vel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	vel 3	То	otal	
Assets							 																
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$	51	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 51	\$	121	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 121	\$	1	\$	—	\$	—	\$	1	
Rabbi trust investments																							
Cash equivalents		59		_		_	59		_		_		_	_		_		_		_		_	
Life insurance contracts		_		22		38	60		_		_		_	_		_		_		_		_	
Rabbi trust investments subtotal		59		22		38	 119		_		_		_	 _		_		_		_		_	
Total assets		110		22		38	 170		121		_		_	 121		1		_		_		1	
Liabilities							 																
Deferred compensation obligation		_		(1)		_	(1)		_		_		_	_		_		_		_		_	
Total liabilities		_		(1)		_	(1)		_		_		_	 _		_		_		_		_	
Total net assets	\$	110	\$	21	\$	38	\$ 169	\$	121	\$	_	\$		\$ 121	\$	1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1	

(a) PHI excludes cash of \$60 million and \$165 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and restricted cash of \$3 million and \$3 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and restricted cash of \$3 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and restricted cash of \$3 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, DPL excludes cash of \$5 million at September 30, 2023 and December 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. DPL excludes cash of \$5 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. DPL excludes cash of \$5 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. DPL excludes cash of \$5 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Reconciliation of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities

The following tables present the fair value reconciliation of Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Exelon	ComEd		PHI and Pepco
Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	 Total	 Commodity Derivatives	Life	nsurance Contracts
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ (91)	\$ (133)	\$	42
Total realized / unrealized gains (losses)				
Included in net income ^(a)	—	—		(2)
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities	(1)	(1) (b)		
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ (92)	\$ (134) _(C)	\$	40
The amount of total gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains related to assets and liabilities at September 30, 2023	\$ _	\$ _	\$	(2)
	Exelon	ComEd		PHI and Pepco
Three Months Ended September 30, 2022	 Total	 Commodity Derivatives	Life	nsurance Contracts
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ (50)	\$ (88)	\$	37
Total realized / unrealized gains (losses)				
Included in net income ^(a)	1	_		1
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities	45	45 ^(b)		
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ (4)	\$ (43) _(C)	\$	38
The amount of total gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains related to assets and liabilities at September 30, 2022	\$ 1	\$ 	\$	1
	Exelon	ComEd		PHI and Pepco
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023	 Total	 Commodity Derivatives	Life I	nsurance Contracts
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ (44)	\$ (84)	\$	40
Total realized / unrealized gains (losses)	. ,			
Included in net income ^(a)	2	_		_
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities	(50)	(50) ^(b)		_
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ (92)	\$ (134) _(c)	\$	40
The amount of total gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains related to assets and liabilities at September 30, 2023	\$ 2	\$ 	\$	

	Exelon	ComEd		PHI and Pepco
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022	 Total	 Commodity Derivatives	Life	Insurance Contracts
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ (182)	\$ (219)	\$	35
Total realized / unrealized gains (losses)				
Included in net income ^(a)	3	_		3
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities	176	176 (b)		—
Transfers out of Level 3	(1)	—		—
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ (4)	\$ (43) _(C)	\$	38
The amount of total gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gain related to assets and liabilities at September 30, 2022	\$ 3	\$ _	\$	3



Note 11 - Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

- (a) Classified in Operating and maintenance expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.
- (b) Includes \$5 million of decreases in fair value and an increase for realized gains due to settlements of \$4 million recorded in Purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the three months ended September 30, 2023. Includes \$51 million of increases in fair value and a decrease for realized gains due to settlements of \$6 million recorded in Purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the three months ended September 30, 2023. Includes \$51 million of increases in fair value and a decrease for realized gains due to settlements of \$6 million recorded in Purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Includes \$73 million recorded in Purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts of \$23 million recorded in Purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Includes \$179 million of increases in fair value and a decrease for realized losses due to settlements of \$3 million recorded in Purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.
- (c) The balance consists of a current and noncurrent liability of \$21 million and \$113 million, respectively, at September 30, 2023. The balance consists of \$24 million of current assets and current and noncurrent liability of none and \$67 million, respectively at September 30, 2022.

Commodity Derivatives (Exelon and ComEd)

The table below discloses the significant unobservable inputs to the forward curve used to value mark-to-market derivatives.

Type of trade	Fair Valı Septemb 2023	er 30,	Fair Valu Decembe 2022	r 31,	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	2023 Ra	nge &	& Arithmetic	: Average	2022 Rar	ige &	Arithmetic	c Average	
Commodity derivatives	\$	(134)	\$	(84)	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward power price ^(a)	\$30.13	-	\$72.72	\$42.77	\$34.78	-	\$75.71	\$48.44	

(a) An increase to the forward power price would increase the fair value.

12. Commitments and Contingencies (All Registrants)

The following is an update to the current status of commitments and contingencies set forth in Note 18 — Commitments and Contingencies of the 2022 Form 10-K.

Commitments

PHI Merger Commitments (Exelon, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE). Approval of the PHI Merger in Delaware, New Jersey, Maryland, and the District of Columbia was conditioned upon Exelon and PHI agreeing to certain commitments. The following amounts represent total commitment costs that have been recorded since the acquisition date and the total remaining obligations for Exelon, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE at September 30, 2023:

Description	E	elon	PHI	Рерсо	DPL	ACE
Total commitments	\$	513	\$ 320	\$ 120	\$ 89	\$ 111
Remaining commitments ^(a)		42	39	34	3	2

(a) Remaining commitments extend through 2026 and include escrow funds, charitable contributions, and rate credits.

Note 12 — Commitments and Contingencies

Commercial Commitments (All Registrants). The Registrants' commercial commitments at September 30, 2023, representing commitments potentially triggered by future events were as follows:

			Expiration within											
		Total		2023		2024		2025		2026		2027		028 and beyond
Exelon														Jojona
Letters of credit	\$	20	\$	9	\$	11	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	_
Surety bonds ^(a)		207		85		122		_		_				
Financing trust guarantees		378		_		_		_		_		_		378
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)		29		—		4		6		5		4		10
Total commercial commitments	\$	634	\$	94	\$	137	\$	6	\$	5	\$	4	\$	388
ComEd														
Letters of credit	\$	12	\$	6	\$	6	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Surety bonds ^(a)		46		5		41		_		_		_		_
Financing trust guarantees		200		—		—		—		—		—		200
Total commercial commitments	\$	258	\$	11	\$	47	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	200
PECO														
Letters of credit	\$	1	\$	_	\$	1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Surety bonds ^(a)	+	2	+	_	-	2	+	_	+	_	-	_	+	_
Financing trust guarantees		178				_		_				_		178
Total commercial commitments	\$	181	\$		\$	3	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	178
			-				-		_					
BGE														
Letters of credit	\$	4	\$	2	\$	2	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	
Surety bonds ^(a)		3		1		2		_		_		_		_
Total commercial commitments	\$	7	\$	3	\$	4	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
PHI														
Surety bonds ^(a)	\$	97	\$	75	\$	22	\$		\$		\$		\$	_
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)	Ŧ	29	+	_	Ŧ	4		6	Ŧ	5	Ť	4	•	10
Total commercial commitments	\$	126	\$	75	\$	26	\$	6	\$	5	\$	4	\$	10
Рерсо														
Surety bonds ^(a)	\$	85	\$	71	\$	14	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)		10		_		1		3		2		1		3
Total commercial commitments	\$	95	\$	71	\$	15	\$	3	\$	2	\$	1	\$	3
DPL														
Surety bonds ^(a)	\$	7	\$	2	\$	5	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)		12		—		2		2		2		2		4
Total commercial commitments	\$	19	\$	2	\$	7	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	4
ACE														
Surety bonds ^(a)	\$	5	\$	2	\$	3	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)		7		_		1		1		1		1		3
Total commercial commitments	\$	12	\$	2	\$	4	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	3
			-		-		-		_		-		_	

(a) Surety bonds — Guarantees issued related to contract and commercial agreements, excluding bid bonds.

Note 12 — Commitments and Contingencies

(b) Represents the maximum potential obligation in the event that the fair value of certain leased equipment and fleet vehicles is zero at the end of the maximum lease term. The lease term associated with these assets ranges from 1 to 9 years. The maximum potential obligation at the end of the minimum lease term would be \$66 million guaranteed by Exelon and PHI, of which \$22 million, \$26 million, and \$18 million is guaranteed by Pepco, DPL, and ACE, respectively. Historically, payments under the guarantees have not been made and PHI believes the likelihood of payments being required under the guarantees is remote.

Environmental Remediation Matters

General (All Registrants). The Registrants' operations have in the past, and may in the future, require substantial expenditures to comply with environmental laws. Additionally, under federal and state environmental laws, the Registrants are generally liable for the costs of remediating environmental contamination of property now or formerly owned by them and of property contaminated by hazardous substances generated by them. The Registrants own or lease a number of real estate parcels, including parcels on which their operations or the operations of others may have resulted in contamination by substances that are considered hazardous under environmental laws. In addition, the Registrants are currently involved in a number of proceedings relating to sites where hazardous substances have been deposited and may be subject to additional proceedings in the future. Unless otherwise disclosed, the Registrants cannot reasonably estimate whether they will incur significant liabilities for additional investigation and remediation costs at these or additional sites identified by the Registrants, environmental agencies or others, or whether such costs will be recoverable from third parties, including customers. Additional costs could have a material, unfavorable impact on the Registrants' financial statements.

MGP Sites (All Registrants). ComEd, PECO, BGE, and DPL have identified sites where former MGP or gas purification activities have or may have resulted in actual site contamination. For some sites, there are additional PRPs that may share responsibility for the ultimate remediation of each location.

- ComEd has 19 sites that are currently under some degree of active study and/or remediation. ComEd expects the majority of the remediation at these sites to continue through at least 2031.
- PECO has 6 sites that are currently under some degree of active study and/or remediation. PECO expects the majority of the remediation at these
 sites to continue through at least 2025.
- BGE has 4 sites that currently require some level of remediation and/or ongoing activity. BGE expects the majority of the remediation at these sites to continue through at least 2025.
- DPL has 1 site that is currently under study and the required cost at the site is not expected to be material.

The historical nature of the MGP and gas purification sites and the fact that many of the sites have been buried and built over, impacts the ability to determine a precise estimate of the ultimate costs prior to initial sampling and determination of the exact scope and method of remedial activity. Management determines its best estimate of remediation costs using all available information at the time of each study, including probabilistic and deterministic modeling for ComEd and PECO, and the remediation standards currently required by the applicable state environmental agency. Prior to completion of any significant clean up, each site remediation plan is approved by the appropriate state environmental agency.

ComEd, pursuant to an ICC order, and PECO, pursuant to a PAPUC order, are currently recovering environmental remediation costs of former MGP facility sites through customer rates. While BGE and DPL do not have riders for MGP clean-up costs, they have historically received recovery of actual clean-up costs in distribution rates.

During the third quarter of 2023, ComEd and PECO completed an annual study of their future estimated MGP remediation requirements. The study resulted in a \$25 million increase to the environmental liability and related regulatory asset for ComEd. The increase was primarily due to increased costs resulting from inflation and changes in remediation plans. The study did not result in a material change to the environmental liability for PECO.

Note 12 — Commitments and Contingencies

At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Registrants had accrued the following undiscounted amounts for environmental liabilities in Accrued expenses, Other current liabilities, and Other deferred credits and other liabilities in their respective Consolidated Balance Sheets:

	Septemb	er 30, 2	2023		022		
	 Total environmental investigation and remediation liabilities		Portion of total related to MGP investigation and remediation		Total environmental investigation and remediation liabilities		Portion of total related to MGP investigation and remediation
Exelon	\$ 434	\$	345	\$	409	\$	355
ComEd	312		311		325		324
PECO	28		26		25		23
BGE	9		8		9		8
PHI	82		_		46		—
Рерсо	80		_		44		_
DPL	1		_		1		—
ACE	1		_		1		_

Benning Road Site (Exelon, PHI, and Pepco). In September 2010, PHI received a letter from EPA identifying the Benning Road site as one of six land-based sites potentially contributing to contamination of the lower Anacostia River. A portion of the site, which is owned by Pepco, was formerly the location of an electric generating facility owned by Pepco subsidiary, Pepco Energy Services (PES), which became a part of Generation, following the 2016 merger between PHI and Exelon. This generating facility was deactivated in June 2012. The remaining portion of the site consists of a Pepco transmission and distribution service center that remains in operation. In December 2011, the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia approved a Consent Decree entered into by Pepco and Pepco Energy Services (hereinafter "Pepco Entities") with the DOEE, which requires the Pepco Entities to conduct a Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) for the Benning Road site and an approximately 10 to 15-acre portion of the adjacent Anacostia River. The purpose of this RI/FS is to define the nature and extent of contamination from the Benning Road site and to evaluate remedial alternatives.

Pursuant to an internal agreement between the Pepco Entities, since 2013, Pepco has performed the work required by the Consent Decree and has been reimbursed for that work by an agreed upon allocation of costs between the Pepco Entities. In September 2019, the Pepco Entities issued a draft "final" RI report which DOEE approved on February 3, 2020. The Pepco Entities are completing a FS to evaluate possible remedial alternatives for submission to DOEE. In October 2022, DOEE approved dividing the work to complete the landside portion of the FS from the waterside portion to expedite the overall schedule for completion of the project. It is currently anticipated that the landside FS will be complete and approved by DOEE by the end of the first quarter of 2024 and the waterside FS will be complete and approved by DOEE by the end of the first quarter of 2024 and the waterside FS will be complete and approved by DOEE by the end of the first quarter of 2024 and the waterside FS will be complete and approved by DOEE by the end of Decision (ROD) identifying the remedial actions determined to be necessary for the area in question. On October 3, 2023, DOEE and Pepco entered into an addendum to the Benning Consent Decree has been lodged with the court. Following a 30-day public comment period, DOEE will request that the court approve this addendum to the Consent Decree, which will become effective upon the court's approval.

As part of the separation between Exelon and Constellation in February 2022, the internal agreement between the Pepco Entities for completion and payment for the remaining Consent Decree work was memorialized in a formal agreement for post-separation activities. A second post-separation assumption agreement between Exelon and Constellation transferred any of the potential remaining remediation liability, if any, of PES/Generation to a non-utility subsidiary of Exelon which going forward will be responsible for those liabilities. Exelon, PHI, and Pepco have determined that a loss associated with this matter is probable and have accrued an estimated liability, which is included in the table above.

Anacostia River Tidal Reach (Exelon, PHI, and Pepco). Contemporaneous with the Benning Road site RI/FS being performed by the Pepco Entities, DOEE and NPS have been conducting a separate RI/FS focused on the entire tidal reach of the Anacostia River extending from just north of the Maryland-District of Columbia boundary

Note 12 — Commitments and Contingencies

line to the confluence of the Anacostia and Potomac Rivers. The river-wide RI incorporated the results of the river sampling performed by the Pepco Entities as part of the Benning RI/FS, as well as similar sampling efforts conducted by owners of other sites adjacent to this segment of the river and supplemental river sampling conducted by DOEE's contractor.

On September 30, 2020, DOEE released its Interim ROD for the Anacostia River sediments. The Interim ROD reflects an adaptive management approach which will require several identified "hot spots" in the river to be addressed first while continuing to conduct studies and to monitor the river to evaluate improvements and determine potential future remediation plans. The adaptive management process chosen by DOEE is less intrusive, provides more long-term environmental certainty, is less costly, and allows for site specific remediation plans already underway, including the plan for the Benning Road site to proceed to conclusion.

On July 15, 2022, Pepco received a letter from the District of Columbia's Office of the Attorney General (D.C. OAG) on behalf of DOEE conveying a settlement offer to resolve all PRPs' liability to the District of Columbia (District) for their past costs and their anticipated future costs to complete the work for the Interim ROD. Pepco responded on July 27, 2022 to enter into settlement discussions. On October 3, 2023, Pepco and the District entered into another consent decree (the "Anacostia River Consent Decree") pursuant to which Pepco agreed to pay \$47 million to resolve its liability to the District for all past costs to perform the river-wide RI/FS and all future costs to complete the work required by the Interim ROD. This amount will be paid in four equal annual installments beginning a year after the effective date of the Anacostia River Consent Decree. The funds will be deposited into the DOEE's Clean Land Fund for the District's costs of the Interim ROD work. The Anacostia River Consent Decree caps Pepco's liability for these costs and provides Pepco with the right to seek contribution from other potentially responsible parties. The Anacostia River Consent Decree has been filed with the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia. Following a 30-day public comment period, the District will ask the court to approve the Anacostia River Consent Decree, which will become effective upon the court's approval. Exelon, PHI, and Pepco have accrued a liability for Pepco's payment obligations under the Anacostia Consent Decree and management's best estimate of its share of any other future Anacostia River response costs. Pepco has concluded that incremental exposure remains reasonably possible, but management cannot reasonably estimate a range of loss beyond the amounts recorded, which are included in the table above.

In addition to the activities associated with the remedial process outlined above, CERCLA separately requires federal and state (here including Washington, D.C.) Natural Resource Trustees (federal or state agencies designated by the President or the relevant state, respectively, or Indian tribes) to conduct an assessment of any damages to natural resources within their jurisdiction as a result of the contamination that is being remediated. The Trustees can seek compensation from responsible parties for such damages, including restoration costs. During the second quarter of 2018, Pepco became aware that the Trustees are in the beginning stages of a NRD assessment, a process that often takes many years beyond the remedial decision to complete. Pepco has concluded that a loss associated with the eventual NRD assessment is reasonably possible. Due to the very early stage of the NRD process, Pepco cannot reasonably estimate the final range of loss potentially resulting from this process.

As noted in the Benning Road Site disclosure above, as part of the separation of Exelon and Constellation in February 2022, an assumption agreement was executed transferring any potential future remediation liabilities associated with the Benning Site remediation to a non-utility subsidiary of Exelon. Similarly, any potential future liability associated with the ARSP was also assumed by this entity.

Buzzard Point Site (Exelon, PHI, and Pepco). On December 8, 2022, Pepco received a letter from the D.C. OAG, alleging wholly past violations of the District's stormwater discharge and waste disposal requirements related to operations at the Buzzard Point facility, a 9-acre parcel of waterfront property in Washington, D.C. occupied by an active substation and former steam plant building. The letter also alleged wholly past violations by Pepco of stormwater discharge requirements related to its district-wide system of underground vaults. On October 3, 2023, Pepco entered into a Consent Order with the District of Columbia to resolve the alleged violations without any admission of liability. The Consent Order requires Pepco to pay a civil penalty of \$10 million. In addition, Pepco has agreed to assess the environmental conditions at its Buzzard Point facility and conduct any remedial actions deemed necessary as a result of the assessment, and also to assess potential environmental impacts associated with the operation of its underground vaults. The Consent Order has been filed with the District of Columbia Superior Court. Following a 30-day public comment period regarding the environmental assessment work required by the Consent Order, the District will ask the court to approve the Consent Order, which will be become effective upon the court's approval. Exelon, PHI, and Pepco have accrued

a liability for the penalty payments and for the projected costs for the required environmental assessments and remediation. Pepco has concluded that incremental exposure is reasonably possible, but the range of loss cannot be reasonably estimated beyond the amounts included in the table above.

Litigation and Regulatory Matters

DPA and Related Matters (Exelon and ComEd). Exelon and ComEd received a grand jury subpoena in the second quarter of 2019 from the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois (USAO) requiring production of information concerning their lobbying activities in the State of Illinois. On October 4, 2019, Exelon and ComEd received a second grand jury subpoena from the USAO requiring production of records of any communications with certain individuals and entities. On October 22, 2019, the SEC notified Exelon and ComEd that it had also opened an investigation into their lobbying activities. On July 17, 2020, ComEd entered into a Deferred Prosecution Agreement (DPA) with the USAO to resolve the USAO investigation. Under the DPA, the USAO filed a single charge alleging that ComEd improperly gave and offered to give jobs, vendor subcontracts, and payments associated with those jobs and subcontracts for the benefit of the former Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives and the Speaker's associates, with the intent to influence the Speaker's action regarding legislation affecting ComEd's interests. The DPA provided that the USAO would defer any prosecution of such charge and any other criminal or civil case against ComEd in connection with the matters identified therein for a three-year period subject to certain obligations of ComEd, including payment to the U.S. Treasury of \$200 million, which was paid in November 2020. Exelon was not made a party to the DPA, and therefore the investigation by the USAO into Exelon's activities ended with no charges being brought against Exelon. The three-year term of the DPA ended on July 17, 2023, and on that same date the court granted the USAO's motion to dismiss the pending charge against ComEd that had been deferred by the DPA.

On September 28, 2023, Exelon and ComEd reached a settlement with the SEC, concluding and resolving in its entirety the SEC investigation, which related to the conduct identified in the DPA that was entered into by ComEd in July 2020 and successfully exited in July 2023. Under the terms of the settlement, Exelon has agreed to pay a civil penalty of \$46.2 million and Exelon and ComEd have agreed to cease and desist from committing or causing any violations and any future violations of specified provisions of the federal securities laws and rules promulgated thereunder. Exelon recorded an accrual for the full amount of the penalty in the second quarter of 2023, which was reflected in Operating and maintenance expense within Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income and in Accrued expenses on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Exelon paid the civil penalty in full on October 4, 2023.

Subsequent to Exelon announcing the receipt of the USAO subpoenas, various lawsuits were filed, and various demand letters were received related to the subject of the subpoenas, the conduct described in the DPA and the SEC's investigation, including:

- Four putative class action lawsuits against ComEd and Exelon were filed in federal court on behalf of ComEd customers in the third quarter of 2020 alleging, among other things, civil violations of federal racketeering laws. In addition, the Citizens Utility Board (CUB) filed a motion to intervene in these cases on October 22, 2020 which was granted on December 23, 2020. On September 9, 2021, the federal court granted Exelon's and ComEd's motion to dismiss and dismissed the plaintiffs' and CUB's federal law claim with prejudice. The federal court also dismissed the related state law claims made by the federal plaintiffs and CUB on jurisdictional grounds. Plaintiffs appealed dismissal of the federal law claim to the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals. Plaintiffs and CUB also refiled their state law claims in state court and moved to consolidate them with the already pending consumer state court class action, discussed below. On August 22, 2022, the Seventh Circuit affirmed the dismissal of the consolidated federal cases in their entirety. The time to further appeal has passed and the Seventh Circuit's decision is final.
- Three putative class action lawsuits against ComEd and Exelon were filed in Illinois state court in the third quarter of 2020 seeking restitution and compensatory damages on behalf of ComEd customers. The cases were consolidated into a single action in October of 2020. In November 2020, CUB filed a motion to intervene in the cases pursuant to an Illinois statute allowing CUB to intervene as a party or otherwise participate on behalf of utility consumers in any proceeding which affects the interest of utility consumers. On November 23, 2020, the court allowed CUB's intervention, but denied CUB's request to stay these cases. Plaintiffs subsequently filed a consolidated complaint, and ComEd and Exelon filed a motion to dismiss on jurisdictional and substantive grounds on January 11, 2021. Briefing on that motion

Note 12 — Commitments and Contingencies

was completed on March 2, 2021. The parties agreed, on March 25, 2021, along with the federal court plaintiffs discussed above, to jointly engage in mediation. The parties participated in a one-day mediation on June 7, 2021 but no settlement was reached. On December 23, 2021, the state court granted ComEd and Exelon's motion to dismiss with prejudice. On December 30, 2021, plaintiffs filed a motion to reconsider that dismissal and for permission to amend their complaint. The court denied the plaintiffs' motion on January 21, 2022. Plaintiffs have appealed the court's ruling dismissing their complaint to the First District Court of Appeals. On February 15, 2022, Exelon and ComEd moved to dismiss the federal plaintiffs' refiled state law claims, seeking dismissal on the same legal grounds asserted in their motion to dismiss the original state court plaintiffs' complaint. The court granted dismissal of the refiled state claims on February 16, 2022. The original federal plaintiffs appealed that dismissal on February 18, 2022. The vos state appeals were consolidated on March 21, 2022. On September 8, 2023, the Illinois Appellate Court affirmed the dismissal. Plaintiffs may ask the Illinois Supreme Court to grant them leave to further appeal, but such appeal is not allowed as a matter of right.

- On November 3, 2022, a plaintiff filed a putative class action complaint in Lake County, Illinois Circuit Court against ComEd and Exelon for unjust enrichment and deceptive business practices in connection with the conduct giving rise to the DPA. Plaintiff seeks an accounting and disgorgement of any benefits ComEd allegedly obtained from said conduct. Plaintiff served initial discovery requests on ComEd in December 2022, to which ComEd has responded. ComEd and Exelon filed a motion to dismiss the Complaint on February 3, 2023. On June 16, 2023, the court granted Exelon and ComEd's motion to dismiss the action with prejudice. Plaintiff filed its notice of appeal of that dismissal on July 17, 2023. Plaintiff's opening appellate brief was filed on October 19, 2023.
- A putative class action lawsuit against Exelon and certain officers of Exelon and ComEd was filed in federal court in December 2019 alleging misrepresentations and omissions in Exelon's SEC filings related to ComEd's lobbying activities and the related investigations. The complaint was amended on September 16, 2020, to dismiss two of the original defendants and add other defendants, including ComEd. Defendants filed a motion to dismiss in November 2020. The court denied the motion in April 2021. On May 26, 2021, defendants moved the court to certify its order denying the motion to dismiss for interlocutory appeal. Briefing on the motion was completed in June 2021, and that motion was denied on January 28, 2022. In May 2021, the parties each filed respective initial discovery disclosures. On June 9, 2021, defendants filed their answer and affirmative defenses to the complaint and the parties engaged thereafter in discovery. On September 9, 2021, the U.S. government moved to intervene in the lawsuit and stay discovery until the parties entered into an amendment to their protective order that would prohibit the parties from requesting discovery into certain matters, including communications with the U.S. government. The court ordered said amendment to the protective order on November 15, 2021 and discovery resumed. The court further amended the protective order on October 17, 2022 and extended it until May 15, 2023, plaintiffs filed a motion for preliminary approval of the settlement, which the court granted on June 9, 2023. The court granted final settlement approval on September 7, 2023. The settlement was fully covered by insurance and has been paid in full.
 - Several shareholders have sent letters to the Exelon Board of Directors since 2020 demanding, among other things, that the Exelon Board of Directors investigate and address alleged breaches of fiduciary duties and other alleged violations by Exelon and ComEd officers and directors related to the conduct described in the DPA. In the first quarter of 2021, the Exelon Board of Directors appointed a Special Litigation Committee (SLC) consisting of disinterested and independent parties to investigate and address these shareholders' allegations and make recommendations to the Exelon Board of Directors based on the outcome of the SLC's investigation. In July 2021, one of the demand letter shareholders filed a derivative action against current and former Exelon and ComEd officers and directors, and against Exelon, as nominal defendant, asserting the same claims made in its demand letter. On October 12, 2021, the parties to the derivative action filed an agreed motion to stay that litigation for 120 days in order to allow the SLC to continue its investigation, which the court granted. The stay has been extended several times. The parties participated in a mediation in February 2023, but the matter did not resolve at that time. On April 26 and May 1, 2023, two additional demand letter shareholders each filed a separate derivative lawsuit against current and former Exelon and ComEd officers and directors, and certain third parties, and against Exelon as nominal defendant, asserting claims similar to those made in their respective demand letters. On May 25, 2023, certain demand letter shareholders (Settling



Note 12 — Commitments and Contingencies

Shareholders) filed a separate derivative lawsuit against current and former Exelon and ComEd officers and directors, and against Exelon as nominal defendant, asserting claims similar to those made in their respective demand letters. The then pending derivative lawsuits were subsequently consolidated. On May 26, 2023, prior to lawsuit consolidation, the SLC filed a Notice of Determination and Intent to Seek Court Approval of Settlement (Notice of Determination). The Notice of Determination stated that, through mediation efforts, a settlement of the derivative claims had been approved by the SLC, the Independent Review Committee of the Board (which had been formed in the third guarter of 2022, to ensure the Board's consideration of any SLC recommendations would be independent and objective), the Board, and the Settling Shareholders (the Settling Parties). The Notice of Determination further specified the process by which the Settling Parties would seek court approval of the proposed settlement and resolution and dismissal of all derivative claims and lawsuits, including any lawsuits or actions brought by demand letter shareholders who are not participating in the proposed settlement. In furtherance of the proposed settlement, on June 16, 2023, the SLC filed a motion for preliminary approval of the settlement, attaching the Stipulation and Agreement of Settlement (Stipulation), which contains the terms of the proposed settlement. The proposed settlement terms include but are not limited to: a payment of \$40 million to Exelon by Exelon's insurers of which \$10 million constitutes the attorneys' fee award to be paid to the Settling Shareholders' counsel; various compliance and disclosure-related reforms; and certain changes in Board and Committee composition. On June 13, 2023, the non-settling derivative shareholders filed a motion asking the court to set a status conference to discuss lifting the discovery stay. On June 29, 2023, an additional shareholder filed a separate derivative lawsuit against current and former Exelon and ComEd officers and directors, and against Exelon as nominal defendant, asserting claims similar to those made in its demand letter. On June 30, 2023, the non-settling shareholders' motion for status and the SLC's motion for preliminary approval was heard by the court, during which the court set a briefing schedule on the appropriate standard for evaluating the settlement and the proper scope of requested discovery. Following briefing and a hearing, the court allowed the non-settling shareholders to seek certain, limited discovery, which the SLC, Independent Review Committee, and Exelon responded to on October 5. On October 11, 2023, an additional non-settling shareholder filed a separate derivative lawsuit against current and former Exelon and ComEd officers and directors, and against Exelon as a nominal defendant, asserting claims similar to those made in its demand letter. Plaintiff has informed Exelon that he will move to consolidate this matter with the other pending derivative matters. The SLC filed its renewed motion for preliminary approval on October 26, with supporting submissions filed by the Independent Review Committee, Exelon, and the settling shareholders on that same day. The non-settling plaintiffs have until November 29 to file their response to the renewed motion for preliminary approval, and the SLC has until December 21 to file its reply.

Several shareholders have sent requests seeking review of certain Exelon books and records since August 2021. Exelon has responded to each request.

In August 2022, the ICC concluded its investigation initiated on August 12, 2021 into rate impacts of conduct admitted in the DPA, including the costs recovered from customers related to the DPA and Exelon's funding of the fine paid by ComEd. On August 17, 2022, the ICC issued its final order accepting ComEd's voluntary customer refund offer of approximately \$38 million (of which about \$31 million is ICC jurisdictional; the remaining balance is FERC jurisdictional) that resolves the question of whether customer funds were used for DPA related activities. The customer refund includes the cost of every individual or entity that was either (i) identified in the DPA or (ii) identified by ComEd as an associate of the former Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives in the ICC proceeding. The ICC's DPA investigation is now closed. The ICC jurisdictional refund was made to customers during the April 2023 billing cycle, as required by the ICC. The FERC jurisdictional perfund was included in ComEd's transmission formula rate update proceeding, filed on May 12, 2023. The filed transmission rate, inclusive of the FERC jurisdictional DPA refund, will appear on ComEd retail customers' bills for the June 2023 through May 2024 monthly billing periods, in the line designated as "Transmission Services Charge." The customer refund will not be recovered in rates or charged to customers and ComEd will not seek or accept reimbursement or indemnification from any source other than Exelon. An accrual for the amount of the customer refund has been recorded in Regulatory assets in Exelon's and ComEd's Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2023.

Savings Plan Claim (Exelon). On December 6, 2021, seven current and former employees filed a putative ERISA class action suit in U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois against Exelon, its Board of Directors, the former Board Investment Oversight Committee, the Corporate Investment Committee, individual

Note 12 — Commitments and Contingencies

defendants, and other unnamed fiduciaries of the Exelon Corporation Employee Savings Plan (Plan). The complaint alleges that the defendants violated their fiduciary duties under the Plan by including certain investment options that allegedly were more expensive than and underperformed similar passively-managed or other funds available in the marketplace and permitting a third-party administrative service provider/recordkeeper and an investment adviser to charge excessive fees for the services provided. The plaintiffs seek declaratory, equitable and monetary relief on behalf of the Plan and participants. On February 16, 2022, the court granted the parties' stipulated dismissal of the individual named defendants without prejudice. The remaining defendants filed a motion to dismiss the complaint on February 25, 2022. On March 4, 2022, the Chamber of Commerce filed a brief of amicus curiae in support of the defendants' motion to dismiss. On September 22, 2022, the court granted Exelon's motion to dismiss without prejudice. The court granted plaintiffs leave until October 31, 2022 to file an amended complaint, which was later extended to November 30, 2022. Plaintiffs filed their amended complaint on November 30, 2022. Defendants filed their motion to dismiss the amended complaint on January 20, 2023. On September 29, 2023, the court again granted Exelon's motion to dismiss but granted plaintiffs leave until October 20, 2023 to file a second amended complaint. Plaintiffs did not file an amended complaint by the deadline. On October 25, the parties filed a joint Stipulation of Dismissal, which provides that plaintiffs agreed that they will not initiate an appeal from the dismissal of this matter, and the parties agree that each side shall bear their own costs and attorneys' fees. Plaintiffs also acknowledge in the Stipulation that defendants have neither paid nor agreed to pay or provide any monetary or equitable remedy in connection with the dismissal of this action. On October 27, the court entered final judgment di

General (All Registrants). The Registrants are involved in various other litigation matters that are being defended and handled in the ordinary course of business. The Registrants are also from time to time subject to audits and investigations by the FERC and other regulators. The assessment of whether a loss is probable or reasonably possible, and whether the loss or a range of loss is estimable, often involves a series of complex judgments about future events. The Registrants maintain accruals for such losses that are probable of being incurred and subject to reasonable estimation. Management is sometimes unable to estimate an amount or range of reasonably possible loss, particularly where (1) the damages sought are indeterminate, (2) the proceedings are in the early stages, or (3) the matters involve novel or unsettled legal theories. In such cases, there is considerable uncertainty regarding the timing or ultimate resolution of such matters, including a possible eventual loss.

13. Shareholders' Equity (Exelon)

At-the-Market Program

On August 4, 2022, Exelon executed an equity distribution agreement ("Equity Distribution Agreement"), with certain sales agents and forward sellers and certain forward purchasers, establishing an ATM equity distribution program under which it may offer and sell shares of its Common stock, having an aggregate gross sales price of up to \$1.0 billion. Exelon has no obligation to offer or sell any shares of Common stock under the Equity Distribution Agreement. As of September 30, 2023, Exelon has not issued any shares of Common stock under the ATM program and has not entered into any forward sale agreements.

Note 14 — Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

14. Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Exelon)

The following tables present changes in Exelon's AOCI, net of tax, by component:

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023	Cash Flow Hedg	es	Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan Items ^(a)	Foreign Currency Items	Total	I
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	2	\$ (640)	\$ —	\$	(638)
OCI before reclassifications		6	(10)	—		(4)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		—	3	—		3
Net current-period OCI		6	(7)	_		(1)
Balance at March 31, 2023		8	(647)	_		(639)
OCI before reclassifications		9	(3)	—		6
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_	3			3
Net current-period OCI		9	_	_		9
Balance at June 30, 2023		17	(647)	_		(630)
OCI before reclassifications		22	(3)	—		19
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		(1)	16	—		15
Net current-period OCI		21	13			34
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	38	\$ (634)	\$ —	\$	(596)

Nine Menthe Forded Contember 20, 2022		Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan	Foreign Currency	
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022	Cash Flow Hedges	ltems ^(a)	Items	Total
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ (6)	\$ (2,721)	\$ (23)	\$ (2,750)
Separation of Constellation	6	1,994	23	2,023
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	_	14	_	14
Net current-period OCI		14	_	14
Balance at March 31, 2022	_	(713)	_	(713)
OCI before reclassifications	—	2	—	2
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		10		10
Net current-period OCI		12		12
Balance at June 30, 2022	_	(701)	_	(701)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		9	_	9
Net current-period OCI		9		9
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	\$ (692)	\$	\$ (692)

(a) This AOCI component is included in the computation of net periodic pension and OPEB cost. Additionally, as of February 1, 2022, in connection with the separation, Exelon's pension and OPEB plans were remeasured. See Note 14 — Retirement Benefits of the 2022 Form 10-K and Note 8 — Retirement Benefits for additional information. See Exelon's Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for individual components of AOCI.

Note 14 — Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table presents Income tax benefit (expense) allocated to each component of Exelon's Other comprehensive income (loss):

	٦	Three Months En	ded S	eptember 30,	Nine Months End	ed Se	ptember 30,
		2023		2022	2023		2022
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans:							
Actuarial losses reclassified to periodic benefit cost	\$	(5)	\$	(3)	\$ (7)	\$	(11)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans valuation adjustments		1		—	5		_
Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges		(7)		_	(11)		_

15. Supplemental Financial Information (All Registrants)

Supplemental Statement of Operations Information

The following tables provide additional information about material items recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income:

	Taxes other than income taxes														
	Exelon		ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE
Three Months Ended September 30, 2023															
Utility taxes ^(a)	\$ 244	\$	82	\$	50	\$	23	\$	89	\$	82	\$	6	\$	1
Property	104		9		4		53		38		25		12		1
Payroll	31		8		4		5		7		2		1		1
Three Months Ended September 30, 2022															
Utility taxes ^(a)	\$ 244	\$	84	\$	51	\$	22	\$	87	\$	79	\$	7	\$	1
Property	99		10		4		50		35		23		11		1
Payroll	28		7		5		4		7		2		1		—
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023															
Utility taxes ^(a)	\$ 665	\$	228	\$	128	\$	73	\$	236	\$	213	\$	20	\$	3
Property	300		27		12		153		108		73		34		1
Payroll	93		22		13		14		22		5		3		3
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022															
Utility taxes ^(a)	\$ 667	\$	233	\$	126	\$	70	\$	238	\$	216	\$	19	\$	3
Property	287		30		12		142		103		70		31		2
Payroll	92		21		14		13		21		5		4		2

(a) The Registrants' utility taxes represent municipal and state utility taxes and gross receipts taxes related to their operating revenues. The offsetting collection of utility taxes from customers is recorded in revenues in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.



Note 15 — Supplemental Financial Information

	Other, Net															
		Exelon		ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE
Three Months Ended September 30, 2023																
AFUDC — Equity	\$	40	\$	7	\$	10	\$	4	\$	19	\$	15	\$	3	\$	1
Non-service net periodic benefit cost		(18)		—		—		—		—		—		—		—
Three Months Ended September 30, 2022																
AFUDC — Equity	\$	38	\$	10	\$	7	\$	5	\$	16	\$	12	\$	2	\$	2
Non-service net periodic benefit cost		16		—		—		—		—		—		—		—
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023																
AFUDC — Equity	\$	113	\$	25	\$	22	\$	11	\$	55	\$	42	\$	7	\$	6
Non-service net periodic benefit cost		(18)		—		—		—		—		—		—		—
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022																
AFUDC — Equity	\$	112	\$	28	\$	22	\$	17	\$	45	\$	35	\$	5	\$	5
Non-service net periodic benefit cost		48		_		_		_		_		_		_		—

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The following tables provide additional information about material items recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

	Depreciation, amortization, and accretion															
	E	Exelon ^(a)		ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023																
Property, plant, and equipment ^(b)	\$	2,073	\$	815	\$	287	\$	381	\$	550	\$	232	\$	155	\$	145
Amortization of regulatory assets ^(b)		537		230		10		106		191		97		27		67
Amortization of intangible assets, net ^(b)		6		_		_		_		_		_		—		
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	2,616	\$	1,045	\$	297	\$	487	\$	741	\$	329	\$	182	\$	212
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022																
Property, plant, and equipment ^(b)	\$	2,024	\$	770	\$	267	\$	355	\$	502	\$	214	\$	141	\$	126
Amortization of regulatory assets ^(b)		532		212		10		115		195		98		31		66
Amortization of intangible assets, net ^(b)		10		_		_		_		_		_		_		—
Amortization of energy contract assets and liabilities ^(c)		3		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Nuclear fuel ^(d)		66		_		_		_		_				_		_
ARO accretion ^(e)		44		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total depreciation, amortization, and accretion	\$	2,679	\$	982	\$	277	\$	470	\$	697	\$	312	\$	172	\$	192

(a) Exelon's 2022 amounts include amounts related to Generation prior to the separation. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations for additional information.
 (b) Included in Depreciation and amortization in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.
 (c) Included in Electric operating revenues or Purchased power expense in Exelon's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 15 — Supplemental Financial Information

(d) Included in Purchased fuel expense in Exelon's Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(e) Included in Operating and maintenance expense in Exelon's Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

	Other non-cash operating activities															
	Ex	elon ^(a)	ComEd			PECO	BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE	
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023																
Pension and OPEB costs (benefit)	\$	152	\$	19	\$	(10)	\$	41	\$	74	\$	26	\$	13	\$	10
Allowance for credit losses		86		4		31		4		47		27		9		11
True-up adjustments to decoupling mechanisms and formula rates ^(b)		(522)		(405)		(1)		(47)		(69)		(28)		(15)		(26)
Amortization of operating ROU asset		29		2		—		4		21		5		6		2
Change in environmental liabilities		37		_		_		_		37		37		_		—
AFUDC — Equity		(113)		(25)		(22)		(11)		(55)		(42)		(7)		(6)
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022																
Pension and OPEB costs (benefit)	\$	124	\$	45	\$	(6)	\$	34	\$	39	\$	6	\$	3	\$	9
Allowance for credit losses		130		40		32		18		42		21		9		12
Other decommissioning-related activity		36		—		—		—		—		—				—
Energy-related options		60		_		—		_		_		_				_
True-up adjustments to decoupling mechanisms and formula rates ^(b)		(92)		(163)		(1)		40		33		15		3		14
Long-term incentive plan		35		_		—		_		_		_				_
Amortization of operating ROU asset		47		1		_		14		21		5		6		3
AFUDC — Equity		(112)		(28)		(22)		(17)		(45)		(35)		(5)		(5)

(a)

Exelon's 2022 amounts include amounts related to Generation prior to the separation. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations for additional information. For ComEd, reflects the true-up adjustments in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with its distribution, energy efficiency, distributed generation, and transmission formula rates. For PECO, reflects the change in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with its transmission formula rates. For BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, reflects the change in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with its transmission formula rates. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2022 Form 10-K for (b) additional information.

Note 15 — Supplemental Financial Information

The following tables provide a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets that sum to the total of the same amounts in their Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

	Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash																
		Exelon		ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE	
Balance at September 30, 2023																	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	300	\$	79	\$	43	\$	15	\$	121	\$	31	\$	5	\$	14	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		435		360		9		1		25		25		1		_	
Restricted cash included in Other deferred debits and other assets		212		212		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Total cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	\$	947	\$	651	\$	52	\$	16	\$	146	\$	56	\$	6	\$	14	
Balance at December 31, 2022																	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	407	\$	67	\$	59	\$	43	\$	198	\$	45	\$	31	\$	72	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		566		327		9		24		175		54		121		_	
Restricted cash included in Other deferred debits and other assets		117		117		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Total cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	\$	1,090	\$	511	\$	68	\$	67	\$	373	\$	99	\$	152	\$	72	
Balance at September 30, 2022																	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	446	\$	63	\$	94	\$	20	\$	219	\$	21	\$	49	\$	112	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		744		342		9		130		234		77		157		—	
Restricted cash included in Other deferred debits and other assets		83		83		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Total cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	\$	1,273	\$	488	\$	103	\$	150	\$	453	\$	98	\$	206	\$	112	
Balance at December 31, 2021																	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	672	\$	131	\$	36	\$	51	\$	136	\$	34	\$	28	\$	29	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		321		210		8		4		77		34		43		_	
Restricted cash included in Other deferred debits and other assets		44		43		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents from discontinued operations		582		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Total cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents	\$	1,619	\$	384	\$	44	\$	55	\$	213	\$	68	\$	71	\$	29	
	_		_		_		_		_						_		

For additional information on restricted cash see Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies of the 2022 Form 10-K.

Supplemental Balance Sheet Information

The following table provides additional information about material items recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued) (Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 15 — Supplemental Financial Information

		Accrued expenses												
	Exelon	ComEd			PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо	DPL		ACE
Balance at September 30, 2023														
Compensation-related accruals ^(a)	\$ 548	\$	162	\$	67	\$	63	\$	99	\$	27	\$ 17	\$	14
Taxes accrued	255		148		61		100		120		88	19		13
Interest accrued	391		78		52		59		81		38	24		17
Balance at December 31, 2022														
Compensation-related accruals ^(a)	\$ 613	\$	179	\$	81	\$	79	\$	104	\$	29	\$ 20	\$	16
Taxes accrued	211		92		10		34		70		52	8		12
Interest accrued	338		124		47		42		61		32	9		14

(a) Primarily includes accrued payroll, bonuses and other incentives, vacation, and benefits.

16. Related Party Transactions (All Registrants)

Utility Registrants' expense with Generation

The Utility Registrants incurred expenses from transactions with the Generation affiliate as described in the footnotes to the table below prior to separation on February 1, 2022. Such expenses were primarily recorded as Purchased power from affiliate and an immaterial amount recorded as Operating and maintenance expense from affiliates at the Utility Registrants. Effective February 1, 2022, Generation is no longer considered a related party.

	Nine Months Ended September 3	80,
	2022	
ComEd ^(a)	\$	59
PECO ^(b)		33
BGE ^(c)		18
PHI		51
Pepco ^(d)		39
DPL ^(e)		10
ACE ^(f)		2

(a) ComEd had an ICC-approved RFP contract with Generation to provide a portion of ComEd's electric supply requirements. ComEd also purchased RECs and ZECs from Generation.

(b) PECO received electric supply from Generation under contracts executed through PECO's competitive procurement process. In addition, PECO had a ten-year agreement with Generation to sell solar AECs.

(c) BGE received a portion of its energy requirements from Generation under its MDPSC-approved market-based SOS and gas commodity programs.

(d) Pepco received electric supply from Generation under contracts executed through Pepco's competitive procurement process approved by the MDPSC and DCPSC.

(e) DPL received a portion of its energy requirements from Generation under its MDPSC and DEPSC approved market-based SOS commodity programs.

(f) ACE received electric supply from Generation under contracts executed through ACE's competitive procurement process approved by the NJBPU.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued) (Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Service Company Costs for Corporate Support

The Registrants receive a variety of corporate support services from BSC. Pepco, DPL, and ACE also receive corporate support services from PHISCO. See Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies for additional information regarding BSC and PHISCO.

The following table presents the service company costs allocated to the Registrants:

		O	perati	erating and maintenance from affiliates nded September Nine Months Ended September					Capitalized costs							
	Thi	ree Months E 3	Ended 30,	September	N		nded 30,	September	Т	hree Months E	Endec 30,	l September	Nir	ne Months End	nded September 30,	
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Exelon																
BSC									\$	162	\$	156	\$	502	\$	500
PHISCO										25		20		74		60
ComEd																
BSC	\$	92	\$	69	\$	263	\$	234		71		70		230		222
PECO																
BSC		55		44		160		140		29		24		89		80
BGE																
BSC		58		46		166		148		23		26		69		86
PHI																
BSC		50		39		135		135		39		36		114		112
PHISCO		_		_		_		_		24		20		73		60
Рерсо																
BSC		30		24		85		80		13		13		41		41
PHISCO		31		28		91		86		9		8		30		24
DPL																
BSC		19		16		54		51		12		11		32		34
PHISCO		24		24		73		73		7		7		22		20
ACE																
BSC		16		13		45		42		13		12		39		37
PHISCO		23		20		67		63		7		5		20		16

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued) (Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Current Receivables from/Payables to affiliates

The following tables present current Receivables from affiliates and current Payables to affiliates:

September 30, 2023

	Receivables from affiliates:																	
Payables to affiliates:	Co	omEd		PECO		BGE		Рерсо		DPL		ACE	BSC	Р	HISCO	(Other	Total
ComEd			\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_	\$ 57	\$		\$	5	\$ 62
PECO	\$	—				—		—		—		—	31		—		6	37
BGE		—		_				_		—		_	31		_		2	33
PHI		—		—		—		—		—		—	6		—		11	17
Рерсо		—		_		_				—		_	16		15		1	32
DPL		—		1		—		—				—	13		11		—	25
ACE		—		_		_		_		—			11		10		1	22
Other		3		_		_		_				3	(1)		1			6
Total	\$	3	\$	1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3	\$ 164	\$	37	\$	26	\$ 234

December 31, 2022

		Receivables from affiliates:																	
Payables to affiliates:	с	omEd		PECO		BGE		Рерсо		DPL		ACE		BSC	P	HISCO	(Other	Total
ComEd			\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$	66	\$		\$	8	\$ 74
PECO	\$	—				—		—				—		39		—		3	42
BGE		_		_				_		—		_		38		_		1	39
PHI		—		—		—		—		—		—		4		—		10	14
Рерсо		—		_		—				_		_		20		13		1	34
DPL		—		2		—		—				—		12		8		—	22
ACE		—		2		—		_		_				14		9		1	26
Other		3		—		—		—				1		—		—			4
Total	\$	3	\$	4	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1	\$	193	\$	30	\$	24	\$ 255

Borrowings from Exelon/PHI intercompany money pool

To provide an additional short-term borrowing option that will generally be more favorable to the borrowing participants than the cost of external financing both Exelon and PHI operate an intercompany money pool. PECO and PHI Corporate participate in the Exelon intercompany money pool. Pepco, DPL, and ACE participate in the PHI intercompany money pool.

Long-term debt to financing trusts

The following table presents Long-term debt to financing trusts:

			Septe	ember 30, 2023	3			Dec	ember 31, 2022	
	E	xelon		ComEd		PECO	Exelon		ComEd	PECO
ComEd Financing III	\$	206	\$	205	\$	_	\$ 206	\$	205	\$
PECO Trust III		81		_		81	81		_	81
PECO Trust IV		103		—		103	103		—	103
Total	\$	390	\$	205	\$	184	\$ 390	\$	205	\$ 184

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(Dollars in millions except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Exelon

Executive Overview

Exelon is a utility services holding company engaged in the energy transmission and distribution businesses through it's six reportable segments: ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE. See Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies and Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding Exelon's principal subsidiaries and reportable segments.

Exelon's consolidated financial information includes the results of its seven separate operating subsidiary registrants, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE, which, along with Exelon, are collectively referred to as the Registrants. The following combined Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is separately filed by Exelon, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE. However, none of the Registrants makes any representation as to information related solely to any of the other Registrants.

Financial Results of Operations

GAAP Results of Operations. The following table sets forth Exelon's GAAP consolidated Net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations by Registrant for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. For additional information regarding the financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, see the discussions of Results of Operations by Registrant.

	T	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable	Nine Months End	led September 30,	Favorable	
		2023		2022	(Unfavorable) Variance	 2023	2022	(Unfa	vorable) Variance
Exelon	\$	700	\$	676	\$ 24	\$ 1,711	\$ 1,622	\$	89
ComEd		333		291	42	822	706		116
PECO		146		135	11	410	474		(64)
BGE		45		33	12	286	267		19
PHI		232		289	(57)	490	518		(28)
Рерсо		120		145	(25)	249	261		(12)
DPL		43		52	(9)	128	130		(2)
ACE		71		94	(23)	122	131		(9)
Other ^(a)		(56)		(72)	16	(297)	(343)		46

(a) Other primarily includes eliminating and consolidating adjustments, Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.

The separation of Constellation, including Generation and its subsidiaries, meets the criteria for discontinued operations and as such, Generation's results of operations are presented as discontinued operations and have been excluded from Exelon's continuing operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 presented in the table above. See Note 1 -Significant Accounting Policies and Note 2 -Discontinued Operations for additional information.

Accounting rules require that certain BSC costs previously allocated to Generation be presented as part of Exelon's continuing operations as these costs do not qualify as expenses of the discontinued operations. Such costs are included in Other in the table above and were \$28 million on a pre-tax basis, for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. There were no such costs included in Exelon's continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2022.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations increased by \$24 million and diluted earnings per average common share from continuing operations increased to \$0.70 in 2023 from \$0.68 in 2022 primarily due to:

- Higher electric distribution formula rate earnings from higher allowed ROE due to an increase in U.S. treasury rates and impacts of higher rate base at ComEd;
- Favorable impacts of rate increases at PECO, BGE, and PHI; and
- Carrying costs related to the CMC regulatory assets at ComEd.

The increases were partially offset by:

- Higher operating expense as a result of higher storm costs at PECO, BGE and PHI;
- Higher interest expense at BGE and Exelon Corporate;
- Unfavorable weather at PECO; and
- Higher depreciation expense at BGE and PHI.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations increased by \$89 million and diluted earnings per average common share from continuing operations increased to \$1.72 in 2023 from \$1.65 in 2022 primarily due to:

- Higher electric distribution formula rate earnings from higher allowed ROE due to an increase in U.S. treasury rates and impacts of higher rate base at ComEd;
- The favorable impacts of rate increases at PECO, BGE, and PHI;
- Carrying costs related to the CMC regulatory assets at ComEd; and
- Lower BSC costs presented in Exelon's continuing operations, which were previously allocated to Generation but did not qualify as discontinued operation expenses per the accounting rules.

The increases were partially offset by:

- Higher interest expense at PECO, BGE, PHI and Exelon Corporate;
- Unfavorable weather at PECO and PHI;
- Higher depreciation expense at PECO, BGE and PHI; and
- Higher operating expense as a result of higher storm costs at PECO and BGE.

Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings. In addition to Net income, Exelon evaluates its operating performance using the measure of Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings because management believes it represents earnings directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings exclude certain costs, expenses, gains and losses, and other specified items. This information is intended to enhance an investor's overall understanding of year-over-year operating results and provide an indication of Exelon's baseline operating performance excluding items that are considered by management to be not directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. In addition, this information is among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for evaluating performance, allocating resources, setting incentive compensation targets, and planning and forecasting of future periods. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings is not a presentation defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations or deemed more useful than the GAAP information provided elsewhere in this report.



The following tables provide a reconciliation between Net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations as determined in accordance with GAAP and Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same periods in 2022:

			Three Months En	ded S	September 30,		
	 20)23			20)22	
(In millions, except per share data)			Earnings per Diluted Share				Earnings per Diluted Share
Net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations	\$ 700	\$	0.70	\$	676	\$	0.68
Mark-to-market impact of economic hedging activities (net of taxes of \$4)	12		0.01		_		_
Asset retirement obligation (net of taxes of \$1 and \$2, respectively)	(1)		_		(4)		
Asset impairments (net of taxes of \$10) ^(a)			—		37		0.04
Separation costs (net of taxes of \$5 and \$1, respectively) ^(b)	14		0.01		(3)		
Income tax-related adjustments (entire amount represents tax expense) ^(c)	(54)		(0.05)		38		0.04
Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings	\$ 671	\$	0.67	\$	745	\$	0.75

			Nine Months End	led Se	eptember 30,		
	 20)23			20	22	
<u>(In millions, except per share data)</u>			Earnings per Diluted Share				Earnings per Diluted Share
Net income attributable to common shareholders from continuing operations	\$ 1,711	\$	1.72	\$	1,622	\$	1.65
Mark-to-market impact of economic hedging activities (net of taxes of \$4)	14		0.01		_		_
Change in environmental liabilities (net of taxes of \$8)	29		0.03		_		_
ERP system implementation costs (net of taxes of \$0) ^(d)	—		—		1		_
Asset retirement obligation (net of taxes of \$1 and \$2, respectively)	(1)		—		(4)		_
SEC matter loss contingency (net of taxes of \$0)	46		0.05		—		_
Asset impairments (net of taxes of \$10) ^(a)	_		_		37		0.04
Separation costs (net of taxes of \$7 and \$10, respectively) ^(b)	19		0.02		25		0.03
Change in FERC audit liability (net of taxes of \$4)	11		0.01		_		_
Income tax-related adjustments (entire amount represents tax expense) ^(e)	(54)		(0.05)		130		0.13
Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings	\$ 1,774	\$	1.78	\$	1,811	\$	1.84

Note:

Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

Unless otherwise noted, the income tax impact of each reconciling item between GAAP Net income and Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings is based on the marginal statutory federal and state income tax rates for each Registrant, taking into account whether the income or expense item is taxable or deductible, respectively, in whole or in part. The marginal statutory income tax rates for 2023 and 2022 ranged from 24.0% to 29.0%.

(a) Reflects costs related to the impairment of an office building at BGE, which are recorded in Operating and maintenance expense.

Represents costs related to the separation primarily comprised of system-related costs, third-party costs paid to advisors, consultants, lawyers, and other experts assisting in the separation, and employee-related severance costs, which are recorded in Operating and maintenance expense and Other, net. In 2022, reflects an adjustment to exclude one-time non-cash impacts associated with the remeasurement of deferred income taxes as a result of the reduction in Pennsylvania (b)

(C) corporate income tax rate. In 2023, reflects the adjustment to state deferred income taxes due to changes in forecasted apportionment.

- (d) Reflects costs related to a multi-year ERP system implementation, which are recorded in Operating and maintenance expense.
- (e) In 2022, for PECO, reflects an adjustment to exclude one-time non-cash impacts associated with the remeasurement of deferred income taxes as a result of the reduction in Pennsylvania corporate income tax rate. For Corporate, in connection with the separation, Exelon recorded an income tax expense primarily due to the long-term marginal state income tax rate change, the recognition of valuation allowances against the net deferred tax assets positions for certain standalone state filing jurisdictions, and nondeductible transaction costs partially offset by a one-time impact associated with a state tax benefit. In 2023, reflects the adjustment to state deferred income taxes dues to changes in forecasted apportionment.

Significant 2023 Transactions and Developments

Separation

On February 21, 2021, Exelon's Board of Directors approved a plan to separate the Utility Registrants and Generation, creating two publicly traded companies ("the separation"). Exelon completed the separation on February 1, 2022. Constellation was newly formed and incorporated in Pennsylvania on June 15, 2021 for the purpose of separation and holds Generation. The separation represented a strategic shift that would have a major effect on Exelon's operations and financial results. Accordingly, the separation met the criteria for discontinued operations. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the separation and discontinued operations.

In connection with the separation, Exelon incurred separation costs/(benefit) impacting continuing operations of \$19 million and \$(2) million on a pre-tax basis for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$26 million and \$35 million on a pre-tax basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$26 million and \$35 million on a pre-tax basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$26 million and \$35 million on a pre-tax basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which are recorded in Operating and maintenance expense. Total separation costs impacting continuing operations for the remainder of 2023 are not expected to be material. These costs are excluded from Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings. The separation costs are primarily comprised of system-related costs, third-party costs paid to advisors, consultants, lawyers, and other experts assisting in the separation, and employee-related severance costs.

Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

The Utility Registrants file base rate cases with their regulatory commissions seeking increases or decreases to their electric transmission and distribution, and gas distribution rates to recover their costs and earn a fair return on their investments. The outcomes of these regulatory proceedings impact the Utility Registrants' current and future financial statements.

The following tables show the Utility Registrants' completed and pending distribution base rate case proceedings in 2023. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Completed Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Service	F Re	equested Revenue quirement ncrease	Re	ved Revenue quirement hcrease	Approved ROE	Approval Date	Rate Effective Date
ComEd - Illinois	April 15, 2022	Electric	\$	199	\$	199	7.85 %	November 17, 2022	January 1, 2023
PECO - Pennsylvania	March 31, 2022	Natural Gas		82		55	N/A	October 27, 2022	January 1, 2023
BGE - Maryland	May 15, 2020 (amended September	Electric		203		140	9.50 %	December 16. 2020	January 1, 2021
	11, 2020)	Natural Gas		108		74	9.65 %	December 10, 2020	January 1, 2021
Pepco - Maryland	October 26, 2020 (amended March 31, 2021)	Electric		104		52	9.55 %	June 28, 2021	June 28, 2021
DPL - Maryland	May 19, 2022	Electric		38		29	9.60 %	December 14, 2022	January 1, 2023

Pending Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Service	ed Revenue lent Increase	Requested ROE	Expected Approval Timing
ComEd - Illinois	January 17, 2023	Electric	\$ 1,487	10.50% to 10.65%	Fourth quarter of 2023
ComEd - Illinois	April 21, 2023	Electric	247	8.91 %	Fourth quarter of 2023
BGE - Maryland	February 17, 2023	Electric	313	10.40 %	Fourth guarter of 2023
	· · · · · , , · · ·	Natural Gas	289	10.40 %	
Pepco - District of Columbia	April 13, 2023	Electric	191	10.50 %	Second quarter of 2024
Pepco - Maryland	May 16, 2023	Electric	214	10.50 %	Second quarter of 2024
DPL - Delaware	December 15, 2022 (amended September 29, 2023)	Electric	39	10.50 %	Second quarter of 2024
ACE - New Jersey	February 15, 2023 (amended August 21, 2023)	Electric	92	10.50 %	Fourth quarter of 2023

Transmission Formula Rates

For 2023, the following total increases/(decreases) were included in the Utility Registrants' electric transmission formula rate updates. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Registrant	Requ	Revenue uirement crease	Annual Reconciliation Increase (Decrease)	Total Revenue Requirement Increase	Allowed Return on Rate Base	Allowed ROE
ComEd	\$	20 \$	\$ 63	\$ 83	8.09 %	11.50 %
PECO		24	23	47	7.41 %	10.35 %
BGE		19	(12)	4	7.34 %	10.50 %
Рерсо		37	(5)	32	7.57 %	10.50 %
DPL		32	(3)	29	7.08 %	10.50 %
ACE		41	(12)	29	7.08 %	10.50 %

ComEd's FERC Audit

The Utility Registrants are subject to periodic audits by FERC. FERC's Division of Audits and Accounting initiated a nonpublic audit of ComEd in April 2021 evaluating ComEd's compliance with (1) approved terms, rates, and conditions of its federally regulated service; (2) accounting requirements of the Uniform System of Accounts; (3) reporting requirements of the FERC Form 1; and (4) the requirements for record retention. The audit period extends back to January 1, 2017. During the first quarter of 2023, ComEd was provided with information from FERC about several potential findings, including ComEd's methodology regarding the allocation of certain overhead costs to capital under FERC regulations. Based on the preliminary findings and discussions with FERC staff, ComEd determined that a loss was probable and recorded a regulatory liability to reflect its best estimate of that loss as of March 31, 2023.

On July 27, 2023, FERC issued a final audit report which included, among other things, findings and recommendations related to ComEd's methodology regarding the allocation of certain overhead costs to



capitalized construction costs under FERC regulations. On August 28, 2023, ComEd filed a formal notice of the issues it will contest. The final outcome and resolution of any contested audit issues as well as a reasonable estimate of potential future losses cannot be accurately estimated at this stage; however, the final resolution of these matters could result in recognition of future losses, above the amounts currently accrued, that could be material to the Exelon and ComEd financial statements.

Other Key Business Drivers and Management Strategies

The following discussion of other key business drivers and management strategies includes current developments of previously disclosed matters and new issues arising during the period that may impact future financial statements. This section should be read in conjunction with ITEM 1. Business in the 2022 Form 10-K, ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Other Key Business Drivers and Management Strategies in the 2022 Form 10-K, and Note 12 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in this report for additional information on various environmental matters.

Legislative and Regulatory Developments

City of Chicago Franchise Agreement

The current ComEd Franchise Agreement with the City of Chicago (the City) has been in force since 1992. The Franchise Agreement grants rights to use the public right of way to install, maintain, and operate the wires, poles, and other infrastructure required to deliver electricity to residents and businesses across the City. The Franchise Agreement became terminable on one year notice as of December 31, 2020. It now continues in effect indefinitely unless and until either party issues a notice of termination, effective one year later, or it is replaced by mutual agreement with a new franchise agreement between ComEd and the City. If either party terminates and no new agreement is reached between the parties, the parties could continue with ComEd providing electric services within the City with no franchise agreement in place. The City also has an option to terminate and purchase the ComEd system ("municipalize"), which also requires one year notice. Neither party has issued a notice of termination at this time, the City has not exercised its municipalization option, and no new agreement has become effective. Accordingly, the 1992 Franchise Agreement remains in effect at this time. In April 2021, the City invited interested parties to respond to a Request for Information (RFI) regarding the franchise for electricity delivery. Final responses to the RFI were due on July 30, 2021, however, on July 29, 2021, the City did not proceed to issue an RFP. Since that time, ComEd and the City continued to negotiate and have arrived at a proposed Chicago Franchise Agreement (CFA) and an Energy and Equity Agreement (EEA). These agreements together are intended t o grant ComEd the right to continue providing electric utility services using public ways within the City of Chicago, and to create a new non-profit entity to advance energy and energy-related equity projects. On February 1, 2023, the proposed CFA and EEA were introduced to the City Council. The proposed CFA and EEA remain subject to approval by the City Council and

While Exelon and ComEd cannot predict the ultimate outcome of these processes, fundamental changes in the agreements or other adverse actions affecting ComEd's business in the City would require changes in their business planning models and operations and could have a material adverse impact on Exelon's and ComEd's consolidated financial statements. If the City were to disconnect from the ComEd system, ComEd would seek full compensation for the business and its associated property taken by the City, as well as for all damages resulting to ComEd and its system. ComEd would also seek appropriate compensation for stranded costs with FERC.

Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act

On November 15, 2021, President Biden signed the \$1.2 trillion IIJA into law. IIJA provides for approximately \$550 billion in new federal spending. Categories of funding include funding for a variety of infrastructure needs, including but not limited to: (1) power and grid reliability and resilience, (2) resilience for cybersecurity to address critical infrastructure needs, and (3) electric vehicle charging infrastructure for alternative fuel corridors. Federal agencies are developing guidelines to implement spending programs under IIJA. The time needed to develop these guidelines will vary with some limited program applications opened as early as the first quarter of 2022. The Registrants continue to evaluate programs under the legislation and consider possible opportunities to apply

for funding, either directly or in potential collaborations with state and/or local agencies and key stakeholders. The Registrants cannot predict the ultimate timing and success of securing funding from programs under IIJA.

In September 2022, ComEd and BGE applied for the MMG, which establishes and funds construction, improvement, or acquisition of middle mile broadband infrastructure which creates high-speed internet services. The MMG addresses inequitable broadband access by expansion and extension of the middle mile infrastructure in underserved communities. In June 2023, the National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) announced it selected two of the applications submitted by BGE and ComEd; awarding ComEd and BGE \$14.5 million and \$15.4 million respectively. The applications selected by NTIA for BGE and ComEd proposed projects designed to enhance electric grid reliability and resiliency while leading and advancing shared local, state, and national goals to increase broadband connectivity, redundancy, affordability, and equity.

In March 2023, Exelon, ComEd, and PHI submitted three applications related to the Smart Grid Grants program under section 40107 of IIJA. These applications are focused on replacing existing Advanced Distribution Management Systems (ADMS) in support of distributed energy resources (DERs) and grid-edged technologies, strengthening interoperability and data architecture of systems in support of two-way power flows and accelerating advanced metering deployment in disadvantaged communities. In October 2023, ComEd's project, Deployment of a Community-Oriented Interoperable Control Framework for Aggregating and Integrating Distributed Energy Resources and Other Grid-Edge Devices, was recommended by the Grid Deployment Office (GDO) for negotiation of a final award up to \$50 million. This project will enable ComEd and its local partners to deploy the next generation of grid technologies that support the growth of solar and electric vehicles (EVS), while piloting new local workforce training initiatives to support job creation connected to the clean energy transition. The GDO has indicated the award negotiation process can take approximately 120 days.

In April 2023, ComEd, PECO, BGE, and PHI submitted seven applications related to the Grid Resilience Grants program under section 40101(c) of IIJA. These applications are broadly focused on improving grid resilience with an emphasis on disadvantaged communities, relief of capacity constraints and modernizing infrastructure, deployment of DER and microgrid technologies and providing improved resilience through storm hardening projects. In October 2023, PECO's project, Creating a Resilient, Equitable, and Accessible Transformation in Energy for Greater Philadelphia (CREATE), was recommended by the GDO for negotiation of a final award up to \$100 million. This project will support critical electric infrastructure investments to help reduce the impact of extreme weather and historic flooding on the company's electric distribution system. The GDO has indicated the award negotiation process can take approximately 120 days.

The Registrants are supporting three different Regional Clean Hydrogen Hub opportunities, covering all five states that Exelon operates in plus Washington D.C. under a program that will create networks of hydrogen producers, consumers, and local connective infrastructure to accelerate the use of hydrogen as a clean energy carrier that can deliver or store energy. Applications for the three opportunities under this program were submitted in April 2023. In October 2023 the DOE announced it selected two of the projects for further negotiation: (1) the Mid-Atlantic Clean Hydrogen Hub (MACH2), which is being supported by PECO and PHI, and (2) the Midwest Alliance for Clean Hydrogen (MacH2), which is being supported by ComEd.

PJM Regional Transmission Expansion

On April 6, 2023, PJM received a deactivation notice for Brandon Shores, a 1,282 MW coal generation plant located in BGE service territory. The deactivation was requested for June 1, 2025 and will result in numerous reliability issues across the region. In June 2023, PJM assigned a portion of transmission system upgrades to mitigate these reliability impacts to PECO, BGE, and Pepco. In July 2023, PJM Board of Managers approved assigning Exelon transmission system upgrades to mitigate these reliability impacts to PECO, BGE, and Pepco. The most recent projected capital expenditures associated with these upgrades are approximately \$80 million, \$650 million, and \$80 million for PECO, BGE, and Pepco, respectively. These amounts include a scope reduction estimated by PJM for PECO of \$60 million associated with a transmission proposal window, as disclosed at a Transmission Expansion Advisory Committee meeting on October 31, 2023. The upgrades are expected to be completed by the end of 2028.

Separately, PJM held a competitive transmission proposal window from February 24, 2023 through May 31, 2023 to address reliability issues driven by significant load increases in northern Virginia. PECO, BGE, and Pepco submitted four solution proposals. At a meeting of the Transmission Expansion Advisory Committee on October 31, 2023, PJM recommended that PECO, BGE, Pepco, and DPL be awarded a portion of the work for the



proposed solution. Initial estimated costs for these upgrades, as posted by PJM on its website on October 27, 2023, are approximately \$55 million, \$700 million, \$80 million, and \$5 million for PECO, BGE, Pepco, and DPL, respectively. The PJM Board of Managers is scheduled to approve the solution in December 2023 and the upgrades are expected to be completed by the end of 2030.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management of each of the Registrants makes a number of significant estimates, assumptions, and judgments in the preparation of its financial statements. As of September 30, 2023, the Registrants' critical accounting policies and estimates had not changed significantly from December 31, 2022. See ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates in the 2022 Form 10-K for further information.

Results of Operations by Registrant

Results of Operations — ComEd

		Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable) –		Nine Months Ended September 30,					Favorable (Unfavorable)
	2	2023		2022		Variance		2023	2022			Variance
Operating revenues	\$	2,268	\$	1,378	\$	890	\$	5,836	\$	4,536	\$	1,300
Operating expenses												
Purchased power		896		121		(775)		2,068		1,041		(1,027)
Operating and maintenance		385		355		(30)		1,077		1,045		(32)
Depreciation and amortization		357		333		(24)		1,045		982		(63)
Taxes other than income taxes		100		104		4		282		289		7
Total operating expenses		1,738		913		(825)		4,472		3,357		(1,115)
Loss on sales of assets		_		_		_		_		(2)		2
Operating income		530		465		65		1,364		1,177		187
Other income and (deductions)			_		_						_	
Interest expense, net		(119)		(104)		(15)		(357)		(308)		(49)
Other, net		16		14		2		50		40		10
Total other income and (deductions)		(103)		(90)		(13)		(307)		(268)		(39)
Income before income taxes		427		375		52		1,057		909		148
Income taxes		94		84		(10)		235		203		(32)
Net income	\$	333	\$	291	\$	42	\$	822	\$	706	\$	116

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income increased by \$42 million as compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to increases in electric distribution formula rate earnings (reflecting higher allowed ROE due to an increase in U.S. Treasury rates and the impacts of higher rate base) and carrying costs related to the CMC regulatory assets.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income increased by \$116 million as compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to increases in electric distribution formula rate earnings (reflecting higher allowed ROE due to an increase in U.S. Treasury rates and the impacts of higher rate base) and carrying costs related to the CMC regulatory assets.

The changes in Operating revenues consisted of the following:

	Three Month September 3			Months Ended mber 30, 2023
	Increa	Increase		
Distribution	\$	103	\$	277
Transmission		3		(4)
Energy efficiency		17		55
Other		8		11
		131		339
Regulatory required programs		759		961
Total increase	\$	890	\$	1,300

Revenue Decoupling. The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather, usage per customer, or number of customers as a result of revenue decoupling mechanisms implemented pursuant to FEJA.

Distribution Revenue. EIMA and FEJA provide for a performance-based formula rate, which requires an annual reconciliation of the revenue requirement in effect to the actual costs that the ICC determines are prudently and reasonably incurred in a given year. Electric distribution revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations

in the underlying costs, (e.g., severe weather and storm restoration), investments being recovered, and allowed ROE. Electric distribution revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022, due to higher allowed ROE due to an increase in U.S. Treasury rates, the impact of a higher rate base, and higher fully recoverable costs.

Transmission Revenue. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, capital investments being recovered, and the highest daily peak load, which is updated annually in January based on the prior calendar year. Generally, increases/decreases in the highest daily peak load will result in higher/lower transmission revenue.

Energy Efficiency Revenue. FEJA provides for a performance-based formula rate, which requires an annual reconciliation of the revenue requirement in effect to the actual costs that the ICC determines are prudently and reasonably incurred in a given year. Under FEJA, energy efficiency revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, investments being recovered, and allowed ROE. Energy efficiency revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to increased regulatory asset amortization, which is fully recoverable.

Other Revenue primarily includes assistance provided to other utilities through mutual assistance programs. Other revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022, which primarily reflects mutual assistance revenues associated with storm restoration efforts.

Regulatory Required Programs represents revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as recoveries under the credit loss expense tariff, environmental costs associated with MGP sites, ETAC, and costs related to electricity, ZEC, CMC, and REC procurement. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding CMCs. ETAC is a retail customer surcharge collected by electric utilities operating in Illinois established by CEJA and remitted to an Illinois state agency for programs to support clean energy jobs and training. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense and Taxes other than income. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries as ComEd remains the distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from competitive suppliers, ComEd either acts as the billing agent or the competitive supplier separately bills its own customers, and therefore does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power expense related to the electricity. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from competitive suppliers, CMC, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and therefore records equal and offsetting amounts in Operating revenues and Purchased power expense related to the electricity, ZECs, CMCs, and RECs.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of ComEd's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$775 million and \$1,027 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, in **Purchased power expense** is primarily due to the CMCs from the participating nuclear-powered generating facilities including the deferral of any associated carrying costs. This increase is primarily offset by an increase in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding CMCs.



The changes in Operating and maintenance expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	Increase (Dec	rease)	 Increase (Decrease)
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials	\$	10	\$ 36
Storm-related costs		(4)	4
BSC costs		23	28
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense		(3)	(11)
Other		27	25
		53	82
Regulatory required programs ^(a)		(23)	(50)
Total increase	\$	30	\$ 32

(a) ComEd is allowed to recover from or refund to customers the difference between its annual credit loss expense and the amounts collected in rates annually through a rider mechanism.

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	Increase	Increase
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$ 16	\$ 45
Regulatory asset amortization ^(b)	8	18
Total increase	\$ 24	\$ 63

(a) Reflects ongoing capital expenditures and higher depreciation rates effective January 2023.
 (b) Includes amortization of ComEd's energy efficiency formula rate regulatory asset.

Interest expense, net increased by \$15 million and \$49 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to an increase in interest rates and the issuance of debt during the year.

Effective income tax rates were 22.0% and 22.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and 22.2% and 22.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. See Note 7 - Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — PECO

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable)		Nine Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)		
		2023		2022	Variance			2023	2022		Variance	
Operating revenues	\$	1,037	\$	1,014	\$	23	\$	2,977	\$	2,877	\$	100
Operating expenses												
Purchased power and fuel		411		403		(8)		1,197		1,093		(104)
Operating and maintenance		277		243		(34)		786		705		(81)
Depreciation and amortization		100		92		(8)		297		277		(20)
Taxes other than income taxes		59		60		1		156		155		(1)
Total operating expenses		847		798		(49)		2,436		2,230		(206)
Operating income		190		216		(26)		541		647		(106)
Other income and (deductions)												
Interest expense, net		(52)		(45)		(7)		(149)		(129)		(20)
Other, net		11		8		3		26		23		3
Total other income and (deductions)		(41)		(37)		(4)		(123)		(106)	_	(17)
Income before income taxes	_	149		179		(30)		418		541		(123)
Income taxes		3		44		41		8		67		59
Net income	\$	146	\$	135	\$	11	\$	410	\$	474	\$	(64)

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income increased by \$11 million as compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to Pennsylvania corporate income tax legislation passed in July 2022 driving a one-time non-cash decrease to net income for 2022, partially offset by an increase in operating expense as a result of higher storm costs.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income decreased by \$64 million as compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to increases in operating expenses as a result of higher storm costs, depreciation and amortization expense, and interest expense.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2023					Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023					
		(Decrease) Increase				(Decrease) Increase						
	E	Electric		Gas		Total		Electric		Gas		Total
Weather	\$	(38)	\$		\$	(38)	\$	(96)	\$	(27)	\$	(123)
Volume		15		—		15		5				5
Pricing		2		6		8		20		35		55
Transmission		23		—		23		24				24
Other		(3)		—		(3)		(4)		6		2
		(1)		6		5		(51)		14		(37)
Regulatory required programs		28		(10)		18		145		(8)		137
Total increase	\$	27	\$	(4)	\$	23	\$	94	\$	6	\$	100

Weather. The demand for electricity and natural gas is affected by weather conditions. With respect to the electric business, very warm weather in summer months and, with respect to the electric and natural gas businesses, very cold weather in winter months are referred to as "favorable weather conditions" because these weather conditions result in increased deliveries of electricity and natural gas. Conversely, mild weather reduces demand. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, Operating revenues related to weather decreased by the impact of unfavorable weather conditions in PECO's service territory.

Heating and cooling degree-days are quantitative indices that reflect the demand for energy needed to heat or cool a home or business. Normal weather is determined based on historical average heating and cooling degree-days for a 30-year period in PECO's service territory. The changes in heating and cooling degree-days in PECO's service territory for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022 and normal weather consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended	September 30,		% Change			
PECO Service Territory	2023	2022	Normal	2023 vs. 2022	2023 vs. Normal		
Heating Degree-Days	18	19	22	(5.3)%	(18.2)%		
Cooling Degree-Days	1,064	1,290	1,022	(17.5)%	4.1 %		
	Nine Months Ended	September 30,		% Change			
	2023	2022	Normal	2023 vs. 2022	2023 vs. Normal		
Heating Degree-Days	2,236	2,632	2,866	(15.0)%	(22.0)%		
Cooling Degree-Days	1,297	1,725	1,408	(24.8)%	(7.9)%		

Volume. Electric volume, exclusive of the effects of weather, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, increased due to customer mix and load growth. Natural gas volume for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, remained relatively consistent.

	Three Month Septemb		N Weather -		Nine Months En 30			Weather -	
Electric Retail Deliveries to Customers (in GWhs)	2023	2022	% Change	Normal % Change ^(b)	2023	2022	% Change	Normal % Change ^(b)	
Residential	4,134	4,386	(5.7)%	4.9 %	10,186	11,204	(9.1)%	0.7 %	
Small commercial & industrial	2,070	2,139	(3.2)%	0.8 %	5,616	5,889	(4.6)%	— %	
Large commercial & industrial	3,830	3,943	(2.9)%	(0.4)%	10,398	10,691	(2.7)%	(0.3)%	
Public authorities & electric railroads	152	172	(11.6)%	(10.8)%	464	489	(5.1)%	(5.0)%	
Total electric retail deliveries ^(a)	10,186	10,640	(4.3)%	1.7 %	26,664	28,273	(5.7)%	0.1 %	

	At September 30,				
Number of Electric Customers	2023	2022			
Residential	1,531,168	1,523,269			
Small commercial & industrial	155,932	155,516			
Large commercial & industrial	3,111	3,120			
Public authorities & electric railroads	10,416	10,393			
Total	1,700,627	1,692,298			

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing electricity directly from PECO and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 30-year average.

Natural Gas Deliveries to Customers (in	Three Month Septemb			Weather - Normal	Nine Month Septemb			Weather - Normal
mmcf)	2023	2022	% Change	% Change ^(b)	2023	2022	% Change	% Change ^(b)
Residential	2,134	2,197	(2.9)%	(5.4)%	23,697	28,240	(16.1)%	(3.9)%
Small commercial & industrial	1,939	2,054	(5.6)%	(8.1)%	14,381	16,238	(11.4)%	(1.8)%
Large commercial & industrial	4	6	(33.3)%	(7.1)%	39	20	95.0 %	3.6 %
Transportation	5,278	5,162	2.2 %	8.3 %	17,482	18,508	(5.5)%	(2.3)%
Total natural gas retail deliveries ^(a)	9,355	9,419	(0.7)%	1.1 %	55,599	63,006	(11.8)%	(2.9)%

	At September 30,					
Number of Natural Gas Customers	2023	2022				
Residential	505,370	500,934				
Small commercial & industrial	44,743	46,074				
Large commercial & industrial	9	9				
Transportation	629	656				
Total	550,751	547,673				

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing natural gas directly from PECO and customers purchasing natural gas from a competitive natural gas supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 30-year average.

Pricing for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022 increased primarily due to an increase in gas distribution rates charged to customers.

Transmission Revenue. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered.

Other revenue primarily includes revenue related to late payment charges. Other revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022 remained relatively consistent.

Regulatory Required Programs represents revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency, PGC, and the GSA. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity and natural gas from competitive electric generation and natural gas suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries as PECO remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from competitive suppliers, PECO either acts as the billing agent or the competitive supplier separately bills its own customers and therefore PECO does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity and/or natural gas. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from PECO, PECO is permitted to recover the electricity, natural gas, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and therefore records equal and offsetting amounts in Operating revenues and Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity, natural gas, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and therefore records equal and offsetting amounts in Operating revenues and Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity, natural gas, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and therefore records equal and offsetting amounts in Operating revenues and Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity, natural gas, and RECs.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of PECO's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$104 million and \$8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, in **Purchased power and fuel expense** is offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Month September 3			nths Ended er 30, 2023	
	Increase (De	ecrease)	Increase	(Decrease)	
Storm-related costs	\$	26	\$	28	
BSC costs		11		19	
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials		(7)		15	
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit expense		_		(3)	
Credit loss expense		1		(1)	
Other		(6)		(5)	
		25		53	
Regulatory required programs		9		28	
Total increase	\$	34	\$	81	

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	Increase	Increase
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$ 7	\$ 20
Regulatory asset amortization	1	
Total increase	\$ 8	\$ 20

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Interest expense, net increased \$7 million and \$20 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to an increase in interest rates and the issuance of debt in 2022 and 2023.

Effective income tax rates were 2.0% and 24.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and 1.9% and 12.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. See Note 7 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — BGE

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable)			Nine Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)
	2023		2022		Variance		2023 2022		2022	Variance	
Operating revenues	\$ 932	\$	870	\$	62	\$	2,986	\$	2,810	\$	176
Operating expenses											
Purchased power and fuel	380		350		(30)		1,145		1,093		(52)
Operating and maintenance	214		235		21		632		658		26
Depreciation and amortization	161		148		(13)		487		470		(17)
Taxes other than income taxes	80		77		(3)		239		225		(14)
Total operating expenses	835		810		(25)		2,503		2,446		(57)
Operating income	97		60		37		483		364		119
Other income and (deductions)											
Interest expense, net	(47)		(39)		(8)		(135)		(110)		(25)
Other, net	6		5		1		14		16		(2)
Total other income and (deductions)	 (41)		(34)		(7)		(121)		(94)		(27)
Income before income taxes	 56		26		30		362		270		92
Income taxes	11		(7)		(18)		76		3		(73)
Net income	\$ 45	\$	33	\$	12	\$	286	\$	267	\$	19

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income increased \$12 million primarily due to favorable impacts of the multi-year plans, partially offset by an increase in storm costs, an increase in depreciation and amortization, and an increase in interest expense. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the three-year electric and natural gas distribution multi-year plans.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net Income increased \$19 million primarily due to favorable impacts of the multi-year plans, partially offset by an increase in storm costs, an increase in depreciation and amortization, and an increase in interest expense. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the three-year electric and natural gas distribution multi-year plans.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Increase (Decrease)						Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Increase (Decrease)					
		Electric		Gas		Total		Electric		Gas		Total	
Distribution	\$	19	\$	4	\$	23	\$	61	\$	33	\$	94	
Transmission		4		_		4		34		_		34	
Other		—		1		1		(1)		3		2	
		23		5		28	_	94		36		130	
Regulatory required programs		56		(22)		34		106		(60)		46	
Total increase (decrease)	\$	79	\$	(17)	\$	62	\$	200	\$	(24)	\$	176	

Revenue Decoupling. The demand for electricity and natural gas is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of a monthly rate adjustment that provides for fixed distribution revenue per customer by customer class. While Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

At September 30,					
2023	2022				
1,208,230	1,200,786				
115,557	115,778				
13,007	12,774				
264	266				
1,337,058	1,329,604				
At Septemb	per 30,				
2023	2022				
655,753	653,413				
37,950	38,128				
6,289	6,222				
699,992	697,763				
	2023 1,208,230 115,557 13,007 264 1,337,058 At Septemb 2023 655,753 37,950 6,289				

Distribution Revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, due to favorable impacts of the multi-year plans.

Transmission Revenue. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered. Transmission revenue increased for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to increases in underlying costs and capital investments.

Other Revenue includes revenue related to late payment, charges, mutual assistance, off-system sales, and service application fees. Other Revenue remained relatively the same for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022.

Regulatory Required Programs represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as conservation, demand response, STRIDE, and the POLR mechanism. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery, as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Taxes other than income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity and natural gas from competitive electric generation and natural gas suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries as BGE remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from competitive suppliers, BGE acts as the billing agent and therefore does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity and/or natural gas. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from BGE, BGE is permitted to recover the electricity and natural gas procurement costs from customers and therefore records the amounts related to the electricity and/or natural gas in Operating revenues and Purchased power and fuel expense. BGE recovers electricity and natural gas procurement costs from customers with a slight mark-up.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of BGE's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$30 million and \$52 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, in **Purchased power and fuel expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2023					
		Increase (Decrease)					
Labor, other benefits, contracting, and materials	\$	3	\$	15			
Storm-related costs		12		12			
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense		2		4			
BSC costs		12		18			
Credit loss expense		1		(14)			
Other ^(a)		(51)		(62)			
		(21)		(27)			
Regulatory required programs		_		1			
Total decrease	\$	(21)	\$	(26)			

(a) Primarily relates to the prior year asset impairment of \$46 million. See Note 11 - Asset Impairments of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information.

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023			
	Increase					
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$	9	\$		22	
Regulatory required programs		4			(4)	
Regulatory asset amortization		—			(1)	
Total increase	\$	13	\$		17	

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Interest expense, net increased by \$25 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to an increase in interest rates and the issuance of debt in 2023 and 2022.

Taxes other than income taxes increased by \$14 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to increased property taxes.

Effective income tax rates were 19.6% and (26.9)% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 respectively, and 21.0% and 1.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. See Note 7 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — PHI

PHI's Results of Operations include the results of its three reportable segments, Pepco, DPL, and ACE. PHI also has a business services subsidiary, PHISCO, which provides a variety of support services, and the costs are directly charged or allocated to the applicable subsidiaries. Additionally, the results of PHI's corporate operations include interest costs from various financing activities. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The following table sets forth PHI's GAAP consolidated Net income, by Registrant, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. See the Results of Operations for Pepco, DPL, and ACE for additional information.

	 Three Months Ended September 30,					Ni	ne Months Er 3				
	2023		2022	Unfavo	rable Variance		2023		2022	Unfavor	able Variance
PHI	\$ 232	\$	289	\$	(57)	\$	490	\$	518	\$	(28)
Рерсо	120		145		(25)		249		261		(12)
DPL	43		52		(9)		128		130		(2)
ACE	71		94		(23)		122		131		(9)
Other ^(a)	(2)		(2)		_		(9)		(4)		(5)

(a) Primarily includes eliminating and consolidating adjustments, PHI's corporate operations, shared service entities, and other financing and investment activities.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net Income decreased by \$57 million primarily due to an increase in depreciation expense, higher contracting costs partially due to timing of maintenance projects, an increase in credit loss expense at Pepco, higher storm costs at DPL, timing of decoupling revenues in the District of Columbia, timing of excess deferred tax amortization at DPL and ACE, and an increase in various operating expenses, partially offset by higher transmission rates, higher distribution rates at DPL Delaware, and favorable impacts of the Pepco Maryland and DPL Maryland multi-year plans.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net Income decreased by \$28 million primarily due to an increase in environmental liabilities at Pepco, an increase in depreciation expense, an increase in interest expense, unfavorable weather at DPL Delaware electric and natural gas service territories, and an increase in various operating expenses, partially offset by higher transmission rates, higher distribution rates at DPL Delaware, and favorable impacts of the Pepco Maryland and DPL Maryland multi-year plans.

Results of Operations — Pepco

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable Nine M (Unfavorable)			Nine Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)		
		2023	2022			Variance		2023		2022		Variance	
Operating revenues	\$	822	\$	724	\$	98	\$	2,174	\$	1,919	\$	255	
Operating expenses													
Purchased power		288		230		(58)		750		605		(145)	
Operating and maintenance		149		121		(28)		440		380		(60)	
Depreciation and amortization		112		99		(13)		329		312		(17)	
Taxes other than income taxes		109		105		(4)		291		291		_	
Total operating expenses		658		555		(103)		1,810		1,588		(222)	
Operating income		164		169		(5)		364		331		33	
Other income and (deductions)													
Interest expense, net		(41)		(37)		(4)		(122)		(111)		(11)	
Other, net		18		14		4		50		39		11	
Total other income and (deductions)		(23)		(23)		_		(72)		(72)		_	
Income before income taxes		141		146		(5)		292		259		33	
Income taxes		21		1		(20)		43		(2)		(45)	
Net income	\$	120	\$	145	\$	(25)	\$	249	\$	261	\$	(12)	

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net Income decreased by \$25 million primarily due to the timing of decoupling revenues in the District of Columbia, higher contracting costs partially due to timing of maintenance projects, an increase in depreciation expense, credit loss expense, interest expense, and various operating expenses, partially offset by favorable impacts of the Maryland multi-year plan and higher transmission rates.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net Income decreased by \$12 million primarily due to an increase in environmental liabilities, depreciation expense, interest expense, and various operating expenses, partially offset by favorable impacts of the Maryland multi-year plan, higher transmission rates, and customer growth.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

		onths Ended ber 30, 2023	Months Ended mber 30, 2023
	Increase	e (Decrease)	 Increase
Distribution	\$	17	\$ 69
Transmission		16	44
Other		(1)	2
		32	 115
Regulatory required programs		66	140
Total increase	\$	98	\$ 255

Revenue Decoupling. The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues from electric distribution in both Maryland and the District of Columbia are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of a BSA that provides for a fixed distribution charge per customer by customer class. While Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

	At September 30,						
Number of Electric Customers	2023	2022					
Residential	862,321	853,873					
Small commercial & industrial	54,082	54,423					
Large commercial & industrial	22,952	22,789					
Public authorities & electric railroads	205	196					
Total	939,560	931,281					

Distribution Revenue increased for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022 primarily due to higher rates due to the expiration of customer offsets and favorable impacts of the Maryland multi-year plan, partially offset by the timing of decoupling revenues in the District of Columbia. Distribution revenue increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022 primarily due to higher rates due to the expiration of customer offsets, favorable impacts of the Maryland multi-year plan, and customer growth.

Transmission Revenue. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered. Transmission revenue increased for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to increases in underlying costs and capital investment.

Other Revenue includes rental revenue, revenue related to late payment charges, mutual assistance revenues, and recoveries of other taxes.

Regulatory Required Programs represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency programs, DC PLUG, and SOS procurement and administrative costs. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Taxes other than income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries, as Pepco remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from competitive suppliers, Pepco acts as the billing agent and therefore, Pepco does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power expense related to the electricity. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from customers and therefore records the amounts related to the electricity and RECs in Operating revenues and Purchased power expense. Pepco recovers electricity and REC procurement costs from customers with a slight mark-up.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of Pepco's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$58 million and \$145 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, respectively, in **Purchased power expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in Operating and maintenance expense consisted of the following:

Inoroaco (Dooroaco)						
increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)					
\$	9	\$	10			
	6		29			
	6		—			
	3		8			
	(2)		(7)			
	3		12			
	25		52			
	3		8			
\$	28	\$	60			
	\$ \$	\$ 9 6 6 3 (2) <u>3</u> 25 3	\$ 9 \$ 6 6 3 (2) 			

(a) Primarily reflects an increase in environmental liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months En September 30, 20	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023				
	Increase	Increase (Decrease)				
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$	10	\$	17		
Regulatory asset amortization		3		10		
Regulatory required programs		—		(10)		
Total increase	\$	13	\$	17		

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Interest expense, net increased by \$4 million and \$11 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, respectively, primarily due to an increase in interest rates and the issuance of debt in 2022 and 2023.

Other, net increased by \$4 million and \$11 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, respectively, primarily due to higher AFUDC equity.

Effective income tax rates were 14.9% and 0.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and 14.7% and (0.8)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. See Note 7 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — DPL

	Thre	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable (Unfavorable)			Nine Months Ended September 30,				Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	2023 2022			Variance		2023		2022		Variance			
Operating revenues	\$	450	\$	412	\$	38	\$	1,273	\$	1,176	\$	97	
Operating expenses													
Purchased power and fuel		201		183		(18)		562		507		(55)	
Operating and maintenance		104		84		(20)		278		266		(12)	
Depreciation and amortization		62		59		(3)		182		172		(10)	
Taxes other than income taxes		19		19		—		57		54		(3)	
Total operating expenses		386		345		(41)		1,079		999		(80)	
Operating income		64	_	67		(3)		194		177		17	
Other income and (deductions)	_												
Interest expense, net		(18)		(16)		(2)		(53)		(48)		(5)	
Other, net		5		3		2		12		9		3	
Total other income and (deductions)		(13)		(13)	-	_		(41)		(39)		(2)	
Income before income taxes		51		54		(3)		153		138		15	
Income taxes		8		2		(6)		25		8		(17)	
Net income	\$	43	\$	52	\$	(9)	\$	128	\$	130	\$	(2)	

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income decreased \$9 million primarily due to an increase in storm costs, depreciation expense, various operating expenses, and the timing of excess deferred tax amortization, partially offset by favorable impacts of the Maryland multi-year plan, higher Delaware electric and natural gas distribution rates, and higher transmission rates.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income decreased \$2 million primarily due to unfavorable weather conditions at Delaware electric and natural gas service territories, an increase in depreciation expense, and interest expense, partially offset by favorable impacts of the Maryland multi-year plan, higher Delaware electric and natural gas distribution rates, and higher transmission rates.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023					Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023						
			(Decr	ease) Increase	•			(Decrease) Increase				
	I	Electric		Gas		Total		Electric	Gas			Total
Weather	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	(1)	\$	(11)	\$	(5)	\$	(16)
Volume		(1)		—		(1)		(3)		(3)		(6)
Distribution		7		1		8		26		6		32
Transmission		12		—		12		25		—		25
Other		2		—		2		4		1		5
		19		1		20		41		(1)		40
Regulatory required programs		33		(15)		18		64		(7)		57
Total increase (decrease)	\$	52	\$	(14)	\$	38	\$	105	\$	(8)	\$	97

Revenue Decoupling. The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues from electric distribution in Maryland are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of a BSA that provides for a fixed distribution charge per customer by customer class. While Operating revenues from electric distribution customers in Maryland are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer in Maryland are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

Weather. The demand for electricity and natural gas in Delaware is affected by weather conditions. With respect to the electric business, very warm weather in summer months and, with respect to the electric and natural gas businesses, very cold weather in winter months are referred to as "favorable weather conditions" because these weather conditions result in increased deliveries of electricity and natural gas. Conversely, mild weather reduces demand. During the three months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, Operating revenues related to weather remained relatively consistent. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, Operating revenues related to weather decreased due to unfavorable weather conditions in Delaware electric and natural gas service territories.

Heating and cooling degree days are quantitative indices that reflect the demand for energy needed to heat or cool a home or business. Normal weather is determined based on historical average heating and cooling degree days for a 20-year period in the Delaware electric service territory and a 30-year period in the Delaware natural gas service territory. The changes in heating and cooling degree days in the Delaware service territory for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to same period in 2022 and normal weather consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended S	eptember 30,		% Char	nge		
Delaware Electric Service Territory	2023	2022	Normal	2023 vs. 2022	2023 vs. Normal		
Heating Degree-Days	37	32	27	15.6 %	37.0 %		
Cooling Degree-Days	996	1,043	911	(4.5)%	9.3 %		
	Nine Months Ended S	eptember 30,		% Change			
Delaware Electric Service Territory	2023	2022	Normal	2023 vs. 2022	2023 vs. Normal		
Heating Degree-Days	2,306	2,828	2,984	(18.5)%	(22.7)%		
Cooling Degree-Days	1,249	1,374	1,248	(9.1)%	0.1 %		
	Three Months Ended S	September 30,		% Char	ige		
Delaware Natural Gas Service Territory	2023	2022	Normal	2023 vs. 2022	2023 vs. Normal		
Heating Degree-Days	37	32	35	15.6 %	5.7 %		
	Nine Months Ended S	eptember 30,		% Char	ige		
Delaware Natural Gas Service Territory	2023	2022	Normal	2023 vs. 2022	2023 vs. Normal		
Heating Degree-Days	2,306	2,828	3,020	(18.5)%	(23.6)%		

Volume, exclusive of the effects of weather, remained relatively consistent for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022 and decreased for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022 primarily due to customer usage, partially offset by customer growth.

Electric Retail Deliveries to	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				Weather - Normal
<u>Delaware Customers (in GWhs)</u>	2023	2022	% Change	% Change ^(b)	2023	2022	% Change	% Change ^(b)
Residential	995	978	1.7 %	0.6 %	2,403	2,548	(5.7)%	(0.2)%
Small commercial & industrial	405	400	1.3 %	0.6 %	1,081	1,107	(2.3)%	(0.1)%
Large commercial & industrial	849	856	(0.8)%	(0.2)%	2,349	2,394	(1.9)%	(0.7)%
Public authorities & electric railroads	7	7	— %	(5.8)%	23	24	(4.2)%	(4.3)%
Total electric retail deliveries ^(a)	2,256	2,241	0.7 %	0.3 %	5,856	6,073	(3.6)%	(0.4)%

	At September 30,				
Number of Total Electric Customers (Maryland and Delaware)	2023	2022			
Residential	484,425	480,779			
Small commercial & industrial	64,101	63,685			
Large commercial & industrial	1,245	1,230			
Public authorities & electric railroads	593	597			
Total	550,364	546,291			

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing electricity directly from DPL and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 20-year average.

Natural Gas Retail Deliveries to	Three Month Septemb						Nine Months Ended r - NormalSeptember 30,				
Delaware Customers (in mmcf)	2023	2022	% Change	% Change ^(b)	% Change ^(b) 2023 2022		% Change	Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)			
Residential	414	374	10.7 %	8.3 %	4,781	5,810	(17.7)%	(4.9)%			
Small commercial & industrial	350	331	5.7 %	4.4 %	2,494	2,882	(13.5)%	(0.3)%			
Large commercial & industrial	381	397	(4.0)%	(4.0)%	1,166	1,259	(7.4)%	(7.2)%			
Transportation	1,119	1,284	(12.9)%	(13.0)%	4,350	4,934	(11.8)%	(7.9)%			
Total natural gas deliveries ^(a)	2,264	2,386	(5.1)%	(5.7)%	12,791	14,885	(14.1)%	(5.2)%			

	At September 30,						
Number of Delaware Natural Gas Customers	2023	2022					
Residential	129,436	129,005					
Small commercial & industrial	10,039	10,044					
Large commercial & industrial	14	16					
Transportation	165	156					
Total	139,654	139,221					

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing natural gas directly from DPL and customers purchasing natural gas from a competitive natural gas supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 30-year average.

Distribution Revenue increased for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022 primarily due to favorable impacts of the higher electric distribution rates in Delaware that became effective July 2023, favorable impacts of the Maryland multi-year plan that became effective in January 2023, and higher natural gas distribution rates effective in August 2022.

Transmission Revenue. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, transmission revenue increased primarily due to increases in underlying costs and capital investment.

Other Revenue includes rental revenue, service connection fees, and mutual assistance revenues.

Regulatory Required Programs represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency programs, DE Renewable Portfolio Standards, SOS procurement and administrative costs, and GCR costs. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Taxes other than income taxes. All customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers; however, only certain commercial and industrial customers have the choice to purchase natural gas from competitive natural gas suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries as DPL remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for

DPL

distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from competitive suppliers, DPL either acts as the billing agent or the competitive supplier separately bills its own customers, and therefore does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power and fuel expense related to the electricity and/or natural gas. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation or natural gas from DPL, DPL is permitted to recover the electricity, natural gas, and REC procurement costs from customers and therefore records the amounts related to the electricity, natural gas, and REC procurement costs from customers electricity and REC procurement costs from customers with a slight mark-up, and natural gas costs without mark-up.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of DPL's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$18 million and \$55 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, respectively, in **Purchased power and fuel expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in Operating and maintenance expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023	
	Increase		Increase (Decrease)	_
Storm-related Costs	\$	7	\$5	
BSC and PHISCO costs		4	3	
Labor and contracting		3	(3))
Credit Loss Expense		2	_	
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense		1	4	
Other		3	2	
	2	20	11	Ī
Regulatory required programs	-	_	1	
Total increase	\$ 2	20	\$ 12	

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

		nths Ended er 30, 2023	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	Inci	ease	 Increase (Decrease)
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$	3	\$ 15
Regulatory required programs		_	(4)
Regulatory asset amortization		_	(1)
Total increase	\$	3	\$ 10

(a) For the three months ended September 30, 2023, reflects ongoing capital expenditures and higher transmission depreciation rates effective September 2022. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, reflects ongoing capital expenditures, higher distribution depreciation rates in Maryland effective March 2022, and higher transmission depreciation rates effective September 2022.

Interest expense, net increased by \$2 million and \$5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, respectively, primarily due to an increase in interest rates and the issuance of debt in 2022 and 2023.

Effective income tax rates were 15.7% and 3.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and 16.3% and 5.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. See Note 7 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — ACE

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Favorable Nine Months (Unfavorable)				nded 0,	September	Favorable (Unfavorable)		
		2023		2022		Variance		2023		2022	Variance	
Operating revenues	\$	502	\$	462	\$	40	\$	1,172	\$	1,120	\$	52
Operating expenses												
Purchased power		221		197		(24)		493		497		4
Operating and maintenance		94		80		(14)		259		251		(8)
Depreciation and amortization		77		74		(3)		212		192		(20)
Taxes other than income taxes		2		2		—		7		7		—
Total operating expenses		394		353		(41)		971		947		(24)
Operating income		108		109		(1)		201		173		28
Other income and (deductions)												
Interest expense, net		(19)		(17)		(2)		(52)		(49)		(3)
Other, net		5		3		2		13		9		4
Total other income and (deductions)		(14)		(14)		_		(39)		(40)		1
Income before income taxes		94		95		(1)		162		133		29
Income taxes		23		1		(22)		40		2		(38)
Net income	\$	71	\$	94	\$	(23)	\$	122	\$	131	\$	(9)

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income decreased by \$23 million primarily due to timing of excess deferred tax amortization and an increase in depreciation expense and various operating expenses.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022. Net income decreased by \$9 million primarily due to an increase in depreciation expense and various operating expenses, partially offset by higher transmission rates.

The changes in Operating revenues consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	Increase	(Decrease)		Increase (Decrease)
Distribution	\$	15	\$	27
Transmission		5		30
Other		(1)		(1)
		19		56
Regulatory required programs		21		(4)
Total increase	\$	40	\$	52

Revenue Decoupling. The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues from electric distribution in New Jersey are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of the CIP which became effective, prospectively, in the third quarter of 2021. The CIP compares current distribution revenues by customer class to approved target revenues established in ACE's most recent distribution base rate case. The CIP is calculated annually, and recovery is subject to certain conditions, including an earnings test and ceilings on customer rate increases. While Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

	At September	r 30,
Number of Electric Customers	2023	2022
Residential	504,330	501,869
Small commercial & industrial	62,410	62,204
Large commercial & industrial	2,980	3,075
Public authorities & electric railroads	729	731
Total	570,449	567,879

Distribution Revenue increased for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022 due to higher distribution rates primarily due to the expiration of customer credits related to the TCJA tax benefits.

Transmission Revenues. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered. Transmission revenue increased for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to increases in underlying costs and capital investment.

Other Revenue includes rental revenue, revenue related to late payment charges, mutual assistance revenues, and recoveries of other taxes.

Regulatory Required Programs represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency programs, Societal Benefits Charge, Transition Bond Charge, and BGS procurement and administrative costs. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense, and Taxes other than income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries, as ACE remains the distribution service provider for all customers and charges a regulated rate for distribution service, which is recorded in Operating revenues. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from competitive suppliers, ACE acts as the billing agent and therefore, ACE does not record Operating revenues or Purchased power expense related to the electricity. For customers that choose to purchase electric generation from ACE, ACE is permitted to recover the electricity, ZEC, and REC procurement costs without mark-up and therefore records equal and offsetting amounts in Operating revenues and Purchased power expense related to the electricity, ZECs, and RECs.

See Note 5 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of ACE's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$24 million and decrease of \$4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, respectively, in **Purchased power expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Month September 3		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023				
	Increa	Increase					
BSC and PHISCO costs	\$	5	\$	6			
Labor and contracting		5		2			
Storm-related costs		3		_			
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense		—		1			
Other		1		1			
		14		10			
Regulatory required programs ^(a)		—		(2)			
Total increase	\$	14	\$	8			

(a) ACE is allowed to recover from or refund to customers the difference between its annual credit loss expense and the amounts collected in rates annually through the Societal Benefits Charge.

The changes in Depreciation and amortization expense consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	Increase (Decrease)	_	Increase
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$6	5 \$	19
Regulatory required programs ^(b)	(3	5)	1
Total increase	\$ 3	\$	20

(a) Reflects ongoing capital expenditures and higher transmission depreciation rates effective September 2022.

(b) For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, regulatory required programs increased primarily due to the regulatory asset amortization of the PPA termination obligation which is fully offset in Operating revenues.

Interest expense, net increased by \$2 million and \$3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, respectively, primarily due to an increase in interest rates and the issuance of debt in 2022 and 2023.

Effective income tax rates were 24.5% and 1.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and 24.7% and 1.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. See Note 7 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

Liquidity and Capital Resources (All Registrants)

All results included throughout the liquidity and capital resources section are presented on a GAAP basis.

The Registrants' operating and capital expenditures requirements are provided by internally generated cash flows from operations, as well as funds from external sources in the capital markets and through bank borrowings. The Registrants' businesses are capital intensive and require considerable capital resources. Each of the Registrants annually evaluates its financing plan, dividend practices, and credit line sizing, focusing on maintaining its investment grade ratings while meeting its cash needs to fund capital requirements, including construction expenditures, retire debt, pay dividends, and fund pension and OPEB obligations. The Registrants spend a significant amount of cash on capital improvements and construction projects that have a long-term return on investment. Additionally, the Utility Registrants operate in rate-regulated environments in which the amount of new investment recovery may be delayed or limited and where such recovery takes place over an extended period of time. Each Registrant's access to external financing on reasonable terms depends on its credit ratings and current overall capital markets at reasonable terms, the Registrants have access to credit facilities with aggregate bank commitments of \$4.0 billion. The Registrants utilize their credit facilities to support their commercial paper programs, provide for other short-term borrowings, and to issue letters of credit. See the "Credit Matters and Cash Requirements" section below for additional information. The Registrants expect cash flows to be sufficient to meet operating expenses, financing costs, and capital expenditure requirements. See Note 10 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Cash flows related to Generation have not been presented as discontinued operations and are included in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for only 2022. The Exelon Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 includes one month of cash flows from Generation.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

The Utility Registrants' cash flows from operating activities primarily result from the transmission and distribution of electricity and, in the case of PECO, BGE, and DPL, gas distribution services. The Utility Registrants' distribution services are provided to an established and diverse base of retail customers. The Utility Registrants' future cash flows may be affected by the economy, weather conditions, future legislative initiatives, future regulatory proceedings with respect to their rates or operations, and their ability to achieve operating cost reductions. Additionally, ComEd is required to purchase CMCs from participating nuclear-powered generating facilities for a five-year period that began in June 2022, and all of its costs of doing so will be recovered through a rider. The price to be paid for each CMC is established through a competitive bidding process. ComEd will provide net payments to, or collect net payments from, customers for the difference between customer credits issued and the credit to be received from the participating nuclear-powered generating facilities. ComEd's cash flows are affected by the establishment of CMC prices and the timing of recovering costs through the CMC regulatory asset.

See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2022 Form 10-K and Notes 3 — Regulatory Matters and 12 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on regulatory and legal proceedings and proposed legislation.

The following table provides a summary of the change in cash flows from operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 by Registrant:

(Decrease) increase in cash flows from operating

activities	Exelon		ComEd		PECO		BGE		PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE
Net income (loss)	\$ (28) \$	116	\$	(64)	\$	19	\$	(28)	\$	(12)	\$	(2)	\$	(9)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash:															
Non-cash operating activities	(790)	(268)		(85)		(90)		58		62		(6)		4
Option premiums (paid), net	39		_		—				—		—		—		—
Collateral (paid) received, net	(1,639)	(41)		—		(147)		(421)		(72)		(234)		(115)
Income taxes	47		50		46		39		40		40		11		(1)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	499		153		12		49		60		—		1		6
Regulatory assets and liabilities, net	294		251		28		(38)		80		37		56		(22)
Changes in working capital and other assets and liabilities	729		(118)		184		276		48		77		20		(53)
(Decrease) increase in cash flows from operating activities	\$ (849) \$	143	\$	121	\$	108	\$	(163)	\$	132	\$	(154)	\$	(190)

Changes in the Registrants' cash flows from operations were generally consistent with changes in each Registrant's respective results of operations, as adjusted by changes in working capital in the normal course of business, except as discussed below. See above for additional information related to cash flows from Generation. Significant operating cash flow impacts for the Registrants and Generation for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

- See Note 15 Supplemental Financial Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for additional information on non-cash operating activities.
- Changes in **collateral** depended upon whether the Registrant was in a net mark-to-market liability or asset position, and collateral may have been required to be posted with or collected from its counterparties. In addition, the collateral posting and collection requirements differed depending on whether the transactions were on an exchange or in the over-the-counter markets. Changes in collateral for the Registrants are dependent upon the credit exposure of procurement contracts that may require suppliers to post collateral. The amount of cash collateral received from external counterparties decreased due to decreasing energy prices. See Note 9 Derivative Financial Instruments for additional information.
- See Note 7 Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for additional information on **income taxes**.
- Changes in **Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions** relate to Exelon's funding strategy and incremental contributions made in 2022 in connection with the separation. See Note 14 Retirement Benefits of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information.
- Changes in regulatory assets and liabilities, net, are due to the timing of cash payments for costs recoverable, or cash receipts for costs recovered, under our regulatory mechanisms differs from the recovery period of those costs. Included within the changes is energy efficiency spend for ComEd of \$428 million and \$394 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Also included within the changes is energy efficiency and demand response programs spend for BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE of \$102 million, \$49 million, \$19 million, and \$14 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and \$83 million, \$50 million, \$21 million, and \$7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. PECO had no energy efficiency and demand response programs spend recorded to the regulatory asset for the nine

months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Changes in working capital and other assets and liabilities for the Utility Registrants and Exelon Corporate totaled \$406 million and for Generation total \$323 million. The change for Generation primarily relates to the revolving accounts receivable financing arrangement which was entered into in April 2020. The change in working capital and other noncurrent assets and liabilities for Exelon Corporate and the Utility Registrants is dependent upon the normal course of operations for all Registrants. For ComEd, it is also dependent upon whether the participating nuclear-powered generating facilities are owed money from ComEd as a result of the established pricing for CMCs. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the established pricing resulted in ComEd owing payments to nuclear-powered generating facilities, which is reported within the cash flows from operations as a change in accounts payable and accrued expense.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

The following table provides a summary of the change in cash flows from investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 by Registrant:

Decrease in cash flows from investing activities		Exelon	ComEd		PECO		BGE	PHI		Рерсо		DPL		ACE	
Capital expenditures	\$	(361)	\$	(125)	\$	(77)	\$ (68)	\$	(336)	\$	(115)	\$	(122)	\$	(92)
Investment in NDT fund sales, net		28		_		_	_		_		_		_		_
Collection of DPP		(169)		—		—	—		—		—		—		—
Proceeds from sales of assets and businesses	5	(16)		—		—	—		—		—		—		—
Changes in intercompany money pool		—		_		(51)	_		—		(7)		15		—
Other investing activities		(11)		(13)		(7)	(1)		3		6		(2)		(1)
Decrease in cash flows from investing activities	\$	(529)	\$	(138)	\$	(135)	\$ (69)	\$	(333)	\$	(116)	\$	(109)	\$	(93)

Significant investing cash flow impacts for the Registrants for nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

- Changes in capital expenditures are primarily due to the timing of cash expenditures for capital projects. See the "Credit Matters and Cash Requirements" section below for additional information on projected capital expenditure spending for the Utility Registrants. See Note 2 — Discontinued Operations of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for capital expenditures related to Generation prior to the separation.
- Collection of DPP relates to Generation's revolving accounts receivable financing agreement which Generation entered into in April 2020.
- Changes in **intercompany money pool** are driven by short-term borrowing needs. Refer to more information regarding the intercompany money pool below.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

The following table provides a summary of the change in cash flows from financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 by Registrant:

activities	Exelon	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Changes in short-term borrowings, net	\$ (756)	\$ (133)	\$ (239)	\$ (375)	\$ 227	\$ (124)	\$ 34	\$ 317
Long-term debt, net	357	225	100	150	(65)	35		(100)
Changes in intercompany money pool	—	—	—	—	(18)	(25)	—	17
Issuance of common stock	(563)	—	—	—	—	—		—
Dividends paid on common stock	(75)	(126)	(4)	(12)	—	200	(2)	17
Distributions to member	—	—	—	—	215	—		—
Contributions from parent/member	—	67	74	51	(312)	(157)	(48)	(110)
Transfer of cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents to Constellation	2,594	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other financing activities	24	(2)	8	1	(18)	(18)	(2)	1
Increase (decrease) in cash flows from financing activities	\$ 1,581	\$ 31	\$ (61)	\$ (185)	\$ 29	\$ (89)	\$ (18)	\$ 142

Increase (decrease) in cash flows from financing

Significant financing cash flow impacts for the Registrants for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

- Changes in short-term borrowings, net, is driven by repayments on and issuances of notes due in less than 365 days. See Note 10 Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on short-term borrowings for the Registrants.
- Long-term debt, net, varies due to debt issuances and redemptions each year. See Note 10 Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on debt issuances. Refer to the debt redemptions table below for additional information.
- Changes in intercompany money pool are driven by short-term borrowing needs. Refer below for more information regarding the intercompany money pool.
- Exelon's ability to pay dividends on its common stock depends on the receipt of dividends paid by its operating subsidiaries. The payments of dividends to Exelon by its subsidiaries in turn depend on their results of operations and cash flows and other items affecting retained earnings. See Note 18 Commitments and Contingencies of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information on dividend restrictions. See below for quarterly dividends declared.
- Refer to Note 2 Discontinued Operations for the transfer of cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents to Constellation related to the separation.

Debt

See Note 10 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the Registrants' debt issuances.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the following long-term debt was retired and/or redeemed:

Company	Туре	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount
Exelon	SMBC Term Loan Agreement	SOFR plus 0.65%	July 21, 2023	\$ 300
Exelon	US Bank Term Loan Agreement	SOFR plus 0.65%	July 21, 2023	300
Exelon	PNC Term Loan Agreement	SOFR plus 0.65%	July 24, 2023	250
Exelon	Long-Term Software License Agreement	3.70 %	August 9, 2025	6
Exelon	Long-Term Software License Agreement	3.95 %	May 1, 2024	2
Exelon	Long-Term Software License Agreement	3.70 %	August 9, 2025	1
PECO	Loan Agreement	2.00 %	June 20, 2023	50
BGE	Notes	3.35 %	July 1, 2023	300

Dividends

Quarterly dividends declared by the Exelon Board of Directors during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and for the fourth quarter of 2023 were as follows:

Period	Declaration Date	Shareholder of Record Date	Dividend Payable Date	Cash per Share ^(a)
First Quarter 2023	February 14, 2023	February 27, 2023	March 10, 2023	\$ 0.3600
Second Quarter 2023	April 25, 2023	May 15, 2023	June 9, 2023	\$ 0.3600
Third Quarter 2023	July 25, 2023	August 15, 2023	September 8, 2023	\$ 0.3600
Fourth Quarter 2023	November 1, 2023	November 15, 2023	December 8, 2023	\$ 0.3600

(a) Exelon's Board of Directors approved an updated dividend policy for 2023. The 2023 quarterly dividend will be \$0.36 per share.

Credit Matters and Cash Requirements

The Registrants fund liquidity needs for capital investment, working capital, energy hedging, and other financial commitments through cash flows from continuing operations, public debt offerings, commercial paper markets, and large, diversified credit facilities. The credit facilities include \$4.0 billion in aggregate total commitments of which \$3.2 billion was available to support additional commercial paper as of September 30, 2023, and of which no financial institution has more than 6% of the aggregate commitments for the Registrants. The Registrants had access to the commercial paper markets and had availability under their revolving credit facilities during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to fund their short-term liquidity needs, when necessary. Exelon Corporate and the Utility Registrants each have a 5-year revolving credit facility. See Note 10 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. The Registrants routinely review the sufficiency of their liquidity position, including appropriate sizing of credit facility commitments, by performing various stress test scenarios, such as commodity price movements, increases in margin-related transactions, changes in hedging levels, and the impacts of hypothetical credit downgrades. The Registrants have continued to closely monitor events in the financial markets and the financial institutions associated with the credit facilities, including monitoring credit ratings and outlooks, credit default swap levels, capital raising, and merger activity. See PART I. ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the effects of uncertainty in the capital and credit markets.

The Registrants believe their cash flows from operating activities, access to credit markets, and their credit facilities provide sufficient liquidity to support the estimated future cash requirements.

On August 4, 2022, Exelon executed an equity distribution agreement ("Equity Distribution Agreement") with certain sales agents and forward sellers and certain forward purchasers establishing an ATM equity distribution program under which it may offer and sell shares of its common stock, having an aggregate gross sales price of up to \$1.0 billion. Exelon has no obligation to offer or sell any shares of common stock under the Equity Distribution Agreement and may at any time suspend or terminate offers and sales under the Equity Distribution Agreement. As of September 30, 2023, Exelon has not issued any shares of common stock under the ATM program and has not entered into any forward sale agreements.

The following table presents the incremental collateral that each Utility Registrant would have been required to provide in the event each Utility Registrant lost its investment grade credit rating at September 30, 2023 and available credit facility capacity prior to any incremental collateral at September 30, 2023:

	PJM Credit Policy	Collateral Other Inc	cremental Collateral Required ^(a)	Available Credit Facility Capacity Prior to Any Incremental Collateral
ComEd	\$	1 \$	_	\$ 718
PECO		1	20	600
BGE		3	30	539
Рерсо		4	—	300
DPL		4	9	300
ACE		2	—	127

(a) Represents incremental collateral related to natural gas procurement contracts.

Capital Expenditure Spending

As of September 30, 2023, the most recent estimates of capital expenditures for plant additions and improvements for 2023 are as follows:

<u>(In millions)</u>	Transmission	Distribution	Gas	Total ^(a)
Exelon	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 7,300
ComEd	400	2,175	N/A	2,575
PECO	175	925	325	1,425
BGE	225	625	500	1,350
PHI	550	1,275	100	1,925
Рерсо	250	675	N/A	925
DPL	175	300	100	575
ACE	125	300	N/A	425

(a) Numbers rounded to the nearest \$25M and may not sum due to rounding.

Projected capital expenditures and other investments are subject to periodic review and revision to reflect changes in economic conditions and other factors.

Retirement Benefits

Management considers various factors when making pension funding decisions, including actuarially determined minimum contribution requirements under ERISA, contributions required to avoid benefit restrictions and at-risk status as defined by the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (the Act), management of the pension obligation, and regulatory implications. The Act requires the attainment of certain funding levels to avoid benefit restrictions (such as an inability to pay lump sums or to accrue benefits prospectively), and at-risk status (which triggers higher minimum contribution requirements and participant notification). The projected contributions reflect a funding strategy to make annual contributions with the objective of achieving 100% funded status on an ABO basis over time. This funding strategy helps minimize volatility of future period required pension contributions. Exelon's estimated annual qualified pension contributions will be \$20 million in 2023. Unlike the qualified pension plans, Exelon's non-qualified pension plans are not funded, given that they are not subject to statutory minimum contribution requirements.

While OPEB plans are also not subject to statutory minimum contribution requirements, Exelon does fund certain of its plans. For Exelon's funded OPEB plans, contributions generally equal accounting costs, however, Exelon's management has historically considered several factors in determining the level of contributions to its OPEB plans, including liabilities management, levels of benefit claims paid, and regulatory implications (amounts deemed prudent to meet regulatory expectations and best assure continued rate recovery).



To the extent interest rates decline significantly or the pension and OPEB plans earn less than the expected asset returns, annual pension contribution requirements in future years could increase. Conversely, to the extent interest rates increase significantly or the pension and OPEB plans earn greater than the expected asset returns, annual pension and OPEB contribution requirements in future years could decrease. Additionally, expected contributions could change if Exelon changes its pension or OPEB funding strategy.

See Note 14 — Retirement Benefits of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information on pension and OPEB contributions.

Credit Facilities

Exelon Corporate, ComEd, and BGE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper. PECO meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. Pepco, DPL, and ACE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the PHI intercompany money pool. PHI Corporate meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of short-term notes and the Exelon intercompany money pool. The Registrants may use their respective credit facilities for general corporate purposes, including meeting short-term funding requirements and the issuance of letters of credit.

See Note 10 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the Registrants' credit facilities and short term borrowing activity.

Security Ratings

The Registrants' access to the capital markets, including the commercial paper market, and their respective financing costs in those markets, may depend on the securities ratings of the entity that is accessing the capital markets.

The Registrants' borrowings are not subject to default or prepayment as a result of a downgrading of securities, although such a downgrading of a Registrant's securities could increase fees and interest charges under that Registrant's credit agreements.

As part of the normal course of business, the Registrants enter into contracts that contain express provisions or otherwise permit the Registrants and their counterparties to demand adequate assurance of future performance when there are reasonable grounds for doing so. In accordance with the contracts and applicable contracts law, if the Registrants are downgraded by a credit rating agency, it is possible that a counterparty would attempt to rely on such a downgrade as a basis for making a demand for adequate assurance of future performance, which could include the posting of collateral. See Note 9 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on collateral provisions.

The credit ratings for Exelon Corporate, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE did not change for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. On July 26, 2023, S&P raised ComEd's long-term issuer credit rating from 'BBB+' to a 'A-'. S&P also affirmed the current 'A' rating on ComEd's senior secured debt and 'A-2' short-term rating, which influences long and short-term borrowing cost.

Intercompany Money Pool

To provide an additional short-term borrowing option that will generally be more favorable to the borrowing participants than the cost of external financing, both Exelon and PHI operate an intercompany money pool. Maximum amounts contributed to and borrowed from the money pool by participant and the net contribution or borrowing as of September 30, 2023, are presented in the following table:

	During the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023					At September 30, 2023			
Exelon Intercompany Money Pool		Maximum Contributed		Maximum Borrowed		Contributed (Borrowed)			
Exelon Corporate	\$	510	\$	_	\$	178			
PECO		305		(238)		51			
BSC		_		(350)		(212)			
PHI Corporate		—		(62)		(62)			
PCI		45		_		45			
		During the Nine Months I	Ended	September 30, 2023		At September 30, 2023			
PHI Intercompany Money Pool		Maximum Contributed		Maximum Borrowed		(Borrowed) Contributed			
Рерсо	\$	39	\$	(55)	\$	7			
DPL		111		_		10			
ACE		—		(95)		(17)			

Shelf Registration Statements

Exelon and the Utility Registrants have a currently effective combined shelf registration statement, unlimited in amount, that will expire in August 2025. The ability of each Registrant to sell securities off the shelf registration statement or to access the private placement markets will depend on a number of factors at the time of the proposed sale, including other required regulatory approvals, as applicable, the current financial condition of the Registrant, its securities ratings and market conditions.

Regulatory Authorizations

The Utility Registrants are required to obtain short-term and long-term financing authority from Federal and State Commissions as follows:

				At Sept	ember 30, 2023					
	5	Short-term Financing Authority (e)			Remaining Long-term Financing Authority					
	Commission	Expiration Date		Amount	Commission	Expiration Date		Amount		
ComEd ^(a)	FERC	December 31, 2023	\$	2,500	ICC	January 1, 2025	\$	368		
PECO	FERC	December 31, 2023		1,500	PAPUC	December 31, 2024		550		
BGE ^(b)	FERC	December 31, 2023		700	MDPSC	N/A		1,100		
Pepco ^(c)	FERC	December 31, 2023		500	MDPSC / DCPSC	December 31, 2025		1,050		
DPL ^(c)	FERC	December 31, 2023		500	MDPSC / DEPSC	December 31, 2025		1,075		
ACE ^(d)	NJBPU	December 31, 2023		350	NJBPU	December 31, 2024		625		

(a) On June 29, 2023, ComEd filed an application for \$2 billion in new money long-term debt financing authority from the ICC and expects approval by December 31, 2023.

(b) On December 21, 2022, BGE received approval from the MDPSC for \$1.8 billion in new long-term financing authority with an effective date of January 4, 2023.

(c) The financing authority filed with MDPSC does not have an expiration date, while the financing authority filed with DCPSC and DEPSC have an expiration date of December 31, 2025.

(d) On July 14, 2023, ACE filed an application with the NJBPU for renewal of their short-term financing authority through January 1, 2026. ACE expects approval of their application by December 31, 2023.

(e) On October 2, 2023, ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, and DPL filed applications with FERC for renewal of their short-term financing authority through December 31, 2025. ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, and DPL expect approval of their applications by December 31, 2023.



ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Registrants hold commodity and financial instruments that are exposed to the following market risks:

- Commodity price risk, which is discussed further below.
- Counterparty credit risk associated with non-performance by counterparties on executed derivative instruments and participation in all, or some of the
 established, wholesale spot energy markets that are administered by PJM. The credit policies of PJM may, under certain circumstances, require that
 losses arising from the default of one member on spot energy market transactions be shared by the remaining participants. See Note 9 Derivative
 Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a detailed discussion of counterparty credit risk related to
 derivative instruments.
- Equity price and interest rate risk associated with Exelon's pension and OPEB plan trusts. See Note 8 Retirement Benefits of the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information.
- Interest rate risk associated with changes in interest rates for the Registrants' outstanding long-term debt. This risk is significantly reduced as substantially all of the Registrants' outstanding debt has fixed interest rates. There is inherent interest rate risk related to refinancing maturing debt by issuing new long-term debt. The Registrants use a combination of fixed-rate and variable-rate debt to manage interest rate exposure. See Note 10 Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. In addition, Exelon may utilize interest rate derivatives to lock in rate levels in anticipation of future financings, which are typically designated as cash flow hedges, or to lock in rate levels on borrowings, which are typically designated as economic hedges. See Note 9 Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financings.
- Electric operating revenues risk associated with ComEd's distribution formula rate. ComEd's ROE for its electric distribution service through 2023 is directly correlated to yields on U.S. Treasury bonds. Exelon Corporate may utilize interest rate derivatives to mitigate volatility and manage risk to Exelon, which are typically accounted for as economic hedges. See Note 9 – Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

The Registrants operate primarily under cost-based rate regulation limiting exposure to the effects of market risk. Hedging programs are utilized to reduce exposure to energy and natural gas price volatility and have no direct earnings impacts as the costs are fully recovered through regulatory-approved recovery mechanisms.

Exelon manages these risks through risk management policies and objectives for risk assessment, control and valuation, counterparty credit approval, and the monitoring and reporting of risk exposures. Risk management issues are reported to Exelon's Executive Committee, the Risk Management Committees of each Utility Registrant, and the Audit and Risk Committee of Exelon's Board of Directors.

Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risk is associated with price movements resulting from changes in supply and demand, fuel costs, market liquidity, weather conditions, governmental regulatory and environmental policies, and other factors. To the extent the total amount of energy Exelon purchases differs from the amount of energy it has contracted to sell, Exelon is exposed to market fluctuations in commodity prices. Exelon seeks to mitigate its commodity price risk through the sale and purchase of electricity and natural gas.

ComEd entered into 20-year floating-to-fixed renewable energy swap contracts beginning in June 2012, which are considered an economic hedge and have changes in fair value recorded to an offsetting regulatory asset or liability. ComEd has block energy contracts to procure electric supply that are executed through a competitive procurement process, which are considered derivatives and qualify for NPNS, and as a result are accounted for on an accrual basis of accounting. PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE have contracts to procure electric supply that are executed through a competitive procurement process. PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE have contracts, which are considered derivatives and qualify for NPNS, and as a result are accounted for on an accrual basis of accounting. DPL, and ACE have certain full requirements contracts, which are considered derivatives and qualify for NPNS, and as a result are accounted for on an accrual basis of accounting. Dther full requirements contracts are not derivatives.

PECO, BGE, and DPL also have executed derivative natural gas contracts, which qualify for NPNS, to hedge their long-term price risk in the natural gas market. The hedging programs for natural gas procurement have no direct impact on their financial statements.

For additional information on these contracts, see Note 9 — Derivative Financial Instruments and Note 11 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following table presents the maturity and source of fair value for Exelon's and ComEd's mark-to-market commodity contract net liabilities. These net liabilities are associated with ComEd's floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers. The table provides two fundamental pieces of information. First, the table provides the source of fair value used in determining the carrying amount of Exelon's and ComEd's total mark-to-market net liabilities. Second, the table shows the maturity, by year, of Exelon's and ComEd's commodity contract net liabilities giving an indication of when these mark-to-market amounts will settle and either generate or require cash. See Note 11 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding fair value measurements and the fair value hierarchy.

					Matu	rities	Within				
Commodity derivative contracts ^(a) :	2	2023	2024	:	2025		2026	2027	2028	and Beyond	Total Fair Value
Prices based on model or other valuation methods (Level 3)	\$	(10)	\$ (18)	\$	(17)	\$	(17)	\$ (17)	\$	(55)	\$ (134)

(a) Represents ComEd's net liabilities associated with the floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

During the third quarter of 2023, each of the Registrants' management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated its disclosure controls and procedures related to the recording, processing, summarizing, and reporting of information in its periodic reports that it files with the SEC. These disclosure controls and procedures have been designed by the Registrants to ensure that (a) material information relating to that Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is accumulated and made known to that Registrant's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, by other employees of that Registrant and its subsidiaries as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and (b) this information is recorded, processed, summarized, evaluated, and reported, as applicable, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Due to the inherent limitations of control systems, not all misstatements may be detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls could be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons or by collusion of two or more people.

Accordingly, as of September 30, 2023, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of each of the Registrants concluded that such Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to accomplish its objectives. The Registrants continually strive to improve their disclosure controls and procedures to enhance the quality of its financial reporting and to maintain dynamic systems that change as conditions warrant. There were no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the third quarter of 2023 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, any of the Registrants' internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Registrants are parties to various lawsuits and regulatory proceedings in the ordinary course of their respective businesses. For information regarding material lawsuits and proceedings, see (a) ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS of the 2022 Form 10-K, (b) Notes 3 — Regulatory Matters and 18 — Commitments and Contingencies of the 2022 Form 10-K, and (c) Notes 3 — Regulatory Matters and 12 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in PART I, ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS of this Report. Such descriptions are incorporated herein by these references.



ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Risks Related to All Registrants

At September 30, 2023, the Registrants' risk factors were consistent with the risk factors described in the Registrants' combined 2022 Form 10-K in ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS, except for the following risk factor, which was amended.

The activities associated with the past Deferred Prosecution Agreement and the now resolved associated SEC investigation could have a material adverse effect on Exelon's and ComEd's reputation and relationship with legislators, regulators and customers that could affect their ability to achieve actions and approvals (Exelon and ComEd).

On July 17, 2020, ComEd entered into a Deferred Prosecution Agreement with the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois (USAO) to resolve the USAO's investigation into Exelon's and ComEd's lobbying activities in the State of Illinois. Exelon was not made a party to the DPA and no charges were brought against Exelon. Under the DPA, the USAO filed a single charge alleging that ComEd improperly gave and offered to give jobs, vendor subcontracts, and payments associated with those jobs and subcontracts for the benefit of the Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives and the Speaker's associates, with the intent to influence the Speaker's action regarding legislation affecting ComEd's interests. The DPA provided that the USAO would defer any prosecution of such charge and any other criminal or civil case against ComEd in connection with the matters identified therein for a three-year period, which expired, and the pending charge was dismissed in July 2023. In October 2019, the SEC notified Exelon and ComEd that it had opened an investigation into their lobbying activities in the state of Illinois. On September 28, 2023, Exelon and ComEd reached a settlement with the SEC to fully resolve the matter.

The DPA and the settlement with the SEC could have a material adverse impact on Exelon's and ComEd's reputation or relationships with regulatory and legislative authorities, customers, and other stakeholders. Those impacts could affect, or make more difficult, their efforts to achieve actions or approvals associated with operations. See Note 18 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information regarding the DPA and SEC settlement.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

All Registrants

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Certain of the following exhibits are incorporated herein by reference under Rule 12b-32 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Certain other instruments which would otherwise be required to be listed below have not been so listed because such instruments do not authorize securities in an amount which exceeds 10% of the total assets of the applicable Registrant and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis and the relevant. Registrant agrees to furnish a copy of any such instrument to the Commission upon request.

Certifications Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 as to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023 filed by the following officers for the following companies:

Exelon Corporation	
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>31-1</u>	Filed by Calvin G. Butler, Jr. for Exelon Corporation
<u>31-2</u>	Filed by Jeanne M. Jones for Exelon Corporation
Commonwealth Edison	Company
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>31-3</u>	Filed by Gil C. Quiniones for Commonwealth Edison Company
<u>31-4</u>	Filed by Joshua S. Levin for Commonwealth Edison Company
PECO Energy Company	/
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>31-5</u>	Filed by Michael A. Innocenzo for PECO Energy Company
<u>31-6</u>	Filed by Marissa Humphrey for PECO Energy Company
Baltimore Gas and Elec Exhibit No.	tric Company Description
<u>31-7</u>	Filed by Carim V. Khouzami for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
<u>31-8</u>	Filed by David M. Vahos for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
Pepco Holdings LLC	
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>31-9</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Pepco Holdings LLC
<u>31-10</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Pepco Holdings LLC
Potomac Electric Power Exhibit No.	
	Description
<u>31-11</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Potomac Electric Power Company
<u>31-12</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Potomac Electric Power Company
Delmarva Power & Ligh Exhibit No.	t Company Description
<u>31-13</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Delmarva Power & Light Company
<u>31-14</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Delmarva Power & Light Company
Atlantic City Electric Co	mpany
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>31-15</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Atlantic City Electric Company
31-16	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Atlantic City Electric Company

Certifications Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code (Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002) as to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023 filed by the following officers for the following companies:

Exelon Corporation	
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>32-1</u>	Filed by Calvin G. Butler, Jr. for Exelon Corporation
<u>32-2</u>	Filed by Jeanne M. Jones for Exelon Corporation
Commonwealth Edison C	ompany
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>32-3</u>	Filed by Gil C. Quiniones for Commonwealth Edison Company
<u>32-4</u>	Filed by Joshua S. Levin for Commonwealth Edison Company
PECO Energy Company	
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>32-5</u>	Filed by Michael A. Innocenzo for PECO Energy Company
<u>32-6</u>	Filed by Marissa Humphrey for PECO Energy Company
Baltimore Gas and Electri	ic Company
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>32-7</u>	Filed by Carim V. Khouzami for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
<u>32-8</u>	Filed by David M. Vahos for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
Pepco Holdings LLC	
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>32-9</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Pepco Holdings LLC
<u>32-10</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Pepco Holdings LLC
Potomac Electric Power C	Company
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>32-11</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Potomac Electric Power Company
<u>32-12</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Potomac Electric Power Company
Delmarva Power & Light (Company
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>32-13</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Delmarva Power & Light Company
<u>32-14</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Delmarva Power & Light Company
Atlantic City Electric Com	pany
Exhibit No.	Description
<u>32-15</u>	Filed by J. Tyler Anthony for Atlantic City Electric Company
<u>32-16</u>	Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Atlantic City Electric Company
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EXELON CORPORATION

/s/ CALVIN G. BUTLER, JR.

Calvin G. Butler, Jr.

President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director

/s/ ROBERT A. KLECZYNSKI

Robert A. Kleczynski Senior Vice President, Corporate Controller and Tax (Principal Accounting Officer)

November 2, 2023

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Jeanne M. Jones Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY

/s/ JOSHUA S. LEVIN

Joshua S. Levin Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ GIL C. QUINIONES Gil C. Quiniones Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director

/s/ STEVEN J. CICHOCKI Steven J. Cichocki Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)

November 2, 2023

PECO ENERGY COMPANY

/s/ MICHAEL A. INNOCENZO

Michael A. Innocenzo President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director /s/ MARISSA HUMPHREY

Marissa Humphrey Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ CAROLINE FULGINITI Caroline Fulginiti

Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)

November 2, 2023

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

/s/ DAVID M. VAHOS

David M. Vahos Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director /s/ JASON T. JONES Jason T. Jones Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)

/s/ CARIM V. KHOUZAMI

Carim V. Khouzami

November 2, 2023

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY J. Tyler Anthony President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director /s/ JULIE E. GIESE

Julie E. Giese Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)

November 2, 2023

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY	/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT
J. Tyler Anthony	Phillip S. Barnett
President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer) and Director
/s/ JULIE E. GIESE	
Julie E. Giese	
Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)	
November 2, 2023	

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY	/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT
J. Tyler Anthony	Phillip S. Barnett
President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ JULIE E. GIESE	
Julie E. Giese	-
Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)	

November 2, 2023

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY

 /s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY
 /s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

 J. Tyler Anthony
 Phillip S. Barnett

 President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director
 Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

 /s/ JULIE E. GIESE
 Julie E. Giese

 Director, Accounting (Principal Accounting Officer)
 Director

November 2, 2023

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Calvin G. Butler, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ CALVIN G. BUTLER, JR.

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Jeanne M. Jones, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Gil C. Quiniones, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ GIL C. QUINIONES Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Joshua S. Levin, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ JOSHUA S. LEVIN

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Michael A. Innocenzo, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ MICHAEL A. INNOCENZO President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Marissa Humphrey, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ MARISSA HUMPHREY

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

I, Carim V. Khouzami, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ CARIM V. KHOUZAMI

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, David M. Vahos, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

s/ DAVID M. VAHOS

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, J. Tyler Anthony, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

I, J. Tyler Anthony, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

I, J. Tyler Anthony, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

I, J. Tyler Anthony, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the
- statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the
 - registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Exelon Corporation.

/s/ CALVIN G. BUTLER, JR.

Calvin G. Butler President and Chief Executive Officer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Exelon Corporation.

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Jeanne M. Jones Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Commonwealth Edison Company.

/s/ GIL C. QUINIONES Gil C. Quiniones Chief Executive Officer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Commonwealth Edison Company.

/s/ JOSHUA S. LEVIN

Joshua S. Levin Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of PECO Energy Company.

/s/ MICHAEL A. INNOCENZO

Michael A. Innocenzo President and Chief Executive Officer

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of PECO Energy Company.

/s/ MARISSA HUMPHREY

Marissa Humphrey Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company.

/s/ CARIM V. KHOUZAMI

Carim V. Khouzami President and Chief Executive Officer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company.

/s/ DAVID M. VAHOS David M. Vahos Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Pepco Holdings LLC.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

J. Tyler Anthony President and Chief Executive Officer

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Pepco Holdings LLC.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Potomac Electric Power Company.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

J. Tyler Anthony President and Chief Executive Officer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Potomac Electric Power Company.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Delmarva Power & Light Company.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

J. Tyler Anthony President and Chief Executive Officer

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Delmarva Power & Light Company.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Atlantic City Electric Company.

/s/ J. TYLER ANTHONY

J. Tyler Anthony President and Chief Executive Officer

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Atlantic City Electric Company.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer